rviate polisters. But even granting the He and his running-mate, Mr. President all Mr. Anderson's

their first considered public

With almost all the vote

per cent for Mr. Carter and 7 per cent for Mr. John Anderson,

Mr Anderson exceeded the

magic 5 per cent mark that

Ronald Reagan's landslide

Page 6
Editorial Comment and

Men and Matters Page 22

Where Reagan wants to take America Page 22

Tide of change in Congress

Page 23

Lex Back Page

Government for his campaign

Reagan victory was even more

devastating. With only Arkansas

in doubt early yesterday after-noon, the Republicans had

carried 43 states with 483 votes,

and Mr. Carter six, plus the

District of Columbia with just

Wall Street pace hectic

change responded with a full-come Reagan" rally lasted for conditions. short-term blooded whoop to Mr. Reagan's the first hour of the morning were pressing still higher landslide victory, propelling the only, however, before the old

rates,

worries about inflation. rising

Federal budget deficit and the

By mid aternoon, boars nege

mainly on expectations that the Federal Reserve Board would allow U.S. interest rates to rise The U.S. currency jumped to DM 1.9430 compared with Continental recent strong rises despite hopes of an end of U.S. embargo on from DM 4.701 and to FFr 10.941 grain sales to Russia.

The U.S. currency jumped to DM 1.9430 compared with weighted index rose 0.3 points rose sharply in anticipation of the continental recent strong rises despite hopes of an end of U.S. embargo on grain sales to Russia.

• Gold. Price of bullion in

London market rose \$2 an ounce

to \$648! after morning peak of

Sainsbury profits up 58%

60p to stand at 640p.

Virtually all other retailers

in recent weeks have announced

lower profits because of the

sales slump. Tesco is also

widely expected to announce a

financing its new store opening

programme. Sainsbury has been largely

able to finance its stores expan-

sion programme from its own

man, said last night that the

profits rise had been brought about by a "consistent trading

been no change in our tradi-

tional obsession with quality while our prices inday are

keener than they have ever

He said: "There has

resort to heavy borrowings.

to 80.2, a seven-year high.

a point lower in price than at bent.

a growing

As expected, Mr. Anderson

In the electoral college the

from

entitles him

reimbursement

expenditure.

49 votes.

interest

Dollar trade-weighted index, as • Commodities. Quiet reaction

calculated by Bank of England. in most market. Copper and rose 0.7 points to 86.2. other metals opened higher but

● Sterling fell against the closed down on the day after dollar—down 70 points to profit-taking. Little impact on

BY DAYID CHURCHILL, CONSUMER AFFAIRS CORRESPONDENT

THE J. Sainsbury supermarket as a major surprise. By the chain yesterday announced a close of the trading last night 58 per cent increase in its Sainsbury shares had leaped

took their toll.

The margin of Mr. Reagan's took no state. In 12, including and the Republican victory was New York and Massachusetts, staggering, and beyond the his and Mr. Carter's combined

support, it would only have

The Republican gains in the Senate, not to mention approxi-

mately a 25-seat pick-up in the

House of Representatives, were

Not only did the Republicans

turn an effective 41-58 minority

into a 52-46 majority, with Senator Barry Goldwater's seat

still in doubt, but they swept out

of office the liberal Democratic

Such notables as Senators eorge McGovern, Frank

Church, John Culver, Birch

Bayh, Warren Magnuson and Gaylord Nelson were all

replaced by little-known and

mostly Right-wing Republicans.
Ultra-conservative pressure groups, including religious

fundamentalists and the anti-

reduction of the liberal ranks.
A Republican majority in the

Senate, and the distinct ideolo-

gical shift in the House, ought to make Mr. Reagan's Presi-

dency much more manageable.

now assume the chairmanships

of key Senate committees and

are likely to be more receptive

to the new President's economic

and foreign policies than their

Mr. Reagen will come to Washington within the next

Democratic predecessors.

were pressing still higher.

So far as Wall Street is con-

cerned, the script has already

been written for another rise in

the discount rate, possibly by as

rise in share prices on Wall

Street. FT Ordinary share index closed 7.0 up at 487.0.

edged market again edgy for

domestic reasons though closing

Gold and currencies Page 38 Wall Street Page 38

improved profits was an increase

in the net retail margin from

3.17 per cent in the first half

last year to 3.83 per cent this year. This increase was achieved by the record sales growth combined with a rise in

employee productivity of 4.3

Sir John said the productivity

improvement was "equivalent to a saving for our customers of

Sainsbury's sales, at about £7.50 per square fot, are almost

double the average for the

Sainsbury has also been able

to improve its profit margins

because of its heavy concentra-

tion or own-?label lines which

Background and Sainsbury

results Page 24

Lex Back Page

cover more than 2.000

approximately £2.25m."

gains of up to £1.

2 per centage points

tarent level of 11 per

In the hond market, a "wel- the Federal Reserve to ease

immediate problems of a huge the prime to at least 15 per Treasury refinancing this week cent, and for an early rise in

the close the previous evening stood at 955.80, up 18.60 on the and, in spite of intervention by day.

\$2.4470-but made further large grain and oilseed market after

profits fall later this month as per cent over the past six a result of the high cost of months.

Sir John Sainsbury, its chair- British grocery industry.

Conservative Republicans will

immedi-

abortion movement.

ately claimed credit

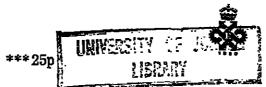
narrowed the gap.

almost as startling.

power-base.

George

PUBLISHED IN LONDON AND FRANKFURT Thursday November 6 1980



Reagan landslide engulfs Senate

BY JUREK MARTIN IN WASHINGTON AND DAVID BUCHAN IN LOS ANGELES



NEW PLUSTER

VERNOUS I

RHOOE IS.

DELAWARE

- 412 FT 112

alema 🚟

LANAII ...

Arlantic Ocean

Miles

~ Washington do

CONTINENTAL SELLING PRICES: AUSTRIA Sch 15; BELGIUM Fr 28; DENMARK Kr 5.00; FRANCE Fr 4; GERMANY DM 2.0; ITALY L 800: NORWAY Kr 5.00; PORTUGAL Eas 45; SPAIN Pta 75: SWEDEN Kr 5.00; SWITZERLAND Fr 2.0; EIRE 300; MALTA 250

**NEWS SUMMARY** 

# Heath attacks PM's record

Former Tory Prime Minister Edward Heath yesterday Edward Heath yesterday launched a sharp attack on the policies of Thatcher's Government.

In a BBC radio interview, Mr. Heath said the country had been better off under his leadership when unemployment was under

His outspoken criticism has given voice to widespread unrest on Tory benches at the Govern- to ease against the dollar, and ment's hard-line strategy. Back Page

#### **Lord Kagan** pleads guilty

Lord Kagan pleaded guilty at Leeds Crown Court to seven charges of theft and false accounting. He was given £30,000 ball until his trial later this year. Conspiracy and other charges against Lady Kagan and others were dismissed.

#### Royal baby

Princess Anne, 30, is expecting her second child in May, said Buckingham Palace. The baby will be sixth in line to the

#### Sex law change

mittee urged the abolition of the law which says a boy under 14 cannot be convicted of rape of unlawful sexual intercourse.

out of hand an Iraqi peace offer . WALL STREET was up 18.60 and urged Revolutionary Guards to "fight on and defeat the infidels." Page 4

#### Bomb Pc 'unfit'

Police bomb victim Stephen Hickling, who appealed against being pensioned off, was told he had been found to be medically

#### Extradition bid

East Germany is seeking the extradition of a border guard who shot dead a fellow guard while fleeing to the West across the Berlin Wall.

#### **Butcher shot**

Catholic butcher was gunned down in his west Belfast shop in what police believe could be new outbreak of sectarian

#### Murder charge

3010

9

Man was charged with murder of nine-year-old Steven Edmonston who was found battered to death near his Essex home after vanishing two weeks

# Union recognised

Chloride Holdings is the first company in South Africa to recognise a black trade union which refuses to register under Pretoria's labour laws. Page 4

#### Warsaw ruling

Poland's supreme court will hear an appeal on Monday by the free trade union Solidarity against the ruling that support for the Communist Party be written in its charter. Page 3

# Sleeping sickness

Unemployed chef was failed by year. Page 10 Cambridge magistrates for 18 months after spending two HOOVER the domestic appli-years faking an illness so he ance manufacturer, reported a could stay in hospitals.

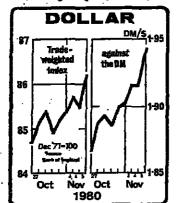
Premium bond No. SAZ 186306 won this month's £250,000 prize. Soviet government is to give clergymen a 15 per cent tax half pre-tax profits of £293,000

# **Equities** up 7; oils at new high

• EQUITIES EQUITIES went higher following the U.S. election, optimism about an early cut in MLR, and good results from J. Sainsbury. The FT 30-share index rose 7.0 to 487.0. Oils. reached an all-time high, rising 3.1 per cent to 1020.22. Page 40

• GILTS rallied after a slow opening. The Government Securities index was up 0.29 to 70.68. Page 40

DOLLAR rose to DM1.9430 (DM1.9150). The DM continues



new stands at a six-month low against it. The dollar's trade-weighted index was up to 86.2 (85.5): Page 37

down at \$2.4470 (\$2.4540), but was sharply firmer against the Deutschemark and Franc. Its trade-weighted index was to 80.2 (79.9). Page 37

venue's pay as you earn operation. Back Page

• BL CARS stressed the dam-

mula to end the flags of con-venience dispute is to be discussed by the National Union of Seamen's executive today. Page 10-

● NORTH SEA OfLeproduction fell by almost 7 per cent from July to September, the Energy

TATUNG, Taiwan's largest electronics company, is negotiating for a 90 per cent stake in the loss-making Decca television

and radio manufacturing plant now run by Racal. Back Page

group, forecast a consolidated loss of FFr 1.5bn (£137m) for

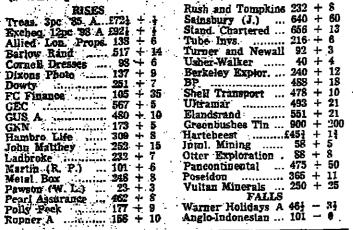
a first half loss of £1.977m last

pre-tax third quarter loss of £1.71m (£598,000 profit).

• NEWMAN INDUSTRIES, the engineering, ceramics and electric motors group, reported first (£3.3m). Page 24

Warner Holidays A 46½ - 3¼ Anglo-Indonesian ... 101 - 6

#### CHIEF PRICE CHANGES YESTERDAY (Prices in pence unless otherwise indicated)



#### BUSINESS

#### MR. RONALD REAGAN quietly hopes of all save his own vote exceeded Mr. Reagan's. savoured yesterday the sweet prviate pollsters. taste of his landslide victory over President Jimmy Carter in George Bush, are due to give the Presidential election. The Republican rode a conservative reaction at a joint Press tide that also gave his party conference in Los Angeles control of the U.S. Senate for today. the first time in 26 years. Mr. Carter, first elected Presi-Mr. Carter, first elected Presi-dent to be voted out of office cent of the popular vote to 41 since 1932, accepted his fate with the same grace that marked his early concession on

Tuesday night.

hostages in Iran.

Prime Minister.

price increases.

Yesterday he promised full co-operation to ease Mr. Reagan's transition to the White

House in the next 21 months.

and to continue to work to

secure the release of the U.S.

plans after he leaves office.

He gave no clue as to his

Mr. Carter emphasised yester-

day that he was still in charge until January 20, and that Iran

apart, he would go ahead with

planned meetings with Mr. Begin, the Israeli Prime Minis-

ter, later this mouth, and play host to a State visit by Mr.

Zenko Suzuki, the new Japanese

Mr. Reagan will be consulted

on both, and on crucial develop-

ments in the Gulf war between

Iran and Iraq. Interestingly, Mr. Carter said

that a major reason for his elec-

toral defeat was OPEC's oil

THE NEW YORK Stock Ex-

Dow Jones industrial average 30 points higher in the first two hours of trading. Trading

Later in the day the Dow fell back somewhat, but with trad-ing still proceeding at a frenetic

pace the ticker-tape which posts

changes in share prices was 50

minutes behind the action at

The Dollar rose sharply,

DM 1.9150 and advanced to

SwFt 1.7420 against SwFt 1.7190.

The dollar was also firmer

against the Yen, rising to Y 211.20 from Y 209.75 despite

cut in Japanese discount rate.

interim pre-tax profits at a time when virtually all other retailers are facing a profits slump as a result of the

Sainsbury's pre-tax profits for

the 28 weeks to 13 September were £30.8m, compared with

£19.5m in the same period last

year. Sales were up by 31 per cent to £796.7m, including a

This record sales growth leans it has substantially

closed the gap with Tesco in

market share. A year ago Tesco had about 14.5 per cent

of the packaged grocery market and Sainsbury had 10.5 per cent. Now Tesco has 13.5 per

cent and Sainsbury 12 per cent.

Although the City had been expecting a good performance

from Sainsbury, the size of the

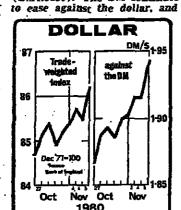
sales and profits increase came been.'

volume gain of 16 per cent.

volume was a record.

BY IAN HARGREAVES IN NEW YORK

No. 28,314



Criminal Law Revision Com- STERLING closed 70 points

Iran fights on GOLD rose 52 in London.
Aystollah Khomeini rejected closing at \$648.5. Page 37.

at 955.80 near the close. Page 38

• JAPAN'S DISCOUNT RATE was cut by 1 per cent, taking it down to 7.25 per cent. Back INTEREST RATE HOPES BOOST DOLLAR

INTERNATIONAL COM-PUTERS, the UK computer manufacturer, looks certain to get the largest part of the contract-worth about £150m-for computerising the Inland Re-

age the threatened strike by 70,000 workers would cause while it sought film from the Government. Back Page

• CUNARD'S new peace for-

MOBIL OIL warned that the

UK is in danger of running short of natural gas in 10 to 15 years. Page 10

Department said. Page 10

• PEUGEOT, the French motor

the current year. Back Page VAUXHALL MOTORS, the

General Motors subsidiary, suffered a net loss for the first half of £7.639m, compared with

Page 24

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recession.

means

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a warning MOSCOW: The Soviet Union appeared ready to work with

sounds

Moscow

Mr. Reagan. But Soviet officials warned that the President-elect's opposition to the Salt II strategic arms limitation agreement could be an early stumbling block. EUROPE: Concern over pros pects for the ratification of Salt II were also expressed in Bonn where officials said much depended on the Reagan team. Britain warmly welcomed the Reagan victory. M. Gaston Thorn, new President of the EEC Commission, said that the U.S. could "now turn in-wards" with fough con-sequences for Europe. IRAN: Mr. Reugan's victory would make no difference to the pace at which the hostages

crisis is resolved Mr. Moham-med All Rajai, the Iranian MIDDLE EAST: Egypt and Israel hoped the peace prowould continue. Other Arab reactions ranged from trepidation to indifference. PEKING: Cina adopted a waitand-see attitude but officials expressed concer nover Mr. Reagan's support for Taiwan. Japan and South Korea expect

closer links with the U.S. South African gold shares strong with FT Gold Mines index up 12.8 at 519.4. Gilt-£ in New York 182,4500-4610 82,4310-4320 0,38-0,53 dis 0,45-0,50dis 5 0,94-0,89 dis 1,05-1,00 dis 8 1,50-1,40 dis 1,75-1,60 dis

#### DETAILS OF THE POLL Popular Per Electoral States votes vote (m) eent Reagan 483 42.451 34.1 41 Carter 49 5.5Anderson 532 50 82.0 99 Arkansas with 6 electoral college votes still counting

ARKANSAS RESULT

TO COME - REAGAN

(Reagan in slim lead).

† including Washington DC.

1 per cent of popular vote went to other candidates.

SENATE			
	New	Seats contested	Oli
Republican	52 (gained 12)	10	41
Democrat	46 (lost 12)	24	58
			_
	98	34	99
1 scat qui	standing, formerly	Republican.	

\* 1 independent seat not contested this year

	~ .	01.1
New		Old
187	+27	159
241	-35	276
428*		435
	241	gained/lost 187 +27 241 -35

\* 5 seats outstanding while 2 have gone independent.

Now	Contested	Ole
	Contracea	1
25 (gamed 4) 27 (lost 4)	10	3
		. —
50	13	50
	New 23 (gained 4) 27 (lost 4)	New Contested 23 (gained 4) 3 27 (lost 4) 10

# Follow Leader



# A glut of candidates aspire to the highest office in France

WHEN Gen. Charles De Gaulle hurdle to leap even for as office, is by definition the reprewould leave a dangerous Ecologists' leader. vacuum, he acidly replied it was more likely to lead to a glut abrasive comedian Coluche, may political party and like-minded of candidates to take his place. also find it difficult to get But the glut in 1969, when the enough signatures, despite his General resigned, was much smaller than it is today, some pity, because his campaign of the centre parties grouped six months before the next slogans are calculated to appeal within the Union de la Demopresidential election.

Inflation, it seems, has the time, this crowd was considered unmanageable. But Salvo. in the election after President Georges Pompidou died in 1974. the figure had risen to 12 and now as many as 30 people have entered the presidential lists or are about to do so.

presidential election in 1974, a candidate. presidential candidate must be endorsed by at least 500 local purists cherish the idea that the

was asked whether he feared his relatively well-known a national sentative of the people as a departure from French politics figure as M. Brice Lalonde, the whole, not of a single party, all

Another fringe candidate, the to a large number of voters.

affected even the number of voters have opted for compepeople wanting to run for the tent and intelligent people who the game he declares his candihighest office. In 1969, there take them for imbeciles. Today, were only seven candidates. At I am asking them to vote for political family would dream of an imbecile," a typical Coluche opposing him, particularly since But even if Coluche, and

line candidates, or potential candidates, are still jockeying Luckily for the voters, the for positions. President Valery French political system weeds out many candidates before the first round of the election and removes all but the two leading made it clear he will not an entered to the communists. They have decided it is more important to safe-moves all but the two leading made it clear he will not an entered to the communists. They have decided it is more important to safe-made it clear he will not an entered to the communists. contenders before the decisive nounce his intentions until well second ballot, held if no one into the new year, for fear of front with the Socialists, after obtains an absolute majority in undermining his present status the disastrous experience of the the first round. Since the last as head of state once he is a

Although

candidates depend in practice groups.

M. Giscard d'Estaing can be popularity. That would be a certain of winning the support cratic Francaise, the political "For the past 30 years, the congiomerate created specially to support him, however late in dature. No one from his own he public opinion polls indicate that M. siGeard would wipe the others of a similar breed pro- floor with even his gress further than the first eminent political rivals if a fence, a proliferation of main- presidential election was held

> If the Giscardians are riding high, confusion reigns in all other camps, except that of the Communists. They have decided country than to form a common union of the left." which ended in bitter disagreement in constitutional autumn, 1977.

There will thus be no joint



Support for M. Mitterrand, left, built up rapidly after M. Rocard, right, said he would run for the Socialist presidential nomination

Marchais, the Communist Party hearer in the crucial second leader, has been nominated with ballot. traditional unanimity as his The Gaullists are in complete party's official candidate. It is disarray, united only in their even doubtful whether Com- ardent desire to see M. Giscard munist voters will be instructed replaced by one of their own, to switch their votes to the despite the fact that the Gaullist

baliot. elected representatives in 30 President of the Republic or, candidate of the left, as there Socialist candidate if the latter Rassemblement Pour la Repub-French departments, a difficult indeed, a candidate for that was in 1974. M. Georges remains the left's only standard-lique party is a partner in the

party, particularly over the way struggle, between its leader, the hands of M. Giscard, to M. Jacques Chirac has fulfilled M. François Mitterrand, and his role as party leader, have the 50-year-old pretender to the spilled over into the presidential throne, M. Michel Rocard, is of

Without waiting to obtain the France Garaud, a hitherto President Pompidou's "kitchen cabinet" and a former political adviser to M. Chirac, have both declared their candidacies.

and Mme. Garaud has expressed much the same opinion.

That should not, however, base within the party, prevent M. Chirac from being After many months of subtle hosen as the official Gaullist of advancing to the final round, given the split in the Gaullist vote. must now be considered distinctly slim.

President Giscard will come from the doubtedly

particular importance.

If the public opinion polls party's endorsement, two prominer to be believed, M. Rocard nent Gaullists, M. Michel Debre, is much better placed than a former Prime Minister under M. Mitterrand, an unsuccessful Gen. de Gaulle, and Mmc. Marie- candidate in two previous presidential elections, to give M. mysterious member of the late Giscard a close fight. But the problem is complicated by the fact that the two men represent different party factions.

M. Mitterrand can still count M. Debre, who tends to look on the backing of the majority upon Gaullism as a religion of for his policy of left-wing unity which he is the chief surviving through an alliance between prophet, has made it clear that the Socialists and Communists M. Chirac is lacking in the high and a full-scale nationalisation priestly qualities required by a programme, while M. Rocard's Gaullist presidential candidate social democratic inclinations have prevented him from extending his fragile power

candidate at the beginning of M. Rocard finally threw his hat next year, although his chances into the ring last month, solemnly declaring before the seeking the Socialist Party's nomination for the presidential The biggest challenge to election. He clearly hoped this would persuade M. Mitterrand, who had been showing great France.

ruling majority. But long-stand- Socialist candidate, which is reluctance to submit himself to ing disagreements within the why the current Socialist power another humiliating defeat at withdraw from the race.

> In practice, just the reverse happened. M. Rocard's television performance was widely considered unconvincing and, as far as many Socialists were concerned, untimely. Support, for M. Mitterrand built up so rapidly that the party leader may well consider he cannot refuse to allow his name to goforward when nominations for the party's presidential candidate close next Saturday. He has aiready made it clear he willtake account of majority opinion.

Yet M. Mitterrand faces an agonising choice. He would dearly like to remain leader of the party which he has built up since 1971 into the largest political group in the country. the opinion polks must give him pause. The prospects for win-ning the presidential election are very slight, to say the least. A third defeat could deal such a damaging blow to M. Mittertelevision cameras that he was rand's prestige that his own party would reject him as It would be an ignominous end to one of the

# Portugal 'needs \$40bn energy investment programme'

PORTUGAL NEEDS to invest Lisbon this week. \$40bn between now and the year 2000 to build up and diversify its energy resources, according to Sr. Alvaro Barreto, Industry Minister. The amount equals 5 per cent of the company's forecast GDP for the

energy requirements at the social progress of our country," gal relies on imported oil saying Portugal has 10.000 and origin of foreign energy closing session of the International Chamber of Commerce's higher energy consumption — needs. and imported coal for reserves of uranium ore. He national energy resources which conference on "Evergy — a and we think that a reasonable about 5 per cent. Domestic hoped these reserves might become profitable and developthallenge for business," held in and realistic goal will be to coal resources are poor in grow by between 100 and 1.000 ment of appropriate technology

per capita energy consumption is today slightly below one tonne of oil equivalent per annum, three times less than average ally exploitable resources, Sr. consumption in the country's Barreto said, are comparatively

countries by the end of the century.

Portugal's known commercially exploitable resources, Sr. tial output of 20bn kW/hours dependence on foreign energy future European Community small: No oil or natural gas period, at constant 1980 prices.

partners.

Sr. Barreto outlined Portugal's "The required economic and extensive efforts. Today, Portu-

Wake up to

So far, most development has been in the hydro-electric field. with half of the country's potenper annum now harnessed.

Barreto argued that

approach the average per capita quantity as well as quality (with per cent through a recently-The Minister said Portugal's energy consumption of the EEC an ash content of 35 per cent), decided prospection programme. Sr. Barreto listed three bases for a long-term national energy

sources-mainly on imported oil: increased security for external supplies by progres sively diversifying the nature

#### ITALIAN OIL TAX EVASION SCANDAL

# Special commission set up to investigate financial police

BY RUPERT CORNWELL IN ROME

A SPECIAL commission is to start at once a full inquiry into the Guardia di Finanza. Italy's financial police, heavily compromised in the massive oil products tax evasion scandal which is casting a long shadow over the new government of Sig. Arnaldo Forlani

This was announced to Parliament here by Sig. Franco Reviglio, the Finance Minister. It was the first ministerial statement on the affair, in which politicians and oil industry dealers across the northern half of the country are ever more evidently implicated.

Sig. Reviglio. who has already conceded that up to 2.000 people may be involved, claimed that on present indications the fraud. which operated during much of the 1970s before its first discovery in 1978, had cost the exchequer L450bn (£205m), rather than the widely reported figure of L2,000bn (£900m).

According to the Minister, the lesson of the "sad affair" was that controls on the Guardia di Finanza had been far too

entire operation could have been run only with the connivance of senior officials of the force, and Sig. Raffaele Giudice, the Guardia's commander between 1974 and 1978, is the most prominent of almost 100 people arrested in the past fort-

The others are mainly local oil industrialists, while at least one suspect has fled to Switzerland to escape arrest. At the same time the opposition Communist party has demanded the resignation of Sig. Remo Segnana, Christian Democrat president of the Senate's finance

Sig. Segnana has admitted keeping secret a report on the scandal submitted him by Sig. Reviglio seven months ago, but defends his decision on the grounds that publication might have interfered with the magistrates'

FINANCIAL TIMES, published except Sundays and holidays, subscription rates \$385.00 per except Daily and a



Sig. Reviglio: controls were far too lax

already under way As the affair has grown more complex, various other political figures, including Sig. Antonio Bisaglia, the Industry Minister,

have denied any involvement, while accusations are being traded between the parties. But the scope of the scandal

is such that any precise origin in political in fighting is hard to underlined is the seemingly unbreakable connection between scandal and the country's oil industry.

In the mid-1970s came the storm over massive, clandestine financing of the political parties by the industry, over which two former Ministers were only recently finally exonerated.

Last year, Sig. Giorgio Mazzanti, president of ENI, the state energy group, was forced out of his job following still unresolved allegations of a \$115m kickback on a 12.5m ton oil-supply deal with Saudi Arabia. part of which was claimed to have found its way into certain party coffers.

Although the mechanism of the latest scandal--whereby payproducts like petrol was avoided with the aid of false ex-refinery is generally assumed that the

destination of at least part of the proceeds has been the same. more likely that the full truth will emerge on this occasion despite the current hubbub.



FRIEND IN TURKEY

Contact: Dr NEJAT TUGCU Senior Vice President

or Miss ZEYNEP BEKDIK

licences and Governmen

• Foreign investment

regulations

Investment opportunities

Techniques of investment

Commercial procedures

Legal procedures, commer cial and financial

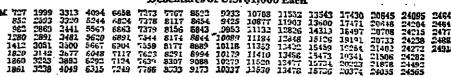
TURKEY

NOTICE OF REDEMPTION To the Holders of

# ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI

(National Hydrocarbons Authority) 61/2 % Sinking Fund Debentures due June 1, 1987

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On December 1, 1980, there will become and be due and payable upon each Debentura the principal amount thereof, in such coin or currency of the United States of America as on said date is legal tender for the payment therein of public and private debts, at the option of the holder, either (a) at the for the payment therein of public and private deuts, at the option of the holder, either (a) at the corporate trust office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 13th Floor, 30 West Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10015, or (h) subject to any laws and regulations applicable thereto with respect to the payment, currency of payment or otherwise in the country of any of the following offices, at the principal office of Banca Nazionale del Lawro in Rome or the principal office of Banca Commerciale Italiana in Milan or the main offices of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York in London, Brussels, Paris or Frankfurt or the main office of Algrenche Bank Nederland N.V. in Amsterdam or the main office of Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise in Luxembourg-Ville.

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ENTE NAZIONALE IDROCARBURI By: MORGAN GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Fiscal Agen-

NOTICE

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#### **EUROPEAN NEWS**

#### Barre warns on French living standards

By David White in Paris

FRANCE'S wage earners can no longer look forward to a continued increase in their standard of living at a time when the outlook for this year's halance of payments is becoming steadily worse, M. Raymond Barre, the Prime Minister, has warned.

Defending the Government's draft national plan for 1981-85 before the Economic and Social Council, M. Barre said that the maintenance of purchasing power now had to be regarded as a very ambitious target rather than a nearcertainty. The Council groups representatives from industry. agriculture, the trade unions and Government

Unless the unions exercised self-discipline, he said, there would be a worsening of in-flation, a serious balance of payments problem, a setback for industry and a "profound deterioration" in the outlook for jobs during the five-year

M. Barre, who called for a forceful energy policy, said that the shortfall in France's balance of payments current account this year was likely to be around FFr 30on (£3on). This is at least FFr 5bn more than the authorities were forecasting a few weeks ago and compares with a surplus of some FFr 6bn last year. The trade deficit, according to M. Barre, is expected to reach

France, he said, would have to fall in line with other industrialised countries and arego a rise in real incomes

M. Francois Ceyrac, head of France's employers' federation, last week pressed President Giscard d'Estaing to ensure that pay levels next year were held down to the inflation rate. He calculated that incomes this year would rise by between 1.5 and 2 per cent more than the cost of living.

M. Barre called on the higher-

paid to accept sacrifices in order to guarantee sustained living standards for manual workers and those on the minimum nat ional wage.

Answering Council criticisms that the plan paid too little attention to unemployment, M. Barre said "absolute priority" had to be given to the balance of payments, the fight against of French competitiveness, in

order to boost employment. Terry Dodsworth adds: 10,000 miners in the Lorraine coalfield rance have beer

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# MEPs prepare to challenge budget again

BY JOHN WYLES IN STRASBOURG

directly elected European Parlia- Budget ment should, none the less, show signs of growing maturity and even guile in Luxembourg today when it formally locks horns with EEC governments over the size and shape of the Community's 1981 budget.

The budgetary process is the Parliament's only real opportunity to exercise direct influence over the general direction of Community policies.

Last December, European MPs (MEPs) three out the Council of Ministers' 1980 draft budget only to discover seven months later the inadequacy of this sledge-hammer approach. The brave exercise ended in disillusion in July with the adoption of a budget only marginally different from the one rejected in December.

A great deal more thought is being given this time to other tactics which might prompt member governments to satisfy some of the Parliament's customs duties and agricultural priorities. The basic strategy levies and from up to 1 per cent

Committee, recommendations have whipped up 300 or so amendments the UK's £770m budget rebate reflecting the mix of MEPs' individual, national and ideo-

logical preoccupations. By the end of the day, the Parliament should be standing shoulder-to-shoulder with the European Commission still smarting from the slaughter of its 1981 draft budget by the Council of Ministers September.

Overriding aim

Then, seven governments were largely cowed by a Franco-German blitz which had one overriding objective—to ensure that there is enough money in the EEC Treasury next year to fund an increase in farm prices without hitting the ceiling of the Community's own resources. These revenues flow into Brussels from member states'

a common basis.

to be paid in 1981, has left the EEC with little spare cash.

In its £12.62bn spending proposals, the Commission sought to allow a modest real rise in regional spending, acknowledged it was allowing social fund spending to decline in real terms, but claimed it was cutting the annual rate of growth in farm spending from more than 20 per cent to 10 per cent.

Only £345m was left in the coffers to cover unforeseen obligations and no provision was made within the 1 per cent limit for next year's price rises for EEC farmers. By assidnously cutting regional, social, energy, within 1 per cent to £850m. A majority of MEPs are as outraged about this as is the

BY LESLIE COLITT IN BERLIN

Mr. Chnoupek: "friendly"

talks in Poland

STILL A beardless youth, the has been determined by the of a value added tax assessed on the cuts in the Commission's budget next year aimed at re-directly elected European Parlia- Budget Committee, whose a common basis. draft budget and to add a few spending ideas of its own.

> But, if the Budget Committee's ideas are endorsed, the Parliament should avoid the charge of profligacy. The committee aims to concentrate priorities on energy, overseas aid and the regional and social funds and to avoid excessive demands for a broad new range of spending policies.

Lump sum

Most important is the attempt next year does not rise above the £8.56bn allocated in the Commission draft which the Parliament is powerless to reduce. It will insist that the manpower and other spending duce. It will insist that the plans, the Council of Ministers 8-14 per cent rises in farm pushed the available margin prices, which EEC Agriculture Ministers have already dis-cussed, must be found from this hump sum. Finally, it will warn

THE FOREIGN Ministers of

East Germany and Czechoslo-

vakia have held unscheduled

talks, apparently to co-ordinate

further moves against what both

countries regard as the threat posed by the independent unions

Foreign Ministers are normally

announced in advance in the

between Herr Oskar Fischer of

counterpart, was not. East Germany has virtually

border with Poland and Czecho-

slovakia is expected to follow

Warsaw Pact

East European Press. But this top official in charge "agitation "friendly meeting" in the East and propaganda," was recently German city of Karl Marx Stadt in Moscow to co-ordinate with

East Germany and Mr. Bohuslav this dual approach. The Russians

Chnoupek his Czechoslovak and East Germans also discussed

lovakia is expected to follow Westerners entering the country to visit relatives and Both have stepped up their friends.

Many MEPs will not want this declaration put to the test. But it is another pressure on Farm Ministers to rein in the cost of the CAP in order to avert a political and financial crisis. It also puts parliamentary presbehind those member-SUTC states and Commissioners who want the budget restructuring proposals, which the Commission has to make by next June, to be as radical as possible.

As a gesture of its intent, the Most important is the attempt Parliament looks likely to to ensure that farm spending transfer 2 per cent of the sum allocated for the CAP into a special reserve which, when tapped, would be a warning signal that the money was running out. It also suggests that a nextra margin within 1 per cent could be established member states cut by half the 10 per cent rebate on contribu-Commission. Today, the Parlia- that the Parliament will not for administrative costs of run-ment is expected to restore all entertain any supplementary ning the own resources system.

public warnings against Poland's Solidarity union and Mr. Lech

Walesa, its leader, following last

East German Communist party's

in Moscow to co-ordinate with the Soviet leadership details of

their joint stance towards West

Germany in the wake of East

Germany's border move to restrict greatly the number of

Mr. Kania's policies,

# **Unemployment rises** and industrial output falls in W. Germany

BY STEWART FLEMING IN BONN

FURTHER EVIDENCE of a sure on the foreign exchange Germany's economic performance came yesterday with the announcement of a rise in unemployment from 3.5 to 3.8 per cent in October and a decline in industrial production,

The 65,000 rise in the number of unemployed takes the jobless total to just over 880,000. Official economic forecasts are already projecting that unemployment next year could rise to over 1.1m.

Industrial output, seasonally adjusted, fell 2.5 per cent in August and September, com-pared to June and July, and by 5 per cent compared with a year earlier.

The new data will tend to 51,000 to 188,000, Ministers meet in East Germany

marked weakening in West markets for the past four weeks. The Bundesbank has made it clear that the mark's weakness means it cannot ease its monetary policy further by lowering official interest rates. The five leading West German economic foregasting institutes have suggested less emphasis should be put on defending the mark, and more on easing monetary policy holster the domestic

economy.

The Government said the latest monthly rise in unemployment was influenced by both cyclical factors, including tourist industry layoffs at the end of the holiday season. The number of workers put on short time work also rose sharply by

complicate further the task of Overall unemployment is up the Bundesbank, the West 16.6 per cent on a year ago. German central bank, in defend- Unemployment among men is ing the deutschemark, which up 21.4 per cent, and among has been under persistent pres- women by 13 per cent.

#### Schmidt voted Chancellor

BY IONATHAN CARR IN BONN

week's meeting in Moscow be-tween Mr. Stanslaw Kania, the THE BONN coalition parties talks might affect the majority have passed their first main test Polish Premier, and President Leonid Brezhnev at which the in the newly-elected Parliament. easily voting Herr Helmut Schmidt for his third term as latter voiced his confidence in Herr Joachim Herrmann, the

Chancellor.
There had been no doubt be would gain the necessary Bundestag support, following the clear general election vic-tory last month of the Social Democrat and liberal Free Democrat coalition parties.

However, the two have just been through more than a week of tough, and at times aerimonious, negotiations on strategy for the new legislative period. There was thus some first Charcuriosity about how far these Adenauer.

in yesterday's Bundestag vote. In the event, herr Cehmidt

gained 266 votes, 17 more than the required absolute majority, witth 222 against, two abstentions an done invalid ballot paper. Six opposition members were not present.

Since the coalition has a combined total of 271 seats, the support for the Chancellor from the coalition ranks was clearly all but complete. Herr Schmidt has now been government leader for 6! years, a term exceeded only by the country's first Chancellor, Dr. Konrad

## Court to rule next week on Polish union's appeal

BY CHRISTOPHER BOBINSKI IN WARSAW

THE POLISH High Court will essentially a political one which examine next Monday an appeal by Solidarity, the largest inde-pendent union, against a decision by the Warsaw District role of the Communist party.

Solidarity sees the issue as a fight for its independence and has threatened to call strikes on November 12 if the appeal

action has been attacked as

will depend on whether the party leadership is prepared for a confrontation with the union

Polish law courts are formally Court to insert a clause into its independent and, left to them-statutes. The clause states that selves, would be ready to follow the union recognises the leading the law. Yet it is unheard of in any case in which there is a political angle that a court should go against the authorities' wishes. The influential Warsaw Uni-

versity law faculty said last The Warsaw district judge's week that the Warsaw District Court had "no basis in law to illegal because he went beyond impose its will on the union" the powers defined by a Council and that it was in "glaring conof State decree. However, the tradiction to Poland's inter-High Court decision will be national obligations"

# **Dutch to debate abortion**

BY CHARLES BATCHELOR IN AMSTERDAM

DUTCH MPs have begun another attempt to liberalise the law governing abortion — an issue which has divided the political parties for more than a decade. The coalition cabinet of Christian Democrats and Liberals has submitted a draft bill to Parliament, although there is little prospect that the two parties' back-bench MPs will support their own Ministers.

In presenting their Bill—the seventh to come before Parliament since 1970—the Ministers called out on strike by their ing a procedure agreed when union after a period of increasing unrest in the industry.

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not secure a majority, the Government will then support a Bill proposed by one of the parties in the Lower House.

With 77 seats in the 150-member Parliament, the Government parties require practically unanimous support from their MPs for the bill to go through But at least five Christian Democratic MPs are known to be strongly opposed to the bill as it now stands.

The Christian Democrats favour retaining strict controls over abortion, while Liberal coalition partners want

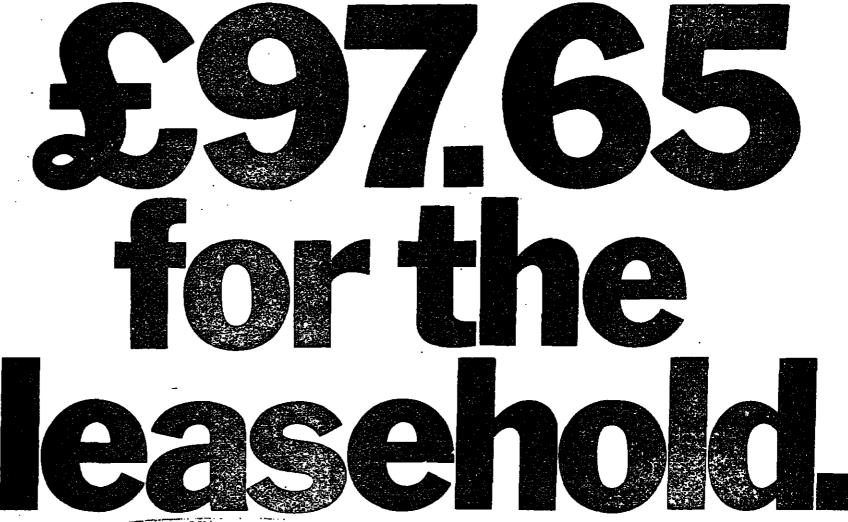
#### Turkey seeks to purchase Saudi oil

By Metin Munir in Ankara MR ILTER TURKMEN, the Turkish Foreign Minister, today leaves for Saudi Arabia to negotiate crude oil purchases re-quired to compensate for contracts lost because of the Item-Iraq war.

During the first half of this year Turkey imported 5m tonnes of oil, with 57 per cent coming from Iraq and 17 per cent from Iran. The war has also put a 981 km-long pipeline from Iraq to the Turkish Mediterranean coast out of action. Petrol shortages could have serious consequences for the new military administration's popularity, as well as on manu-facturing, already badly hurt by energy shortages.

An energy ministry official said that Turkey's ell stocks, reinforced by spot purchases, would last until January "but we are beginning to get wor-ried."

Turkey has good relations with Saudi Arabia, which earlier this year lent Turkey \$250m. Mr. Turkmen is expected to discuss the Iran-Iraq war.





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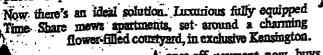
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# Kaunda fights off the threat to his power

has allegedly been involved in the recent attempt to overthrow the Zambian Government.

President Kenneth Kaunda, introduced the cast last week on the lawn of State House, explaining the alarming series of incidents. They started early in October with a shootout between Zambian army soldiers and a 50-strong gang on a farm 15 miles south of Lusaka, and were followed by a dusk-to-dawn curfew imposed on the eve of the 18th anniversary of independence. On October 24—Independence Day-police arrested a dozen leading Zambians, including a former Bank of Zambia governor, an ex-high Commissioner to London — released without explanation earlier this week—and a past Cabinet secretary. Also in detention are at least three senior military officers, one of whom willing to act as tools of South is the suspended Zambian Air African interest. Force commander.

The President explained there had been a South African-backed plot by a group of "antiplot by a group of "anti-Socialists." They had hired Katangese gendarmes—an age-ing but seemingly ageless group of Zaireans who first fought for from the former Consol--who had travelled through South Africa and Zimhabwe when for the 1980-81 crop is that it Bishop Abel Muzorewa was will be 250,000 tonnes below Prime Minister to take over local needs, and South African State House and other strategic shipments will continue into installations. The plot was dis- next year. covered an dthe shootout and

President Kaunda recalled past South African attempts to 'destabilise" his Government. and alleged that the plotters had

Pretoria's support. remains extraordinarily calm. Police and army check points are on the main roads, but the greatest threat to life and limb in the capital comes as anxious drivers scramble home before the 7 pm curfew. Tension and farce have overlapped, as when the Lusaka police chief solemnly warned that sitting on verandah's after dark is a curfew

Nevertheless, Zambia has gone through a critical three The tensest moments may be over, but the underlying unease remains. Many Zambians

They might also find it

difficult to reconcile South

toria's role as a major trading

partner. South Africa has so

far sold an estimated £25m

worth of maize-the staple diet

of the 6m Zambians-imported

to make up for shortfalls in

domestic production in 1978-79 and 1979-80. The latest forecast

Inevitably, any upheaval in Zambian affairs—as in the rest

of Africa-is accompanied by a

close examination of the tribal entrails. It is noted that several

arrested men are from the

Bemba tribe, who represent nearly a third of the population

and who dominate the vital

copper mining towns. The country's leading trade unionist.

Mr. Frederick Chiluba, is seen

by some as attempting to take over the mantle as Bemba

leader from the late Mr. Simon

Kapwepwe, once Vice-President

but more recently putative

leader of the Opposition to

President Kaunda. Mr. Chiluba would thus present a potential

Also noted is the apparent

Province group of politicians

led by Mr. Grey Zulu who, as

challenge to the President.

ascendancy of the

African subversion with Pre-

TWO SENIOR Zambian trade unionists have had their passports withdrawn admist increasing signs of a deterioration in relations between Government and organised lahour. WTILES Holman.

The two affected lahour Mr. Frederick leaders, Chiluha, chairman of the Zamhia congress of Trade Unions (ZCTU) and his deputy, Mr. Newsted Zimba, have been sharply critical of Government policies in recent months and have threatened general strike in support of wage claims.

President Kenneth Kaunda recently hinted that the strike call may have been linked to an alleged South African-

more important-at least in

Zambia's stability-are the con-

ditions in Zambia which have

Zambians have been badly

created a climate of discontent.

hurt by three years of severe

economic depression after the

mid-1970s slump in the price of

copper which, with cobalt, pro-

vides 95 per cent of export

earnings. The slump coincided

with massive oil price increases.

The minerals once provided

revenue, but in 1976 the per-

centage fell catastrophically to

under 3 per cent. Not until this

year did the state-owned mines

to state revenue, and in the

intervening years enormous

at around 375,000 for five years,

although some 50,000 school-

leavers come on the market

each year. The quality of social

sharply, while the acute diffi-

culty over foreign exchange is

one reason for frequent short-

critical by the end of 1977.

but a two-year International

position had become

deteriorated

has

ages of essential goods.

half of

damage has been done.

services

most powerful men.

backed abortive plot against his Government, Relations further deteriorated when the President, addressing the annual conference of the ruling United National Independence Party last weekend described labour leaders as proxies of international

Meanwhile, Mr. Elias Chipimo, a former High Commissioner to London and among a dozen prominent citizens arrested in connection with the plot, has been released without official comment or explanation.

A former Minister of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Vernon Mwaanga, has bad his passport withdrawn but it is not known whether the action is linked with the October plot.

and negotiations for another Tribal factions are un-programme—perhaps in excess doubtedly important. But far of SDR 300m—are under way. although unlikely to be concluded before March next year.

> imports and remittances of profits and dividends-a yardstick for traders and would-be investors-is again starting to climb. At Kwacha 375m (£201m) it is still well under the Kwacha 508m peak reached in December 1978, but is nonetheless disturbing. Shortages continue-there is no salt, for example, in most shops, and the manufacturing sector remains severely run down.

Symptoms of the malaise con-

tinue. Arrears in payments for

Ministers frequently point out that Zambia has suffered start to contribute significantly from the convulsions of its neighbours. The Angolan civil war forced the closure in 1975 the Benguela railway to Wage employment, for ex- Lobito which once carried half ample, has remained stagnant Zambia's trade. Particularly costly was Rhodesia's illegal declaration of independence in 1965. Zambia applied economic sanctions against what had been a major trading partner and saw the guerilla war spill over

the Zambesi river. But the catalogue of mismanagement and of ill-conceived or badly implemented policies remains formidable. The stateowned companies dominating Fund - sponsored the economy are generally in-Special Drawing Rights. 250m efficient and often heavily sub-(£131m) stabilisation prosidised, and efforts to leading citizens are apparently and Security, is one of Zambia's was completed in April this year duce dependence on copper ills.

Criticism has been cautiously voiced in Parliament, strongly expressed in private. There is one familiar refrain. The cumbersome combination of the ruling party's Central Committee and a Cabinet makes Zambia one of the world's most overadministered countries. Some of the most capable ministers and civil servants have moved into the private sector because of their frustration with such an unwieldy executive.

But the threat to

Government-apart from the unpredictable military factor

comes not from Members of Parliament with little real power or disgruntled exministers, but from the unions. Its leaders have become increasingly vocal in their demands for better conditions and in their condemnations of government policies. Among he most prominent are Mr. Chiluba himself, his deputy, Mr. Newsted Zimba, and the president of the 55,000-strong mineworkers union of Zambia, David Mwila. Wildcat strikes earlier this year, accompanied by the threat of a general strike, appeared to point to the likelihood of serious industrial unrest. Dr. Kaunda has maintained attacks on the unions over the past few days, describing union leaders as "proxies of international capitalism." international while Mr. Chiluba and Mr. Zimba are both reported to have had their passports withdrawn.

By speculating about possible connections between officials and the coup, Dr. Kaunda may well have made them think twice about pushing ahead with strikes.

By raising the spectre of a (for which little hard evidence has emerged) Dr. Kaunda has focused attention on an external threat. This, with his warning that members of the gang are still at large in two provinces, will justify the curfew, the deployment of police and army, and the use of emergency powers includ-ing detention without charge.

It may be a formula for staying in power. But as long as the economy is crippled, the rumbles of discontent are bound to continue, and it will no remedy for Zambia's

# S. African union wins

recognition

By Quentin Peel in Johannesburg
CHLORIDE MOLDINGS, the South African subsidiary of the British battery manufacturer, has become the first company in South Africa to agree in principle to recognise a radical black trade union which refuses to register under the South African Government's new labour

The decision has been made in spite of concerted pressure on the company from Government not to recognise the union, and against the majority view of other local

employers. A referendum was held esterday at Chloride's battery factory in the port of East London—the scene of un-precedented black labour unrest in recent monthsdemonstrate whether the South African Allied Workers' Union (SAAWU) had majority support amongst the 500-strong black workforce. Both company and union officials expect the poli to show overwhelming support for the union

The move follows an urgent visit to East London last month by Mr. S. P. Botha, the Minister of Manpower, to urge employers to refuse recogni tion to the unregistered unions, which have enjoyed a rapid increase in membership in local factories. Officials in East London admit that SAAWU and its sister union. the African Food and Canning Workers, have the support of up to 50 per cent of the entire black workforce there.

The Government argument has been that it cannot permit two industrial relations systems, one registered and the other unregistered, to exist side by side. Labour authorities are also determined not to allow any political involve-ment in the black labour

Chloride . Holdings argues that it is more important that a union is representative of the workers than that it is officially registered. "We do not lay down registration as a precondition," a company spokesman said. "Our main criterion for recognition is representativeness."

SAAWU and its sister union have been the target of drastic police action; cul-minating on Sunday with the detention of Mr. Thozamile Gqwcta, national organiser of SAAWU, by the security police of the Ciskei bomeland, borders on East London.

If the Chloride referendum is positive, the company will sign a statement of intent with the union agreeing to cooperate on such issues as working conditions and disciplinary procedures. statement will not amount to a formal collective bargaining

While a number of other companies, mostly multinationals, have already agreed to . recognise unregistered black unions, they have all applied for registration under the new laws which permit black as well as white unions.

# Khomeini rejects Baghdad's terms for peace

BY PATRICK COCKBURN

IRAN'S revolutionary leader, Ayatollah Khoemini, yesterday rejected out of hand a peace offer from Iraqi President Saddam Hussein.

"There should be no compromise with the invaders," he said "The armed forces and the Revolutionary guards of Islam should fight on until the infidels are defeated. President Saddam Hussein

told the Iraqi Parliament in Baghdad on Tuesday that he was prepared to "wibdraw our forces tomorrow" if Iran unequivocally recognised Iraq's "full rights."

In confused accounts of the fighting meanwhile, Iran claimed that its paratroopers had killed 130 Iraqis in raids, while Iraq said its forces had caused 100 Iranian casualties and destroyed a telecommunications station near Abadan. Its troops have also blown up an oil pipeline near Oasr e Shirin:

The Iraqi army is still moving forward slowly and the Iranians have proved incapable of launchcounter attack of any force. Its army's logistics system seems to be in a state of chans and there have been appeals from Tehran for civilian heavy trucks and their drivers to make hemselves available.

Much of the Iranian tank force of U.S.-made M-60s and British Chieftains is now being used as static artillery according to analysts.

This is more because of in-turned north to Ahwaz.



ability to find spare parts already in stock in Iran than the lack of fresh supplies from the U.S. and the UK.

Most of the Iranian F4 Phantom and F5 aircraft are still flying but only some 10 per cent of the F14s appear operational

Jet fuel is reportedly being supplied from the Soviet

For the first time, the Tranians are said to have used their U.S.-made Cobra helicopter gunships to launch attacks in the last few days.

The Iraqis, whose troops in the far south recently received winter clothing presumably to cope with the very cold nights, are pushing slowly towards Ahwaz. One of the two Iraq. divisions originally pushing to-wards Abadan has apparently

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#### Soviet fleet 'using Red Sea islands' The Soviet Union is basing a

sizeable part of its Indian Ocean fleet "including nuclear submarines" on a group of Ethiopian islands in the Red Sea, astride sea lanes carrying most of Europe's oil, according to Western Diplomats in Addis Ababa, AP reports.

Ethiopia has denied that the Soviet vessels are in the Dah-laks. Dawit Wolde-Ghiorgis, a former senior Foreign Ministry official said in the U.S. a month ago, rumours of a Soviet presence on the islands were

#### Somali curbs

Somali President Mohamed Siad Barre has banned Government agencies from buying equipment abroad and has ordered restrictions on the use of official cars, according to Mogadishu Radio, Reuter reports from Nairobi. The steps were taken under emergency powers proclaimed two weeks ago.

#### Final term

President Julius Nyerere was sworn in yesterday for a fur-ther five-year term. Reuter reports from Dar Es Salaam. Dr. Nyerere has said this will be his last term and in the next few days he is expected to announce a reshuffled Govern-

#### Border skirmish

Indian and Bangladeshi border guards exchanged shots yester-day across disputed territory in India's northeastern state of Tripura, according to the Press Trust of India, Reuter reports from New Deibi. There were no Indian casualties,

#### 200 banned

The South Korean Government yesterday banned from politics for eight years over 200 former politicians, political dissidents and others it regarded as corrupt or responsible for social unrest and seditious activities, Reuter reports from Seoul.

#### Chinese ballot

Chinese voters in one Peking city district, Xuanwu, yesterday got the rare chance to vote on political matters in a low-level municipal election which included non-communist candidates, Reuter reports from-Peking. Turnout was heavy.

#### Bomber confesses

22-year-old Philippine chemical engineering student. Jouito Labajo, alleged to be the commander of three antigovernment bombing squads, was said yesterday to have admitted responsibility for 31 blasts, including one which killed an American woman, Reuter reports from Manila.

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CENTRAL MATUREMENT IN TERMINANCE AND IN- TAL IN SEC. OF 10 DE MARRON SE

Financial Times Thursday November 6 1980

# HUMAN BEINGS AREN'T THE ONLY LONG OBJECTS YOU CAN FIT IN A VOLVO.



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# Ronald Reagans landslide

David Buchan in Los Angeles reports on Mr. Reagan and his bandwagon, whose trademark was a smiling bonhomie

## Victory humbles the crusader Democrat

Wall St.: **Euphoria** is the only word for it

By Ian Hargreaves in New York

LIKE THE studio maps of the network pundits early on Tuesday evening. New York's skies turned a rapid and

has beset New York's stock and credit markets in the past three weeks as the opinion polisters misinformed the U.S. about the closeness of the Presidential race.

"Excited, sure I'm excited." said one bond trader as he hurried towards the early morning conference which precedes the start of business every day. "We won the Senate too, that's incredible and it means Reagan will be

When trading began, euphoria was the only word for it. The Dow Jones industrial average was up by more than 30 points by the time the clock suggested traders should grab the paper cup of coffee that would substitute for Inch.

With their jackets off. stock traders set a new volume record in the first hour of trading, buying and selling 20.7m shares.

The previous highest figure, just to offer Jimmy Carter one more burden or irony for his shoulder, was the day traders still call Black Wednesday, on October 10 last year, when the market plunged in response to the first moves in the Federal Reserve's two-pronged assault inflation—an assault whose failure thus far has much to do with the scale of Mr. Reagan's victory.

By early afternoon, the ticker tape which records price changes on the exchange was running more than 40 minutes late, but the smiles were still visible.

In the banks, the atmosphere was less busy, more cautious, but still pretty cheerful.

Mr. Michael O'Neill, a 27-yearold executive at Manufac-turers Hanover Trust, said frankly: "As a young American I'm not terribly proud to have voted for Reagan. But with Jimmy Carter I just had the feeling that he couldn't and wouldn't address the big worse.'

So, with everyone feeling so good, it was not surprising that the stock market should have a party. They even tried to have one in the bond market, where rising interest rates and stubborn inflation have put the market into a condition alternately resembling malarial fever and rigor

mortis in the last three weeks. But in the bond market, the immediate realities, which are always more urgent than in the longer horizons of the stock market, quickly began to tell. After two hours of business the market had run up a hill and straight down the other side again.

Enthusiasm has a limited ON A fine point, the opinion the diplomatic hostages held in Republicans, life," said Mr. Brian Fabbri, the Salomon Brothers econo-"When you have interest rates at a high level and going higher and you see the bond market rally, you know one side is going to

There is no doubt among market economists that it will be the enthusiasm which gives as the Federal Reserve jacks up its discount rate, possibly by 2 percentage points, in the next few days. But beyond the feeling that the problems are no easier now that Ronald Reagan will be

facing them rather than Jimmy Carter, Wall Street is acutely interested in, and on the whole hopeful about, a number of key issues. The fact that the Senate has moved in a conservative direction is thought to be the chief

triumph of the moment. But next. Wall Street wants to know who Mr. Reagan will pick to fill the top economic posts in his Administration. Everyone, from the foreign ex-

change traders to the commodiries people, seemed yester-Let's have the old Ford guard back in power; in particular, let's have Mr. William Simon back at the Treasury, with support from Mr. Alan mist. There is also a strong constituency behind the hottest rumour on Wall Street that Mr. Walter Wriston. chairman of Citibank, will move into a top post.

There is also a general consensus that Mr. Paul Voicker can and should remain at the Fed. although some think he. too. could be elevated to a more

political post. difficulties of restoring order to the disordered American economy. The skies and the spring-like temperature in New York are nice today, but will occur, as usual,

cusiest Republican opponent to enter active politics until he was

conservative A minority conservative within what has traditionally been the minority party he had already run for the presidency (in 1968 as well as 1976) and failed.

In the event the Carter camp's calculation that the electorate would play safe was wrong and Reagan may Ronald Wilson Reagan has succeeded spectacularly in turning have won the tables on the President. "Never has there been a more brilliant blue as the sun rose humbling moment in my life." over Wall Street this morning. he told his cheering supporters an unreconstructed It was an appropriate contrast to the wintry drizzle of polling day and the edginess which already clear.

There were, no doubt, all Optimism is in kinds of reasons for Mr. Carter's defeat. But, at bottom, Mr. Reagan, who will be 70 soon after he takes office, may have won because he remains an unreconstructed optimist and optimism is in short supply in the United States at the moment.

Take for instance his final words in the October 28 television debate which, in retrospect, seems to have given his off the backs of the great people of this country and turn you loose again to do those things that I know you can do so well, because you did them and made this country great."

This may have struck the foreign ear as a little corny. But it was in stark contrast to the image presented by President Carter. His description of "lonely and difficult" of president was couched in terms that may have made many people wonder why he wanted to hang on to the Oval Office at

No one had much doubt about disparagingly, a

George Herbert Walker Bush

has proved that even a man

born with a silver spoon in

his mouth can make it through

dogged perseverance. At least three times—in 1968, 1973.

and 1974—he was passed over for the Vice Presidency. In 1975, President Ford promised

Congress not to pick him as a

running mate in the next year's election in order to

secure Mr. Bush's appointment

as head of the Central Inicl-

But now he has reached the

pinnacle of a varied career as

number two to a man who

will be the oldest ever to

move into the Oval Office. If

Mr. Bush allows himself to

dream-as he did for arduous

months in campaigning for

the Republican nomination-

he could be excused for think-

ing that some time in the next

eight years he could wind up

Mr. Bush complements Mr.

Reagan in two important ways. He has greater

familiarity with the central

government and probably a

more intimate knowledge of

Mr. Ronald Reagan's triumph.

That is the proposition, by

inference, of President Jimmy

Carter's own polister, Mr. Patrick Caddell. He found that

hours of Tuesday morning showed Mr. Reagan moving

from dead even with the Presi-

dent to 10 points ahead.

Saturday night until the early points.

as President himself.

ligence Agency.

over 50-reflects the way in which he has moved across the

political spectrum But unlike Mr. Carter, he has none of that sense of tragedy with which the South has

because he remains optimist, and

short supply

in the U.S.

imbued its sons. Rather he has been shaped by the self confident, small towns of the mid-West in which he grew up during the inter-war years. bandwagon a final push. He "There's been no real suffer-wanted, he said, to lead a ing in his life," observed Mr. "crusade to take government John Sears, Mr. Reagan's campaign manager until he was fired on the day of the New Hampshire primary this year. That is almost certainly untrue, except in the important sense that Mr. Reagan has always eventually landed on

> The depression turned him chronic quoter of FDR to the years after he moved to Hollywood in the late 1930s

President Carter, would be the career—he did not actually bystander into a conservative Republican politician at the centre of the stage.

> infiltration. Mr. Reagan never never any doubt about the side on which he ended up.

> This was the period in which he met his present wife, Nancy Davis, a little known actress. who came to consult the Screen Actors Guild president on her worries less she be confused with a more liberal actress of the same name who figured on one of the black lists of the time. Nancy Reagan and her strong conservatism have been President-elect ever since.

came the chance to combine his House. well honed acting skills and new political beliefs in the form of contract performances for the Electric and Borax companies. These were designed to extol on television, and on the conference circuit, the virtues of corporate management and the evils of government interference with it, Mr. Reagon warmed to the theme and has stuck to it ever since.

Thereafter. the speeded up at two yearly interinto a fan of Franklin vals: in 1962 he took the plunge Roosevelt—to this day he is a and registered as a Republican. in 1964 he put himself on the fury of Democrats-but in the national map as a conservative banner carrier with an outstandingly successful TV speech Mr. Reagan was transformed for Senator Barry Goldwater, from what he later called, and in 1966 he was elected disparagingly, a "bleeding Governor of California.

revealed Mr. Reagan as a politician of deepest conservative instincts. But on many an The first phase of his occasion he also proved flexible political metamorphosis came in achieving his ends and pragduring his six-term presidency matic in accepting defeat. He of the Screen Actors Guild was forced to abandon an early when the American film rush at state staffing and spendindustry was torn apart by ing cuts. He proved unable to Communist stop state and local taxes doubling in nominal terms between actively helped bash suspected 1966 and 1974. But he did suc-Communists, but there was ceed in reducing the number of people in the state on social security although only by striking a bargain with Democratic state legislators which meant that the neediest cases received

more aid. 'Where's the rest of me?" is the title of Mr. Reagan's autobingraphy, taken from perhaps his most famous line in his best film "King's Row" in which he played a man who has just woken up after having his lees an important influence on the amputated. It is a question to which the American people-Then, in the 1950s, just as Mr. and the world—will be looking Reagan's "nice guy" film for an answer as Mr. Reagan world was going out of style. readies himself for the White readies himself for the White

Reagan has certainly shown the capacity to trim his political beliefs and tactics to electoral necessity during the past year's presidential radio broadcasting that he has even before his formal declaradid not start rolling until the the 1976 general election.
primaries, after his shock defeat
in the Iowa caucuses. He disReagan had made a variety of missed Mr. Sears for trying to campaign gaffes his advisers rein him in and began to give concluded it was time to follow full expression to his conserva-the Sears advice and "button tive credo. With hindsight it up" the candidate. Mr. Reagan

Mr. Reagan and his wife Nancy accept congratulations in Los Angeles

Once crowned in Detroit, Mr. Reagan began immediately to He dramatically failed paigning. Because of his 1976 to get Mr. Ford on board as his base and from the extensive Vice President, but struck lucky done since. Mr. Reagan was the loyally campaigned as if he were front runner for the primaries as much on the ticket as Mr. Bush. This was in ironic contion almost exactly a year ago. trast to the total lack of help But Mr. Reagan's campaign Mr. Reagan gave Mr. Ford in

the Sears advice and "button the correct tack, given the gave a grand total of two Press fact that the activists in the conferences in the last two Republican Party, who months of the campaign.

distract from the grand strategy futing the Carter portrayal of haunted him, it was the most Mr. Reagan as a warmonger. Important one to lay. By Tuesday the message had

cessfully reassured enough workers that he would not scrap factory safety laws, that he would not apply anti-trust law to trade unions, and that a Reagan government would support measures like the rescue of

Most important, his mien of sweet reasonableness at the Cleveland debate turned President Carter's accusation of belligerency right around. That girl. Well, I always got the was essential. Mr. Carter may girl. "Now he has the country."

effectively control the party The tactic worked. No gaffes have exploited the war and nomination, are the right-wing, emerged in the final weeks to peace issue, but he did not of wooing blue-collar workers that by ill-advised statements' woo the centre ground with out of the Democratic camp, about sending U.S. troops to Tuesday's election firmly in selling the Reagan recipe of sundry parts of the globe. Of selling the Reagan recipe of sundry parts of the globe. Of tax and spending cuts, and reall the ghosts that might have

important one to lay.

The Reagan trade mark on got across. Mr. Reagan had suc- the campaign trail has been smiling bonhomie, with only an occasional, perhaps carefully calculated burst of temper. Only time will tell how real the political and tactical shifts of the past few months have been. But they have certainly worked. Earlier this year Mr. Reagan said in a newspaper interview:
"A truism of many writers is

# George Bush: A dogged patrician makes it at last



foreign affairs than the President-elect. His credentials are well known. Born of a patrician Yankee clan—his father was the Senator from Connecticut he made his money in oil-

Most big polls out at the weekend and completed on

either Friday or Saturday of

last week gave Mr. Reagan any-

thing from a one-to five-point

Of the main polls, the final

The prime influence, he said. polls are popularly supposed to a volatile electorate so close to was national frustration over be slightly tilted towards the election day.

his non-stop surveys taken from lead. In the end he won by 10

the Houston saburbs, twice lost Senate races in the state. and then moved on to the positions of U.S. Ambassador to the UN. chairman of the Republican Party, chief of the

some

margin of error of plus or

minus three or four points. Thus, Mr. Harris's poll could

have meant that Mr. Reagan was

nine points ahead, or leading

Of the main polls, the final Mr. George Gallup had, in next two days. On Monday one by Louis Harris was closest fact, issued a careat at the week-morning 12 per cent were still

to the mark, forecasting a five- end that never in his experi- undecided. If he is right, the

point margin. Since Mr. Harris's ence had he been aware of such undecideds broke even at the

Peking and head Central Intelligence Agency. In running for the Republican nomination, he even enjoyed early success against Mr. Reagan, beating him in the lowa cancusque. But the

However, the Caddell thesis

showed the Republican candi-

date opening a measurable lead

immediately after last Tuesday's

debate, and widening it every

last minute, or even fractionally

He said that on Friday that

day thereafter.

persisted and won the odd primary. It was this doggedness as Mr. Reagan's last challenger that induced the Republican candidate to turn Mr. Bush as the most acceptable running mate after (a deal with former President Gerald Ford fell through at the Detroit Convention Everyone has always agreed

Mr. Bush aside, though he

that in adversity as well as success, George Bush is an agreeable person. Some have questioned his fibre and wondered whether he adopted a nhilosophy conservative because it was fashionable or because he believed in it. Mr. Reagan himself was sain to harbour such reservations.

As Vice-President, much will depend on what sort of freedom Mr. Reagan gives him. He is thought to want some responsibility in foreign policy, but that is likely to be a crowded field. More probable, given his service in the House and his Republican Party chairmanship, he will be asked to smooth the new

duced some interesting findings.

Mr. Carter and Mr. Reagan ran

neck-and-neck among women.

But Mr. Reagan carried the

male vote by perhaps 20 per cent. Blacks probably went to

Mr. Carter by about nine to one,

every other democratic sector.

Mr. Resean did far better than

appeared that voter turnout was once again low. Provisional

estimates are that not many

more than 50 per cent of voters

Mr. Ford four years ago.

In the last analysis.

but did not vote in volume. In

dealing with Congress. As Vice-President, he also serves as president of the Senate, a which his predecessor. Mr. Walter Mondale, took seriously and did well.

But if Mr. Bush believes he will automatically now be in line for the Presidency, he had better think again. If some-thing happens to Mr. Reagan while in office, then he will take over. But if, in 1984 or in 1988, there is a battle for the Republican leadership then Mr. Bush is far from assured of success. The party's dominant Right wing does not trust him and its own distinct ideas for the succesinclude George Bush.

Not that this need worry him for a while. Now, George Bush, the quintessential public servant, whose curriculum vites is longer than Elliot Richardson's, who has so far never failed in a job but never, except perhaps reforms at the CIA, left a mark on one, can add the higgest and the best to his list.

cent last time.
It was Democrats who stayed

at home. One estimate is that

40 per cent of the turnout con-

sisted of Democrats, and 29 per

cent apiece for Republicans and

percentage is about 25 per cent

One almost inviolable, non-

higher than usual.

this century.

Polis of actual voters pro- cast ballots, down from 54 per

#### Reagan's policies at a glance

MR. REAGAN'S central campaign themes of less government, lower taxes and stronger defences form the structure of his detailed economic policies. These are the key points, as they have emerged during the campaign:

 Personal income tax would cut by 10 per cent in each the next three years. Businesses would be permitted to write off the cost of new investments more quickly, thus reducing the taxes they pay. The total package represents a \$36bn in fiscal 1981

 Federal spending would be cut to between 7 and 10 per cent below the Senate's 1985 projections by eliminating waste, fraud and extravag-

• Energy: the Carter price decontrol programme would be continued, but evironmental restrictions on energy exploration would he relaxed and more federal lands released for exploration. Mr. Reagan would cut the level of federal Government involvement in energy programmes, oppose the creation of the new federal Synfuels Corporation and curb the activities of the Energy Depart-

ment. ● Employment: Mr. Reagan believes rising economic for-tunes will "put America back to work," but he also plans to cut the minimum wage in order to allow young, notably young black people to get lower paid

 Social, urban transportation programmes would be returned to state level control, 6 Mr. Reagan supports a tight monetary policy by the Federal Reserve, and no wage or price

scientific truism went out of the window. Although the National League Phillies won controls, even the voluntary baseball's World Series, a Retype espoused by Carter.

• He also wants higher defence publican won the White House. That has not happened before spending, to achieve "military superiority" over the Soviet

 A Government freeze on hiring of staff.

# Strained enthusiasm for the new U.S. President

How a volatile electorate outsmarted the public opinion polls

BY OUR U.S. EDITOR

by just one. In Gallup and the He said that on Friday that New York Times/CBS. Mr. Mr. Reagan was nine points up,

Carter was conceivably ahead. rising by a point on each of the

#### IRAN

IRAN YESTERDAY made a public display of indifference to the result of the U.S. Presidential election, our Foreign Staff writes. Mr. Reagan's victory will have no effect on the fate of the 52 American hostages held for just over a year, said day to be saying one thing: a spokesman for Prime Minister Mohammed Ali Rajai.

In a reference to Mr. Reagan Tehran radio said: "The world situation and the unity of liberation movements has Greenspan, an old-school but greatly reduced the scope for moderate Republican econo- pistol-packing actors from Tehran, however, consider that Iran may have overplayed its hand on the hostage issue and left it too late for an easy or rapid settlement of the crisis.

confidence that, whoever was in that the American people the White House. "America had demonstrated their undercannot do a damn thing to stop standing of the fact that "not the spread of the Islamic revolu- a single question " can be re-But no-one underestimates the expressed concern that the U.S. race. for an immediate reply to the terms for the release of the promises and engaged in a "pro- an "advantage." "It would be

hostages. Iran may, however, be hoping the forecast is that winter that President-elect Reagan will, greatly damaged by the "abor- culable," he said. as he said in mid-September,

agree to meet "three of the four conditions set by Ayatollah Khomeini." In principle the four little attention to the conditions set by Iran's Parlia-Khomeini two months ago.

warned Iran not to delay a some of settlement in the hope of bet milments. ter terms" after the elections.

#### SOVIET UNION

THE SOVIET UNION claimed that President Jimmy Carter was defeated because of almost total dissatisfaction among Americans with his foreign and domestic policies, particularly his policies towards the Soviet Union, David Satter writes.

The Soviet newsagency Tass, Hollywood." Diplomats in in one of the first Soviet com-While Tehran radio expressed ments on Mr. Reagan's victory, some Iranian officials solved through a new arms

boycott of the Moscow

polls did not necessarily get it Iran. Never before, he argued, thought it might be suspect. is challenged by Mr. Reagan's badly wrong in apparently had an election been decided so — Depending on the size of the underestimating the margin of decisively in its last 48 hours. survey, polls have a built-in Wirthkin, who said his polls

Olympics First' Soviet reports gave pre-Mr. election promises of some of his pre-election com-

Mr. Reagan might prove less enthusiastic about the growing Western military co-operation THE WEST GERMAN governwith China and he has promised to lift the U.S. grain embargo and other economic sanctions against the Soviet

#### EASTERN EUROPE

EAST EUROPEAN officials have reacted with a notable lack of hostility over Mr. Reagan's election victory, writes Leslie

One East European official interviewed by telephone from Berlin noted that a "hardenof relations between ing ' Washington and Moscow, may be expected under Mr. Reagan easier to deal with a man whose vocative" policy towards the easier to deal with a man whose Soviet Union. U.S. prestige was reactions are more easily cal-

A Hungarian commentator on

international affairs said it was important that President important that President Carter's "amateur policy" to wards Eastern Europe has been ment last week are the same as Reagan, and officials said that rejected. "I am pleased that those put forward by Ayatollah the Soviet Union was ready to such an extremely dangerous work with the President-elect man as Mr. Zbigniew Brzezinski At that time Mr. Reagan and hoped he would not honour will disappear from the international arena," the Hungarian communist noted.

#### WEST GERMANY

ment is putting the best possible face on Mr. Reagan's landslide, writes Jonathan Carr, although it sees difficult problems ahead—especially in the defence and disarmament. A senior adviser to Chancellor

Helmut Schmidt conceded that there would naturally be ideological differences between a social democrat-led coalition in Bonn and a Republican administration in Washington. Much depended on the team Mr. Reagan put together, however.

It is recognised that prospects for ratification of the U.S. Soviet ILsan Hijazi writes. Salt-2 treaty by Congress-never very likely under Mr. Carterwill virtually vanish under Mr. Reagan. Bonu feels that without ratification, prospects of accord between Moscow and

will disappear too.

THE CHINESE have several reasons to be displeased about a Reagan presidency, not least because of his attitude over Taiwan, but Peking is most unlikely to say or do anything Cairo. in the early days of Mr. Pres Reagan's administration that could be regarded as antagonistic. Tony Walker writes.

China's cautious response to the Reagan win does not mean, dent sought to resuscitate what the Chinese refer to as a "two-Chinas policy."

#### MIDDLE EAST

MR. REAGAN'S victory is bad news for the Arabs at large. While Jimmy Carter was not popular either in the Middle East, he was generally regarded as the lesser of two evils,

Saudi Arabia appeared to be Washington on limiting inter- Yom reminded the new Presi-

mediate-range nuclear missiles dent of America's dependence on Arab oil and deposits in U.S.

banks. Egypt is clearly prepared to come to terms with Mr. Reagan as the next President of the U.S. and with a new government in Israel, it hopes, formed by the opposition Labour Party, Anthony McDermott writes from

President Sadat yesterday paid emotional tribute to Mr. Carter, for bringing about the peace process,

From Tel Aviv, David Lennon writes that Prime Minister however, it would not react Menahem Begin expects to meet aggressively, if the new presi- with President-elec Reagan in with President-elec Reagan in the U.S. next week as part of a determined Israel drive to ensure that the incoming Republican administration is well acquainted with the Israeli position on Middle East issues.

#### JAPAN

JAPAN appears likely to come under intensified pressure to session that the U.S. insisted step up, its defence spending on a full and proper debate on following Mr. Reagan's election, the 1975 Helsinki agreementour Tokyo Staff write. Japan's worried as well. While the Foreign Minister Mr. Asayoshi to compromise Saudi Press expected no shift. Ito denied in the Diet yesterday buman rights, in U.S. policy in the Middle afternoon, however, that the East to come out of a change in attitude of the Reagan admini-administrations, the daily Al stration towards Japanese dethat of President Carter

#### Russians clash with U.S. over human rights

By Robert Graham in Madrid

IN ONE of the first tests of Soviet-U.S. relations since the Presidential election, delegates from the two countries clashed sharply in Madrid over procedures to prepare for the Con-ference on Security and Co-operation in Europe.

The clash occurred when Mr. Max Kampelman, the chief U.S. delegate insisted that U.S. policy towards the conference remained unchanged. He made a point of referring to his instructions from Washington, taken as an implicit reference to some form of consultation with President-elect Ronald

Reagan's advisers. Mr. Kampelman is understood to have told the closed in short, that the U.S. refused to compromise on discussion of

Western delegates said the Soviet Union accused the U.S. of disregarding the true nature of the Helsinki follow-up meetings

Italian car

slips £4.7m

By Rupert Cornwell in Rome

THE GROWING export prob-

Ioms of the Italian car industry were underlined by figures from the ISTAT statis-

showing that the balance of

trade on cars had slipped

L1,037bn (£1.7m) into the red

in the first nine months of 1980.

This compares with a small

surplus for the same period

balance

of trade

tics institute

# Sales of drugs may triple by end of century

BY KEVIN DONE IN FRANKFURT

and could nearly triple to around DM 288bn over the next its 100 per cent-owned U.S. sub20 years, according to a study by Hoechst, the West German

The next three positions are

of 12 per cent and West Ger-many with a market worth DM 10.1bn last year, and a slower growth of some 6 per

By comparison other important Western countries have a not si much smaller pharmaceuticals 1980. Consumption. Drug sales in German drugs exports in the France in 1979 were worth DM 8.1bn, in Italy DM 4.8bn, in the HK DM 2.5bn and in Spain while total pharmagauticals out-

trade policy could cause economic belligerence and this,

in turn, could lead to political hostilities, Mr. Staffan Burens-

tam-Linder, Sweden's Minister

In an address to the Trade Policy Research Centre, Mr. Burenstam-Linder urged mem-

ber countries of the General

Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT) to promote further liberalisation of inter-

national trade and avoid moves towards protectionism.

"The free trade system, as it has evolved during the post-war

period, is based on respect for rules rather than on power." he said. "This decreases the

risk in the investment process.

will invest US\$ 22m (£9m) in

a factory to assemble and test

Of the 23 projects now in peration and 19 others

approved, this will be the largest single private investment, a Zone official said. The factory,

which will employ about 2,000

will go into production in 1982.

Mr. Weldon Douglas, the vice-president, who signed the

that the tax incentives, skilled manpower, and the political cli-mate were the decisive factors

in Motorola's choice of Sri

Lanka. Wages here were lower

ment with the FIZ, said

poération

Swedish Minister warns

of Commerce, said on Wednes- up with their competitors.

Conditions for trade are not actions in the services sector of likely to be changed overnight the world economy, he said.

Motorola to invest £9m

national to set up business in the Sri Lanka Government's pri Sri Lanka's Free Trade Zone, orities, the Mahaweli River irri

than in South Korea, Philipnational work force and in 1979 pines, and Malaysia where earned the country \$367m, or Motorola has similar projects, about 37 per cent of the

India seeks to encourage

foreign investment

TEAM of 17 West German collaborator.

BY K. K. SHARMA IN NEW DELHI

ndustrialists visiting India has

een told by the government

in Sri Lanka plant by Mervyn de silva in colombo

electronic

POWER - ORIENTATION in by decree."

trade policy could cause Tariffs, once

of 'economic belligerence'

THE MARKET for pharmatwo places taken by West ceutical drugs in the western German groups, Hoechst world is expected to total some (together with its majority-DM 104bn (£22.6m) this year owned French affiliate Rousse.

chemicals group and the world's largest pharmaceuticals company.

The largest individual drugs market is still the U.S. with sales last year of DM 20.5bn and Sales an

sales last year of DM 20.5bn and a growth rate in dollar terms of 11 per cent.

It is followed by Japan with pharmaceuticals consumption of DM 16.5bn and a growth in 1979 of 12 per cent and West Geral New Morth in the Federal Republic the expansion of pharmaceuticals slowed conexpansion of pharmaceuticals production has slowed considerably and only a strong export performance has ensured that the industry's output did not stagnate in the first half of

DM 8.1bn, in Italy DM 4.8bn, in the UK DM 3.6bn and in Spain DM 3.1bn.

The group of the top 10 drug companies in the world is dominated by the U.S., Germany and Switzerland with the top Up by 12.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 2.7bn, while total pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 7.3bn, according to the latest figures from the German Pharmaceuticals output grew by only 4.7 per cent to DM 7.3bn, according to the companies in the world is a second control of the companies of the companies in the world is a second control of the companies of the companies in the world is a second control of the companies of the

Tariffs, once introduced, tended to spill over from older industries they were designed to

protect down to infant indus-tries which were trying to catch

"Even if it were possible to

pension off one industry to let it live a sheltered life, "it is not possible to pension off the whole

It was the Swedish minister's view that, with the shift of the industrialised countries into service economies, more atten-

tion should be focussed on the liberalisation of trade in

The Swedish Government supported an easing of restric

Stephanie Gray adds: One of

orities, the Mahaweli River irri

gation and power project, has

attracted a \$10m long-term loan

from the Asian Development

The loan, granted on conces

river basins where most of the work on three major dams

sional terms, is for the building or upgrading of seven roads in

The Bank has made a further loan of \$12.8m towards the cost

of rehabilitating 19 public sec

tor tea estates and the moderni

sation of factories in the

The tea industry provides em-ployment for 14 per cent of the

Members of the German dele-

gation, led by Dr. Kurt Hansen,

country's total exports.

is concentrated.

tions on international trans-

economy, he said.

#### China opens trade gap with EEC

THE TRADE BALANCE between the European Community and China swung

back to Peking's favour in the first six months of this year after two years of befty balances in favour of the According to figures re-

leased following the conclusion of the annual meeting of the EEC-China joint trade committee, the balance for the first half of 1980 was 60m units of account (£34.8m at current rates) in favour of

EEC exports to China were 808m u.a., with the main contribution coming from West Germany with 432m na. followed by the UK with 151m u.a. But imports from China were worth 868m ca.
The main buyers were West
Germany with 262m ca.
France with 166m ca. and Italy with 147m u.a.

The European Commission raised the subject with the Chinese delegation, which maintained that after contracts already signed were completed the situation would be reversed.

The Chinese asked for further relaxation of EEC import quotas, and the Commission responded by an-nouncing greater access for some traditional products, some traditional mainly handicrafts.

**CONSUMER GOODS** 

# Prospects improve in E. Europe

MPORTANT opportunities for as domestic economies to meet of consumer goods. consumer demand, according to report of the Economist Intelligence Unit, published today."

hecause of the stress on the expansion of the capital goods television. sectors. Further, "governments have to take some notice of the

The report singles out Poland

sumer goods in the countries of indebtedness to the West and a European consumer

best prospects are in Czecho-slovakia and especially East Individual nurchasers do have Germany. The West, in fact, lems of selling consumer goods the cash to buy as living plays a role in stimulating con-standards and savings have sumer demand, according to the fundamentally different from risen, the report says. But report, which notes that 70 per those involved in selling capital demand cannot be met locally cent of the East German popula- goods. In this connection it economic upheavals, "Comecon

However, the EIU states that

East European business. "This is apparent both in

Western companies to sell con- Despite the major problems of support joint ventures at East at the end of five year plans. Europe have been trade deficit, hard currency is exhibitions and also in terms created by the failure of the being diverted to the purchase of the Export Credits Guarantee Department's attitude towards In addition to Poland, the credits for consumer goods."

In more general terms, the report suggests that the probtion watches West German offers varied advice on finding will be an important market for gaps in the market.

It suggests, for example, that "the British Government is there are advantages to be material aspirations of the singled out for its lack of gained in exploiting the produc-people to ensure political support for the effort to improve tion bottlenecks which appear support for the effort to improve tion bottlenecks which appear in the Comecon countries as

offering opportunities, terms of the reluctance to production into line with targets

more intense since the mid-1970s, the report says, although there still remains a huge untapped market." The com-petition is particularly heavy at the bottom end of the technology market, where the Japanese presence is increas-

ingly important. Regardless of the political and the West for many years to

 Trading With the Eastern Bloe by Gareth Jenkins and Alan Hudson; Economist Intelligence

last year. Imports rose by 64 per cent in value to L3,389bn. while export value rose only 15 per cent to L2,352bn. Part of the explanation lies in the continuing boom in domestic car sales. In sharp

contrast to contracting markets elsewhere in Italy, imports are enjoying almost 40 per cent of the national Piat, the country's biggest

manufacturer, reported a 22 per cent drop in deliveries abroad in the first six months of this year, he car slump is threatening

Italy's traditional export surplus in the overall transport sector. Between January and September, the surplus shrank to L321bn from L1,381bn in the same period of 1979, and was only pre-vented from disappearing by a 47 per cent growth in motor-

# Export market boost for small companies

rial and financial groups behind the London Enterprise Agency and the London Chamber of Commerce are extending facilities and financial support for small com-panies seeking to enter the export markets, it was nnounced yesterday.

Market research,

THE NINE major UK indus- thus roughly quadrupling the promotional expenditure available to small firms linked to Enterprise London

Agency.
The agency was established last year to provide a counsel-small companies into the ling service for small export markets. companies. Since then it has offered courses on starting up businesses. But mission and exhibition facili- activity has largely been ties will be provided at a cost confined to dealing with comnext year of about £100,000, panies individually.

agency's chairman, thus represents a development of the agency's service and a more determined effort to bring

Mr. Gallacher was opening Small Firms Export Exhibition in London at which 50 smáll companies displayed

Yesterday's move, announced dolls to jewellery for the by Mr. Sam Gallacher, the benefit of buyers from major benefit of buyers from major North American department stores.

This is the first such under-taking by the agency and is a precursor of similar efforts. According to the agency the cut in Government support for overseas trade promotions through the British Overseas Trade Board has left a gap in

# Prudential profile No.1: Kenneth Fleet reporting



# "The Prudential invests 23 million a day. At the control centre of United Biscuits I find out where some of it goes."

#### that sectors open for investment by their country include oil extold reporters they had been encouraged by the response from Indian Ministers and offiploration, shipbuilding, power generation, steel, transport and cials they have met so far. This is the first delegation of told there would be any policy foreign businessmen to visit change - indeed, the delega-India since Mrs. Indira Gandhi tion has not sought any - the became Prime Minister last Germans are impressed by the the Prudential invests up to £3 million a day. January, and these are obviously the sectors in which Indians' readiness to remove bureaucratic delays. based on more than abstract analysis of the new government will seek The Germans were told by foreign investment.

the Finance Ministry that any A statement on the governapplication for foreign investment's policy on foreign invest- ment would be disposed of within 90 days. If this is done, ment has still to be made. The it would mean a major change since many foreign investors policy is not expected to be different from that which has have abandoned their proposals been in force for many years. Under this, foreign invest- in disgust after months of

ment is encouraged only if it is delay. The delegation has come to new technology or if it is in assess India and has not distussed any specific proposal. areas or highly sophisticated Although some of its members technology. Equity participa- said they are keen to take partion is negotiable, but in most in India's coal mining moderni said they are keen to take part cases it is not allowed to exceed sation programme and wel-40 per cent and so the foreign comed joint ventures in other vestor must find an Indian countries.

# **Qatar studies refinery bids**

VIENNA, - Qatar is studying bids for construction of a 50,000 barrels a day refinery tributing Company refinery at mand until 1995 and produce a surplus which could be excepted OPEC news agency OPECNA reports.

accompanied by the inflow of

export-orientated units or in

The refinery, five times bigger than the present unit, should meet increased local deported, it said.

The selection of companies in which it invests is performance and prospects, as Kenneth Fleet discovered when he accompanied Brian Medhurst on one of his regular visits to Prudential-backed companies. We join them in conversation with Sir Hector Laing at Europe's biggest biscuit factory.

Fleet: The Prudential is the largest institutional investor in Britain. How many companies have you

Brian Medhurst (Prudential Investment Manager): In the United Kingdom, we have investments worth more than £2 billion, spread over 600 companies.

Fleet: How do you regard your relationship with these

Medhurst: One of active interest in the progress of what is normally a long term involvement. We know how much we depend on successful and enlightened management, and so we seek to gain at first hand a clear understanding of management philosophy and attitudes.

Sir Hector Laing (Chairman of United Biscuits): An approach which we welcome. We don't feel the Pru is prying into our affairs. With their expertise, investing as they do in a very wide range of companies, sometimes the

questions they ask us challenge our thinking. They help us to form our ideas for the future.

Fleet: Do you at the Pru genuinely know and understand manufacturing industry?

Medhurst: If we didn't, you might well ask what we have been doing for the past 30 years; for during that period we have built up a team of investment specialists who have been closely involved in studying companies and the industries in which we invest. I believe we know a lot about industry. You might say we are in the business of identifying and backing good management.

Fleet: Does the Pru's size make you vulnerable to outside pressures?

Medhurst: Public and political opinion is focused on the way we behave. If we don't handle our responsibilities well, we are going to be criticised.

Fleet: What is your attitude, Sir Hector, to so-called interference' in board room matters by institutional shareholders like the Pru?

Laing: If the Pru appeared to be 'interfering' in our company, it would indicate to me that they thought our plans, or our performance, were not good enough. Long before that arose. I would welcome somebody from the Prudential coming to talk to us about their worries.

I would not consider it as interference, but rather as taking a responsible interest.

Fleet: So you have the kind of confidence in the Prudential which you hope the Pru has in United Biscuits?

Laing: Yes. Confidence has got to be carned on both sides. We have total confidence in them, and so far. I hope, we have shown that they can have total confidence in us.

Fleet: Do you feel a social responsibility when you invest, which goes beyond getting the best possible return for your policyholders and shareholders?

Medhurst: Our responsibility is primarily to the 8 million policyholders whose savings we are managing. We are committed, in a very competitive world, to achieving the best return on these savings. But society benefits from our channelling these resources into areas likely to produce the best return, and, to that end, from taking an active interest in the companies where we have invested money.

The Prudential's annual report is available from the Publicity Department, Prudential Assurance Company Limited, 142 Holborn Bars, London ECIN 2NH.

# ) rudentia You don't know the half of it.

Where is Ferranti investing £15 million in developing advanced computer systems?

Whereis a pension fund investing £3 million in factories and warehouses?

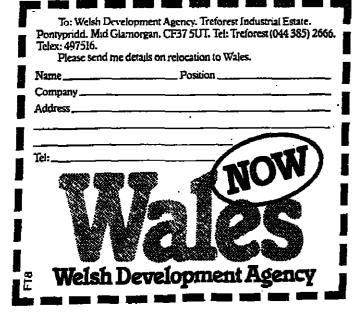
Where has a major Japanese optical company just opened its new U.K. manufacturing base?

> Wheredomany **US**companies find the workforce more productive than back home?

Where have over 150 South East companies chosen to relocate since 1966?

Where is there a Development Area that, by train from London, is even quicker to get to than Birmingham?

Where is a major welding exhibition to be held shortly?



# study of time taken on degrees

By Michael Dixon, Education Correspondent

investigation OFFICIAL the length of time taken by students to complete master's degrees and doctorates, was called for by the House of Commons Public Accounts Committee in its report on education, published yester-

The committee's 14 MPs said it was clearly unsatisfactory that large amounts of public money should be spent on postgraduate students who did not achieve their higher degree within the expected

A study of people taking postgraduate degrees with grants from the Social Science Research Council had shown that only 21 per cent working for a PhD had obtained it within four years. Fewer than half the council's postgraduates had completed their higher degrees within six

Those taking organised courses of study had a higher success rate, with 72 per cent gaining their degree within the period covered by the council's grant. But only 15 per cent of those pursuing a postgraduate degree by individual research had succeeded within the expected time.

"Since our examination of the Social Science Research Coun-cil we have been made aware of some dissatisfaction with the success rates of PhD candidates in disciplines other than the social sciences," the committee

said.
The report said the Department of Education and Science should have greater influence over the way universities spend their money from public funds. Universities should be in-formed of the department's ssessments of how the money hould be distributed among the main types of university activity, and told the numbers of spidents whom the funds were calculated to cover. Thirtu-Fourth Report from the Committee of Public Accounts, HoC Paper 783. HMSO £4.

#### **GLC** holds new talks on plan for cab-sharing

By Lisa Wood

A LONDON share-a-cab service on routes poorly served by pubby the Greater London Council and the Licensed Taxi Drivers'

Association. Talks have already taken place with the Home Office and the Transport Department. The services would run from special depots in the suburbs to central London on fixed routes with destinations displayed on

boards in the cabs.

Taxis could be flagged down
en route and some deviations could be allowed to let passengers to get closer to their desti-

nations. The proposal, initiated by the The proposal, initiated by the GLC, would fall foul of the Hackney Carriage Acts, and new legislation would be needed, the GLC said. A Bill submitted to Parliament could become law by late 1982, it esti-

Mr. Sandy Sandford, chair-man of the GLC's central area planning committee, said yesterday that taxi sharing could be a useful addition to trans-port in London. Passengers would benefit by paying a reduced fare, compared with the normal taxi fare, and the nation

would save fuel.

Mr. Harry Feigen, general secretary of the Licensed Taxi Drivers Association, said there were areas in the suburbs that taxi drivers did not like to go to because they were unlikely to pick up return fares. This prob-lem could be alleviated, he said, if drivers knew they could go to specific depots and per-haps find people waiting for a

BY OUR SHIPPING CORRESPONDENT

at a cost of its £300,000 for its pressed shipyard.

ance of transfers to the com-pany's yard at Leith. Dundee Although British Shire

assured.

ate future of the Robb Caledon

own Mid-Type ferry-service. It

a "substantial part" of 1981.

will continue to operate as a

normal working and the accept- British

almost run out of work.

# Request for Heseltine ruling overturned

been overturned by the High Court. Mr. Heseltine could appeal against the High Court ruling. A successful appeal would seriously affect local authority powers to deal with breaches of planning consents. Mr. Reseltine had ruled that

all conditions attached to a planning consent could be cancelled if the building did not comply in every aspect with existing planning approval. The move was designed to discourage local authorities from approving amendments to planning consents without going through the formal planning procedure.

Mr. Heseltine. in what is seen as an important test case. decided that Kerrier District Council near Falmouth in Corn-wall should not enforce the terms of a planning consent for a bungalow because the build-ing already did not comply with other aspects of the original

Underlying this decision was

**Benefits** 

costing

less to

administer

THE UNIT cost of administer-ing social security payments has been reduced over the

past two years even though past two years even though there has been a significant rise in the number of staff employed by the Department of Health and Social Security.

The 26th report of the Committee of Public Accounts.

examining the costs incurred by the DHSS, showed that the

number of employees had risen from 86,000 in 1976-77 to 88,000 in 1978-79. But the

cost of administration fell from 5.8 per cent to 5 per cent

The report points out that the number of staff had increased parity because changes in the nature and scope of benefits had led to increases in work. Child benefits covered all children whereas the family allowance, which it replaced, excluded the first child.

The committee questioned the Department on the expected savings in manpower

from the various changes pro-

posed in the social security benefit scheme and changes in

The Department pointed out that it needed to find 500

However, the number of

cases handled by each member of staff in dealing

with supplementary benefits had fallen slightly from 103

in 1976 to 102 in 1979. In 1970,

staff were handling 151 cases

the problems in administering several different benefits and

noted that no progress had

been made since 1976 in im-

proving the case load per staff

member employed on supple-mentary benefits.

sums to claimants who did

not need them rather than in-

cur substantial costs in sophis-

ticated administration pro-

It considered it desirable to

seek economies in adminis-

tration even at the cost of

rather larger payments of

Twenty-Sixth report from

the Committee of Public

Accounts: DHSS, Government

Actuary: House of Commons

core of labour totalling 300 to of Robb Caledon is by no means leave British Shipbuilders

Work on the small shortly.

Paper 765. HMSO £4.

benefits.

The committee discussed the possibility of paying small

benefit claimants.

100,000 unemployed.

on average.

of henefits paid.

A CONTROVERSIAL planning the informal approval that the not covered in the original always an unreasonable condecision by Mr. Michael Hesellocal authority had given planning consent. Rather than dition. But he has not chosen to time. Environment Secretary, several years ago. The terms of require the building to be double the planning permission were demolished the council's plan. His concern appears to have

The council has successfully never ratified formally. appealed against Mr. Heseltine's ruling although Lord Chief Justice Lane has given leave for the matter to be referred to the Court of Appeal because of the issues of planning law raised.

The Secretary of State has six weeks to decide whether to appeal against the High Court

The complicated background of the case brought by Kerrier illustrates the problems that could arise if Mr. Heseltine's ruling were to stand. Planning permission for the bungalow was originally granted in 1966 on condition that the premises would be occupied by an agricultural worker employed locally or a retired farmworker.

But after the bungalow was built it was discovered that it agricultural occupation stipula-included a basement which was

The latest problems arose the property changed hands and was occupied by a non-agricultural worker who appealed against the occupation conditions stipulated in the planning permission. council rejected this appeal and

Mr. Heseltine stepped in. The issue is further complicated. statutory period during which a local authority can act against a breach of planning permission has now elapsed on the bungalow basement.

At stake is more than just the outcome of a complicated court case. Mr. Heseltine, if he had wanted, could have achieved the same result by quashing the

could include a basement not meeting," agreed to amend the should not seek to take short-originally provided for in the terms of the planning approval cuts in the planning procedure and it is not uncommon for local authorities to agree minor amendments to planning consents outside the formal chan-

> If Mr. Heseltine's ruling is to stand these authorities could find themselves at risk. His ruling could also cause serious the case went before a public problems where minor breaches inquiry last year. At this point of planning consents have gone unnoticed and where more seriour breaches arise later.

The Environment Depart ment's main aim is to prevent major amendments to planning consents, particularly when a building is already completed. without going through the appropriate procedures.

But the ruling against Kerrier appears to have gone further than this and the Department has still not decided whether

corporation has not always been

able to examine promptly the accounts submitted by associa-

tions. It hopes the speed with

be increased.

which returns are appraised can

The department is criticised by the committee for its handling of the provision of

grants for an equity-sharing scheme, under which occupiers contribute a portion of capital

in return for a share in the

A decision by the department

1976 that such schemes

equity of their home.

This has led to the continuing closure in turn of all the wards, with the hospital staff working under very difficult conditions.

"The Scottish Home and Health Department do not expect the building to be fully operational until 1982," says the report The Greater Glasgow Health

£7m hospital

faults 'imply

neglect in

supervision

THE DISCOVERY of serious

construction defects in the £4m Royal Hospital for Sick

Children, Glasgow, which will cost £7½m to put right, "implies serious neglect in the supervision of public funds," declares the Committee of Public Accounts in a report published

This neglect, the report says,

demands the relentless pursuit

The hospital was opened in

of inquiries to identify those

1971 and remedial work has included major repairs and replacements to windows, floorings, plumbing and drain-

age services, as well as the rectification of many other

internal and external defects.

esterday.

responsible."

Board is seeking to recover the whole of the cost of the £71m remedial work from the main contractor, Richard Costain (Contractors). The claim is the subject of arbitration proceedings. The committee was told it might take between two and three years before the matter It notes, however, that the was settled.

The committee report says the Scottish Home and Health Department stressed that the problems in this case were unique in size and that it was an isolated failure. "The SHHD impressed us with their determination to recover the repair costs."

The committee says it does not intend to pursue its inquiries further at this stage. But we remain concerned that the major faults in construction were not detected until after the hospital had been taken into use and all but £32,000 of the building costs had been paid."

would be eligible for grant was revised in 1978 and while new The committee took evidence legislative authority for the payin private in May on the case. ment of grants towards equity-Although some of this is published in the report, some has sharing projects was sought, the department permitted them to been deleted (and marked with asterisks) so as not to prejudice The department did not seek the outcome of the arbitration proceedings.

But a SHAD memorandum says that: floors have "failed substantially"; water supplies are being replaced because of high metal content in the water; all ward windows in one block are being replaced and others replaced and repaired: three wards are closed at any one time; outer mosaic walls are being rebuilt. Twenty-Fifth Report from the

C. Clifford

By Lorne Barling

invests £1.7m

in equipment

CHARLES CLIFFORD, the West

Midfands supplier of rolled

Committee of Public Accounts. SO, £4.90.

# Call for 'efficient control' of housing associations

CALL to save taxpayers' money by streamkining pro-cedures for controlking housing ment was still considering the association schemes is made in a report published yesterday by the House of Commons Public Accounts Committee.

The committee recently examined the workings of the Housing Corporation and the housing association movement. It says in its 23rd report that it is disappointed at the absence of progress in eliminating duplication in administration of hous-

ing association grants.
The report says that in 1977 the Department of the Environment said it intended to frame more efficient administrative ararngements for housing association grants to save manpower and to provide a clear division of responsibilities between the department, the Housing Corporation, and local authorities. Subsequent Select Commit-

tees have been told the question was still being considered and now, after talks with the Housing Corporation and the National Federation of Housing Associations, the Environment Department has suggested that dual scrutiny of housing schemes could be largely eliminated if the corporaton alone was made responsible for the detailed checking of individual

The Select Committee was small associations are involved. suggestion, which had now been made possible because of legis-lative changes contained in the Housing Act, 1980.

But its report states: "We are disappointed, despite our predecessors' concern that administrative duplication should be minimised, that little tangible progress appears to have been made in this direction."

The department employs 89 staff to scrutinise projects and grant claims, in addition to the 230 people employed by the Housing Corporation. The com-mittee says "considerable savings in staff and associated costs would be possible if satisfactory could be evolved. There might also be a reduction in the time taken for projects to receive approval."

The report adds: "We trust that every effort will be made to resolve this issue speedly and to ensure that improve-ments in efficiency are realised as soon as mossible." as soon as possible.

The Select Committee con-gratulates the Housing Corporation on its efforts to step up the monitoring of the association's financial and operational Twenty-third Report from the activities and stresses the Committee of Public Accounts, importance of scrutiny where HMSO £4.

a legal ruling outside its own legal branch and failed to consult Parliament or the Treasury before continuing with the programme. The action, accordng to the committee, did not represent "a proper dsicharge of responsibility, and no new commitments should have been

made, it says.

# Industry training dispute spreads

Engineering Contractors has joined calls for industrial training boards to be responsible stricted directly to the Department of Employment rather than to the industrial training boards Manpower Services Commission. operate.

The fall was due to- a Industry's confidence in training boards has been imsignificant increase in appeals and a serious staff wastage paired by the interventionist rate. The Department exrole of the commission, the pressed its dissatisfaction with federation says in its response to the MSC's review of the this decline, and had launched a pilot scheme for com-Employment and Training Act, which is now before Mr. James puterising some of the local office work. Prior, Employment Secretary. The committee recognised

The federation rejects as dictatorial" the review body's recommendation that industrial training organisations should to those of the Confederation

THE FEDERATION of Civil accept greater leadership from of British Industry and many of national policy in areas where

The federation reaffirms its support for the Construction Industry Training Board and its industrial committee structure, it <u>say</u>s.

By urging that training boards should report directly to the Department of Employment the federation is adopting the same position as the construction board in its response to the review.

The federation adds its voice

the commission. It argues that the training boards in opposing the commission should be reco-ordinating rather than the Government, should finance the boards' operating costs.

It says the construction board could be "severely damaged" by this proposal, and that both the volume and quality of training would suffer.

The federation also regards it as "astonishing" that the commission's review has devoted a "significant number of recommendations" to the role of training boards in the light of the Finniston Report on the education and status of

copper, brass and other non-ferrous metals, mainly to the electronics industry, has invested £1.7m in equipment to increase capacity and improve precision. The company, part of Chifford Industries, has been faced with increasing West German and

French competition in the supply of metals to companies such as Rolls-Royce, GEC, Berec and Lucas Industries, mainly for use in electrical components. It has been under pressure also since the advent of micro-electronics, to improve toler-ances and with modernisation

is now able to do so. Over the past two years it has closed several plants and reduced its workforce from 360 to 230.

Although the UK market remains flat, the company has benefited from the recent closure of Delta Metals' Enfield rolling-mill, one of its major

The company is producing about 60 tonnes of rolled metals week but capacity coming on mid-1960s—a time when demand ducers reporting a fall in outbe increased to 120 tonnes a put of 33 per cent.

FIB/11

# Third-quarter fibre exports fall 27%

BY RHYS DAVID. TEXTILES CORRESPONDENT A MAJOR downturn in exports

of artificial fibres took place in the third quarter, suggesting that after some delay the strength of sterling is seriously affecting the industry's ability to sell in overseas markets.

The industry has been under severe pressure in the domestic market for the past two years from low-cost U.S. imports but has managed to compensate partially through increased exports. Between July and September, however, total deliveries to cus

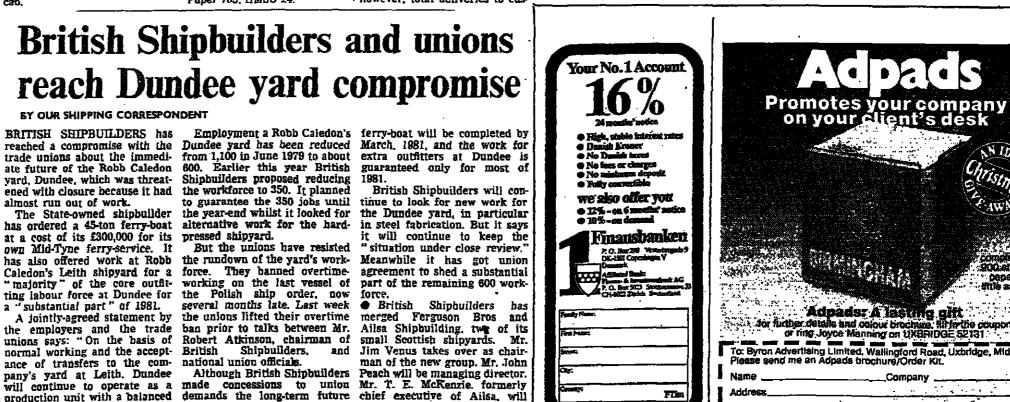
were 99,750 tonnes, a drop of rapidly. 27.6 per cent on the same period Exports at 53,000 tonnes were

down by 25 per cent. Production fell even faster than deliveries, according to severely curtailed will be fila-the British Man-Made Fibres ment yarn where UK produc-Federation. At 88,990 tonnes tion declined 42 per cent comproduction is 37 per cent less than in the same quarter of

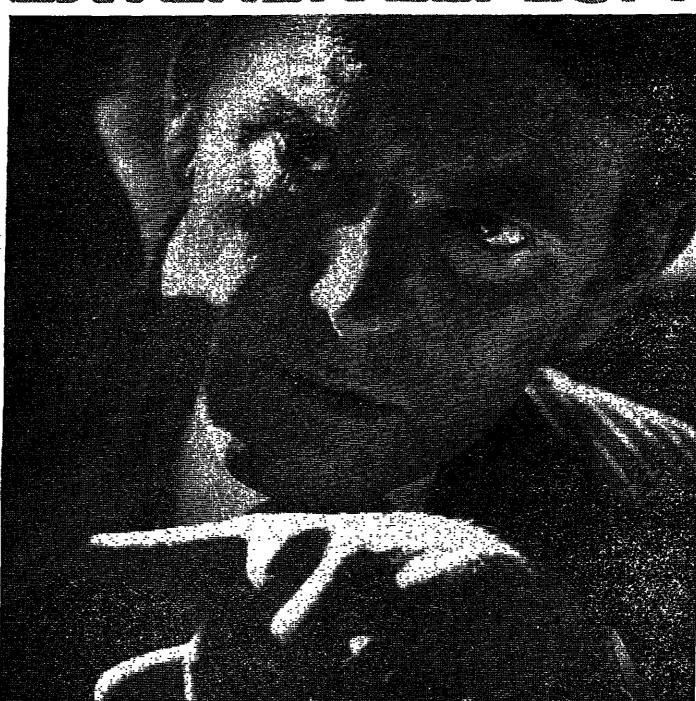
tomers at home and abroad ester was still expanding The figures come less than a month after ICI's announce-

ment that it will cut substantially its fibre capacity with the loss of some 4,000 jobs. Most severely curtailed will be filepared with a year ago.

Conditions are almost as had



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# Vauxhall suffers first-half New pits net loss of £7.639m

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

VAUXHALL MOTORS, the General Motors subsidiary, yesterday became the latest UKbased car and truck concern to announce significantly worse financial results.

It suffered a net loss of £7.639m in the first half of 1940 compared with one of £1.977m in the same period a year before.

The group warned of a depressed business outlook with no sign of early improvement. It made no forecast for the year as a whole. In 1979 the net loss was £31.27m. Vauxhall blamed "the high

exports of the strength of ster- working alternate weeks, while ling and increased competition from imports" as factors stable are on a four-day week. depressing the outlook for the British motor industry.

week, which will continue until Christmas at least. The Elles**VAUXHALL'S** FIRST-HALF

	1979 Em	198 £m
Turnover	445.293	452.36
(loss)	4.494	(0.84
finance charges Currency	7.191	10.19
realignments Industry Act	(0.68)	0.52
grants	1.4	2.12
Pro-tax loss	1.97	7.62
UK tak	nil	0.1
Net loss	1.977	7.63

cost of borrowing, the effect on medium van lines at Luton are truck assembly workers at Dun-"Further cost-reduction mea-

British motor industry.

Sures are being kept under Currently, the group's car constant review," said the and light van assembly lines at statement accompanying the Luton are working a one-day half-year results. This was interpreted by some observers as being a clear hint that Vauxhall mere Port plant, where the might yet have to consider a

Shop floor workers accepted an 8 per cent pay increase in September.

Vauxhall attributed its 1980 first-half loss mainly to higher interest rates, reduced demand and, during the first quarter, lack of product after the 12week dispute at Ellesmere Port late in 1979 followed by the national steel strike early this

The shortage of products resulted in commercial vehicle sales by Vauxhall's Bedford subsidiary, which exports around 60 per cent of its output, being down by 9.9 per cent compared with the same period

Vauxhall car sales, less affected by the shortage, were down 1.5 per cent compared with the overall UK new car market decline of 15.7 per cent. Vauxhall - Bedford vehicle

sales in the first half of 1980 totalled 120,006 against 136,364

# Stonefield jobless lobby MPs

BY JOHN GRIFFITHS

Vehicles, the Scottish Development Agency - financed roughterrain truck-maker which entered receivership in July, lobbied MPs and TUC officials in London yesterday.

The lobby came before an adjournment debate on Stonefield in the Commons last night. The group wants Sir Keith Joseph's Department of Industry to underwrite the receivers' efforts to find a buyer for the company for as long as it might

Sir Kelth has been urged by a Buckinghamshire-based rival to Stonefield that further help for the Scottish company was against the national interest."

Mr. Trafford Boughton, chairman and managing director of the Boughton Group of Amersham, said in a letter to Sir Keith on Tuesday that Boughton has spent £200,000 and four developing a similar

which has taken delivery of 42 -the Ministry of Defence and the Royal Air Force.

More than 100 vehicles have heen sold-more than achieved by Stonefield-since production started in October last year, and output is now nearing 250 vehicles a year and is expected to be expanded considerably.

Mr. Boughton felt there was no justification for further help to Stopefield. Boughton, with 450 employees

and an annual turnover of £12m, has a variety of engineering activities and is not dependent for its survival on the success of the truck. Mr. Boughton said yesterday

his company was approached by 'le. 'im McKelvie. Stonefield's founder, four years ago to build the Stonefield, but turned it down as being too inflexible in The Stonefield action group

AN ACTION group of redun-with customers including the a high unemployment area at dant employees from Stonefield Southern Electricity Board— Crumnock, near Kilmarnock, is Crunnock, near Kilmarnock, is currently on a "care and maintenance" footing with about 15 employees remaining of the original 100. It had been envisaged that it would provide jobs

> But the group is anxious that the receiver, Mr. Bill Brownie of Ernst and Whinney, should be given, through the Scottish Office or the Scottish Develop-Agency all the time and help he needs to find a buyer for the company as a going conwarned that the assets would have to be disposed of separately if a buyer was not found "in a reasonable space of time."

● Honda is recalling 178,354 TL-Acty mini vans produced between July 1977 and October 1979. The trucks, powered by a 550cc engine, have suspected steering and electrical faults.

was not expecting Sir Keith to to have been sold in the UK.

put up more funds to get StoneHonda says it expects the recall It was now selling profitably, field going again. The plant, in to be completed by February.

# Stoppage 'would end BL Cars'

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDENT

would lead the Government to of the volume car business. example regulations on company refuse any more money, it was Without a strike, BL's chances cars or further changes in predicted yesterday. The man- of persuading the Government investment and development agement would call an to part with extra money were grants." immediate halt to investment "good." But the Government Mr. Bi business.

Prof. Krish Bhaskar, professor of accounting at the University of East Anglia who has for some years studied the motor industry and BL in particular, said he had no doubt that a major strike would mean the end of BL in its present industry consultancy group.

form. He said the Government

Without extra Government funds Sir Michael Edwardes, the chairman, would sell off

Lord Mayor

knighted

A MAJOR strike at BL Cars organise the orderly run-down the group's position - "for

improving industrial relations

and productivity. "I believe this improved performance will be forthcoming. just, but it will be a close shave." Prof. Bhaskar told at a seminar organised by Ronald Sewell and Associates, the motor

would want clear signs

should not ignore Ford and its formal trade restrictions on knockdown prices in current Japanese imports and by avoid- fall by 6 per cent remarket conditions "—and try to ing actions which would harm from 1.522m to 1.43m.

example regulations on company

Mr. Bill Seward, a partner in stockbrokers Phillips and Drew and its motor industry economist, forecast that BL's share of the new car market would improve to 20 per cent in 1981 (up from 17.5 per cent so far this year) while Ford's would fall from 30.6 per cent to 29 per cent-mainly reflecting the influence of the Metro.

The market would continue to contribution to the UK economy. be weak until the last quarter It should consider help by some of 1981. Mr. Seward predicted that new car registrations would fall by 6 per cent next year

#### Lloyd's chairman outlines requirements to Moran

director.

BY JOHN MOORE MR. PETER GREEN, Lloyd's chairman, yesterday met Mr. SIR RONALD GARDNER-THORPE, Lord Mayor-elect of London, yesterday received the Christopher Moran and Mr. insignia of a Knight Grand Cross | David Bryans, two directors of of the Order of the British Empire at a Buckingham Palace investiture. parent company. The new Lord Mayor, who

takes over this weekend, said he looked forward to the "great honour and pleasure " of greeting the Queen and members of. the Royal Family when they visited the City. The Queen offered him her congratula-

the Chrisopher Moran Group, to group's Lloyd's interests follow-meeting, in major heard changes in the At the planned meeting the

has made known to Mr. Bryans and Mr. Moran certain requirements specified by the com-mittee of Lloyd's." according to Lloyd's, have

Mr. Bryans and Mr. Moran. undertaken to reply to the requirements by 10 am today.

Last Friday, four of the five members of the Christopher Moran Board, including the chairman and the acting managing director, resigned following discuss the running of the the indefinite adjournment of a

four directors intended to put a In a short statement last resolution seeking the removal night Lloyd's said Mr. Green from the Board of Mr. Moran, from the Board of Mr. Moran, who faces police charges of conspiracy to defraud certain Lloyd's underwriting syndicates. When they resigned leaving just Mr. Moran on the Board he co-opted Mr. Bryans who acted as chairman and is an executive

# closure warning by Ezra

By Martin Dickson, Energy

A VEILED warning that the recession might force the National Coal Board to consider an accelerated programme of pit closures was issued yesterday by Sir Derek Ezra, the NCB chairman.

He said that to protect the industry's future, the NCB was having to review its investment programme and fix priorities. "We will have increasingly to concentrate as capital, on the long-life pits which must be the hasis for our industry well into the next century," he added.

Sir Derek, who was speaking to miners at Kellingley colliery, near Pontefract, did not explicitly mention pit closures, but his message was

The warning comes in the middle of negotiations for a new 10-month pay agreement between the NCB and the National Union of Mine-workers. Last week, in another attempt to secure miners' pay moderation. Sir Derek said the board's financial position was the worst in five years and there was no relief in sight.

financiai strains imposed by the recession. Government-imposed borrow ing limits and financial targets seem to be making NCB leaders look more toughly at the possibility of closing down heavy lossmaking pits.

Some plts close every year because their reserves are exhausted — nearly 60 have gone in the past seven years. But under a tougher closure consider shutting pits which still had coal to be won, but only at a heavy financial loss.

Such a move could involve the board in a major battle with the NUM, which argues that mines should be kept open as long as they contain Sir Derek sald yesterday

that the recession would cut the NCB's sales by about £200m in 1980-81. Like most other businesses in Britain today, we have an acute cash problem and have to find ways of balancing essential expenditure with a reduced income."
The NCB was managing to

avoid short-time working—a policy which had been adopted by many employers but it had been forced to restrict its recruitment. The board's sales efforts had maintained markets for some 10m tonnes that were under threat, but it would W'be forced to 5m tonnes to stock this year. Sir Derek emphasised that the coal industry's long term prospects were good. Demand would start to rise again when the economy recovered. But

industry had to be

prepared for a difficult two or

# Gas shortage 'in 15 years' MOBIL OIL, a large North Sea to search for new gas fields, pardevelopment had caused a seventh round of licences and operator, warned oil analysts ticularly sites that were in deep shortage. "I hope the Government had said that the Government had yesterday that the UK is in water or far below the surface. The will be wise enough the surface will be wise enough the surface.

danger of running short of natural gas within 10 or 15 years, despite geologist's beliefs that there is as much natural gas yet to be found in the North Sea as had been found already.

Mr. Alex Massad, president of Mobil's exploration and producing division, told a London Oil Analysts' Group meeting that oil companies would be discouraged from exploiting North Sea gas resources if prices were not allowed to rise.

monopoly buyer of methane gas sider this. produced in UK waters, were

panies to find and exploit these ensure a pientiful supply of fields, particularly if Govern- natural gas." ment depletion policies held

I don't see people drilling for work.
this type of gas at the moment." Mr.

for exploration to be encouraged Before the meeting. Mr. must reflect its replacement new licence areas, maintaining Massad said prices paid by cost. A few years ago the U.S. a stable investment climate and British Gas Corporation, the Government had failed to con-providing the opportunity for

A low ceiling price on gas too low to encourage companies and a fall in exploration and

It was important for the com- to avoid those pitfalls and

Mobil's warning is telling back oil production and so because the company is a partdelayed the exploitation of gas ner with British Gas in offreserves found with oil fields. shore ventures, including the "I would like to see a pricing development of the Beryl Field policy which permits companies and the proposed £1.1bn North to search for non-associated gas. Sea gas gathering pipeline net-

Mr. Massad urged the Govern-He told the oil analysts that ment to create a favourable climate for hie development of the price paid for natural gas oil and gas fields by opening 'attractive financial returns'

He referred to the latest

the opportunity to nominate some of the drilling areas.

Mr. Massad was asked about ownership of the fl.ibn North Sea gas gathering pipeline net-work for which Mobil and the British Gas Corporation prepared the feasibility study. He suggested "something between government ownership and corepany ownership" and said that Mobil was discussing its future

In a review of Mobil Oil's world exploration he said that he was delighted about pros pects at the Hibernia oil field, off the Newfoundland coast, after the discovery of new reserves last month.

# North Sea production cut by maintenance on platforms

BY RAY DAFTER, ENERGY EDITOR

NORTH SEA oil production fell almost 7 per cent in the July-September period compared with a year before. However, output was still more than sufficient to meet the depressed level of UK demand.

This supply position emerged from a Department of Energy report, published yesterday. which forecasts that from now on the UK will be self-sufficient in oil elcept, perhaps, during some winter months.

Provisional figures, contained in the latest set of advance UK energy statistics, show that domestic oil production in the three months to the end of September was 19,4m tonnes, 1.4m tonnes down on a year

The drop reflected routine maintenance work on some off-

development programme for the

Tartain oilfield in the North

Sea. The move is an attempt to offset problems which since

August have delayed the start

of production at the field. Texaco has not said what the

It was intended that oil

would start flowing four months

solitary platform, which has one

The company said yesterday

that this doubling of drilling

duction earlier than otherwise

would have been possible.

drilling derrick.

pipeline,

BY MARTIN DICKSON, ENERGY CORRESPONDENT

shore platforms, the Depart- mary fuel input basis, was the ment said. Some of this work equivalent of 65.6m tonnes of may have been postponed to late summer because of the Norwegian offshore workers' strike earlier this year.

Total UK use of oil for both energy and non-energy purooses amounted to 17.5m tonnes in the July-September period, 17.3 per cent less than in the same period of 1979. Deliveries of oil products for energy pur-poses fell by 15 per cent, although there was a small rise of 0.9 per cent in deliveries of

Overall the Department estimates that the UK consumed 7.9 per cent less energy in the three months compared with the corresponding quarter of 1979. Consumption, on a pri-

Texaco changing Tartan plans

gramme. The company refused

to confirm or deay rumours that

the first production-well drilled

from the production platform

Nor could the company

would build up to full output.

of the production platform, by

the semi-submersible rig Ocean

platform, using a mobile Peterhead in the next 10 days oil-field, near Mansfield; and drilling-rig, and link it to the to go to the field, which lies use of small steam-generators to platform's production system by about 110 miles north-east of improve flow of crude oil.

will be laid by the Apache, an

cent-owned by Texaco, which

has spent more than £250m to

was dry.

Aberdeen.

ago, from the first of 14 producton. The sub-sea well will be tion-wells installed on the field's drilled about two miles west

Now Texaco has decided to Kokuei. This has been chartered

drill at least one sub-sea to Texaco since the spring. The

production-well away from the vessel is expected to leave

capacity on the field would advanced reel-pipelaying barge. enable Tartan to reach full pro-

But Texaco again refused to develop it. The field's reserves

the problem delaying have been estimated at 250m

opposed to deliveries) fell by 10.7 per cent while consumption of coal was down by 6.4 per cent. Natural gas consumption fell by 5.3 per cent in the same period.

Total UK production of primary fuel in the quarter was 71.3m tonnes of coal equivalent, pared with the same period last year but still over 8.5 per cent more than the level of consump-

Coal production rose by 2.2 per cent but UK natural gas outduction of nuclear and hydroelectricity also fell, by 5.1 per

energy grants to help develop

The grants represent 26 per cent of awards made by the

BP received grants for four

oduction system enhanced oil-

projects—a monitoring system for remote underwater oil well

systems; the company's single-

recovery schemes at Egmanton

Stone and Webster received

FINANCIAL TIMES REPORTER

well production (SWOPS); enhance

oil and gas technologies

when production from the field Council of Ministers under the would start and how quickly it sixth round of Community

The pipeline to the platform aid for a scheme involving pro-

piant.

tirement.

projects.

#### price rise Economics Correspondent THE TREASURY believes that

new oil

Smaller-

impact of

the sharp rise in oil prices of the last two years should have a smaller impact on output in the main industrialised countries than did the rise in prices in the mid-1970s

The latest monthly Economic Progress Report from the Treasury discusses the outlook for the world economy, though it specifically avoids discussing the prospects for the UK where output has already fallen more sharply than in the mid-1970s. The report notes that while

the profile of the recession is not yet clear, most forecasters agree that it should be shallower than in 1974-75, when output in the major countries fell by about 34 per cent from the peak of the

cycle to its trough.

Moreover "the upsurge of inflation, which began in 1978. appears to have reached a peak in the second quarter of this year, with an average in the seven major industrialised economies of slightly above 13 TEXACO IS changing the how it is connected with the Three UK companies-Stone change of the development pro-gramme. The company refused and Taylor Woodrow — were per cent awarded £4.3m-worth of EEC

. The Treasury points out that the sharp loss of output in industrialised countries in the mid-1970s was not merely a reflection of the unspent revenues of oil producing states but also depended on the reactions of investors.

Consequently, as a result of the experience gained in 1974-75 by the personal and corporate sectors and by govern-ments. "these is some reason to suppose that such reactions (to the loss of real income caused less pronounced in the current cycle."

The report says that probduction at sea of methanol from offshore gas reservoirs.

ably the most striking difference between the aftermath of the re-Taylor Woodrow qualified cent oil price shock and that with two projects—an investiga- of 1973-74 was that while the tion into the behaviour of piles rate of price inflation rose under tensile loads and the sharply from mid-1978, to a level rehabilitation of damaged off- little short of the 1975 peak, earnings grew much

# BBC leads in breakfast TV race Lucas CAV to put 1,400

production, or to say precisely barrels.

three years.

THE BBC may be the first to get a national breakfast programme on British television. While ITV contemplates shelving its plans for breakfast TV because of the drain on the overall advertising pool, the BBC is looking into suggestions for a joint morning radio and television service.

The commercial television companies, alarmed by the effect of the recession on advertising revenue, have told the Independent Broadcasting Authority that it must choose between a fourth channel and breakfast television.

It is thought in the industry that the IBA will defer a decision on the introduction of a breakfast franchise.

been set up under the leader-ship of Miss M. Sims, controller of Radio Four.

Trethowan, director general of separated.
the BBC, said last night. "It The ITV battle for the two would be a single service. broadcast simultaneously on a either medium.'

It was suggested the new programme could be on the air by spring 1982, much the same time that ITV's breakfast show would be available if the IBA Sir Ian said there were

formidable problems involved and the cost might prove too While he did not specifically

mention the unions, other than A BBC working party has to say that they would be con-been set up under the leader sulted, one problem will be reaching agreement over the Hoare Gov joint use of staff by both radio last night.

"What we have in mind is and television. At the moment quite a new animal" Sir Ian the two organisations are totally

London commercial franchises, held now by Thames Television radio network and a television and London Weekend Telenetwork, which the audience vision, gathered momentum last could receive at any time on night with more details being revealed by London Independent Television, the bidder for both franchises which has, until now, been known as the Hughie Green consortium. The consortium's leader

emerges as Mr. Guy Paine, a well known industry personality, who is named as manag-ing director. General Sir Harry Tuzo is chairman. Mr. Green is described as a consultant.

London Independent Television's financial support is mainly institutional, arranged through Morgan Grenfell and

Hoare Govett, Mr. Paine said

made redundant by New Year

moving to the Chilton plant.

The company also decided to

close its New Stret, Sudbury, factory, with 20 employees

• Another 70 workers will be

A TOTAL 1,400 workers at the under increasing pressure from Lucas CAV factory at Chiltong near Sudbury, Suffolk, begin a reduced demand, high interest rates leading to reduced stocks. three-day week next week in the high value of the pound order, the company said, to safe-which cu guard the immediate future of inflation. which cut export profits, and 650 jobs at this engineering

on a three-day week

It said the situation was being "under constant review." Nevertheless, 80 staff emand that short-time working in ployees and 60 indirect em-ployees will lose their jobs, some departments would supplement the redundancies. although the company hopes • The five-day week has been these will be made up by voluntary redundancies and early re-

reintroduced at the Rocester, Staffs., excavator factory of J. C. Bamford (JCB), which employs 1,600 men. The labour force, from which 150 jobs were cut, started a four-day week in August.

In spite of the recession JCB at the Wellworthy piston factory. Weymouth, Dorset, where programme. It is working on a new loader, the JCB 3CX Nearly half the investment has The company said that in the gone into Rocester,

# House prices rise 5%

BY ANDREW TAYLOR
HOUSE PRICES rose by only until at least spring next year.
5 per cent in the first nine He said that in the first nine Society.

average house prices rose by strong. 20 per cent, said the society, general manager of the Leeds, the country's fourth largest

months of this year according months of this year, new house to figures published yesterday prices bad risen twice as fast by Leeds Permanent Building as prices for existing homes. Demand from first time buyers Over the same period in 1979 had remained

In the year to September 30 Mr. Stanley Walker, chief total assets of the society rose from £2.6bn to £3.1bn increase of 17.4 per cent. At the building society, sald he did not same time liquid funds held by expect to see any increase in the Leeds rose from £471m to the rate of house price rises more than £555m.

#### Mr. Elsbury and Mr. Gravestock

A REPORT published in the Financial Times on June 13. on against two former directors of Brentnall Beard, was headed

We have been asked to make it clear that the proceedings were discontinued on the basis that Mr. Stanley Elsbury and

We reported that the chairman and deputy chairman of Lloyd's disciplinary proceedings Lloyd's considered the two men must nevertheless bear some responsibility for the events that "No moves to punish brokers occurred. What they actually at Lloyd's." said was that the two men, as said was that the two men, as directors, must bear some responsibility, making it clear that it was in that capacity that the comment was made. happy to clarify our report in

# LUCIA VAN DER POST REMEMBERS THE NAME THAT WAS A WAY OF LIFE IN THE SIXTIES Prepare to shed a tear as the myth of Biba dies

once carried should prepare to Saturday afternoons. If you

latest venture to carry the from impossibly beautiful girls famous black and gold Art Deco — you put up with it all for the logo and the Biba name was shuting up shop, trailing behind it debts of more than £1m.

They were preparing to pack up the antique hatstands and dim the lights, and, as the accountant charged with the sad task of sorting out the financial ruins said to me: "Ring them quickly before they cut the phone off." It all seemed a sad way for a

myth to die. For Biba was more than just a name - Biba was a way of life. Biba, back in the sunny, swinging Sixties was the brainchild of one person -Barbara Hulanicki — whose personal sense of style caught the imagination of the fashion

Into her first lithe shop in Abingdon Road and then the small, exotic flower, nurtured

were young you didn't mind the Yesterday, in Conduit Street stampede, the communal chang-London's West End, the ing rooms, the languid service chance to buy what Barbara Hulanicki had chosen to make that week.

She took simple things like tights and felt hats and feather

It was when Biba began to grow and grow that that the magic seemed to fade. Like a

boas and dyed them in amazing colours. She sold a complete look o rstyle. There can hardly be anybody who was young in the 'Sixties who hasn't tsill a Biba number in her wardrobeor wished she had. I'd give quite a lot still to have my lovely fake black sealskin coat -bought for £7.50 it was cut straight and sharp like a French trencheoat and had a chic that belied its price-tag.

to wilt in the cold, commercial world that the tie-up with British Land brought about.

pulsion to buy Biba had gone.

When British Land

over than Biba could supply original shop was named was Barbara Hulanicki and her husband Stephen FitzSimon With the move into the orbit decided it was time to quit and of British Land came the move left for South America.

6 When Biba began to grow the magic seemed to fade . . . it began to wilt in the cold commercial

into the huge emporium that used to be Derry and Toms and with it the decision to sell a the cosmetics range which was complete Biba life-style-from marketed throughout the world. brooms to tins of soup, from jewellery to clothes that somehow began to seem much less desirable than once they were. Nobody could put their finger on why but somehow the com-

The Biba name seemed all but dead though it lived on in For most of us, though, Biba seemed already dead-part of an erfa that had gone. But in December 1978 a new Biba rose from the ashes, this time in Conduit Street and by now Barbara Hulanickiand her hus-People came from far and wide band had nothing whatever to

fluttered onto fashion editors desks and a shop that sold itself on its high sense of style began to look down-at-heel and desolate. Though Hachel International own the world-wide Biba trademarks, Hachel had granted licences to the five English companies that comprise the Biba

group entitling them to use the to gape and stare but few came do with it. trade-marks and the name Biba. Barbara's younger sister who

ALL WHO remember the bigger shop in Kensington on the bothouse taste and talent decided that the value of the had always been nicknamed in that group is an Iranian, Mr. potent magic the name of Biba Church Road, we all poured on, of one tashion original, it began property required more turn. Biba and after whom the Carmel Levy, and he bears the Carmel Levy, and he bears the huge losses. the official talent behind the Yesterday's end came when designs but the money came Hachel International, under the from Hachel. The shop opened

terms of its licenising agreewith many original Biba touches ment, called in its licensing -the black and gold logo, the arrangements when the royalantique hatstands, the Julie Hodges decors—but the sense ties due were not paid. Hachel International is anxious to point of a compelling, unifying handout that it still owns and has yriting was missing. high hopes for the future of the Though yesterday's end when Riba name. it came seemed sudden, the What in the meantime has signs have been there for some happened to the original crea-

time. Increasingly desperate tors of the Biba magic? Flash-announcements of sales have back to Holland Park Avenue, hardly a stone's throw from where the whole story began. There, at Number 124, Barbara Hulanicki and her husband Stephen FitzSimon, back from South America, open on Monday a shop to be called simply Barbara Hulanicki,

There they will be selling a complete range of clothing, from leather and furs through The owner of the share capital all designed by Barbara herself. | guilty.

to underwears, tights and hats. Mr. Derek Gravestock were not

this way.

# Redundancy threats prompt print unions to reduce demands

BY OUR LABOUR CORRESPONDENT

appear to be responding to are expected to signify assenfears of further closures and re- before the end of the week. dundancies by moderating, and even postponing, wage demands. Society of Graphical and Allied Most print workers at the Trades, has not yet formally Express Group have accepted a agreed, but its officials have six-month moratorium on wage rises, and print union officials have talked of expectations of a single-figure settlement for ranks. their members on national

The Express unions were warned last week by Lord Matthews, the group's chairman. that the London printing operation of the Daily Star, the Manchester-based tabloid, would be closed if the pay freeze were not agreed. The deadline for

agreement is tomorrow.

Lord Matthews said agreement would guarantee a con- settlement reached between the tinuation of the operation for

All the chapels (office branches) of the National Society of Operative Printers, Graphical and Media Personnel, the Amalgamated Union of Engineering Workers, and the Society of Likhographic Artists. Designers and Designers and Engravers have already agreed, together with a number of the chapels of the National Graphical Association, whose Graphical Association, whose is then built on by chapel nego-agreement was seen as crucial. tiations, which traditionally in-NGA shop stewards on crease the NPA rate substan-NGA shop stewards on crease Tuesday came out in favour of tially.

PRINT UNIONS in Fleet Street the freeze, and all NGA chapels

The largest print union, the already indicated their compliance and it is not expected that the chapels will break

and Plumbing Trades Union has not agreed to the mora-torium, however. The Express Group has taken up the issue with EPTU at national level, and does not expect that its opposition will be a problem

The savings from the sixmonth freeze will depend on the printers and the Newspaper Puglishers Association. Mr.

claim with the likelihood of a settlement at about 8 per cent. However, the national figure

# flag-of-convenience row

BY PAULINE CLARK, LABOUR STAFF

the flags of convenience dispute who lose their jobs. Cunard and the National Union of Seamen is to be discussed by the union's executive today—two days before seamen plan to strand

the QE II at Southampton. Cunard, owner of the QE II and the two Caribbean cruise ships at the centre of the dispute, is unlikely to meet union leaders' demands for the British flag to be restored to the Cunard Princess, now sailing under the

But the NUS is ready to dis-cuss a fresh peace formula The 19 union from the company centred on manning proposals and financial

The chapel of the Electrical

in the face of general unanimity.

# New move to end Cunard

A FRESH INITIATIVE to solve compensation for British seamen

The talks will deal with a productivity agreement aimed at helping Cunard reduce its losses on operations of the two cruise ships, Cunard Countess, stranded by seamen's action in Barbados, and Princess.

Cunard hoped to save some £4.5m on its cruise operations by transfering the two ships to the Bahamian flag and employ ing foreign crews for lower pay. The union has rejected a compromise under which the Countess would continue under

The 19 union executive memat Southampton

Over£500,000 needed

to support seafarers and their dependants

# **Atom site** workers accept

9% offer By Nick Garnett, Labour Staff

The Atomic Energy Authority has secured the first public sector settlement of the present wage round in an agreement worth 9 per cent on the wage bill for its manual and craft workers.

The deal is little more than a third of last year's settlement for the same workers and will be viewed by some other public sector employers as evidence that their employees might be prepared to

settle in single figures.

But the ease of the Atomic Energy Authority settlement may partly reflect the success the group had last year in improving its position in the wages seague. Last year's deal for the 4,600 manual workers gave basic rises of betweer 14 per cent and 27 per cent with an overall in-crease of 24 per cent on the

#### Final response

Negotiators for the government-funded authority origin-ally offered 8 per cent. This was raised to 8.7 per cent on hasic rates which, with small increases on shift and other payments and an improvement in qualifying periods for holiday entitle ment, lifted the total cost of the package to 9 per cent of the wage bill.

The employers said this was their final response to the unions' claim for rises. The unions wanted the rise not only to match the retail price index, but to provide a real increase. The clai malso included incremental scales, reduced working hours and an increase in the shift disturbance allowance and in the Saturday overtime rate.

#### Majority

Usually our seamen and their families are in difficulties through no fault of their own. Death,

disablement, age, illness . . . all take their toll.

Last year, KGFS distributed over £500,000 to

specialist charities supporting seafarers (the Royal Navy, the Royal Marines, the Merchant Navy, the

Fishermen) who are in need, together with their children, their families and dependants.

To allow for inflation, we need to provide much more this year if we are not to let our seafarers and

Please help King George's Fund for Sailors to go on helping - with donations, covenants, legacies.

Unions put the proposals. without a recommendation, to Shop steward committees at the authority's sites. Although the offer did not go out to ballot the committees were satisfied that a majority of the workforce found the proposals acceptable.

The previous rates for workers ran from £69.50 to a top rate of £82. The craftsmen's rate was £91.

The union said yesterday

similar action could be sparked off in other local government were being made. This was the first "significant" outbreak of action to arise over the issue. The union claims that further

major cuts are planned by the Labour-controlled Manchester City Council. The council said yesterday, however, that plans for a cut of 500 jobs by November 20 and another 750 by January 11 were based on voluntary early retirement

686,586,849

368,909,591

149,121,874

240.046.757

138,772,768

\$276,656,271

# Re-drafted codes clarify bounds of law

GOVERNMENT'S redrafted codes on picketing and the closed shop, published yesterday, retain the basic philosophy and structure laid out in the first drafts in August.

remains to provide practical guidance to workers and management in the two most contentious areas of industrial sets of changes. relations-guidance which may be taken into consideration in criminal and civil proceedings.

Their tone is still pragmatic. if at times stern, and they neither cover new ground nor vacate old territory. The main elements in the code on the closed shop are:

 Guidance on the use of periodic reviews of new and existing closed shops; Detailed advice to unions and employers on procedures to be adopted in establishing closed

• Guidelines on the treatment of union members and other workers affected by such arrangements. The picketing code's main ele-

ments are:

• The suggested maximum of six pickets at any entrance to as plant or office; • The specification of the duties level of support for a closed of police in controlling pickets,

stressing their wide powers of Advice on the organisation of

of the code on picketing has been redrafted to clarify the point that while the Employment Act lays down a minimum -80 per cent of those entitled to vote-an employer could specify a higher percent-

essential services.

and apply the law.

its report earlier this week, that

Mr. John Golding, the com-mittee's chairman, "a jumble of

In this regard, paragraph 35

law, recommendation advice."

codes were, in the words of

There are four substantial

First, both codes have been to extent re-edited, to distinguish clearly between those sections where existing law is being described and those where new guidance is being given. Both codes contain a new

John Lloyd discerns changes of emphasis and

paragraph emphasising that it is for the courts to interpret amended to take account of an dropped. objection from the Association These changes were made to of Chief Police Officers that neet the objections of many on olice discretion was being the Select Committee on Employment, which published

spells out that the numbers of pickets at a given plant are for the police to decide, while in paragraph 31 it is made clear that the figure of six pickets is suggested maximum for pickets and organisers.

gestion of the chief police officers, to read that pickets seek "directions" from the police, rather than merely as in the first draft.

structure in picketing and closed shop guidance of the first drafts in August.

The purpose of the codes pickets, movement of essential. It had been objected that the closed shop code on periodic emains to provide practical supplies and the provision of paragraph in the original draft reviews has been made less had sought to build on the law sweeping and rigid, in response rather than simply interpret it. to objections from the Con-Paragraph 12 of the picketing federation of British Industry

code now makes it clearer that among others. The code "at or near his (the picket's) specifies that reviews should own place of work" is not a take place "every few years" statutory definition, but that the rather than "regularly every guidance is that this means the few years" and a clause in the entrance or entrances to a plant original draft calling for a review of closed shops where skills Scroud, sections D and E of have altered because of the picketing code have been technological change, has been

CBI objections to the original Paragraph 28 of the code ing an official picket line, but country.

only objects where the picket of work. Paragraph 33 has been

f work.

Fourth, some minor admending the absence of effective and strengthened, again at the sugments have been made in comprehensive voluntary quit-gestion of the chief police response to objections from the ance on picketing and the close: Trades Union Congress and in- shop. I have a clear duty to dividual unions. Section C in exercise the powers conferred the closed shop code is tell now on me by Parliament to prepare to be less hostile to the concept codes of practice and that is of the closed shop and more what I have done.

Yesterday's full statement on the codes by Mr. James Prior, the Employment Secretary,

says: "I would like to thank all those who have taken part in the consultations in the draft codes. I have made a number of revisions as a result of comments on the consultative drafts -including the Report of the Select Committee on Employment-which. I believe, have improved the guidance in the

"I have not been able to accept all the suggestions that have been put to me, and indeed some of the advice I have

received has been conflicting.
"I believe that the codes of paragraph 55 of the closed shop practice are better for these code have also caused a changes and that, when significant change. It is now approved by Parliament, the made clear that the code does will make an important contrinot object to a union button to the improvement of disciplining a member for cross-industrial relations in this

line was unofficial or where it issues. But they are issues was not at the member's place which have occasioned intense

## strike gets official backing

Council staff

AN INDEFINITE strike by some 700 local government staff in Manchester was made official yesterday amid union warnings that it could signal the start of a wave of industrial ection over job losses tied to outs in public spending.

The strike, mainly involving nembers of the National and Local Government Officers Association, has brought the city's housing department operations to a halt since last Monday.

It started when some 450 members of the union stopped work over the suspension of ten colleagues who had refused to take on extra work caused by unfilled vacancies in the depariment.

Another 250 staff in the enrironmental housing department joined the action vesterday as a NALGO emergency committee agreed to make the dispure official in line with its declared policy over support for members who refuse to take on other people's jobs. The staff will receive strike pay of £4

there were already signs that

# Ford issues disciplinary scheme

UNION LEADERS criticised with 14,500 workers, were waiting them to see a letter on new disciplinary measures which was sent out to the workforce

A letter outlining scheme will arrive at the home of the 70,000 employees at the company's 24 UK plants today. The new procedures are designed to stamp out wildcat stoppages, particularly at the giant Halewood plant on Merseyside where a rash of 70 stoppages have occurred since the new Escort was launched there

in September. The scheme measn that a worker who refused to carry out instructions will risk being sent home not only for the rest of a shift but also for a further day

as punishment. If other workers refuse to take over his job, management will now be more willing to lay off whole groups of workers affected by the dispute. The new measures are under-

stood to be ude to operate from Union officials at Halewood.

November 17.

Ford management for not allow- ing for full details of the code before giving their verdict.

But Mr. Steve Broadhead, con vener of the body plant, said: We have experienced being load off before. " It is significant that manage-

ment always picks a recession or a time when there is a drop in demand for these attacks on the labour force."
He said he was "unhappy that Ford had not allowed him to see the letter in advance, as

was usual for conveners. He admitted that top union mentw ere warned by management last week at a national joint committee meeting that

the new code was being introduced But he attacked management Halewood for causing some of the recent stoppages by, he claimed, "bending" the agreed

grievance procedure. The workforce has claimed it under great pressure trying build a new car with completely new equipment.

Mr. Broadhead said: "If management worked as har das

problems, a lot of them could be settled without disputes. "Management are bending the system to siut themselves.

"They are giving workers instructions which breach agreed procedure with the unions, but telling the men to carry them out and take up the matter later through grievance proceduer.

But then they are using the grievance procedure to rubberstamp their actions. The bosses are breaking agreements and we

#### Lucas workers fight closure

WORKERS at the Lucas Girling brake factory on Mersey-side yesterday formed an action committee to fight its planned closure by

The decision was taken at a mass meeting of the 900 workers at the factory Bromborough, Wirral,

#### TUC backs comparability systems

By Our Labour Staff

LEADERS vesterday backed the idea of firemen and water workers having comparability pay systems to avoid traditional collective bargaining. At a meeting of the National Economic Development Council both Mr. Len Murray, TUC general secretary, and Mr. David Basnett. General and Municipal Workers' Union general secretary, said com-parability systems were needed

in the public sector. They said public-sector pay might have seemed to "have run away" as a result of the Clegg exercise. But the par-levels would always be behind those in the private sector.

Sir Geoffrey Howe, Chancellaof the Exchequer, agreed that the issues were not simple. The key problem was how to phase such pay rises.

# Argentina: Development in the next decade

BUENOS AIRES 2, 3 & 4 December 1980

HE Dr Jose Alfredo Martinez de Hoz, the Argentine Minister of Economy, will give the opening address at this major conference. He will be discussing Argentina's economic strategy and will be followed by a distinguished panel of

speakers, including H E Eng Frederico Dumas, Under Secretary of State for Foreign Investments, HE Lic Alejandro Estrada, Secretary of State of Commerce and International Economic Negotiations, Ministry of Economy, H E Lic Alberto Grimoldi, Secretary of State for Industrial Development,

Lic Alejandro Reynal, Vice President, Banco Central de la Republica Argentina. The conference will provide a unique

opportunity for the finance and business communities to examine the government policies for economic growth and the stimulation of investment and competition.

Particular attention will be paid to energy resources, the priorities for investment and incentives for joint ventures.

Time has been set aside for discussion to encourage the exchange of views amongst participants.

#### Argentina: Development in the Next Decade

To: Financial Times Limited. Conference Organisation Minster House, Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AX Tel: 01-621 1355 Telex: 27347 FTCONF G

Please send mc full details of your conference 'Argentina: Development in

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#### **Consolidated Statement of Condition**

ASSETS Cash and demand accounts ..... S 260,573,469 Interest bearing deposits with banks ...... 1,412,865,282 Precious metals ..... 279.977.763 Investment securities ..... 889,857,003 Federal funds sold and securities purchased 55,912,500 under agreements to resell ...... 2,686,099,905 Loans, net of uneamed income ...... (48.475,950) Allowance for possible loan tosses ...... Loans (net) ..... 2,637,623,955 Customers' liability under acceptances ..... 366,032,296 Bank premises and equipment 44,275,624 Accrued interest receivable ...... 132,141,893 183,833,222 Other assets .....

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY Short term borrowings ..... Acceptances outstanding ..... Accrued interest payable ..... Due to factored clients ..... Other liabilities .....

Stockholder's equity Common stock ..... 100,000,000 Surplus ..... 200,000,000 135,439,976 Undivided profits ..... Total stockholder's equity ..... 435.439.976 \$6,263.093,007

Letters of credit outstanding .....

The portion of the investments in precious metals and the precious metal content of silver coins not hedged by forward sales

was \$13.4 million at September 30, 1980.  REPUBLIC NEW YORK CORPORATION  SUMMARY OF RESULTS	Nine Months Septembe		Three Month	
	1980	1979	1980	1979
Income before securities gains (losses)	\$57,961.293 46,555,809	\$23,125,918 21,597,751	\$18,224,514 14,825,863	\$8,450,274 7,744,514
Earnings per common share (after dividends on preferred stock): Income before securities gains (losses)	\$5.46 4.32	\$2.02 1.87	\$1.65 1.32	\$.75 .68
Distance designs	.68	.50	.26	.17

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\$6,263.093.007

## UK NEWS-PARLIAMENT and POLITICS

# **Pledges** on waste return to haunt

Parliamentary Correspondent

IN THE carefree days of 1977 when the Tories were in Conservative Ccutral Office produced a widely publicised document culitled "The Right Approach to the Economy."

Boldly it promised: "We shall deal with waste in government expenditure wherever it occurs and with excessive bureaucracy, and over-government."

In the Commons yesterday. those Conservative back-benchers who still take these pledges seriously wanted to know just how the Government was coping with the task after 18 mouths in office.

Their questions directed at Mr. Paul Channon. Minister for the Civil Service Department who, in the light

of Mrs. Thatcher's strong views about the bureaucracy, has an unenviable job.

The Prime Minister would dearly love to serap his department and place the Civil Service under tighter control of Treasury.

With all these problems hanging over him it was not surprising that Mr. Channon appeared nervous. According the Minister, however, things were going quite well. By October this year, there were 543,200 non industrial and 153,900 industrial staff—a reduction of 17,000 and 9,600 respectively since July last

This brought the customary outery from Labour MPs who thought the cuts were too

severe. Unfortunately it did not satisfy those Tories who felt that the knife was not sinking deeply enough.

Mr. John Stokes (C. Halesowen and Stourbridge). huffily observed that the reductions were not as savage as those in the private sector. Mr. Tony Marlow (C, Northampton North) suggested that the Civil Service should follow the example of Rolls-Royce and be subjected to a nil pay norm and that any increases should be directly related to productivity.

The most damaging thrust came from the Labour side when Mr. Michael English (Nottingham West) told the Minister that the definition of the Civil Service given in his answer was purely artificial.

servants was taken into accounts the figure would be

Mr. Ian Wrigglesworth, the Opposition spokesman, moaned about the cleaning of Government offices being carried out by private contractors and drew an ugly picture of hard faced men employing child

It was unwise of him, perhaps, to introduce this Dickenstan note. Readers of "Little Dorrit will remember Dickens' scathing attack on the civil service of his day and his creation of the Circumlocution Office which housed hordes of officials shuffling paper and creating

The arguments were taken

up again later in the day when Mr. Bill Kendali secretary general of the council of civil service unions, gave evidence to the Treasury and Civil Service Committee.

Not unexpectedly he and his team were strongly opposed to the Treasury getting a grip on the bureau-erney and claimed to detect encouraging signs of a resurgence of the Civil Service Department."

It all seemed depressingly reminiscent of officialdom's appetite for inertia appende for merita so presciently described by Dickens — "whatever was required to be done the circumlocution office was beforehand with all the public denartments in the art of perceiving how not to do it."

determine pay increases for the

550,000 white-collar civil ser-

vants and this year would have shown pay increases due sub-

.Before the establishment of

the Pay Research comparability

system in 1956, pay disputes in

the service tended to be settled

by arbitration, Mr. Gerry Gill-

man, general secretary of the Society of Civil and Public

Servants, told the committee

that if the agreement were to

# Butler firm on funding for high technology

BY GUY DE LONQUIERES

THE INDUSTRY Department. does not intend to back its efforts to encourage the development of information technology with substantial amounts of new public funding, it made

plain yeterday.

Mr. Adam Butler, Industry

Minister, who was recently given responsibility for coordinating the department's actions in the field of information technology, said that any increase in spending would probably be limited to "pump priming" for selected new pro-

The market for information technology products offered "massive potential," but it was up to industry to take the lead in exploiting it. The Govern-ment's role was to provide industry with suitable economic and commercial conditions in which to operate.

Information technology is a loose description covering a variety of techniques for handling information more efficiently by combining computers, office equipment and communications systems. It embraces equipment and services ranging from word processors to satellite communications systems.

The Cabinet Office Advisory Committee on Advanced Research and Development (ACARD) recently warned that Britain was in danger of falling behind other countries in the information technology market, which it said was worth £50bn

a year worldwide. But Mr. Butler, whose department is due to give its official response to the ACARD report early next year, said it would wrong to start from the assumption that Britain was sensible look at a lagging. "Our industry has not siderations involved,

Butler: Increase in spendi would be limited to "pump priming'

stood still," he said. He said that one way is which Government policy could be exercised would be through public procurement. "We expen those in charge of placing order to be aware of the consequence of placing them with foreign companies."

The Government's decision of whether to allow foreign con panies to bid against Inter national Computers (ICL) for the contract to computerise the Inland Revenue's Pay As You Earn operations was a test of procurement policy.

But public procurement doesn't mean buying British regardless. It means taking a sensible look at all the con-

# -hint of good news

BY IYOR OWEN

year is likely to be minimal was the Commons last night. Without going into details, he

April 1 is announced.

There was an outcry over the in the difficult trading situation last increase—from 85p to £1.60 now being experienced by BA per passenger-and Mr. Tebbit and other sirlines. likelihood of a further substan-

The Minister, speaking in a debate on Lords Amendments intends to proceed with the partial denationisation of partial denati British Airways.

tion of shares in the successor private sector company to BA anvone to invest in it." cannot take place until 1983 at Mr. Russell Kerr, the earliest-effectively means that continued 100 per cent that the Government had fallen public ownership is assured. Mr. John Smith, Labour's sales proposal.

Inside the Labour Party

A HINT THAT any increase in shadow Trade Minister, argued the airport security levy next that if the Government had not actually executed a U-turn it given by Mr. Norman Tebbit, had entered a sliproad off the Under Secretary for Trade, in route leading to the sale of the shars.

He saw it as "an interesting told MPs that there will be example of the Government "good news" when the scale having to face up to reality." of charges to operate from and contended that there was

> Mr. Tebbit insisted that it remained the Government's intention to proceed with the flotation of the shares as soon mitted.

Assuring the House that denationalisation would not be He rejected suggestions by carried through in a way which Labour MPs that the Government announcement—that flotawould not be a way to encourage

> Mr. Russell Kerr, (Lab. Feltham and Heston) claimed "flat on its face " over the share

# Airport security levy Union bid to halt CSD merger

A MOVE to ease the burden of reading of the Local Govern-rates on companies whose ment, Planning and Land Bill, premises are temporarily "moth-balled" during the present re-an order would be passed to

cession was promised by the impose a ceiling of 50 per cent

Government in the Lords last on the rates for empty premises

Lord Mackay of Clashfern. "This will bring a great deal speaking from the Government of benefit to very many firms."

front bench during the third he said.

BY PHILIP BASSETT, LABOUR STAFF

THE CIVIL SERVICE unions claimed yesterday that control of public spending, a central of public spending, a versual overstretched. "If it had per-economic policy, already occu-sonnel management as part of economic policy, already occupies only a secondary role in the Treasury, the Government's federal economic ministry.

the Commons' all-party Treasury Civil Service Committee because of this relegation even more forcibly. to a lesser role, the "compel-ling logic" pointed to the Government splitting the Treasury rather than the Civil Service Department.

A Government inquiry is at present examining whether the CSD should be split, or reintegrated with the Treasury, and as BA's trading performance the committee is itself making affirmed that the Government and stock market conditions per-

The Council said there was apparent conflict " between the back row-economic and fiscal responsibilities of the Treasury and its responsibilities for the supply and control of public expenditure. Any merger between the Treasury and the CSD would relegate the public spending and personnel management to a secondary

Mr. Bill Kendall, Secretary- mended the establishment of comparability reports. These General of COCSU, said the the CSD. determine pay increases for the Treasury was at the moment its burden then it would be even more overstretched."

In a private COCSU paper, The Council of Civil Service circulated to general secretaries
Unions told a sub-committee of and senior officials of the Council's nine constituent unions, the unions' point is spelt out The paper says that in the

past the Treasury was primarily concerned with the supply and control of public expenditure, and this enabled it to accom-modate the management of the Civil Service before the Fulton Committee in 1968 recom-

It states: "Whilst we can see the case for integrating the supply and control of public expenditure functions of the stantially larger than the Treasury with the functions of amount to be provided for pay CSD, we think the simplistic in the forthcoming cash limit notion of putting the CSD's functions back into the Treasury would be disastrous so long as the Treasury continues to have its current over-stretched range of responsi-

Union leaders were also questioned closely by MPs about the Government's decision to be permanently suspended, dis-suspend the Civil Service's pay putes would not go to arbitrathe delivery of the Pay Research in the street."

in the non-domestic sector.

This will bring a great deal

be permanently suspended, distion but would be "fought out Move eases company rates burden

The Government would review

the new ceiling in a year or so

"and make further reductions if this is desirable." He explained that the Government had still not entirely ruled out some form of rate relief on premises which are partly in use by industry or

#### By Margaret van Hattem

# Bill Rodgers keeps his constituents guessing

meeting of the Cleveland Peace nights later. active Subporters of unilateral nuclear Rodgers, some of whom had not

ONE WEEKEND last month Mr. William Rodgers visited his constituency and received, by all accounts, the dressing down of Some demanded his registation, accounts, the dressing down of Some demanded his resignation, and the dressing down of Some demanded his resignation, and the state of the usual 40 or so to more from the usual 40 or so to more from

stituency and received, by all accounts, the dressing down of his life.

Mr. Rodgers, MP for Teesside Stockton, one of the so-called "Gang of Three" on Labour's Eight went out to ensure that the same thing did not occur at Right-wing and the party's an open meeting of his general were quickly suppressed or whip, defence spokesman, attended a management committee two ruled out of order, while he was For ruled out of order, while he was given 55 uninterrupted minutes problems with some of his con-

nights later.

Members sympathetic to Mr. to put his case.

Podgers some of whom had not "The meeting was rigged," disarmament attacked not only been to party meetings for mutered the dissidents, but his uncompromising multi-years, were summonded by everyone agreed it was definitely

stituents-and can expect more in the months ahead—he is not considered to be danger of losing the party's endorsement as a candidate in the next general election for one of the two Teesside seats likely to be re-drawn out of the present

Th tensions between MP and general management committee are not a simple case of left versus right or periphery versus element of both. More than anything his constituents, hard hit mined to get rid of the Tory Government, do not want an MP who rocks the party hoat, be it by sailing to starboard or port.

Mr. Rodgers said he had the support of 90 per cent of Stockton party members. In the constituency, they put the figure at nearer 70 per cent, including many who want him to consult them more before speaking publicly, and to toe the party line issues such as EEC with-

But, there is a tacit understanding between him and the nower-brokers on the management committee that he can do pretty much as he likes in national politics if he keeps his nose out of local affairs.

But as long as he remains firmly in the party and continues to deny suggestions that centre party, they will watch his back for him in the constituency and control the rebels.

For Stockton, with an electorate of 90,000, is essentially a small town where a few prominent people run things and no one bothers too much about ideology. Formerly Mr. Harold Macmillan's seat, it has become a strong centre-Right one in the 18 years Mr. Rodgers has held it. This is largely because of boundary changes which added the ICI-based industrial dormitory of Billingham.

Over this period, the party has grown complacent—less than half the 90 management committee members attend meetings regularly-and has become a rather cosy family affair noted for its large number of husband and wife teams.

One family in particular dominates local politics—the eight brothers of the Cooke family, widely known as "the mafia." Mr. Derek Cooke, Stockton's mayor, is chairman of the general management committee. His brother Jim. deputy leader of Stockton Council, is committee treasurer and, before losing his job as a As one Labour member boilermaker, was prominent in explains it: "The big union affairs as a shop employers here are British stewards' convener. Several Steel and ICI. Every family other brothers are councillors, here has someone working for management committee members, or both, and active factories supplying them. A "That's him, never gives you in union offairs, although some lot of these are closing down a straight answer," complains currently face the threat of or laying people off. We've one. "It's not for nothing he's

'The Cookes rum a



Bill Rodgers: There is a tacit understanding between him and the power brokers of his management committee that he can do much as he likes in national politics if he keeps his nose

ship," says a committee member who disapproves but will not challenge them openly. They sort out their differences in private and act together. They squeeze their opponents out, making it impossible for

them to get selected. "They're not particularly strong supporters of Bill Rodgers and probably wouldn't stick out their necks for him. but they wouldn't try to get rid of him either.'

The strongest personal support for Mr. Rodgers, and it is considerable, appears to come from traditional working class areas and a sprinkling of middle class professionals, all of whom have been in the party for a very long time.

Few are active in day-to-day party affairs beyond the purely social and some share the widespread disillusion with the last Labour Covernment and, in particular, its 5 per cent pay policy.

With unemployment running at more than 14 per cent in the region, party members here judge the MPs at the centre largely in terms of their economic and industrial policies. For that reason, many of them want Mr. Rodgers to vote for Michael Foot, and not Mr. Denis Healey, in the party's leadership elections. Few here, however, hold much brief for Mr. Anthony Wedgwood Benn.

one of them or for small tight latest ICI figures - it's incon- Bill."

a loss. Now to people here, Benn means nationalisation. And the last thing they want is to see ICI turn into another British Steel."

Clearly, the message from the extreme Left, who see Morrisonian nationalisation as capitalism by another name and are pressing for worker control, is just not getting across here. The party includes a handful of young supporters of the Trotskyite Militant Tendency,

but these tend to be affection ately regarded through a phase." More serious Left-wing oppo-sition to Mr. Rodgers comes from people like Mrs. Maureen Taylor, a formidable Cleveland county councillor who holds sway in the Stockton ward of

strongly and vocally of some of

his policies, and Mr. Frank

Cook, an influential activist in

TASS, the white collar section of the engineering union. They could make life uncomfortable for Mr. Rodgers in the future. But, although some grumble that he spends too little time in the constituency, he has obviously spent time enough there in the past 18 years to know intimately the political forces at play and how far he can push them.

For the time being, he looks like sticking to his guns and keeping his constituents guessing. He has refused categorically to fill out his ballot paper for the party leadership in front of them, or to say for whom he is going to vote.

"That's him, never gives you all been badly scared by the known round here as Greasy

#### **UK ECONOMIC INDICATORS**

ECONOMIC ACTIVITY—Indices of industrial production, manufacturing output (1975=100); engineering orders (1975=100); retail sales volume (1976=100), retail sales value (1976=100); registered unemployment (excluding school leavers) and unfilled vacancles (000s). All seasonally adjusted.

Indl. Mfg. Eng. Retail Retail Unemprod. output order vol. value ployed Vars. 114.8 112.6 112,5 106.0 144.5 99.0 143.8 101.0 151.0 3rd qtr March 99.3 101.8 158.4 April May June July 106.0 105.5 159.7 158.9 161.1 160.1 162.3 1,458 1,484 1,535 1,606 1,696 99.7 160.7 99.3 100.1

OUTPUT—By market sector; consumer goods, investment goods, intermediate goods (materials and fuels); engineering output, metal manufacture, textiles, leather and clothing (1975=100); starts (000s, monthly average).

Consumer Invst. Intmd. Eng. Metal Textile House muig. etc. starts Consumer Invst. goods goods goods output 108,8 105.9 105.1 95.9 100.9

104.7 97.6 102.0 99.0 96.0 98.0 99.0 121.8 124.0 120.0 122.0 123.0 120.0 April May June July Aug. EXTERNAL TRADE-Indices of export and import

(1975=100); visible balance; current balance (£m); oil balance (£m); terms of trade (1975=100); exchange reserves.

Export Import Visible Current Oil Terms Resv volume volume balance balance balance trade US\$bn4 -5253rd qtr. 4th qtr. 1980 1st qtr. 132.2 128.6 127.7 129.3 126.8 129.8 129.1 100.5 102.3 104.4 100.4 101.6 102.0 103.5 103.8 104.9 104.5 24.87 28.15 28.08 26.96 28.01 28.28 28.17 28.27 28.29 27.64 28.03 124.5 116.8 123.0 128.4 120.8 124.4 118.5 2nd qtr. 3rd qtr. March - 5 + 26 - 25 - 30 + 102 + 10 + 53 April May

FINANCIAL—Money supply M1 and sterling M3, bank advances in sterling to the private sector (three months' growth at annual rate); domestic credit expansion (£m); building societies' net inflow; HP, new credit; all seasonally adjusted. Minimum

lending	rate (end	period	j. — "		anjuste	u. Muga	шш
_	MI	М3	Bank advance	s DCE	BS	HP	ML
1979	%	%	%	£m	inflow	lending	9
2nd qtr.	5.2	15.6	28.5	+2,628	777	1,867	14
3rd qtr.	12.0	11.2	13.2	+3,642	933	1,879	14
4th qtr. 1980	14.4	15.6	22.6	+2,977	839	1,954	14
1st atr.	- 4.0	7.2	21.9	+1.724	634	1.974	17
2nd qtr.	~ 1.5	10.7	23.3	+3,218	697	1.972	17
3rd qtr.	14.4	39.1	45.2	+6,505	1.090	2,01-	Ĩ6
March	- 2.3	8.2	35.4	+ 716	200	641	17
April	~ 4.0	5.9	18.8	+ 702	266	675	17
Mav	4.0	12.6	21.8	+1,147	225	621	17
June	- 4.9	13.7	28.8	+1,369	206	676	17
July	11.7	36.5	50.8	T 2 100			
Aug.	11.2	40.8		+3,482	340	667	16
Sept.	20.5		46.4	+2.019	307	624	16
	20.3	39.8	38.7	+1,004	443		16
Oct					• •		16
TATE AT	TON INA	200		7			

INFLATION—Indices of earnings (Jan. 1976=100); basic materials and fuels, wholesale prices of manufactured products (1975≈100); retail 775=100); retail prices and food prices (1974=100); FT nmodity index (July 1952=100); trade weighted value of

	1		(041)	7902—10	UL TER	ie weigd	LIBOL VALID	te or
•	sterling	(Dec. 19	71=100)					-
I	[.	Earn-		Whsale			FT	
ì	ļ	ings*	matls.*	mnig.*	RPT*	Foods*		Strle
١,	1979					2 0000	comed.	m (7-40-
•	2nd otr.	147.3	163.3	168.6	216,5	225.2	292.55	67.4
	3rd atr.	15 <b>4.2</b>	169.9	176.4	231.1	231.9	301.66	71.0
	4th atr.	161.7	183.9	181.8	237.6	237.2	295.13	68.8
	1980						200120	-
	ist atr.	167.7	197.2	191.4	248.8	247.5	284.47	72.4
^	2nd qtr.	178.9	201.3	199.0	263.2	255.9	267.45	73.8
١.	3rd atr.		202.0	203.6	268.9	259.3	275.13	75.6
•	March	172.8	200.4	194.3	252.2	251.1	284.47	72.6
	Apríl	175.0	202.3	197.0	260.8	254.1	275.67	72.6
١	May	178.1	200.4	199.0	263.2	255.7	268.23	74.3
i	June	183.7	201.1	201.0	265.7	257.9	267.45	74.4
	July	185.1	201.7	202.7	267.9	259.9	273.57	74.7
	Aug.	186.4	201.8	203.6	268.5	259.9	275.38	75.2
	Sept.		202_4	20 <b>1.</b> 5	270.2	259.0	276.44	75.0
	O not						om/ég "	アルウ

Not seasonally adjusted.

# RESCUE DRAMA Griffin saves businessman as customer's factory collapses. How can you tell if your customer's business is on safe ground? Should it collapse you could be left with a bad debt, which could seriously affect both your profits and cash flow. That's a good reason to seek the protection of Griffin.

Using a store of credit information and expertise built up over many years we set realistic credit levels on each of your customers. Then if things go wrong, we take the loss up to that credit limit and you get paid

immediately so that neither your profit nor cash flow is affected. We take over your Sales Ledger sending out regular statements to you and your customers. Tactfully and efficiently we work to get these debts met promptly.

In addition, if your Company needs early payment we can prepay up to 80% of each of your invoices within credit limits as soon as the goods are despatched.

All of these Griffin services are available for both domestic and export business, leaving management free to concentrate on production, sales and

Like many successful companies, you'll Limited become financially protected with Griffin.

Griffin Factors Limited, 21 Farmonthe Rd, Worthing, West Sussex BN112BW, Phone: London 01-606 0321 Ext 32, Worthing (Head Office) (9993) 205351, Bristol (0272) 28084, Bradford (0274) 392099, Birmingham 021-233 2645, Glasgow 041-221 3583 and Beligst (0232) 26655.





# A Shell refinery alive with wildlife. What's the story?



Terry Gracie, Shell Environmental Technician.

"An oil refinery is not the first place you'd look for Herons, or a Marsh Harrier, or a Kingtisher,

or a Fox. Yet, strange as it may seem, the open spaces in and around Shell's Stanlow Refinery literally abound in wildlife.

Some of it is common. Some is rare.
I have counted 61 species of bird—
including seldom seen varieties like
the Little Ringed Plover and the Sandpiper.

There are scarce plants as well.
The Noddingburr Marigold and
the Celery-leafed Crowfoot are a couple of
the least known varieties.

Stanlow Refinery in Cheshire is the size of a small town. A small, but busy town.

It processes 30,000 tons of oil daily. A tiny percentage of this escapes as spillage but everything that gets away is filtered out of the drainage water by a line of traps which will catch the smallest concentration.

As a check that all is well, we sample the water several times a day.

We also check the atmosphere.

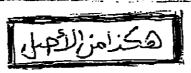
An automatic camera takes a timed shot of the skyline every fifteen seconds. If the plant makes smoke, we have an infallible witness.

And there's more. Unhappy with conventional waste disposal, we have also invested £4m in waste consumption.

The oil and chemical residues which once had to be dumped (in safe places) are now burned in an advanced furnace to produce the energy equivalent of twenty megawatts.

Water, air and waste pollution control is just where we start."





# lechnical Page

& AUTOMATION

# New systems for process control

APPLICATIONS RANGING Programming using a visual from simple sequencing routines display terminal, makes use of to complex control, monitoring. a high level language called data handling and communica- Inscribe involving only simple tions tasks can be carried out using one of four models in the new Series 200 microprocessorbased programmable controllers put on the market by Kratos Instem of Stone, Staffordshire.

the model 220 is somewhat more powerful than relay systems, sequencing job with, say, 64 inoffering sequencing and logic puts and outputs will use the functions, simple inter-con- same programming facilities, troller communications, arith- names and instructions as the metic ability and operator communications. At the top end ing multiple model 280 the 280 can provide extended in machines with tens of thousands put/output facilities and larger of connections. programs, analogue control, monitoring and several other

All the models, however, use the same basic modules and the same operational hardware so that field upgrading when the terminals. plant expands is a relatively

" real world " requirements into control systems functions.

"200" can be run without modification on the higher At the bottom of the range range models. Thus, a simple model 200 performing a small most powerful system employ-

All the models can communicate via standard monochrome display units and printers and the three more powerful systems will also support floppy disc and colour display graphic More from the company on

#### **PHOTOGRAPHY** Takes snaps and notes A COMPACT and rugged hand- data system which can record

held 70 mm camera for all kinds alphanumerically on the film of security and armed forces use information extracted from any -particularly air to surface work-has been developed by Aeronautical and General Instruments of Croydon which has already won orders worth \$2m from the U.S. Navy.
Driven from a 12 volt battery

aircraft/marine from supplies, the camera can work in single shot or at up to two frames/sec and can take a wide range of lenses.

be used in conjunction with a camera on 01 689 8141.

#### modern aircraft or ship navigation system. In this way basic navigational data such as latitude and longitude can be permanently recorded alongside the appropriate image—of great assistance in subsequent evaluation.

Up to 36 characters can be annotated on the film directly below the related frame, each ange of lenses. formed from a 7x5 dot matrix Approved to Ministry of measuring 1.75 x 1.0 mm.

#### @ MATERIALS

#### Berger makes new paint

paint under licence from the U.S. Grow Group which invented the technique.

The new paints are solvent free dispersions of powder in water which can be applied existing application

Berger says that they resemble a hybrid of conventional water based coatings and the 01-629 9171.

BERGER, the point people, are to develop and manufacture the new "liquid powder" or slurry

Dai Nippon Toryo, a leading

Japanese automotive paint manufacturer and a joint licensee of the new technology has already supplied the liquid powders to Japanese car manufacturers for tests. Berger expects the paints to

he used in the automotive, cycle. domestic appliance and furniture industries. Berger is on

# Printing by laser—at 300 lines a second AFTER A successful introduc-

tion some two years ago in the U.S. and following trials in this country with Thorn-EMI, Financial Data Services and GSI, the Xerox 9700 all-electronic printing system for computer output is to be made available in the UK. It can operate at 300 lines, per second.

The announcement follows hard on the heels of the launch. in the U.S. only, of the Xerox another laser-based machine which is intended for English expressions to turn the office rather than the computer room and which has word processing and office copying Programs written for the combined with communications -and is thus an early contender in the "office of the future"

stakes. On the 5700 it becomes possible to compose and edit a report or letter on a VDU, send it to a 5700 locally or remotely and then print it in a variety of formats and type faces to suit the recipient, the house style or any other criterion.

Production of documents is said to be 40 times faster than on a typical word processor printer, and a page of text can seconds it is claimed Limited graphies can also be composed

Although the 5700 office machine will probably not be sold in the UK until the 9700 computer output device has made its mark, the laser printing technique and the electronic churacter/format control are similar in the two machines and the 9700 offers attractive facilities to both in-house and bureau operations—not least of which the speed of 18,000 lines per minute and pin-sharp character definition resulting from a resolution of 90,000 dots to the square inch.

Heart of the machine is a very narrow laser beam which is scanned by means of a rotating prism in horizontal lines across the moving photo-receptor belt

and food industries, which dissi-

pate energy in drying products

for transportation in solid form.

are now offered a single supply

point for complete filtration

systems from design to plant

shop window of equipment, which gives the purchaser the

widest range of options, accord-

ing to Alfa-Laval. Great West Road, Brentford, Middlesex.

for their money is energy sav-

What customers get, at least,

There is also a comprehensive

PHARMACEUTICAL,

commissioning.



Graham Clark; 100 machines will be installed inside three years

Some 300 dots can be made (or omitted) in every inch across or down the paper so that type sizes down to four point can be clearly printed.

paper. Two A4 paper prints are produced every second. .

The format in which the comon line to IBM mainframes and via tape to any computer) is decided and constructed on a visual display unit. All kinds of and the computer output characters positioned in them. Selected information can appear in small in bold, italic or script and the

cement ment from a single source, says

First time users, for instance

will find that energy wasted in existing methods will be offset,

in costs, against the installation

of a package which can east

around £100,000 up to £5m. Pay-

back period runs from about

Called the Al-Fast range, the

package includes disc stack centrifuges which are used pri-

marily for mechanical separa-tion, for clarification of liquids,

six months up to three years,

(from a small installation)

the commany.

ing and labour saving equip- separation of two liquids, solids

Controlling computer and fount terminal

BY GEOFFREY CHARLISH

impressed in the form of an electrostatic charge. The image is constructed by rapidly switching the laser beam on and off to give a dot at the point reached by the beam at that moment.

Transfer of electrostatic image from belt to paper follows, with toner application; the particles adhere and the image is finally heat-fused on to the

puter output is to be printed (and the 9700 can be connected forms or grids can be specified

the document can appear at the of merely reproducing informatop of the page in, say, half-inch

control

tional procedure of forms design, revision, printing and storing as bulk paper. It can replace outside printing of complex or unusual documents and it offers the user facilities that previously been not thought of as a function of a computer installation.

In effect, the machine lets the user determine the appearance of the information to be printed rather than requiring him to adapt his needs to the charac-teristics of the machine. Instead

recovery and dewatering.

Effect of using centrifugal force is to improve static sedi-

mentation by up to 14,000 gravities, enabling particles to

be separated down to the limits

Suitable for direct or pre-coat

filtration (supplied for slurry

or dry residue discharge) are

the Funda-Filter products. Fil-tration, extraction, washing and

dnying are carried out on the

same unit, and manual cleansing

of the residual cake is replaced

by a centrifugal discharge sys

tem. These are intended for use in a wide range of process

industries including pharmaceu-

tical, fine chemicals and organic

resins and come in sizes from

0.5 square metres filter area up to more than 50 square metres

The company announces that

t will be handling the complete

range of Hoesch plate and filter

presses, recessed plate filter presses, membrane filter presses

This range is said to combine

throughput for processes

fast cycle times with high rates

varying from industrial sewage

to food and drink ingredients.

range enables the optimum com-bination of filter chambers to

be assembled according to the

application involved, and the

use of mechanical or electric

controls to automate most or all

of the operations reduces down-

time and labour involvement to

One of the great problems in-

herent in processing industrial or domestic sewage is the dis-

posal of sludge, and the Ecobelt

promises a very dry solid that can be readily used for com-

posting, pyrolysis or inciner-

ation.

This equipment uses a combination of flocculation and

patients the chance to abandon

their kidney machines in favour

of a cheaper, simpler form of

The new treatment, developed by Travenol of Thetford 10842

4581), means that patients no

longer have to spend several

sessions a week connected to kidney machines. It gives them

much greater freedom to make

journeys away from home and

to eat a far greater variety of

Every six hours a dialysis

• MEDICINE

Modular design of the Hoesch

and agitators.

ո տուսարատ.

of microscopic determination-

Now turnkey filtration systems from Alfa-Laval

namely 0.0005m.

tion from a computer, the 9700 This climinates the conven- point to produce output that is a combination of computer results and the organisation's document formats.

Image transfer

Xerox makes the point that the printer is not just a replacement for a slower electro-mechanical unit but is a new method of printing which, in effect, adds most of the facilities of a commercial printing company to any computer instal-

Reduction of whole pages of fan-fold conventional output is possible so that, for example, be supplied to Europe.

wet sludge with a dry substance

(DS) content of 50 per cent up-

of 400 Kg DS per hour per metre of band width and pro-

duces cake with a DS content of

between 33 and 35 per cent-recovering up to 98 per cent of

suspended solids in the process.

Its pride and joy, however, is the Tube-Press which was originally developed by English China Clays and which allows

virtually any kind of water-

borne solids to be quickly and continuously reprocessed.

minerals, food and chemicals -

this enables many kinds of

economic disposal convenient

recycling or efficient flow-line

to be handled without further

treatment. In traditional wet

process cement slurry containing 65 per cent w/d (0.54 tonnes of water per tonne of solid) the

press can achieve a moisture

content of 14 per cent w/w-

0.16 tonnes per tonne of solid.
This is said to compare very

favourably with the dry process

(which uses much rarer\_raw

materials as feed stock) and

more conventional filtration

systems which can only achieve

moisture levels of at least 18

per cent w/w. Moreover, feed-

ing these wetter materials to

the kiln results in a much

higher level of energy con-

Another benefit from the

Tube Press is that its process-

ing of materials is mechanically

more stable—resulting in less generation of fires which means

the reduction of environmental

Cheaper treatment for kidney patients

sumption.

dustries -- cement,

Destined for a variety of in-

It has a throughput capacity

wards.

two such pages can be printed side by side on a horizontal sheet of A4 paper. With equal ease an original A4 upright (portrait) format can be converted so that all the material is properly accommodated across an A4 horizontal fland-

scape) format.
An added bonus is that the 9700 will print on both sides of the paper, culting costs and allowing "book-like" reports.

over 100 of these machines will have been installed in the UK in banking, insurance, motor vehicle, oil and chemical companies and in local and central Government—and "wherever computer use is linked to a demand for more than 700,000 high quality prints per month."

But new applications may also begin to appear within the publishing world-short runs of specialised books for example. dating and printing price lists within supermarket chains could also be tackled by the 9700.

The machine will be available complete with a range of systems software for sale, lease or ren-tal from January 1, 1981. The minimum sale price will be £184,650 and rental options start at £5,900 per month including 700.000 impressions.

By next spring the machine will also have been launched in France, Holland and Sweden.

By the middle of next year the company hopes to offer word processor connections, an inter-face to the Xerox Ethernet inhouse communications system. the ability to produce fiche instead of paper, and facilities comprehensive graphics

printing.
Good news in terms of UK employment is that the basic xerographic printing section of the machine will be manufac-Mitcheldean plant for units to

brewing industry, therefore, the

pay back period for a tube press

Included also in the com-

pany's puckage is the automa-tic Roto-Shear which is specially

suited for filtering thixotropic-

substances and is said to provide

consistently high filtering rates

This should be ideal for appli-

ceramic materials, clay, syn-

and the extraction or removal

This has a capacity of be-

tween 100 and 5,000 litres a

square metre, depending on the

rate of feed, application and the

Essentially, the company's policy is to undertake any pro-

ject up to and including the construction of a "turn-key plant on a green-field site." Its own

engineers carry out structural

work to designs originated by

the company's own process plant

Backing up the contracting

and equipment side is a central,

computerised stock holding for

essential spares and accessories

for every item in the range

which are fitted by fully trained

maintenance engineers. The company's full laboratory and

On-site testing facilities are also

constantly at the disposal of

DEBORAH PICKERING

desired end concentration.

thetic resins and waste water.

with minimum down-time.

wastage.

months.

coal.

easily handleable solids for used for treatment of pigments,

Very high pressures produced of solids from waste products

here literally squeeze the pro- where washing and dewatering

duct dry-sufficiently dry for it is an essential part

# known for quality Holland, Hannen & Cubitts Limited

#### . TRANSMISSION Managing director of Rank Xerox (UK) Graham Clark is confident that within three years over 100 of these washing to the confidence of these washingtones. for voice and data

LASER COMMUNICATION is. becoming all the rage. Hot-onthe heels of Datapoint, which announced last month that it intends to instal the first conmercial laser data communications system to span the M4 later in the year, the UK com-The problem of constantly up- pany Modular Technology is making its Interlaser system commercially available.

Interlaser achieved notoriety when it was used to flout the Post Office monopoly on data communication last year. Modular Technology set up a system of lasers across a main road and used them to transmit data to and fro.

Modular Technology says that Interlaser can be used to transmit data or voice traffic. It will handle up to 50 thousandbits of information a second in asynchronous mode or 19.3 thousand bits of information a second in synchronous mode, with or without voice transmission.

The unit behaves like a modem. A standard 25-way data socket interfaces with the data terminal equipment. Modular Technology is on 01terminal

#### Dials for the caller

JOINING WHAT must by now. be a rather long list of equip ments awaiting approval progressive pressure to process dust problems and product British Telecom-but unlikely to be so approved until the pro-Expressed in terms of hard posed Post Office Bill governing cash this could mean the difference between a cost of £1 to the supply of equipment by private companies becomes operative in 1981—is an autoremove a tonne of water compared with a cost of £12 matic dialling unit from using thermal processes. In the Olympos Company which can store up to 20 telephone numpers of up to 16 digits and dia! installation costing around £80,000 could be as low as six any one of them at the touch of a button.

The unit, made in the Far East to a U.S. design, has the advantage that when connected to a line it becomes a press-button telephone which can always remember the last number dialled, making re-dialling of "non-memory" numbers a simple matter. The 20 numbers cations such as the thickening that are programmed can be slurry to be swiftly and con- of all types of metal hydoxides altered at any time by a simple tinually processed to provide and dyestuffs. It can also be keyboard operation.

The number dialled, or called from the memory by depressing one of 20 buttons, is shown on a digital digitar and a loudspeaker obviates the need to use the handset while dialling. Price of the unit, known as Otron CD8050, is £169. More details on 01-691 8283.

#### • TESTING Tuning by

AFTER A testing harness has been connected to appropriate points within the venicle, a unit from Doyce Engineering in Fakenham, Norfolk, will allow a garage mechanic to go through an entire series of tuning tests with commands from a hand-held key pad that has no cable connections to the

tester. Thus the mechanic can move about the vehicle, make adjustments and so on without having to move back to the electronics unit, which is trolley-mounted

for easy disposition. The tester will deal with any petrol engine of up to 12 cylinders and can measure system voltages, voltage drop at the points, power balance, strobe timing, carbon monoxide and hydrocarbon gas content, high tension voltage and current. More about the DE 400 on 0328 3425.

#### SUSSEX MICROPROCESSOR CONSULTANTS LIMITED Humanian.

Department of Industry
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Microprocessor projects Microprocessor product 'design Microprocessor program development

48 PORTLAND AVENUE, HOVE, BN3 SNG:

#### is poured into the patient's POLLUTION For sweeter **swimming** pools

effective as chlorine.

MORE THAN 30 hospital units gut through a thin tube surgic are waiting for transplants—in Britain now offer kidney ally implanted into the body. use machines. At the moment use machines. At the moment As the patient goes about his some kidney patients cannot be normal activities, the solution treated because there are inslowly drains back into a plastic sufficient machines available bag connected to the tube and and insufficient funds to buy is substituted for a new one, when full.

More than 300 people now use this form of dialysis which costs around £5,000 a year-compared with only three in 1978 when the technique became available. The running cost is the same as a conventional kidney machine but no capital expenditure is involved, A kidney machine costs more

In Britain more than 2,000 kidney patients-many of whom

solution — used to remove poisonous matter from the body than £40,000 to buy.

THE ODOUR, taste and irrita-tion from a chlorinated swim-

ming pool, which many people think ruins their pleasure in swimming, is eliminated by a system developed in Israel. Elex Control Systems of Kibbutz Yezre'el has developed the "ozonic 150," a safe and economical system which seems to eradicate these problems in pools. Based on ozone, the system operates automatically, is said to be virtually mainte-nance free, and to be twice as Kibbutz has already had some preliminary inquiries from abroad.

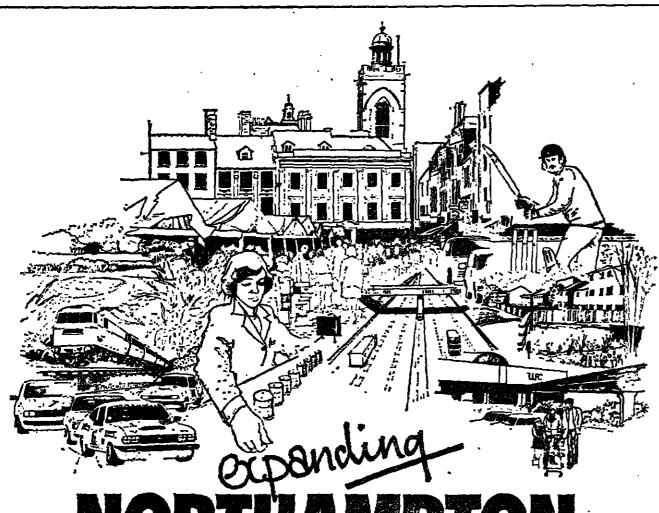
The top quality portable cabin steel cladding, is entirely maintenance-free inside and out, relaining its prestige appearance and value year after year.
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Northampton Development Corporation, 2-3 Market Square, Northampton NN1 2EN

# FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY

Thursday November 6 1980

# Southern Italy

After decades of pouring money into the area, the Mezzogiorno continues to be Italy's biggest ingle structural difficulty. Many of its troubles reflect current problems in the whole country, others are the product of its history, but despite the overall gloom of poverty, unemployment, increasing crime, abandoned land and crowded cities, there are indications that successes can be achieved.

# In the nargins of the two halves of the fact that unification un-Europe

#### y Rupert Cornwell

WHAT THE Mezzogiorno will e. Italy will be," wrote tuseppe Mazzini, the idealist rophet of the Risorgimento, ho died in 1872, a fugitive om the fledgling state of Italy e had contributed, so much to eate. Today, more than 100 ears later, his words are truer an ever. The divide between ae rich north and the econonically depressed south - a risoner of its geography, its istory and its culture — was, , and will remain the domiant problem of modern Italy. So many words have been ttered and written about it, many politicians have touthed ritual promises, and not least) so much has already

een done, that the southern uestion is apt to be brushed side - as just one more of nose impossible contradictions. ke the issue of Communism in taly, with which an immensely esilient and flexible people has sarnt to live.

But as Mazzini foresaw so Mezzogiorno ilemma goes to the heart of the ilemma of the modern unified industrialised country: thether it is a full partner of painstream northern Europe, whether it will always have

COMMITMENT

Italy has not yet resolved this country, the unity of the state view in largely superficial and bureaucratic, rather than the agreed expression of the common interest.

It should be said at once that it is national unitaria, that Italy, a

it is utterly untrue that Italy has made little effort to solve the problem — or indeed that nothing has been achieved of any great note. Since the 1939-45 war, and especially since 1950 when the special government agency the Cassa per il Mezzowas set up, the Italian south has been the object of arguably the most substantial development regional development pro-gramme in the world. It is one that has been, or at least should have been watched, by any country with similar economic discrepancies.

In that period money has been poured into the area by the Rome government, the EEC. and the World Bank, The Cassa, in theory at least, will have pumped in perhaps \$50bn in the last 30 years, and the EEC's European Investment Bank directly more than \$3.5bn, equivalent to about a third of all its lending in the two decades of its life. A judgment of the results

depends on one's vantage point: the gap between north and south in relative terms has remained little changed since the war, and obviously in absolute terms continued to grow. But in a longer historic perspective the picture is brighter. Before the war the north was growing twice as fast -the period in which Mussolini

giorno with the stroke of a pen or a resounding phrase. Earlier still, the south was touchingly questionably -- whether consciously or unconsciously-hurt

For example, Naples before unification was the largest city in Italy, and after London and Paris the third in Europe, and capital of the kingdom of the two Sicilies. After 1860 southern industry wilted as the region became a captive market for the more efficient north. from which Italy's first national leadership came.

The post-war period has been an attempt to correct the mistakes of the past. In that time the south has tripled its wealth, as has the north, and in the last three years has shown signs of even expanding slightly more rapidly. But it has largely been an advance bought entirely by state money, and the crucial point, where a self-propelling process growth takes over, has only in reached in only a few places.

Today the Mezzogiorno, as defined by the area eligible for special help from the Cassa, covers eight whole regions, and in the centre, Lazio and the marches. In all, it covers 40 per cent of Italy's land surface, and contains 35 per cent, or 20m, of the country's inhabitants. Yet it accounts for only tants. one-sixth of the country's industrial output, and has an unemployment rate of exactly double that of the north. Per capita income is only two-thirds

its feet chained in the sapping was "rescuing" the Mezzo- and less than half that of the heat of the Mediterranean giorno with the stroke of a pen average for the Common Emigration has been

safety valve which has pre-vented unemployment and despair getting out of hand. Since 1950 about 4.5m people have left the south, two-thirds of them to the north in what undoubtedly has been the greatest social upheaval in postwar Italy, and a third abroad.

Within the south there has been a second emigration, away from the wretched poverty of the uplands to the comparatively wealthy coastal plains and cities. As a result, Naples has become an unmanageable urban disaster area of 1.3m people. Palermo one of 700,000; even the population of a more modest city such as Salerno has doubled in 30 years to 160,000.

Inland, especially in the most

barren reaches of Calabria, Basilicata and Campania, populations have shrunk and life goes on in much the same primitive way it always has. A strange, half - mythologised Christianity sometimes can be growth takes over, has only in seen expressed in wierd growth takes over, has been religious festivals, such is what is left of ancient Magna Graecia. Statistically, modern Greece has a per capita GDP one sixth higher than the Mezzogiorno. Today, even in the richer the southern parts of two others areas, fears of new economic and social troubles are growing. The south was an unsung but particularly serious casualty of the collapse of the last Govern-ment on September 27, and the destruction of its economic package.

The rebel MPs in Rome did not merely vote out Sig. Francesco Cossiga, the Prime Minister. They also threw out that of the national average, plans to refloat the bankrupted

chemical group, and thus put once more in peril about 20,000 struggling Sardinia. Schemes for the creation of a further 6,800 jobs in the south under the aegis of the government-backed GEPI concern were put on ice and Sig. Gianni de Michelis, the Minister for State Participations, claimed this month that stopgap legisation which might have prevented the loss of a further 50,000 jobs in the Mezzogiorno had also been lost. The new government of Sig. Arnaldo Fortani is moving swiftly to re-

pair the damage. All this gives an idea of the extent to which the south is dependent on the state investment, and the public sector groups which are obliged to make up to 60 per cent of new investments there. "We're investments there. "We're making a fuss about Fiat" (the car group which has laid off 24,000 men) said Sig de Michelis, "but in the south it could be twice as bad."

#### Glib slogans

For all the incentives which are available, private industry has not exactly leapt at the prospect of setting up in the south. True, concerns like Fiat, Montedison (with what is claimed to be Europe's most modern fibres plant at Acerra near Naples), and Olivetti have spent money there, and foreign companies have poured in L2,000bn (f1bn). But southern Italy, like northern England, is the margins of the Common Market, and even with the huge oil-inspired development of Mediterranean North Africa and the Middle East, it is hard to believe in the glib slogans which portray the Mezzogiorno

as a natural bridge between Europe and Africa.

But there are other reasons too, equally profound, for the failure of the south to achieve economic takeoff. A feudal introverted mentality hampered the development of entrepreneurs and small comwhich have underpinned the success of the north. Political patronage, as well as Mafia involvement, has seen to it that the money poured in has often not gone to the right

The Merzogiarna is essentially stronghold of the ruling Christian Democrats. The "Red Belt," where Communists hold power, has extended no further south than Lazio, the region of Rome. The south missed the invigorating experience of the Resistance, which helped shape post-war Italian politics. Instead, it was liberated by the allies from 1943-just one more foreign invader with whom to reach an accommodation.

As a result the chronic Italian practices of clientelism and recommendation are most deeply entrenched there. Cassa itself has been entangled with the largely Christian Democrat power structure in the region and its projects have sometimes been launched for political ends in defiance of the most obvious economic criteria.

However, important changes could be on the way for the Puglia Matera in the Basilicata Cassa. Its present statute runs (looked in detail later in this out at the end of 1980, affording a rare opportunity to remodel its operations along more effeclive lines. The most interesting idea is that of the Communist Party, which would like to make many of its present functions to the regions. Such a scheme would have one obvious drawback, and two

major advantages The former lies in the considerable risk that to mesh in the Cassa with the regional 1850s and 1960s; most famously governments set up in 1970 in Firt's city of Turin, where could merely impair its tune-contherners now almost outtioning further. Administrative number the native Piedmontese-changes in Italy are always. So tinerners too, seem to be difficult—and there is no more actural politicians than quarantee that the notorious northerners. This is clear not inability of the regions to spend just from the origins of some money they are allotted would

#### Advantages

But such doubts are perhap-outweighed by the advantages. It is generally admitted that the existence of the Costa, with its powers of "conventionary intervention," has interfered with the channelling of funcs to the south through already existing Ministries: Industry, State Shareholdings and so on. More important, a break-up of the Cassa clong regional lines world telinowledge another neclected truth about the Merzogierno-that it is not simply one uniformly impoverished appendage of

Like the rest of the country. it is fragmented and immensely varied. The problems of Sicily are not those of Naples, nor those of upland Basilicata. Local realities often go by the board in an overall measure decided in Rome. Some parts of the south are faring well: (looked in detail later in this survey), and the province of Latina in the fertile Pontine plain south of Rome. Demographically the weight of the Mezzogiorno, with its higher birthrate than the north, is increasing. The south contributed disproportionately

public

Springer his distant cousin. Sig. Francesco Cossiga, the outeatau premier. Sandmian, Sig. Emilio Colombo, the Foreign Minister, comes crosa Potenza, in Basilicata. It is sinking too that Milan, the most European and advanced city in Italy, has yet to provide the country with a Prime limister. More profoundly the Mezoutlook has been carried into the structure of Italian politics. with its factions and its clans: all the more so since alternation in government has proved impossible since the war. But cannot be denied that this

system with all its imperiec-

tions, has done more for the

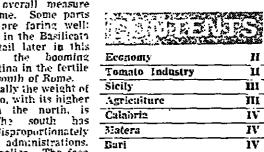
south than any of its predeces-

sors since Italy became a

changed by the tide of immigra-

tion to the boom years of the

61 Italy's best-known politicians —So: Enrico Berlinguer, the Communist leader from





THE IMPORTANCE

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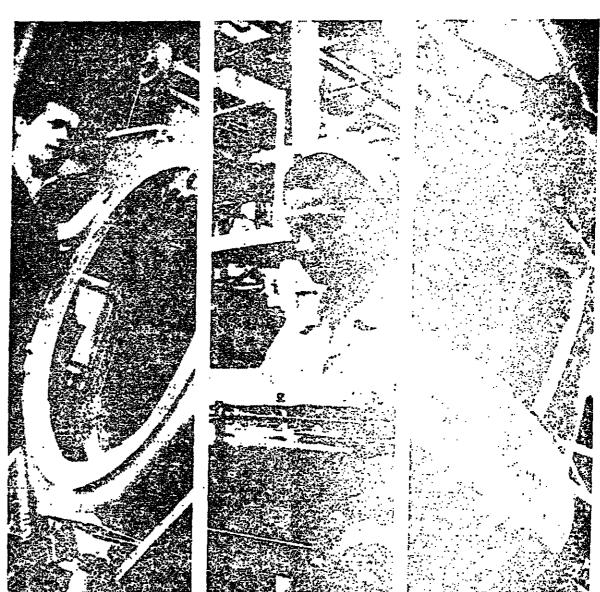
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# A PRESENCE A COMMITMENT



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the Sicily Channel, Sicily, the Straits of

Messina and continental Italy up to

Minerbio (Bologna). This project implies a large financial and technical effort and requires the

laying of several underwater stretches. The achievement of this project will actuate a strong economical exchange with industries. Algeria, with consequent advantages for both Countries.

SNAM has already linked Italy to Holland and to USSR with two gaslines, and imports LNG from Libya.

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# Growth keeps pace with the North

#### **ECONOMY**

RUPERT CORNWELL

ARE THINGS at last starting to get better for the Mezzogiorno? It may seem a peculiar question to ask, given the unending torrent of depressing statistics which have fuelled the constant lament that three decades of throwing money at the problem has done nothing to prevent the gap between the rich North and depressed South of Italy growing steadily wider.

out the three-year period 1977to 1979. Last year expansion in the Mezzogiorno was 5.2 per cent, compared with 4.9 per cent in the Centre North, and a national average of exactly 5 per cent (the highest of any Common Market country). The reasons for the strong performance of the South are various; a buoyant construction industry, an increased flow of investment, more tourists, and above all higher returns from agriculture. Much more important is to judge whether this distinctly under-reported trend is merely

a freak of circumstance or the tentative beginning of a process whereby the Mezzogiorno will be drawn into the ever more European orbit of the wealthy North and Centre.

The development of the South's economy can only be seen in a historical perspective. Before the war the North was growing twice as fast as the South. In the period from 1950, when the Cassa per il Mezzo-giorno was created, to 1976, the two balves of the country grew at roughly the same pace. But although in both cases output and wealth tripled, the higher base of the North meant that in absolute money terms the gap widened. Only now are there perceptible signs (on paper at least) that the tide may be turning.

The great divide is plain

enough from the figures. The desert") surrounded by a huge against the rhetoric and pledges south has 35 per cent of Italy's parasitic services sector. South has 35 per cent of Italy's parasitic services sector. population, yet last year pro-vided only 23.5 per cent of the

Most disheartening of all, while unemployment fell sharply in the North by 2.1 per fell cent during the 12 months of unbroken economic boom between April 1979 and April 1980, it actually grew in the depressed South of Italy growmezzogiorno by 4.8 per cent. In
some regions like Sardinia ing away from the huge capitalintensive schemes which create Gross Domestic Product" of per cent) and Campania (12.3 the region has grown faster per cent), the unemployment than the Italian average through- rate has long passed the point where a threat could emerge to the social stability of even fatalistic, resigned

#### Depressing

Again, for all the investment, both foreign and Italian, which has been pumped into the South, it is still woefully lacking in the sort of industries which can generate exports. Currently it accounts for but 6.7 per cent of Italy's exports, against 74 per cent for the North. One final depressing statistic: of the total disposable in the Mezzoglorno, exactly 20 per cent comes from transfers from outside—in other words from emigrant remittances, and from public money from the State, either as salaries for local administration bureaucracies or for the pensions and unemployment benefits which still give thousands of families a living of sorts. Until 1977 anyway, it is clear that efforts to improve life in the South have succeeded. but only to the extent of transforming it into a State-subsi-dised economy.

Nothing has illustrated this trend better than the pattern of industrial development enjoyed (or endured) by the South. Since 1950 the popular image of the region has been transformed from an agricul- has kept pace with the North, Of course, it would be rash tural peasantry growing toma- but the outcome for all that is to conclude that three years can toes or trekking with a donkey disappointing. It has been across parched summer up-

Agriculture today still acvided only 23.5 per cent of the counts for 14 per cent of the country's wealth. The national unemployment rate stands at around 7 per cent, a figure which masks a gap between a jobless rate of 10.6 per cent in April 1980 in the Mezzogiorno, share from around 20 per cent to 30 per cent. The emphasis lying unused for his island alone country's wealth. The national region's output, a proportion which bedevil plans to develop the South, have frequently meant heavy delays in the money being spent. The presidence of the Bank of Sicily recently estimated that funds lying unused for his island alone country's wealth. The national region's output, a proportion which bedevil plans to develop the South, have frequently money being spent. The presidence of the Bank of Sicily recently estimated that funds lying unused for his island alone country's wealth. The national region's output, a proportion which bedevil plans to develop the South, have frequently money being spent. The presidence of the Bank of Sicily recently estimated that funds lying unused for his island alone country's wealth. counts for 14 per cent of the of growth over the past three decades has, however, been concentrated on big projects—the chemicals, petrochemicals and steel industries in particular, all of which were hit hard by the international crisis in those sectors in the mid-1970s.

intensive schemes which create few jobs and are increasingly vulnerable to Third World competition to what critics of the Government's policies have long recommended—the development of an infrastructure and of the small and medium-sized industries which have contributed so much to the recent

fortunes of the North. The amount of funds shifted into the South has been colossal on paper. Between 1950 and 1975 around L25,000bn (£12.4bn) at current prices were poured in by the Cassa alone, and a further L18,000bn (£9bn) should be spent under the 1976-80 extension of its funding programme. Among international institutions the European Investment Bank contributed a further EUA 3.03bn (L3,300bn) in the period 1958-78, while a multitude of specialist agencies like INSUD and FIME have sprung up to foster more sophisticated forms of investment — joint equity ventures, leasing projects and

#### **Projects**

Moreover, foreign companies have spent a further L2,000bn (L995m) in the Mezzogiorno, although the rate of new projects has slowed in the last five or six years. The major State cor-porations ENI, IRI and EFIM are bound by law to carry out the lion's share of their new development in the South.

As a result the South's growth summer up estimated that the actual net But there are at least signs that of gigantic transfer of resources has been things for the long-suffering "cathedrals in the year, small indeed when set better.

Then again Italian bureaucracy and political clientelism. totalled L1,800bn (£897m), and the picture is as bad or worse elsewhere. All too frequently the Cassa's operations have been entangled with those of other Ministries, and m recently with the powers of the new mainland regions established in 1970.

#### Momentum

The key to the future is whether the South can develop the economic momentum to stay on its own two feet. So far, partly as a result of the lack of infrastructure, a fabric of small and medium-sized com-panies along Northern lines has not taken root. The reasons are various—the presence of the Mafia in Sicily and Calabria which undoubtedly has scared off potential new enterprise in those two regions, the ebb of young blood and energy to the North, and (most important of all) the lack of an industrial entrepreneurial culture. The feudal mentality which inhibits political development in the mezzogiorno is as big a block

in economic terms . But the present time is as propitious as any is likely to be for that moment of take-off. Indeed, the healthy contagion of the North is starting to spread down the Adriatic seaboard, through the Abruzzi into Puglia, parts of which have lifted themselves to a Central Italian level

of prosperity. The new gas pipeline linking Algeria to Sicily, due to go into service in 1982, is visible evidence of the potential value of the Mezzogiorno's position in the southern Mediterranean as a bridge between Africa and Europe. More attention than ever is being paid to enhancing the South's two most obvious natural assets - its agriculture and its tourism.

reverse the trend of centuries.

# Small producers propped up by CAP

#### TOMATO INDUSTRY

RUPERT CORNWELL

FROM POMPEII in the shadow of Vesuvius to Battipaglia in the hinterland of Salerno, one of Italy's most traditional fruit harvests is almost complete. The last scarlet San Marzano tomatoes are being picked from bushes parched in the brilliant autumn sun. Work at the fac-tories, small and not-so-small. which produce the celebrated cans of Italian plum tomatoes known all over the world, are

in full swing.

The industry in the Campania region produces two thirds of Italy's total output of 32m quin-tals. Yet the way in which it operates today is testament to the crosses that history and geography have laid across the back of agriculture in southern Italy. It is also an object lesson of how the villfied Common Agricultural Policy can fulfill a vital social function.

It is all very well for freemarket pundits to lament the way inefficient small producers are kept in business. But around Salerno the CAP is a prop whose removal would send a local unemployment rate of already more than 10 per cent,

through the roof. People sometimes
Florio and Cie, is a mediumfrom 60 miles away.
The system is den and in some respects is just the strong local roots, that could be the shape of the area's future.

Today's managing director, Sig. Gluseppe Florio, is a nephew of Florio's founder, and is proud that 85 per cent of the per c

By the standards of the South,
Florio and Cie., in the middle
of the rich Sele River plain to the south and east of Salerno, is doing well. It is relatively integrated, makes its own cans would have to take out cards, and you have solved the and has a useful distribution go through the bureaucratic lems of the Mezzogiorno

receives from Brussels.
The world price for canned tomatoes is half what it costs

to produce them in Pontecag-nano. The loss is made up by "top-ups" from the Community. But these arrive several months after Florio has paid its seasonal workers and suppliers. The only way to bridge the gap is by borrowing — at a rate of 23 or 24 per cent these days for a company of Florio's size. As Sig. Florio commented: "The aid for tomato production was aimed at helping the growers, not the canning industry."

But even this has not eased the lot of the workers. Tomato growing, processing and packing is an intensely seasonal business. Between August and December everyone is working flat out. Florio has 100 permanent staff, but for 60 or 90 days a year takes on 240 women on a daily basis, split into two 61 hour shifts.

#### Infamous

One means of temporary ecruitment for the tomato harvest is the infamous system caporalato." the Caporale is an intermediary. who receives a fee from the industry, to find hired hands on a daily basis, mostly from the desolate upland villages of remote Basilicata and Campania. People sometimes commute

"The system is in the living can be eked from only interests of both employers and workers. If we went to the Ufficio di Collocamento (labour exchange run by the state) was interested on current economics a family living can be eked from only two.

You can rationalise matters in theory, but where do the new interests.

network. Yet as Sig. Florio mill — and then not be sure admits, the concern depends to the right people would come. a great degree on the aid it The tomatoes would rot.

"This way, if I need 10 people tomorrow, I can be sure they'll come. The Caporale goes round every door of a village and finds them. If you want to get rid of the system you've got to have a proper, functioning state system adapted to the area's need, not superimposed from Rome.

"Anyway, it is not always the same women who come. One might be doing her laundry one day, and would send a relative instead. But obviously it all creates a big risk with the labour inspectors."

And not only because the and not only because the casual employees have no proper insurance. The real daily pay rate is L13,000 or L14,000 (£6.80) compared with an official one of L23,000 (£11.20). "But if you pay that, you just will not have any agriculture any more around here," another grower said. The unions are trying to change unions are trying to change things but Camorra intimida-tion, and the simple fact that

any job is better than no job, casts a shadow over such hopes. Moreover, agriculture underpius the comparatively rich (by southern standards) economy of the Salernitano. A quarter of jobs locally come from the land. particularly the tomato industry. A hectare under tomatoes provides 280 working days a year, against 10 for maize and just

iwo for wheat.

If the world was a simple, logical place, Campania would

and you have solved the prob-

#### SOUTHERN ITALY III

# Where the bad old ways still remain

#### SICILY

RUPERT CORNWELL

BEAUTIFUL, blighted Sicily is in many respects an extreme example of much of what is wrong with Italy today. If the lack of an efficient, respected central authority holds back the development of the country as a whole, then that is doubly true of Sicily. If it is a peculiarly Italian characteristic to be addicted to clientelism and cor-

country of which it is a part. Population density is greater than that of Italy as a whole. Yet the 5m people who inhabit Italy's largest region and the Mediterranean's biggest island are concentrated feets. are concentrated for the most part into a narrow coastal strip. The lush watered shores, where all the major cities are, contrast with the inhospitable uplands, and if Italy in general is prone to natural disasters, even more so is Sicily,

Within the last century Messina was flattened by an earthquake. Above Catania, the most dynamic industrial city of the island, Mount Etna stands in brooding splendour, Europe's largest and most active volcano. And yet, like mainland Italy, Sicily offers beauty and history incomparable in Europe, stem-ming in good measure from the

thousands of years it has stood at the crossroads of the Con-tinent's history. But it is history—which only for the past 120 years has come part of the 120 years has seen part of the nation State of Italy — that accounts for so many of the difficulties of the island today. The process of integration into the fabric of modern Italy has been painfully slow, and despite the money and the promises lavished on the island remains far from complete today.

#### Poorest

The economic figures tell the story eloquently enough. With 8.8 per cent of the country's population, Sicily produces 5.8 per cent of its total wealth. The province of Agrigento in the backward south-west of Sicily is the poorest in the whole of Italy. All nine provinces of the island are in the bottom quarter shifted-from the fields to the of the league. Only Calabria among Italy's regions is worse Even Sardinia, far more cut off than Sicily from the mainstream of European development, is wealthier on a

balancing factor in the economy indeed for the rest of Italy.

of the island. Indeed the steady Despite the difficulties of the without doubt an enormous or more. Tourism grew by 10 handicap to the island's proper cent, and appears to have fared well in 1980 too.

Land reform of the late 1940s and early 1950s, with the aim of breaking up the vast estates and the power of the "latifondisti" who for centuries had been the dominant power in Sielly for a water the state of the stat Sicily, for a variety of reasons was less than a success. If structures changed somewhat,

addiction is doubly strong. If italian politicians display a weakness for empty rhetoric and bombast, Sicilian politicians are even greater sinners.

Geographically, too, Sicily epitomises the problems of the country of which it is a part of the post-war republic could not fill the gap—and perhaps did not even want to. Sicily was hastly granted a special regional status in 1946, giving it a wider measure of internal it a wider measure of internal autonomy than that of the 15 peninsular regions—in part to head off the separatist move-ment which developed imme-diately after the war. But even that has probably been more of a curse than a blessing. The regional government installed in Palermo, the city where the bad old ways of the island are deepest entrenched, has never

#### Hiatus

After the still unexplained murder last January of Sig. Piersanti Mattarella, Christian Democrat president of regional assembly, Sicily went 122 days without a government. Such a histus merely meant that more and more money voted by the Rome Parliament piled up unspent in the region's coffers The figure was most recently estimated by Sig. Giannino Parravicini, president of the Bank of Sicily, at L1,800bn (£900m)—equal to investment in goods and services worth f180 for every Sicilian.

In this vacuum the Mafia has flourished, above all in the western half of the island which is its historic stronghold. What-ever that legendary organisation truly is—part state of mind, part criminal association—it has beyond question taken over many of the functions normally fulfilled by the State.

The violence continues unabated. Last year's victims totalled 156, and the Mafia's grip on wide sectors of economic life in western Sicily is universally acknowledged. Over the years its influence has towns, to commerce, State connotoriously, the international drugs trade. More problematic is an assessment of what damage it has inflicted on the economic development of the island.

# EEC members

Threat from new

#### AGRICULTURE

ROBERT FOX

IIN ANY ONE of half a dozen places in the Mezzogiorno you will hear the claim: "This the California of

- In the Plains of Campania, around Pescara, in Puglia, on the Gulf of Taranto, eastern Sicily and even Sardinia, you will be told that fruit trees, vines and vegetables, and even a modern dairy industry, could be like the proverbial flowers in the desert provided the right husbandry was forthcoming from Rome and the Cassa per il Mezzogiorno, and the regional funds of the EEC. But experts take a more cautious view about prospects for expanding the agriculture of the south:

Agriculture has come a long way since 1940 when the first modern laws disbanding the old land-owning system were forward under Fascism Ten years later came the two most important—the Legge Sila and the Legge Stralcio. Between them they have reduced the great estates except in poor uplands, and the accompanying system of share-cropping or mezzadria," to less than 2 per

Production of wine, grapes and vegetables has expanded considerably, and now there is the embarrassment of overproduction. Subsidies are given scross the south to destroy the olive crop to prevent the market becoming saturated.

Puglia has the prosperous agriculture region of the Mezzogiorno on the mainland. It has a well-organised distribution and marketing infrastructure centred on Barl, Foggia, and Lecce. Wine and grape production is only just behind Sicily as the highest for

any Italian region. But this is something of a hollow boast, according to Prof. Giuseppe Colombo, who holds the Chair of Agronomy at Bari University. With present EEC policies on the coastal plains of the Puglian wine is taxed prohibi- Iberian, not the Italian, penin-

for export. It has sula.

neither the marks of quality of

French fine wines and lacks

variety-there is no well-established Pugliese red wine

for example. The problem, as Prof. Colombo sees it, is how to diversify. His institute has experimented with anything from Indian figs to Egyptian cotton, which once grew in Puglis. He sees much of the south trapped in the traditional cultivation of vegetables such as tomatoes and peppers, citrus fruits, olives and grapes. There is little prospect of rapid ex-pansion of a dairy indsutry; circumstances of cost and

climate are not favourable.
Nor does Prof. Colombo see much chance of agriculture absorbing labour from the migrants returning from the north as recession bites there. Most "reverse migrants skilled factory workers and unsuited to tending the land.

#### Puzzle

The hazards of the Italian market and EEC pricing mechanisms make crop rotation even on the most advanced farms seem like a Chinese erossword puzzle. A farmer with 100 hectares on the Gulf of Taranto said he found it difficult to find the right mix of crops. If he had only 20 hectares it would be relatively simple: variation of mono-cultivation of tomatoes and grapes.

But to achieve the right mix between strawberries, beet and tomatoes without having a downright loser was now his worry. He told me he now thought he had a winner and after the tomatoes was putting in five hectares of parsley.

With the prospect of Spain and Portugal joining the Com-mon Market, Prof. Colombo sees a real crisis for agriculture in the Mezzogiorno. Disaster is the word he uses to sum it up because of the imbalance of low technology and high wages. A herdsman in the mountains of Basilicata now earns L700,000 (£340) a month. With the more flexible agriculture of Spain and Portugal with lower wages, he fears that the new Californias will bloom

Today emigration remains, as Last year in fact was a good it always has been, a vital economic vintage for Sicily, as drain of Sicily's finest talents refining and petrochemical to elsewhere in Italy (and sector, its gross internal product indeed the world) has been grew an estimated 4.5 per cent

> But acute problems remain Unemployment stands at 10 per cent, well above the national average, and is particularly heavy among the young. Agriculture, which provides 24 per cent of Sicily's jobs, consists essentially of Mediterranean produce, vulnerable to competition from Greece and Spain within the EEC. Most perturbing of all, perhaps, new industrial investment dropped by an average 7.8 per cent between 1970 and 1977,

> It is true that investment in Sicily from the North of Italy foreign countries is the second of any other southern region. But one may suspect that much investment that might otherwise have come has been deterred by fears, con-scious or otherwise, of interference by the Mafia. It is no accident that the major projects have been clustered in the eastern part at Messina, Milazzo, Catania, Siracusa and Gela, But even they have often been of the "cathedral in the desert" variety, huge capital-intensive projects which have generated pollution as much as new jobs. The modern Fiat plant at Termini Imerese near Palermo is an exception on both counts. So what now? There are some



Narrow, stepped streets are typical of the resort town of Cefalu, on the north Sicilian coast

infrastructure upon smaller companies can flourish. It is recognised that the future lies in developing those con-siderable natural assets which the island possesses — notably a climate which lends itself to early-season agricultural production and a tourist appeal which is hard to rival.

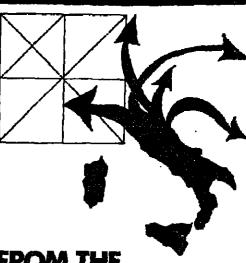
But the wise have long been preaching this sermon, with scant results. The bad old ways have not yet been eradicated. encouraging signs. Today's The island still draws almost thing will change and e emphasis is on nurturing an a fifth of its income from the will remain the same.

which provision of services by the public administration, against an average for highly bureau-cratised Italy of "only" 13 per

> No real challenge has been made since Mussolini's time to the sway of the Mana. Even if it were, what would happen? It was after all the prince in Tomasi di Lampedusa's novel The Leopard, set in the decaying aristocratic Sicily of the last century, who remarked: "Every thing will change and everything

IRI is the largest Italian from entrepreneurial group and one of the largest in Europe, with and over 500 concerns, a workforce of 560,000 and a turnover which large in 1979 amounted to from over 23,300 million dollars, of which 30% were exports in manufacturing construction professional sectors. training.

The Group is present in numerous sectors: from iron and steel to engineering, electronics to energy, from plant design construction to shipbuilding, from building construction to infrastructures, motorways to air and sea transport, from telecommunications to informatics from banking to



#### FROM THE **MEZZOGIORNO** TO EUROPE

- During the last ten years IRI has invested 17,500 million dollars in Southern Italy and created 47,000 new jobs.
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A large number of Multinational Corporations have set-up and operate successfully in the Mezzogiorno. where incentives are unrivalled in Europe: cash grants (accounting for anything between 20% and 40% of fixed investments), soft loans (40% of total investment), full relief from social security contributions, tax allowances, joint ventures opportunities (even with majority shareholding), free of charge technical assistance and training of personnel. An area of 20 million. consumers within the even vaster 57

Middle East with its considerable market potentials at a minimum transport cost distance reach. IASM. Istituto per l'Assistenza allo Sviluppo del Mezzogiorno (Institute for Assistance in the Development of Southern Italy), has set-up representative offices in Europe and the United States in order to offer information and consulting services to entrepreneurs interested in carrying out industrial and tourist investment projects in the Italian South.

million italian market and close to the



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# Good intentions fail in the poorest region

#### CALABRIA

ROBERT FOX

"WE ARE THE south of the South," said an old man in a tiny village at the very toe of authority should be split between Italy, meaning that as far as the rest of the country goes his region is the poorest of the poor. No other mainland region shows such acute signs of crisis Italy's fifth integrated steel and decay as Calabria. Plans to works was proposed for the bring industrial development. Plain of Gloia Tauro. better transport and organised It was all supposed local government have been about 20,000 new jobs. Now the sadly botched. The symptoms of steel project is defunct, though the old disease remain for the there is a plan to use the deep-

ture was introduced in 1970 in Around Giola Tauro about 1,000 Italy, the region of Calabria had hectares of prime land for citrus a bloody and difficult birth. It was planned originally for the seat of government to be at Catanzaro, but the people of Reggio di Calabria at the very others. toe revolted. Stirred up by

elements of the far Right, the "giunta" streets of the region were barri-

Eventually, a package put to-gether in Rome by the Prime Minister, Sig. Emilio Colombo, brought a settlement. No one in Calabria today will tell you that Colombo package was a success. It proposed that the regional the council sitting in Reggio and the executive in Catanzaro. Cosenza got the new University of Calabria, and a plan to build

It was all supposed to bring Calabrians: abandoned land, un- water port under construction employment, emigration, and for fishing, or coal ship-organised crime. for fishing, or coal ship-ments to a cold steel laminating When the new regional struc- plant which might be built there.

There is still no executive or

policy agreement, the question based on blood oaths sworn by is whether the Communist Party peasants centuries ago. shall be allowed to joint the coalition to govern Calabria.

But the President of the Council, Sig. Rosario Chiriano, 46, a Christian Democrat lawyer, be-lieves: "Something has moved here in the last ten years," but, he adds: "It would be difficult to appreciate it from the out-

#### Mistakes

There are new men in Calabrian politics with new ideas, he says. "But you cannot expect us to cure a disease of nine hundred years in less than

He then listed, with great frankness, the mistakes which have resulted in too much industry in the plain which will not work leaving whole tracts of land in the interior abandoned. Above all there is what he calls "the thousand-year cult of "ndrangheta." Ndrangheta is the Calabrese Mafia. The word is of

"ginnta" following the Greek origin, probably meaning port to the Carabinleri leaves one knows quite what for regional elections last June something like "a man's busi- you as good as dead.

There is no overall plan for the area. The big indus

Today the Calabrese Mafia has two very distinct faces, the old and the new. Either way, says Prof. Gaetano Cingari, the socialist vice-president of the council, "It's the only industry here which really works."

The village of Staiti sits right proclaiming the ancient origins year.
of the people for it has no cross,
only a three-sided pyramid said
to be from the cult of Neptune. Calab

In the village the old man tells me that there has not been a single head of cattle there for ten years. Twenty years back villagers would graze up to 2,000 is in the province of Cosenza, cattle on the uplands of the mountain. "They" come and drive them off, sometimes in broad daylight with pistols and shotguns, I was told, and a report project like Giola, but no

Staiti once had more than 4,000 inhabitants and its own courthouse. Now is has only \$00. They are mostly old, and in 20 years' time, they say, the village will

#### Murder

For the other faces of the Calabrese Mafia there is the under the mountain of Aspro-Plain of Giola Tauro which now monte, huddled in groves of fig has a higher murder rate per trees and olives—much of it head of population than New abandoned. Below there is a York City, 20 per 100,000 little Byzantine church, the ruin against 17.1 for New York last

> The historian Gaetano Salvemini says there are really three Calabrias based on the three provinces: thinkers); Catanzaro — (the doers); and Reggio—(or the talkers). The Plain of Sibari is in the province of Cosenza, by far the most prosperous of the Calabrian plains, yet it too

There is no overall plan yet grown for home consumption Much of it is among young or the area. The big industries throughout the region.

In the prosperous town of diplemas and university degrees, astrovillari and the Montedison Filadelfia in the province of In the poor villages of the This is the old agrarian Mafia. for the area. The big industries such as textile spinning at Castrovillari and the Montedison petro-chemical works at Crotone further round the coast, are in trouble.

Fruit farming still prospers,

though there is no local facility for processing much of it and a new olive oil processing plant at Rossano has never been used. Despite the obvious signs of wealth, there is high emigration, "The Raemorrage" as Calabrians call it. Calabria's total population is about 2m; and there are 400,000 Calabresi living in Australia alone.

Agriculture is still the main employer in Calabria, providing work for a tenth of the total population - about 200,000. Reforms in land distribution and irrigation have been achieved since the special laws of the early 1950s and 1960s, setting up the Sila project and breaking up the Latifondi—the big estates. But production and marketing is still on traditional lines in most areas; most produce is likely to be higher in reality.

Catanzaro, more than half the population of 10,000 lives in outlying hamlets like Aloisa. Half the houses in Aloisa belong to "white widows" with husbands away working in Switzerland and Germany. There is still no domestic electricity, tap water or sewerage, and Filadelfia wants to spend more than LAbn (£2m) on new aqueducts and drainage. The public surveyor expects more help from the EEC than the national government in

#### **Policies**

Distrust of Rome is marked among officials at all levels. d completely mistaken for the regional needs of Calabria, particularly on unemployment which is perhaps the biggest element in the region's crisis. Officially, unemployment is reaching 90,000, though it is war, is much less extensive. But in those tiny villages of the poor uplands the sense of abandonment, rage and despair is summed up precisely by the comment of the writer Giuseppe Fortuna: "Calabria is a ruin hanging over the sea."

Rome in achieving this.

In the poor villages of the Aspromonte, like Bruzzano with 2,700 inhabitants, you can find of an evening groups of these young people sitting like sparrows on the walls with nothing. to do and nowhere to go. Gianni Mafrici, aged 22, has a subsi-dised job in an office, earning up to I.400,000 (£200) a month. He has a diploma in agricultural science which will never be of any use in Aspromonte, he says. His view is one of utter despair—even his job is not available every month and he thinks the

Illiteracy in Calabria, 45 per cent of the population after the war, is much less extensive. But

scheme will soon run out of

DI FORMAZIONE E STUDI PER IL MEZZOGIORNO

CENTRE FOR MANAGEMENT TRAINING AND STUDIES OF

SOUTHERN ITALY

# FORMEZ

#### MANAGEMENT TRAINING IN THE MEZZOGIORNO: FORMEZ

The policy of special interventions initiated by the Italian State in the fifties has demonstrated that one of the primary conditions for developing the Mezzogiorno, a region in the extrame south of Europe, is the professional training of all those who—in firms, public appointments, or in the cultural and social structures—play a small or large participating role there. When the forces generated by the new activities by entrepreneurs began to make themselves felt in the sixties, with new productive developments mainly of small and medium size, it also appeared necessary to begin to assist the Mezzogiorno to aquip itself with a "skilled" managenal class culturally and technically capable of making the new southern industries competitive on the domestic and international markets. It is towards this that FORMEZ is working; the name being an abbreviation for "Formazione Mezzogiorno" (Training in the Mezzogiono area). With this in view, the Training and Study Centre for the Mezzogiorno has been in envistence for the last fifteen years. This Institute is devoted to training and perfecting the professional and managerial abilities of entrepreneurs, directors and officials working in the southorn region in private enterprises or in the public administration. FORMEZ operates through study courses, specialised seminars and conventions. Since 1955, the number of those taking part in the training activities of FORMEZ is about 36,000. Some of the programmes carried out by FORMEZ are now described in brief outline:

In initiating this programme, FORMEZ proposes to offer all small and medium-sized industries in southern Italy constructive opportunities regarding specific problems of a managerial and organisational character, such as: marketing, finance and controls, managerial, personnel industrial relations. The programme is being developed for individual anterprises interested in restructuring and reconversion processes, or requiring to implement plans for expansion and increasing employment.

This is a training project orientated towards the entrepreneurs in small and madium-sized firms and carried out at a local base. The seminars and courses are being developed on "productive" lines which involve the entrepreneurs in analyses of actual cases deriving from the enterprises of the participants themselves. The programme has reinterpreted consolidated Swedish experiences in terms of the Italian context.

# TRANSFER OF TECHNOLOGIES

It is intended to facilitate the introduction into the southern regions of technological knowledge of products and/or processes; through advanced training schemes for groups of small and medium-sized enterprises, and when the object of offering the Management opportunities for technological innovations. AGRICULTURAL DEVELOPMENT

#### This is a programme consisting of four projects directed respectively towards co-operation, training of development teams, implementation of a special zontechnics project, and implementation of the E.E.C. directives in the Mezzoglomo area.

WATER MANAGEMENT With this audiovisual course on the control of waters, FORMEZ is extempting to meet the growing demand for specialisation in this field. The theme is of particular importance for the Mozzogiomo area, which has an interest in the effective utilization of a resource that is of marked importance for spriculture and industry: namely, water. The project is intended for managers and technical staff operating in this field, whether in the public or the private sector, and who indicate the need for information on the scientific basis of the systems and on their application to the actual problems of the hydrological resources.

SERVICES FOR FOREIGN OPERATORS In agreement with JASM and the Finance Authorities for the southern area, FORMEZ ensures training services adapted to the specific requirements of each economic undertaking, for operators from other countries who invest in the Mezzoglomo. In particular, FORMEZ ensists in recruitment of the top and middle-management teams, and in itemising or moderalising these. It assists operators, including foreign ones, in relating to the social and cultural environment and in establishing contacts with the Universities, it offers research services, and access to programmes of technological innovation and transfer. FORMEZ also carries out exchange programmes, comprising study and training activities, with scientific and cultural organisations and with the Public Administration in other countries, particularly those belonging to the European area.

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# Agricultural success on the coast

**MATERA** ROBERT FOX

THERE CAN be few less likely settings for a modern economic success story than Matera. The town itself sits high on a plateau above the Gulf of Taranto. There is still no railway reaching it and the road from the plain is threatened by landslides of the trecherous local clay on

The old town is still one of the most wonderful sights in Italy. The east side is a deep gorge peppered with caves, topped by a Romanesque cathedral. People lived in these caves until very recently. The last family left about 10 years

With about 50,000 inhabitants

the town accounts for a quar-ter of the entire population of the province of Matera, the second of the two provinces of the region of Basilicata. The uplands of the province, with famous books about southern Italy, Christ Stopped at Eboli, an account of his exile in painter and writer Carlo Levi.

tabulation it is slightly above 800 laid off for a year now. the average for Italian pro-vinces, just above Rome with a described by Carlo Levi so gross figure of L3.7m against evocatively, are not having an Milan, in second place, with easy time either, though comL5.13m. The cause of the munications and facilities have astonishing success is not to be found in the poor uplands, where the donkey is still a common form of transport, or in the town of Matera, but in the dramatic advances in the agriculture of the coastal plain between Metaponto and Poli-

#### Jobless

In the town there is an air of confidence. The dynamic Commerce is Sig. Angelo Tosto, aged 32; local television station tions) whose power base is the adjoining province of Potenza. away.
Sig. Tosto flourished the new In 1

In Matera there is an acute

improved considerably since he was there. Roads link them and there is electricity. Despite the land reforms land tenure seems fragmented in almost mediaeval fashion. The first place of Levis' exile was Grassano—"like all the towns here white on the top of a desolate hill, like a little imaginary Jerusalem in the solitude of a desert." It looks the same today.

Its population remains constant at about 6,000, as president of the Chamber of hundreds have left for work in Germany. The families tiny holdings just below the town, proprietor, director of a ceramic have an orange, almond, peach tile works, member of the or apricot tree apiece and a plot Christian Democrat Party, with tomatoes, peppers and follower of the "Corrente" other vegetables, all in a system (faction) of Sig. Emilio akin to strip farming. Because Colorbo, the Foreign Minister, (800,000 preferential votes in the European Parliament electrons to the much smaller community of Grottle 10 km. with tomatoes, peppers and other vegetables, all in a system belongs to the much smaller community of Grottle 10 km

In the second place of his spines of the clay hills, were would indicate that Matera had more pronounced. Houses are once a byword for mediaeval won the World Cup. He exheing built by familles whose backwardness. They are the landscape of one of the most famous books should be a spine of the most famous books should be a spine of the most famous books should be a spine of the most famous books should be a spine of the most famous books should be a spine of the man of the ma half done: new roads and Fruit and vegetables are grown, further irrigation were needed largely for eating at home or as well as help for light indus- for casual sale at market or by

The real agricultural revolu-Fortunes have now changed shortage of jobs, hitting the tion is down on the coast befor the province of Matera in a young and qualified hardest tween Metaponto and Policoro. way which Carlo Levi could There are about 3,000 jobless. It is the result principally of scarcely have imagined. Accordnearly 20 per cent of the availing to figures just produced for able workforce. In the river co-operatives, more advanced
1978 by the Italian Union of valleys the gas and chemical than in any other part of the
Chambers of Commerce. Matera industries, which draw their
is the richest province in the labour from Matera, are suffermezzogiorno in terms of gross ing recession. The Liquichimica are being irrigated and are
earnings per capita. On their plant near Ferrandina has had

#### One of the biggest consortia mountains. Very little is pumped is that of Comet (Consorzio Ortofrutticolo directed by Professor Salvatore di Nunno, who has been involved in developing the area for thirty years. It consists of sixteen co-operatives with 2,200 members, and the packaging and processing plant handles annually about IAon of fruit

and vegetables. One of the members of the group is Sig. Francisco Orlando, who has about a hundred hec-tares a few kilometres from Metaponto. He bought his land twenty years ago as the great estates were still being dis-banded by the land reforms of the 1950s. His new property cost

forty times that. crop rotation—vines, tomatoes, sugar-beet, fenuel, salads and olives. He has seven regular emwhole thing is made possibe by irrigated, and eventually the the laid-on irrigation with province of Matera will have natural pressures of up to three more soil under irrigation than atmospheres because of the drop in the whole of the territory of from the 12 reservoirs in the Israel.

t (Consorzio by tractor, and drip irrigation Metaponto), on the vines allows round-theclock watering.

#### Boom crop

At the moment the ciliegiola," the sweet fat grape preferred by the English and Germans, is doing well. But the boom crop is the strawberry. also for the English and German market. A gross return from a hectare of strawberries can reach L30m to L40m, says Professor di Nunno.

But the agricultural revolution of Matera is only half-way through Soon, with the further development of pipeline irrigaabout L500,000 a hectare; now- tion in the uplands and the new adays it would sell for about network of roads following the three main rivers of the pro-He has to organise a complex vince, the little towns and villages will lose the appearance they had 40 years ago in the time of Carlo Levi's exile. In plyoyees plus about thirty-odd five years time it is intended to casuals during harvests. The have more than 80,000 hectares

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# Looking ahead in the wrong direction

#### BARI

ROBERT FOX

THE PEOPLE of Bari have long seen their city as one of Italy's principal openings to the eastern Mediterranean and the Middle East. Crusaders embarked from here in the First Crusade, and left behind a unique monument in one of

the first portrayals of the again the skyline of the city is legend of King Arthur above due for a radical change.

One of the doors of the church

There are to be 1.620 houses of San Nicola. Today members of the city council and the region of Puglia will tell you that Bari should be developed as a communications, commercial and information centre for the Middle East and North Atrica.

Much of Bari's present importance derives from its significance for the interior of Puglia, and for the province of Matera in the region of Matera in the region of Basilicata. It is a centre for their produce and provides them with vital banking and technical services. It is the median town of the Mezzogiorno. With a population of around 390,000 it is much smaller than Palermo and smaller than Palermo and Naples and without their problems of squalor and decay. In 1939 the Fiera del Levante (Levant Fair) was born to promote trade, with the emphasis on links with Yugoslavia, Greece, Albania and Egypt. The idea is alive today, as shown by the recent 44th Fair,

During the war the site was used for munitions and destroyed by the Allies. In 1947 the project was reopened, but guess at the commercial impact

of the Fair on the city itself. There the main economic wor- however, is not its relations ries are those of any other city with the Levant but those with in the Mezzogiorno—the lack of the interior of the region it has employment for graduates and so long dominated commer-young people and the chronic cially. Soon new road and rail housing shortage. Bari. has links will bring the rich areas of been waiting for approval of its the Gulf of Taranto and the city development plan for four years. of Taranto itself closer to Now that it has got the go-Naples and Salerno and thus ahead it will take another four isolate Bari in a way it has not years to realise the plan. Once seen since the crusades.

There are to be 1,620 houses built for rent; L60bn spent on new houses and renovations with a special fund of L14.5bn

market for rented property has been ruined by the Fair Rent Law of July 1978. Rented property in the city now costs L700,000 (£340) a square metre and much living space is let as office area to get round the law.

#### Money-spinners

There are two obvious new sources of income for Bari. The first is organised tourism. Despite its frequent mention in the list of possible money-spinners for the Mezzogiorno, it is surprising how little organised tourism there is. The second is the development of tertiary industries. There is some sign of action on this front the Institute for Information and Technical Services (CSATA) has just signed a deal with, among others, the University of California for the development of data processing equipments.

More practical is the work of the Institute of Advanced Study under the banner of "libero of Mediterranean Agriculture scambio," or free trade. Today just outside the city, which is it covers more than 300.000 linked to sister institutes in square metres, with more than Montpellier in France and Sara-47 foreign pavilions (among gossa in Spain. It takes fifty them those of both Iran and students a year from abroad and Iraq) and 3,826 exhibitors ten from Italy. It concentrates Visitors during the fortnight primarily on irrigation and the Fair runs number over 2m. tertilisers, though there are Few Baresi will hazard a major courses on agronomy and

The real question for the city,

# INSUD

INSUD invests in new industrial projects in Southern Italy and also furthers agreements between Italian and foreign enterprises for the introduction of new technologies.

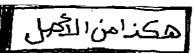
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#### THE MARKETING SCENE

# Television airtime's own 'black hole'

quarter is how some ITV con- deep the cuts will go. tractors are describing the start of next year. This is because the television advertising market is in such uncertainty that it has become virtually impossible to predict which way the revenue graph will go.

Trident, says that short-term demand is holding up and that there are firm indications of big money being spent.

But beyond the New Year, the forecasters are in a vacuum. This is because those advertisers who will feel most need to strip their budgets will do so in what for many of them is the last quarter of the corporate year (January-March), and at but virtually unintelligible, not

Admap conference in Vienna as

to whether British advertising

was going through a genuine slump, but to recidivists of this

annual event there was no doubt as to the answer.

For the first time in living

memory, no company had been

found to sponsor the conference

banquet, leaving delegates to

pay for their own meals. In the

light of this painfully clear por-tent, a brave speech by Anne

Wicks of McCann-Erickson, proving that the slump has been much exaggerated, won a less

wholehearted belief than per-

If the resentatives of the

media research industry present

were feeling the cold hand of

depression, they might have

hoped to learn enough from the

problems. Alas, they would in general have been disappointed

ing case studies-for instance,

THE RECESSION is deepening

tive new products;

ment than in the past:

joint ventures of all kinds.

development will play an even

greater role in overall develor-

What is clear is that com-

panies are not putting up the

Apart from strategic financial

......

7

2 2311

There were several interest-

haps it should.

ADMAP CONFERENCE

siderable debate at last week's application, whereas most of the

papers to relieve some of their and I doubt if they were

from TSB Trustcards, Kellogg's about the validity of some of

**DEVELOPMENT IN A RECESSION** 

Speculation over the current health of the airtime market was fuelled this week by reports that the ITV companies, facing mpossible to predict which way
he revenue graph will go downturn in advertising," were
initiating programme budget
Clive Leach, sales director at cuts that would save an estimated £5m in the next three

> But the "evidence" is mis-leading. So far this year, buoyed by the carry-over effects of last autumn's strike. ITV has enrevenues in the first six months totalled £273m. although comparisons with the first half of that . . . the black hole. last year are not only odious

papers devoted to more abstract

concepts appeared to leave most

viceable arguments came in

papers from Andrew Roberts of

Masius and Simon Broadbent of

Leo Burnett, which used simi-lar econometric methods to

gain in profitability by raising

both the amount they spend

advertising their brands and the

Unfortunately, although the

conclusion may well be right

(indeed it is difficult to argue

against anything which might raise the pathetically low profit levels of British industry),

neither the logic nor the mathe

matics was quite as straight-

forward as was made to appear.

couched in a form to go straight

to the average finance director's

But whatever doubts one has

and ICI Paints-but none of take data and methods used, lose from an aldvertising slump,

head, let alone his heart.

prices they charge for them.

The closest approach to ser-

delegates baffled.

strike, which disrupted retail distribution.

Over recent months, the graph has moved erratically. July was what was dubbed a "dramatic difficult, August sticky and September poor. But there may have been a sharp improvement in October, when net revenues probably totalled almost £53m.

If so, that represents a gain of 40 per cent on October 1978 (October last year was hit by the strike). If the optimists are right, revenue in November joyed a very good run. Net and December could total as much as last year for a 1980 total of around £531m. After

According to Mike Waterson, head of research at the Adverthis stage, despite poor pros- only because of the strike effects tising Association, the main pects for profits, there is themselves, but because first- reason for uncertainty arises

of argument at least helps coun-

ter the even more ignorant

assertion, beloved of many

finance directors, that advertis-

The part of the conference which looked most interesting

entitled "Stop waving your rate

cards and tell us what really matters," wherein speakers

matters," wherein speakers from different media would explain the research efforts they

undertook to attract advertisers.

larly important, since in bio-logical terms the media are at

the apex of the advertising food

chain—that is to say, they live off the agencies who live off the

money their companies collect

times, the head of the food chain

suffers most, since any inter-

ruption at lower levels tends to be multiplied by the time it

reaches the top. better leading to the media have most to quickly.

I regarded this as particu-

advance was a session

and useless drain on profits.

Distress signals from Vienna's woods

OSTENSIBLY there was con- these were of really general I am certain that the basic line and one would expect that such

far stronger than underlying economic trends suggest should have been the case.

"In previous recessions," he writes in Admap, "TV has usually acted as a leading indicator for the advertising business - turning down before other forms of expenditure such as Press display, trade and technical advertising, and classified."

But the most recent data showed television advertising lagging behind apparently classified in its reaction to the

"Two basic arguments have been advanced to explain this change. Firstly, that manufacturers, and in particular the big ing, though nasty while it lasts, TV advertisers, may have may be over relatively soon.

an eventuality would concen-trate their minds wonderfully

on ways of persuading adver-

tisers to maintain expenditures.

of television, on whose behalf

Clive Leach of Trident at least

managed to suggest that some

activity and new thinking were

taking place, the general picture

work, or even worse, assuming was one of referring to past

complacently that little or no

appear justified by the reaction

of several people in the audience who argued that there

was already too much irrelevant

My belief, however, is that

this makes exactly the opposite

proved capable of demonstrat-

ing to clients, actual and potential, the bard cash implica-

tions of research, they had

better learn how to do it rather

These views might at first

new research was needed.

media research to hand.

from the consumers.

It is well known that in bad point. If the media have not

But with the partial exception

THE BLACK HOLE of the first virtually no indication of how quarter revenues in 1979 were from the fact that TV advertis- become more aware of the danaffected by a lorry drivers' ing so far this year has remained gers of cutting advertising strike, which disrupted retail far stronger than underlying expenditure since the last recession. Secondly, that the success of the TV companies in attracting new types of advertiscs has so broadened the base of their operation that they are now far less susceptible to the effects of economic slump."

> He says that various AA analyses suggest that while neither of these arguments can be wholly disproved, there are more convincing explanations for the trend, and that "it is likely that the basic dependence of total advertising expenditure on economic factors has not altered greatly."

However, he says that evidence is accumulating to show that the recession in advertis-

which I believe will become

health of advertising in general

and media in particular over the next two difficult years.

These are what existing

research shows about the effec-

tiveness or otherwise of parti-

media ought to be embarking

on now, to try to forestall the

manifold problems they will

face during the '80's.

There would be enough meat

there for one, indeed several,

Admap conferences; if done

properly, such a programme would go far towards justifying

advertising expenditures in slumps or booms in a way that

this conference, for all its

Harold Lind is Head of Infor-

attractions, did not.

A future, but preferably not mation Services at AGB.

THE 'BLUE-CHIPMAPPROACH'

# Honda gain takes ABM billing close to £50m

PETER MARSH, irrepressible money "-which is fair enough, worth of Honda motorbike busi- help boost gates at home. ness to an annualised billings total now very close to £50m.

Neither the bemonocled Mr. Marsh, nor his exuberant agency, is everyone's cup of tea, even in the saccharined world of advertising, but his ability to land these rich accounts draws gasps of barely muted admiration from the bigagencies, amidst whose ranks ABM now visibly plays a

He could not be gainsayed this week, describing the Honda win as "inevitable, based, as it was, on the inexorable logic of an incluctable solution."

Honds, which at present has 48-47 per cent of UK motor-bike sales, expects to self 150,000 units this year (including moneds) for a turnover of virtually £80m.

The account was formerly at Cunningham Hurst, which still has Honda cars, but having detoo long delayed, Admap concided it needed a new approach on bikes, it reduced a long list ference would do well to concentrate on the three questions to three: ABM, Michael Bungey increasingly crucial to the

and NCK.

"All three were impressive."
says Honda. "There is very
little wastage out there in advertising, but in the end, ABM won because its homework was so impressive."

So was the presentation, by cular media as vehicles for advertising; how that research can be processed and presented all accounts, into which was woven the Band of the Royal Marines, for which ABM had to be used more intelligently by advertisers; and finally, what sort of research the different composed a brand new Honda heme. (Peter Marsh is a master at this game; buoyed up by the win, he has both bought a bike and ordered lessons.)

For ABM, Honda marks an entry in to a totally new field, and a continuation of a bluechin account policy (British Bail, Midland Bank, Taylor Wno row, et all that has sleered the agency into ninth spot in the latest MEAL list.

Some time 200. ABM with-drew from the race for Talbot. for there is a view at ABM that where the Honda bikes have cone, the cars could easily fol-

Marsh, " is that I'm sitting here Pulteney Street, was to be heard from existing clients for 1981. One of them—he spends several million-is up a third, and so's

#### Another try

EASILY the most exotic piece cent days is the revelation that the Football League is to fund a £25,000 research probe by J. Walter Thompson into why fewer and fewer people are attending soccer matches. As all sports editors know,

the decline of the national sport is excessively well-documented. to say nothing of the work of academics, who in pursuit of social truth have raked and combed the subject dry. Outdated stadia, rising gate prices, mob violence, television

coverage and the excrutiating tedium of much of modern soccer—these are a few of their favourite things.

But JWT (whose Amsterdam office works for Ajax) says there is "total disagreement" within soccer as to the reasons for decline, and that the subject is badly in need of professional research. Does it hope this will lead to

of advertising? "Of we're bere to make course,

Marsh, is in fine voice indeed. London agency, has just been though cautionary description having added virtually £2m retained by Ipswich Town to of the very tough conditions

Current average gates at Port- launched. man Road are 23,000, against a capacity of 32,000. As part of Jenkins, an ex-Standard editor, its approach, Lintas is buying the new paper faced stiff saturation radio coverage " on Radio Orwell (two spots per hour per Saturday morning), cial radio. which in order to pay for itself national dailies, local weeklies need attract only 300 extra at the source in which it could be

Lintas has also written a song.

#### Brain power

SMALLER advertising agencies, claims Barrie McBride of the McBride Partnership, are raising their share of market whereas the bigger agencies' virtually static. Symptomatic, he says, js McBP's recent gain of household brands belonging to major groups like Tilling's and Parker Knoll—the result, he says aggressively, of increasing realisation by clients that brains are not housed exclusively in big buildings."

**Etcetera** 

FEARS THAT there are vast libraries of illegal cassette-Pleasure of the week: a fifth re-reading of The Long Good-Bye. Halj way through, Philip Marlowe sets out a game of chess between Gortchakoff and Meninkin-" 72 moves to a draw chasing. ... a battle without armour, a war without blood, and as

The late Mr. Chandler must have hated chess.

claborate a waste of human

intelligence as you could find anywhere outside an advertising

#### Tone of voice

"Best of all," says Peter ROBIN WIGHT, doyen of Great the other evening, explaining on the box how the Wight, Rutherford. Collins, agency would tackle the £400.000 campaign with which Standard W25

launched this week. much a tone of voice thing, not just a content thing "-was loud and clear, as was his encapsulement of the background to the merger of the Standard and Evening News: "It's as though two corpses had sort of grabbed each other to stop the other one drowning."

chairman of Allen Brady and given that Linias, another Report) provided a thorough under which the new title is

> opposition, either editorially or for advertising, from commer the sense in which it could be described as a "monopoly" was a specialised one indeed.

According to John Stockley of MEAL, cinema, stores and cigarette advertising made up half the total display spend of the Standard and News together, and as much of it was duplicated, much would be "dispersed" or "saved." (Of the film spent last year by their top 100 advertisers, only £1m was spent exclusively in the News).

Bert Hardy, chief executive of the new paper and formerly Rupert Murdoch's right-hand man, said it was hoped the new title would take a bigger share of what's available. was too late to cut costs further. The answer lay in higher revenue and increased productivity.

#### Blank finding

recordings in UK homes may have been overstated, says NOP Market Research, quoting the results of a recent survey that investigated the pattern of blan! audio and video cassette pur-

"Over half the population (57 per cent) never buy blank audio cassettes," it says revealingly.
"Of the 41 per cent who do,
again more than half (51 per cent) had not bought a blank cassette within the last three months."

According to NOP. 15-to-24 year-olds are the most enthus lastic buyers of blank cassettes but their buying patter suggests that if they actually make pirate recordings, it possible they soon wipe th tapes clean—perhaps becaus to-day's music is "neithe to-day's music is memorable nor permanentl, collectable."

A new company. Distribution Economy, has been formed in London to help counter rising Even with the aid of a mail costs by undertaking to transcript, it is difficult to sort and dispatch individual fathom quite what he meant. Press releases to any journal in although the phrase — "Very the UK at a charge of 6p per release up to 250g in weight. Organiser Gordon Lambert, himself in PR, says he is totally disillusioned by the cynical disregard for customers exhibited by the Post Office." At 6p a release that may be bad news for the Post Office, but it's far worse for journalists.

# Why top businessmen like to club together It's an accepted fact that mixing with the right people is

the key to success. That is why executives the world over stay at the Portman Hotel, and treat it as their own This is hardly surprising, as the Portman goes out of its

way to look after the top business executive. What's more, it's comfortable, elegant and exclusive. Everything you'd expect if it was a private Club. Yet, being an Inter-Continental Hotel, the Portman combines a pleasant mixture of friendliness and efficient service.

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**PORTMAN** NTER CONTINENTAL HOTEL

unemployment rising and pessimists rubbing their hands. But mists rubbing their hands. But development does not necessarily

Development does not necessarily

Lipractice, the combination of profitable type of development inside and outside in the short term, is exploited to the full to the ful their development programmes mean 'blue sky' projects or major cost effectiveness has been Improved be doing? The situation is comdiversification." writes Peter plicated and varies by industry and company, but recent extensive research among a broad range of consumer goods manu- Kraushar. "In the current environ- ment regar • Development programmes are as large or larger than in ment it is more vital than ever to • Many companies have intenentative that profitable 'old product development'is exploited to the full." • Technical research and

Why the shutters are not going up

There is greater than ever considerations, it is clearly im- neurs can do to a company if interest in acquisitions and portant in psychological terms to have exciting opportunities to look forward to. What high flyer wants to work in an environment where the sole

effort. Some did so in the 1974
75 shump, but now there is a strong feeling that the same tin At the same time, there is much that companies can do strong feeling that short-term savings like that are out-weighed by the long-term need to identify development opportunities that will enable com-panies to grow.

they do not try to build their own empires or do all the work

Most companies have cut the number of development execu-tives enormously so as to save on overheads in an area where the work demand can fluctuate (and many are doing) to greatly, and it is clear that it reconcile long-term development needs with the short-term problems of operating in a development executives inside

ment work themselves is regarded as an indictment of their own expertise, a personal insult. The number of such

companies has shrunk dramati-cally, at least in packaged goods, and their record is arrely anything to write home about. Research at KAE shows that around half the UK packaged goods manufacturers, mostly the larger and more sophisticated ones, use specialist development consultancies, and this proportion will increase, for it is clear that in increasingly competitive and complex

proved repeatedly, although

where the suggestion that they need not handle all develop-

markets. at a time when all contestants anticipate continu-ally rising costs. many more prefer to turn to outside marketing consultancies specialising in different areas of their business.
Development does not neces-

sarily mean "blue-sky" pro-jects, very long-term invest-ment or major diversifications. recession. the company to orchestrate outment or major diversifications.

It is amazing what one or two side specialist services, thus In the current business ensenior and dynamic entrepresentations of the company to orchestrate outment or major diversifications.

In the current business ensentior and dynamic entrepresentations of the company to orchestrate outment or major diversifications.

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Improved pricing policies. cheaper formulations, the use of new distribution channels, introduction of new pack sizes, different packaging, a new positioning new developments in current markets-all these are areas that companies should be looking at in depth for short term action while persevering with the sort of long-term developments where they may wish to delay actually pressing are ways of limiting the risks.

Old product development, acquisitions and joint ventures
-these are likely to become the focal points in development in the next two or three years. The most successful companies, however, will also continue with in-ternal development and diversification, so that they are ready to seize longer-term opportunities the moment they are to

Peter Kraushar is chairman of KAE.

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# Saving the Strategy BY PETER RIDDELL

feels boxed in at present. Its Sir Geoffrny Howe. For all his acceleration and monetary policies have repeated emphasis on the comto far gone badly, and the main plexity of economic problems immediate options all seem to Imply an apparent change of policy. Yet all this is unnecessary and largely the fault of Mrs. Thatcher and her main advisers. The problem is that the - Government came to power 18 months ago with too many (conflicting) objectives, and since then policies have been prerented in too simplified and in-dexible a form.

#### Not compatible

First, the objectives. The Tory manifesto included pledges monetary growth. Other fac-about cutting the inflation rate, tors, such as public sector bor-reducing Government spending rowing, are, of course, very and borrowing (especially the "financial claims of nationalised industries), cutting personal Craxation, as well as increasing expenditure on guns and fruncheons. Appealing as this sounded to the typical Tory Voter—the man in the Finchley Maguar-the promises were probably not mutually compatible at the best of times, let alone in world of accelerating inflation nand oil pries shocks.

1979 Budget. The switch from ments. direct to indirect taxation un-doubtedly increased inflationary expectations at a stroke. The result in higher wage settlements is only now beginning to be reversed. Similarly, the desire to reduce nationalised industry borrowing and its glaims on central Government gone well beyond the climination of subsidies. Some industries have been required and above what they believe is commercially justified. The result has been that the goals have not been achieved. The not offect of the switch in taxeand over-ambitious spending targets has been a high and irregular level of public borrowine and manetary growth.

Secondly, the presentation of Changes in the level of taxapolicies. By all accounts Mrs. tion, particularly the basic rate Thatcher sees the economy in of income tax, would be more vivid colours. She and her suitable now. The danger of all advisers have talked of interlinked reductions in public main objective of lower inflaspending and borrowing almost tion will not be achieved; irrespective of the economic President-elect Reagan please circumstances. Curiously, this note.

THE GOVERNMENT obviously approach has been shared by Sir Geoffrey at times seems to present himself as a "simple Welsh lawyer" favouring inflexible solutions.

> The result has been an overcommitment to too many goals in the medium-term financial strategy. None of this was desired by the architects of the strategy, notably certain other Treasury Ministers and advisers and commentators such as the ondon Business School. Their view has been that what matters is the medium-term targets for a steadily declining rate of important but they should be regarded as secondary to the central targets.

The Red Book last March published projections for revenue, spending and borrowing consistent with strategy, but it was stressed that the course of borrowing was "not to be interpreted as a target patch." But, whatever the qualifications, the projections have often taken on the The classic example of the status of targets in some contradictions was in the June. Ministerial speeches and com-

#### Tax increase

Consequently, when Government accepts that some rise in public sector borrowing is inevitable because of the recession Ministers are accused of making a U-Turn. The strategy has certainly run into serious problems, but allowing cyclical rise in borrowing is perfectly compatible with the medium-term monetary objectives. Only a partial rise is likely to be allowed, and the result has peen a mad scramble for spending cuts which smacks of the worst excesses of Keynesian fine traing and undermines hopes of achieving the often desired stability of public spending.

# Arbitration awards undermined

ment meaningful under any should take place. circumstances?

and the other from the Swiss Federal Courti-make reliance ordering Libya to pay US\$80m York Convention of to the Libyan American Oil Company (LIAMCO) in compensation for confiscated oil

#### **Nationalised**

LIAMCO's petroleum concessions dated from 1955. The contracts concluded between the company and the Libyan State included an arbitration clause. In 1973-74 Libya nationalised agreeing to an arbitration clause did not amount to "confiscation classed LIAMCO's rights under the concession and its oil drilling equipment. Negotiations for the parties or the arbitrators repudiation of contractual

Khomeini's conditions for the clause. Libya argued that as a waiver of sovereign violations of international law. release of the hostages may well nationalisation superseded the immunity. However, the arbitramake all arbitration clauses in concessions altogether, wiping tion concerned an act of state, confirmation and enforcement agreements between Iranian and out the arbitration clause, and namely nationalisation, which a of the Geneva award was U.S. corporations meaningless. refused to nominate an arbitra-One might say these are exceptor or take part in the proceed-unless it falls under the Hickentional circumstances, but are ings. In the end an arbitrator looper Amendment to the American Arbitration Associational circumstances, out are was appointed by the President of the International Court of made in disputes between a Justice. He chose Geneva as company and a foreign govern- the place where arbitration

The arbitrator, Mr. Sobbi Two judgments-one from the Mahmassani, a Lebanese citizen, U.S. District Court of Columbia,\* rendered his award on April 12. 1977. It was a default award as Libya did not send a representative to defend its case. LLAMCO on such awards a very risky first tried to enforce the award business. Both judgments con- in the U.S. Both Switzerland cern the same arbitral award, and the U.S. adhere to the New requiring signatories to enforce arbitral awards made in another convention country and recognised under its law.

LIAMCO argued in the U.S. District Court of Columbia that immunity by agreeing to the arbitration clause. Judge John Lewis Smith Jr. said that, by

U.S. court may not question refused.

AN ACCEPTANCE by the compensation were unsuccessful, might agree, Libva consented to obligations and unwillingness United States of Ayatollah and LIAMCO initiated proceed- a potential holding of the arbitro offer compensation satisfyings under the arbitration tration in the U.S. Thus he saw ing the company were not compensation to the company were not com

LIAMCO appealed, and the

#### **BUSINESS AND THE COURTS**

BY A. H. HERMANN, Legal Correspondent

it concerns an act of state if the pro-arbitration bias the claim is for a title or other expressed by the Supreme right to property based on "a Courl.? "What is in issue," confiscation or other taking said the AAA, "is Libya's after January 1, 1959, by an act authority to revoke unilaterally

from oil concessions were not tion of contractual obligations more than 30 years ago. Such

Foreign Assistance Act of 1964, tion applied for leave to support That amendment provides the appeal as amicus curiac. It that, unless the President, for argued that the District Court foreign policy reasons, suggests judgment was not only contrary otherwise, U.S. courts must not to the New York Convention. decline to decide a case because but also in disagreement with Libya was not immune under of that state in violation of the a valid and irrevocable agree-the U.S. Foreign Sovereign principles of international law.

But, surprise! Judge the award were not enforced, Smith held that contract rights that might well signal a return immunity by agreeing to the to "judicial chauvinism" which property," and that repudia- courts were urged to shake off

OPERA & BALLET

While waiting for the U.S. appeal, LIAMCO suffered a major setback in Switzerland. Early last year it obtained from the Zurich District Court a garnishee order arresting the entire financial assets held for the Libyan State and its organisations by six banks in Zurich. This was accompanied by a payment order for SwFt 135m issued by the Zurich Debt Enforcement Office. appealed directly to the Swiss Federal Court. In a judgment of June 19, 1980 the court allowed the appeal and annulled both orders. The rulings made on this occasion make Switzerland a doubtful place for arbitration of similar disputes betwee acompanies and states, and certainly frustrate any hopes of enforcing any resulting awards against the debtor's

Swiss bank deposits. The court confirmed that sovereign states can be sued before Swiss courts for activities of a commercial nature, but only if these activities have a sufficient link with Swiss territory. The fact that the debtor's assets were in Switzer-land was not sufficient to create such a link, said the court. The a change of policy would be location of the arbitration unfortunate because of the U.S. tribunal in Switzerland might

tion in trade agreements with to the dispute. In the present COMECON countries and China. case the decision was left to the arbitrator, and that was not good enough.

On the positive side, the court said that a sufficient link would also exist if the disputed ubligation had been created in Switzerland or had to be performed there, or if the foreign state, as debtor, acted in a way capable of determining that its debt should be paid in Switzerland. None of these conditions was satisfied in the present appeal against the decision of the Swiss Federal Court, and it may well influence the result of the appeal in the U.S.

#### Rule of law

At a time when much trade is done with governments, such harsh treatment of arbitration awards seems to remove a substantial part of the world's trade, investment and finance from the rule of law. Or is it perhaps that the Western countries are afraid to enforce their rights against those who have oil? In any case it seems that debtors have no need to take hostages; no one wants to force them to pay.

\*Libyan American Oil Company v. Socialist People's Libya Arab Jama-hirya (482 F.Supp. 1175 (1980). † Parties visions for international arbitra- directly agreed by the parties (1974).

# Betting levy should yield £15m

THE HORSERACE Betting Levy Board's 19th annual re- advance payments in the finan- ever, regard it as satisfactor; port, covering the 12 months cial year, which was largely reending on March 31 of this year, shows that the 18th levy scheme spensible in preventing the spensible in the spensible in the spensible in the spensible in the spe is expected to yield about £15m. by the Board.

But any excess over the agreed target yield of £14.6m will be repaid to bookmakers who voluntarily made advance payments prior to formal assessment after the end of the

This reflects the fact that, to

#### RACING

BY DOMINIC WIGAN

current rather than the previous l year's turnover.

Some £9.2m was received in

Horserace Totalisator Board appropriate amending legisla-rose by just over £300,000 to tion be secured at the earliest about £850,000. Sir Desmond Plummer, the

Board's chairman, said:
"Changes in the basis of levy
assessment designed to minimise the scope for levy avoid. £im from the 1979 contribu ance, could have caused serious eash flow problems, requiring the Board to borrow at commercial rates in order to meet essential expenditure.

" My Board acknowledges the eliminate costly levy avoidance, bookmakers levy liability under advance of assessment which averted the need to borrow and enabled'the Board to meet its cash flow commitments.

All IBA Regions as London

except at the following times:-

ANGIJA

ATV

ATV
News, 3.45 The John Smith Show, 4.15
Windows, 4.25 The Fantastic Four,
4.50 Little House on the Prairie, 8.00.
ATV Today with ATV News, 5.05 Crossroads, 6.30 ATV Today, 7.00 Emmerdale
Farm, 8.00 The Bleck Abbota, 10.30
Fecus, 11.06 ATV News, 11.05 Thriller:
"Kiss, Kiss, Kill, Kill," sterring Michael
Jayatan and Helan Mirran, 12.30 am
Superstar Profile.

PAOD DEEP

BORDER

1.20 pm Border News, 3.45 The John Smith Show, 5.15 University Challenge, 6.00 Looksrourd Thursday, 6.35 Cross-roads, 7.00 Emmedels Farm, 8.00 The Bisck Abbots, 10.30 Soap, 11.00 SWAT.

GRAMPIAN

GRAMPIAN

9.25 am First Thing, 12.30 pm The
Riordans, 1.20 North News, 3.45 The
John Smith Show, 4.15 Children's
Matheas: The Lone, Ranger and the
Lost City of Gold '5.40 Police News,
6.00 North Yonight, 6.35 Crossroads,
7.00 Andr's Parry, 8.00 The Black
Abbats, 10.30 Reflections, 10.35 Scap,
11.05 Thriller: "Murder in Mind."
12.30 am North Headlings,
CIP ANATA

**GRANADA** 

HTV

12.00 Border News Summery.

"The Board does not, how costly commercial borrowing. The contribution from the and considers it essential that opportunity. "

Although the latest annual report shows that prize money allocation for 1980 rose to over £10m with an increase of nearly tion, the allocation to Racecourse Security Services and Racecourse Technical Services proved a heavy financial burden at an outlay of nearly £21m.

STOCKTON 1.45-Scottish Law\*\* 2.15-Summer Path 2.45—Camisite\*\*\* 3.15-Moment's Pleasure\*

HTV CYMRU/WALES-As HTV We NTV CYMRU/WALES—As HIV West except— 9.30-9.45 am About Viales 9.52-10.07 Mwy Neu Lai. 12.00-12.10 pm Owain A'r Olion 4.15 Wortel Gum-midge. 4.45-5.05 Sör 5.10-5.20 Certoon 6.00 Y Dydd. 6.15 Report Wales. 6.30-7.00 Sports Arana. 11.05 Musical

## SCOTTISH

A N(f) I A
Norwich, Wymondham, Artieborough,
North Welsham and Cromeri 12.30 pm
The Riordans 1.20 Anglia Naws. 3.45
The John Fmith Show, 4.15 Mambir
4.20 Pmiact UFO, 5.15 The Brady Bunch
6.00 About Anglia, 6.20 Arens, 7.00
Bygenet, 8.00 The Black Abbots, 10.30
Folio, 11.00 Have Grils, Will Travel,
12.00 The George Hamilton IV Show 12.30 pm The Riordans 1.20 News Headlines and Road and Weather Report. 3.45 Sally and Jake 3.56 The Report. 3.45 Sally and Jake 3.56 Inte Advantures of Black Beauty. 4.25 Little House on the Prairie. 5.20 Crossroads. 6.00 Scotland Today. 6.20 Action Line. 5.30 Cambit 7.00 Take the High Road. 8.00 The Black Abbots. 10.30 Superstar Profile, 11.00 Who's World . ?-report on this week's "Programme For Survival" Conference, 12.00 Late Call. 12.05 am The Odd Couple.

SOUTHERN 12.30 pm The Riordans, 1.20 Southern News, 3.45 The John Smith Show, 4.15 News, 3.45 Ine John Smith Show, 4.15 Salvage—1, 5.10 Cartoon Time, 5.20 Crossroads, 6.00 Day by Day, 5.30 University Chellenge, 7.00 Emmerdale Ferm, 8.00 The Black Abbots, 10.35 People Rule) 17.05 Paul Anka: Music My Way.

TYNE TEES 9.20 am The Good Word. 9.25 North Eest News. 1.20 North Eest News and Looksround 3.45 Cartoon Time. 4.15 Fanglace. 4.45 Chips. 6.00 North East Pangiace. 4.49 Chips. 8.00 North East. News. 6.02 Croasroads. 6.25 Northern Life. 7.00 Emmerdale Farm. 8.00 The Black Abbots. 10.30 North East News. 10.32 Northern Scene. 11.00 Come in. If You Can Get In. 11.30 Scap. 12.00 Portraits of Power. 12.30 am Do It Like.

Counterpoint. 11.15 Scap. 11.45 Bed-

WESTWARD

12.30 pm The Riordans. 1.20 Westward News Headlines. 3.45 The John
Smith Show. 4.15 Gus Honeybun's
Birthdeys. 4.18 Sulvage—1. 6.00 Westward Diary. 6.35 Crosproads 7.00 Westward Report. 8.00 The Black Abbots.
10.32 Westward Lets News, 10.36 Soap
11.05 Politics West 11.20 Bress in
Concert. 12.05 am Preview. 12.30 Faith
For Life. 12.35 West Country Westher
and Shipping Forecast.

YORKSHIRE
12.30 pm The Biordans, 1.20 Calendar
News. 3.45 Helfo, Good Afternoon,
Welcome. 4.15 The Adventures of Black

# noon Theatre (s). 3.50 Fritz Spiegf's Musical Alphabat. 4.05 Bookshelf. 4.35 Stores of Guy de Mauorasant. 5.00 PM. News magazine. 5.50 Shipping Iorecast. 5.55 Westher; programme news. 6.00 News. 6.30 Any Answers? 5.55 It's a Bargain. 7.00 News. 7.05 The Archers. 7.20 Time for Verse. 7.30 Kalendoscope. 7.45 Royal Liversool Philharmonic Orchester. 90th 1.00 Conf.

5.00 am As Radio 2. 6.30 Rush Hour 10.03 The Hobbie Vincent Telephone Programme. 1.03 pm London Live. 4.30 London News Desk 5.35 Music on the Move. 7.03 Black Londoners. 8.00 Question Time from the House of Commons. 9.00-5.00 am Join Radio 2.

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1.20 pm Lunchtime. 3.45 The John Smith Show. 4.13 Ulster News. 5.15 Cartoon Time. 5.20 Crossroads. 6.00 Good Evening Ulster. 6.50 Police Six. 7.00 Emmerdals Farm. 8.00 The Black Abbots. 10.29 Ulster Weather. 10.30 Countercoirs. 11.15 Soan. 11.45 Red.

WESTWARD

welcome. 4.45 Little House on the Práirie. 6.00 Calendar (Emley Moor and Belmont editions). 6.35 Crossroads, 7.00 Emmerdale Farm. 8.00 The Black Abbots. 10.30 Country Calendar, 11.00 Kaz.

ADELPHI, CC. 01-836 7611. Evs at 7.30.
5a: 4.00. 7 45. Mals. Thurr. at 3.00.
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6.30 and 9.00. JOE ORTON'S LOOT, CRITERION, 01-9\*0 3216, CC 379 6565 Group Bkps. 836 3962 cr 379 6061 Evg 8.00. Fri. and Sat. 6.00. 8.45. Robin Rsy. Jonathan Adams. Martin Confor, Tricla George in TOMFOOLERY the Words and music and lyrics of TOM LEHRER. KEMPINSKI.

PONTUNE. 01-836 2238. Evenings
8.00. Sat. 5.0 & 8.0. EDWARD DUKE
in JEEVES TAKES CHARGE by P. G
WODEHOUSE

GARRIER. S CC. 01-836 4501. Even.
GO FRIGS 6 Saturder 5.30 & 8.30.
Group Bookings 0.759 5030 & 8.30.
Group Bookings 0.759 5031. WILLIAM
FRANKLYN IN DEATHTRAP. GLOBE, S. CC. D1-437 1592. D1-439 5770 Evrs. B.O. Sat. B.O. & 8.45. Group Siles Bry Office u1-379 5061. MINGE & BRACKETT AY THE GLOBE. FOR A LIMITED SEASON ONLY. GREENWICH THEATRE, S. CC. 858 7755. Opens Tonight 7.0. Sub evps 8.0. Mat Sats 2.30. ALL TOGETHER NOW. A now play by PETER BUCKMAN. HAYMARKET. Theatre Royal. 01-930
9832. Eves. 7.45. Wed. 2.30. Sat. 4.30
3nd. 8.00. LEONARD ROSSITER
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Group Sies 01-378 5061. THE STREETS
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KING'S HEAD. 226 1916. Dnr 7 Show 8.
GOOD FUN by Victoria Wood.
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S.00. Wed. 3.00 5818. 5.30 and 8.30
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CLASSIC 1. 2. 5. Haymarket (Piccadily Circus Tupel) 61-639 1527 1: Walt Disney's SNOW WHITE & THE SEVEN DWARFS (U). Progs. 12:20 2:49 2.128-2. CLASSIC 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, Oxford St. (01.636 6310? (opp. Tottenham Ct. Rg. 1ube). 3:30 5:55 8:40 YOU'RE ALONE (X). 4: HE KNOWS YOU'RE ALONE (X). Proct. 1.70 3:20 5:30 7:30. 5: AIRPLANE! (A). Progt. 1.00 3:00. 5: 00, 7:00 9:00. CLASSIC, Lencester Square. 01-930 6915 CRUISING (X). 1.45 (not Sur). 5.20 8.95, EVICTORS (X). 3.30, 7.05. ODEON HAYMARKET (330 2738-277).
Roy Scheider in a Bob Forse sim ALL
THAT JAZZ (2), Sep. Progs. dly. 1.30.
Ing Sun.) 440 8.00. Late night show
Fri. 8 Sat. 11.20.
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starts 1.45. S.00. B.15. Late shows Fr
& Sat 11.15 pm. Prog starts 11.45. ODEON MARBLE ARCH W2 (723 2011-2)
DRESSED TO KILL (K), Sep. proos. Oropen div. 1.15. 6 15. 7.30. Late. Night
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EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

# TV/Radio

DBC 1

\* Indicates programmes in black and white 9.00 am For Schools, Colleges.

tures of Morph.

At Onc. 1.45 Mr. Benn. 2.00 You And Mc. 2.15 For Schools, Colleges. 3.53 Regional News for England (except London). 3.55
Play School. 4.20 Mighty Mouse.
4.25 Jackanory with Spike Milligan. 4.40 Heidi. 5.00 John
Craven's Newsround. 5.05 Blue Peter. 5.35 The Amuzing Adven-

0,20 Nationwide.

as follows:

for Wales Scotland - 10.10 - 10.30 and

Come Dancing, 12.30 am News and Weather for Scotland.

10.20 Question Time with Robin Day.

11.30-11.50 am For Schools. 12.40-12.45 pm The Scottish News. 2.40-3.00 For Schools. 5.55-6.20 Reporting Scotland. 8.30-9.00 Current Account. 11.50

Northern Ireland—11.30-11.50 am For Schools (Ulster in Focus). 3.53-3.55 pm Northern Ireland News. 5.55-6.20 Scene

5.55 Nationwide (London and 1.35 Tomorrow's World. 7,20 Tap of the Paps. 7.55 Blankety Blank.

1 Scarcity right in the end (6) 4 Drawing start of early truth from relic (8) Put soldiers in attack (6)

fungus (8) 12 Fussy person could be the wife (3. 5) 13 Potato and rodent in pie (6) 15 Coarse grass put back for

animal (4) 16 Circuitous island in the way 19 South American boy with

best dressing (5, 5) 20 Check the way to work (4) 23 Crepc I designed from 24 Cunning vessel (5) formula (6)

25 Saturate with wave, end of tide took in (8) 27 Fruit around a can in valuable metal (S) 28 Screen a puzzle (6)

29 Stretcher without nurse (8)

30 Narrow silk ribbon to search

out persistently (6) DOWN

1 Record or note in cacophony

2 What the poker player hopes for very much (1, 4, 4) 3 Hybrid par, not another 5 Ringleader not in rabble (4)

11.20 Men of the Year. 11.50 News Headlines.

Flenestri. 5.55-6.20 Wales Today. 6.55-7.20 Heddiw. 11.50 News Headlines: News and Weather

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 4.419

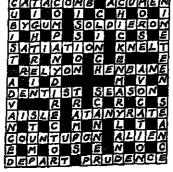
6 Heavenly eastern article with genuine following (8)

7 Concerning a fight (5) 8 Storm involving initially excitable politician in trial (7) 11 Stonework displaying Mary IO Place for rubbish and holding child (7) 14 Promised to be busy (7)

17 Foreigner dismissed new arrival (9) 18 Notice choice take-over (8) 19 A small weight could be a moral difficulty (7) 21 Stop in front of opening (7)

22 Large industrial organisation with member in Ireland

26 Goddess to study in silence (4)Solution to Puzzle No. 4,418 CATACOMB ACUMEN



8.30 Rings on their Fingers. 6.55-7.20 Sportsweeks. 11.54 Festival Notebook (18th Belfast Festival). 12.15 am News and Weather for Northern Ireland.

England-3.55-6.20 pm All Regions as BBC 1 except (Leeds, Newcastle): I and North West (Manchestor): Mirlande BBC Cymru/Wales — 10.10- Today (Birstoi); South Today
10.35 am I Ysgolion. 2.15-2.35 pm West (Bristoi); South Today (Southamoton); Spotlight South West (Plymouth).

> BBC 2 11.00 am Play School (As BBC 1 3.55 pm). 1 3.30 pm).
> 4.50-5.15 pm Open University.
> 75.40 Harold Lloyd in "Dr.
> Jack" and in "Never
> Touched Me."

6.00 Grange Hill. 6.25 Cartoon Two. News Summary with subtitles for the hard-of-

6.35 Starring Deris Day: Young At Heart," with Frank Sinatra. CHANNEL

12.30 pm The Biordans. 1.20 Channel
Lunchtime News, What's On Where and
Westher. 3.45 The John Smith Show.
4.18 Salvage—1. 6.00 Channel Report.
6.35 Crossroads. 7.00 The Monkees.
8.00 The Bisck Abbots. 10.28 Channel
Late News. 10.36 Soub. 11.05 Medieval
Jausting. 11.20 Bress in Concert.
12.05 am Preview, 12.30 News and
Westher in French. 30 Russell Harty. 9.00 Great Railway Journeys of the World.

10.00 Oscar Peterson-Words and Music with Elia Fitzgerald. 10.45 Newsnight.

LONDON 9.30 am Schools Programmes. 12.00 Little Blue. 12.10 pm Stepping Stones. 12.30 The Sullivans. 1.00 News plus FT Index. 1.20 Thames News. 1.30 For Maddie with Love 2.00 After Noon Plus. 2.45 House of Caradus. 3.45 Life

Begins at Forty. 4.15 Little House on the Prairie 5.15 Gambit. 5.45 News. 6.00 Thames News. 6.25 Help! 6.35 Battlestar Galactica.

7.30 He Glamour Girls. 8.00 Benny Hill. 8.30 TV Eye. 9.00 Minder. 10.00 News 10.30 Thames Report. 11.00 Lou Grant.

12.30 pm The Riordans. 1.20 Granada Reports. 3.45 The John Smith Show. 5.15 University Challenge 6.00 Granada Reports. 6.25 This is Your Right. 6.30 Crossroads. 7.00 Emmerdale Farm. 8.00 The Black Abbots. 10.30 Celebration Special. 11.30 What The Papers Say. 11.45 Black. 12.00 What The Papers Say. 12.15 am Close: "Sit Up And Listen," with Edward Heath.

12.30 pm The Riordens. 1.20 HTV News. 4.15 Sálvage—1. 5.10 pm Jobline Newsdask. 5.20 Crossroads. 8.00 Report West. 8.30 Barney Miller. 7.00 Emmer-dale Farm. 8.00 The Black Abbots. 10.28 HTV News. 10.35 Our Little Yown. 11.05 pm Heve Girls Will Travel.

BBC Radio London 1458kHz, 206m & 94.9vhi Radio Wavelengths 1053kHz/286m 1089kHz/276m 1215kHz/247m Capital Radio: 1548kHz, 194m & 95.8vht & 90-92.5vhf stereo 200kHz/1500m London Broadcasting: 1151kHz, 261m & 97.3vhf

. & \$2-85vhf

RADIO 1 (s) Stereophonic broadcest ‡ Medlum Wave 5.00 am As Radio 2.7.00 bave Lee Travis, 9.32 Andy Peebles, 12.30 pm Newsbat, 12.45 Peul Burnett from the Roadshow studio, 2.32 Simon Bates out and about in the radio car, 4.22 Peter

909kHz/330m \$8-\$1vhi stereo

RADIO 2 5,00 am News Summary. 5.00 Ray Moore (a), 7.42 Ferry Wogen (s), 10.03 Susannah Sumons (s). 12.03 am David Hamilton (s). 2.03 Ed Stewart's Request Hamilton (3), 203 to Stewart 3 request Show (5), 4.03 Much More Music with David Symonds (a), 8.03 John Dunn (5), 8.02 Country Club (s), 9.02 Alam Dell (s), 9.55 Sports Desk, 10.02 The Nèws Huddlines with Roy Hudd, 19.30 Ster Sound Extra, 11.02 Brian Mathéw with Round Midnight, including 12.00 Mante 2.03.5 M am You And the Night News 2.62-5.00 am You and the Night

8.55 am Westher. 7.60 News. 7.06 Overture (a), 8.00 News. 8.05 Morning Concert (s), 9.00 News. 9.05 This Week's Composer: Télémenn (s), 9.46 Schumhan Song Récital (a) including 10.35-10.40 Interval Reading. 11.25

RADIO 3

Baurnemouth Symphony Orchestra Concert, part 1 (s) 12.15 pm Interval Reading, 12.20 Concert, part 2. 1.00 Naws, 1.05 Bristol Lunchtime Concert (s), 2.00 "Les Abencereges" or "The Standard of Granada," (a) opera by Cherubini, in 3 Acts. Act 1.3.00 Interval Reading, 3.10" Les Abancarages." Acts 2 and 3. 4.20 Contemporary New Zealand Composers (5). 4.55 News. Zeatand Composers (1): 4.56 News. 5.00 Mainly for Pleasure (s). 7.00 Talking About Masic (s). 7.30 Lydia Artymiw, Piano (s). 7.45 As Radio 4. 9.45 Wards (talk by Russell Davies). 10.00 "Heart to Heart." play by James Robson (s). 11.00 News. 11.06-11.15 The Comedy Harmonists. Mike Read. 10.02-12.00 John Peel (s).

RADIO 4 RADIO 4
6.00 am News Briefing. 8.10 Farming Today. 8.25 Shipping forscast. 6.30 Today. 8.35 Yesterday in Parliament. 9.00 News. 8.05 Richard Stilgae's Bonfirs Traffic Jam Show. 9.30 The Living World. 19.00 News. 10.02 Nat a Panny More. Not a Panny Less by Jeffrey Archer, 10.30 Daily Service. 10.45 Story Time. 11.00 News. 11.05 File on 4, 11.50 Enquire Within. 12.00 News. 12.02 pm You and Yours. 12.27 Top of the Form. 12.55 Weather; programme news. 1.00 The World at One. 1.40 The Archers. 1.55 Shipping forecast. 2.00 News. 2.02 Woman's Hour. 3.00 News. 3.02 After-

Philharmonic Orchestra, Pert 1, Revel (\$) 8.30 Forked Tondues 8.50 Royal Liverpool Philharmonic Orchestre, Part 2. Rimsky Korsabov (s). 9.45 Just the Joh. 8.69 Westher 10.00 The World Tonight. 11.00 A Book at Bedtime. 11.15 The Financial World Tonight. 11.30 Today in Parliament. 12.00 News. **BBC** Radio London

London Broadcasting 5.00 AM—Beb Holneys and Douglas
Cameron. 10.00 Jenny Lacy. Andrew
Stenway, discusses problems couples
face when unable to have children.
12.00 LBC Reports. 8.00 pm Alter Eight.
9.00 Mike Dickin—Nightline. includes
Motoring spot. 12 00 LBC Reports Midnight, 1.00 am Carol Allen—Night Extra.
4.00 The London Interview. 5.00 Morning
Music. Capital Radio

6.00 Mike Smith's Breakfast Show (s). 9.00 Michael Aspel (s). 12.00 Graham Dens (s). 3.00 pm Roger Scott (s). 7.00 London Tonight with Bryan Wolfe (s). 9.00 Nicky Horne (s), 11.00 Tony Myatt's Late Show (s). 2.00 am Richard Affinson's Night Flight (s).

(BLOCK CAPITALS PLEASE) Name Position Company Address Telex: Cut out and send to: Len Pearce, Subscription Manager, Financial Times. Minster House, Arthur Street, London EC4R 9AX. Telephone: 01-623 1211 Telex: 8814734 **FINANCIAL TIMES** 

#### THE ARTS

**Royal Shakespeare Theatre** 

# Richard III

by B. A. YOUNG

from Richard II. We now have cordant. a plain black stage against a a plant black stage against a black cyclorama, and Richard's with Lady Anne (Sinead court dressed all in black. Yet Cusack), who throws off her there is no lack of vividness, black gown at the moment of for Terry Hands's production her submission to reveal a warm depends on always making the red dress beneath. Richard's mood of the moment clearly

The scenes with the Lord Mayor of London, for example, are played for broad comedy. They take place at a fairground; and when Richard is discovered with his prayer-book, he is unveiled in a little nook, clutching a six-foot cross and accompanied by Radcliffe and Lovell disguised as priests. Radcliffe and Lovell chase Hastings around the stage sticking their daggers in his back as if they were picadors in a bull-ring Richard will sit on the plinth of this throne to voice an unworthy out of sight, bandages cover his thought—"I wish the bastards suppurating arms. Richard dead "—or stand on the seat to dead "—or stand on the seat to voice an ambitious one. When he asks "Is the chair empty?" his self-possession even as he at the new that Richmond has come to claim the throne, the light on the throne shines more brightly. Farrah is again the brightly. Farrah is again the designer, and the ingenious rather than a fighting collighting plot, that uses light from the wings far more than more conscience-stricken of usual, and from in front far less. and makes clever use of himself some harmless liberties brightly-lit areas on a dark with the words: but Mr. Hands, stage, is Mr. Hands's own.

lame in his left leg, and this three Queens (Barbara Leighmakes him hop when he is in a furty. There is nothing in his playing to gratify the Richard the Third Society with Hunt, Judith Harte, Domini The battle of Bosworth is a villain-king blythe) spoil the antiphony of characteristic Terry Hands Howard is their trio a little by reciting battle, such as we saw in Henry Hyde must Richard the Third Society with passages in unison; so do the VI, with only the principals Prince Hal.

The Royal Shakespeare Com- their belief in the King's pany (sponsored this time by honourable character; he is evil Barclays Bank) has again laid from the moment when, framed out all its treasures - Alan in a spotlight against the black Howard, Richard Pasco, David stage, he glories in the end of Suchet, Derek Godfrey, Barbara the winter of discontent. If a Leigh-Hunt, Joe Melia — but fanfare greets his formal Richard III is quite different appearance, it is hideously dis-

> worst misdoings he commits with hardly a frown, as if they were his rights. One of Mr Hands's most telling touches is to have him call a little boy to fetch Tyrrell to be briefed about the murder of the princes.

The dying Edward IV is given a spectacularly gruesome performance by David Suchet (whom yesterday, my mind perhaps wandering to television news, I miscalled John. for which I am sorry). His face is haggard, his eyes sunk almost is tall and noble, never losing Buckingham, quiet, polite and bandsome, is played by Derek Clarence's murderers, allows himself some harmless liberties though he uses an unusually Alan Howard is a good-look-ing Richard, though severely always true to the page. The



Sineod Cusack and Alan Howard

in her rough patchwork dress, she pronounces doom on all who have worked against her

spirits that visit Richard at competing. I found it rather Bosworth. Miss Leigh-Hunt is tame this time. Richmond, wonderfully chilling earlier as, quite splendidly played by Jonathan Hyde, is sumptuously dressed in red and gold the black-hung heavens will give The battle of Bosworth is a villain-king is gone. When Mr. characteristic Terry Hands Howard is playing Lear, Mr. Hyde must surely be the next

# Makarova in New York

by CLEMENT CRISP

divinity, and with a corps de the inspirational force and someballet of 20 young, promising thing of the naivete of means we but inexperienced dancers, associate with Isadora Duncan mostly from the School of American Ballet. The element For Makarova and Dowell the of daring in seeking to create programme included two a coherent ensemble is obvious; extended duets. Béjart's Sonata and here is where the idealism No. 5 was made in 1970 for announced that one of her aims was shape these apprentices in classical items according to the Leningrad traditions of which than an inspiration for dancing. she is so illustrious an

grand machines and repertory works in which Makarova and Anthony Dowell, and the visiting stars - Elisabetta Terabust. Cynthia Gregory, Karen Kain, Fernando Bujones, Peter Schaufuss and Denys Ganio ave hitherto been seen. Hence novelties, which comprised very very French. Dowell next Lorca Massine's Vendetta has a solo, no less quirky and (which I did not see, but of full of merry wiles; finally, the whose Carry on Gypsy manner pair unite in the last movement. fascinating Studies by the generated by these two
Estonian choreographer Maya
Murdma, Béjart's Sonata the whole of Broadway.
Number 5; Barry Moreland's - Any choreography which, as new Ondine, and two classic at the end of the first move-show - pieces: Balanchine's ment, shows Makarova in Raymonda pas de dix and Makarova's revival of the

Paquita Grand Pas. saw four performances during the latter part of the season. Each programme began the Murdma Studies danced by Cynthia Gregory and six girls Murdma's choreo-graphy is unknown outside the Soviet bloc, but on the evidence of these six dances to Chopin piano music, she is not just a purveyor of received ideas and movement platitudes, but someone to whom music speaks and whom Chopin inspires a cere if unsophisticated sincere

The opening nocturne is for

and Company extensions of limbs. Gregory is which has just ended a month's not an ideal exponent of balletic season in New York is an adagio (the piece cries out for idealistic and only partially Makarova) and she was much successful enterprise. It has happier in the dionysiac allegro been formed as a chamber manner of a later prelude. The ballet troupe to give occasional girls eddied and yearned and seasons. It opened, cold, on one could sense the immediacy Broadway, with a constellation of Murdma's feeling for the of stars surrounding its titular music: these dances have both

For Makarova and Dowell the evident, for Makarova Suzanne Farrell and Jorge Donn, and uses Bach's fifth since what Béjart does to the score is pretty despicable. But The idea has also been to the piece is so sublimely danced show a different fare from those that Makarova and Dowell quite transcend the brutalisms and rampant cuteness of the choreo-

graphy.

The opening movement is a sculptural adagio; there follows a solo for Makarova in which she seems a young nymph flirt-ing with the dance and her own collection of choreographic delicious femininity—it is all Vendetia has a solo, no less quirky and heard no good report), a and the voltage of pleasure

> ment, shows Makarova in beauty, is to be enjoyed.

Barry Moreland's specially created Ouding tells of a fisherman finding a sea-sprite at the water's edge, being fascinated by her, and joining her under the waves. It is set to Ravel's Gaspar de la Nuit (very well played, as was the Chopin music, by Andrew Litton) but though Ondine, the first number in the suite, makes a fine solo for Makarova, the use of Le Gibet and Scarbo is less convincing as a variation for Dowell and an accompaniment for the final crisis of the action Gregory alone, a taxing exercise when a wave engulfs the pair, in adagio, calling for exquisite Reuben Ter Arutunian has articulation, long sustained made a clever use of billowing poses, the choreography seeming silk to swamp the couple; rova has staged according to thus not detract to muse about steps and the Makarova seems born of the sea the Kirov text, including the ness of its stars.



(what an Ondine she would celebrated pas de trois.

make in the Ashton version), but Dowell's role is inconclusive, and the choreography reaches no real dynamic climax. Makarova only other role -

she was recovering from an injury which prevented her scheduled appearances in Paquita — was in Balanchine's arabesque in Dowell's arms as Paquita — was in Balanchine's the light fades, leaving us with a post retinal image of radiant a series of variations adapted and rechoreographed from the last act of that dear and wildly improbable old ballet. Makarova and Peter Schaufuss were seen splendid form.

In the cimbalon solo Makarova combined grandeur with the delicate nuances of Hungarian folk-attitudes—a demonstration that, even within the Petipa canon, there are many subtle differences; in the adagio with

offered him no other artistic opportunities, produced some as also in Paquita which Maka-

Paquira, though, has to have ballerines for all its variations -nothing less will really do. The young soloists did rather better that might have been expected.

a gallant expone. role, and an even mo. allant partner to the appealing to at of Nancy Raffa who, at the age of 16, was entrusted with the ballerina's pyrotechnics, and unabashed difficulties.

But Paquita highlights the problems that still remain for Makarora and Company. As an occasional" rather than permanent enterprise attendant upon a great dancer and her stellar guests, the provide both a proper sett It was text-book dancing.

Schauruss, in fine technical form though the repertory offered him no other animal form the state of the sta effort will be needed to prod the level of soloists capable of glittering bravura dancing here, making real sense of Paquita's, variations (or Raumonda's) and thus not detract from the great-

# Falstaff at Eastbourne

by MAX LOPPERT

The third of the Kent Opera original and often admirably line implies. This was the Ford Italianate timbres the lovers of Verdi productions by Jonathan unhackneyed view of stage of Jonathan Summers, a touch Meryl Drower and Neil Mackie Miller is being shown at Eastbourne this week (it began life
last week, at Tunbridge Wells).

While Falstaff thrives on the
closely meshed ensemble playing always aimed at by the
company, and while the must or

mated cartoon figures; and of
the one one or eliant on glowering intensity but splendidly muscular in
the monologue. But Janice
cart Alice, without "the devil
in her "as Verdi required from responded to the work in the
all his Alices, is clear and
quietly appreciative way that the
engaging; despite their unhest of this production merits. and the comedy sound most at its best, the performance fulfils ease in the small-to-medium the comedy of character that is sized theatres that provide most among the work's highest deof its touring sojourns, the lights. This becomes, of course, opera remains a searching test a possibility when the work is of Kent Opera resources. Enough was already "right" about Tuesday's performance to

duction is easily its least dis-tinguished, a flaw emphasised by the disadvantages of the ongress Theatre stage. Bernard Culshaw's simple sets, service-able and unbeautiful in about equal measure, were here enclosed in a frame of visible especially) as though the per-formance were taking place in

larger than Kent Opera's) have schooled the practised opera-goer not to expect visual distinction therein, or even an especially secure co-ordination

Miller is being shown at East- behaviour. This must be one given in an English translation (a new one, full of imaginative formulations occasionally dis that should convey its Michael Irwin). The feeling originality even more clearly of a Covent Garden Falstaff, the later on in the autumn tour.

The visual side of the phored in Anglo-Italian to a largely uncomprehending audience, is light years away.

It should be said that the life-giving dramatic vitality often caught by even the most vulgar productions of the opera seemed on Tuesday a little muted. This had something to do with Thomas Hemsley in the title role —an intelligent (as ever with stage lights intruding remorse-lessly on every scene—it seemed —an intelligent (as ever with at times (in Windsor Park, this singer), freshly thought-out and most musical interpretation so far lacking in earthy vigour a television studio, an "aliena-tion" effect surely unintended by designer and producer. Mr. Hemsley began to suggest Beyond this there are, happily, that earthiness is not so far no scenic "inventions" to beyond his capacities as earlier interfere with the natural unit appeared to be). And much, folding of the opera; the I felt, to do with the undersuggestion of apiarist activities powered conducting of Roger in the background to Act 1 Norrington. Almost as though in the background to Act 1 Norrington. Almost as unusual scene 2 is curious rather than the hard-driving ambitions of the Kent Opera Rigoletto and the hard heen consciously By now, in any case, a suffi-cient number of Miller opera revoked, the music was often productions (some on budgets allowed to lose buoyancy, and, for all the quicksilver clarity of an expert small orchestra, rhythms sagged in un-Verdian

languor. Only one member of the cast

of the stage picture when busily combines the quick focus of an peopled, but rather to look to ensemble player with the the smaller groupings for an properly robust Verdi voice the

Wigmore Hall

# John Foulds

by DAVID MURRAY

sionism.

Foulds was a close contemparison with Bridge's powerporary of Frank Bridge. His music has fallen into more comprehensive neglect than Pictures (Meriel Dickinson in Bridge's, for even his un unsteady voice) consisted of ambitious Edwardian pieces little more than aimospheric have been forgotten. In the doodles undirected Impresearly 1920s he was briefly known for a "huge" World Requiem, and composed a good deal of theatre-music (notably studious, bumpy performances for the original production of Shaw's Saint Joan). He experi-mented with non-Western modes, and pursued his interest in exotic music as far as India, where he spent the last four.

years of his life. Tuesday's Wigmore concert marked a stage in a project of rehabilitation. We heard songs, chamber and piano music composed between 1905 and 1932. What it all suggested was not so much an individual development as a conspectus of fashionble trends of the time-up to Fould's Quartetto Intimo of 1932, a work on quite another level of ingenuity. The early thoroughly attractive, and for Cello Sonata (suavely played all its eccentric variety far more by Moray Welsh) was conventionally well-made, enterprising thing else we heard. If there is in a few local details—some other late Foulds music of this

fully original sonata was irresistible. A 1917 song-cycle Moodundirected Impresdoodles,

of three naively modal piano Essays and a larger tone poem called "April-England." Despite the rushes of piano figuration, the Essays seemed thin and sketchy; the thumping "April-England" may sound better in its later orchestral guise. But the Quartetto Intimo, with its panoply of quirky effects crisply rendered by the Endellion Quartet, proved to be sprightly, pointed and tantalisingly unpredictable-at last a unique personality emerged not just in passing gestures, but in the whole bright-eyed construction. Not a momentous work, but thoroughly attractive, and for purposefully made than anything else we heard. If there is perhaps added by the composer order, it will be worth dis-

of Jonathan Summers, a touch Meryl Drower and Neil Mackie too reliant on glowering intensity but splendidly muscular in Jenkins, formerly a Fenton, is

# This Jockey Drives Late Nights

by MICHAEL COVENEY

not very satisfactory results, to its source, Tolstoy's The Power of Darkness. The peasurt labourer Nikita becomes Nick Mather, a womanising mechanic in a taxi-cab business whose (with pills instead of poison). Nick marries the widow, becomes a drunken sot and impregnates his step-daughter. On the eve of her marriage, he is cajoled by the older women into burying the infant alive under a flagstone in the cellar. He describes—and if Mr. Livings says it once he says it ad nauseam—the squeich of the baby's bones as he stood on he spills the beans and the stage

Henry Living's gruesome Province in 1880. Today we Manchester fable adheres, with have the bizarre sight on the have the bizarre sight on the television news of a West Yorkshire couple claiming they gave away their children while the police dig up their garden. Mr. Livings is not trying to score contemporary pointsimpending marriage threaters the play was written some years his relationship with the boss's ago. But his experiment of mixing inconsequential every laborates with Annie Peters to day speech with the appalling hasten the old boy's demise tale does not succeed. Things are not helped by a feeble production and bad design.

Only Marjorie Yates as Annie have bridge the desired gap in the play's two tones of voice. Margery Mason has her moments as the twittering serpent and David Roper catches the outrageous chauvinism of Nick without making you care in the slightest the flagstones. When the wed-ding feast comes round again are a few jolly songs by Peter he spills the beans and the stage Bond, sung by himself, Maggie Holland and Brian Protheroe. Tolstoy based his story on a But they further confuse the reported incident in the Tula thrust of the evening.

# Romney drawings

by BRIONY LLEWELLYN

he charged less for his portraits.

ful pictures for Boydell's Shake-

sketchbooks,

innumerable

No description of the sophisti-cated London society of the Bible, Tasso or Milton—an later eighteenth century would indication of the range of his be complete without a portrait reading. They reveal too his by Reynolds, Gainsborough or knowledge of antique sculpture Romney. They have formed our and of Italian Renaissance art image of the age, bringing to which he had studied in detail life its statemen, aristocrats, during his two years in Rome in "belles dames." Yet none of the graceful curves of A roman these painters considered portrait painting to be his true a glode with two small children vocation. George Romney (1734-1802), now less well-known than Michelangelo the explosive his famous contemporaries, was power of the Paradise Lost

as popular as they and, although illustrations. he charged less for his portraits. More importantly they are earned about £3,000 a year and evidence of an intensity of feelcould see as many as six sitters ing which does not come through could see as many as six sitters in which does not come inrough a day. But, like Gainsborough, in his portraits—by their very he found "phizmongering" a nature calm, limpid images of drudgery and, according to his an elegant, and apparently carefriend John Flaxman, "his heart and soul were engaged in historical and ideal painting" the pen or pencil a mood of the pen or pencil a mood of the melancholy or the same from a few manufactures. Apart from a few unsuccess- anguish of a tortured mind.

By temperament Romney was speare Gallery, these dreams nervous, introspective and un-were destined never to be sociable. He had little com-realised beyond the pages of munication with his sitters and refused to offer himself for innumerable sketchbooks, refused to offer himself for enough nevertheless, to reveal the very opposite of its urbane fecundity of his imagination. President, Sir Joshua Reynolds. Nearly 80 pages from some of these sketchbooks are, until November 7, displayed by John Mortion Morris and Christopher Powney at the former's gallery fluidity and grace of the carlier at 32 Rury Streef. St. James's. at 32 Bury Street, St. James's, group in pen and ink give way S.W.1. Many are preparatory to heavier lines and frenzied studies for compositions with hatchings, executed with a blunt historical and literary with the study of the study o

# Why does a restaurant as well known as

# LACY'S

serve a brandy as unknown as





Not the best known, but known by the best

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Thursday November 6 1980

# Top priority for Mr. Reagan

DURING THE American Presiiential campaign. Ronald Reagan was charged by his letractors with inexperience, gnorance. simple - mindedness and sheer unpredictability. His supporters argued that, in office, and surrounded by sensible advisers, his policies would in practice be more sensitive and subtle than the one-liners served

up in his campaign rhetoric.
The election result has undermined much of the force of these assurances. It is diffibelieve that the American people as a whole has taken a massive lurch to the Right; it is more plausible to suppose that it has overwhelmingly rejected Jimmy Carter. But there is no doubt that the balance in Congress, and especially in the Schate, has taken a massive lurch to the Right, while the scale of Reagan's landslide may well be taken by himself and his advisers as an overwhelming popular mandate to implement precisely those notions which he enunciated during the cam-

#### Daunting

The word from Washington ine word from Washington is that Mr. Reagan will reach out to the moderates in the Repulican Party to help fill top positions in his administration. But the shift in Congress must make it much more difficult for him to soften or back away. him to soften or back away from the black-and-white rhetoric of the campaign. On these grounds alone the prospect of his presidency is

The prospect is particularly daunting in the field of foreign policy. It is hard to say whether Mr. Reagan seriously believes that he can cut income taxes by 30 per cent over three years and increase defence spending by 5 per cent a year in real terms, and at the same time balance the budget and curb inflation. But he is not the only recent candidate for high office who has offered far-fetched remedies for an intractable economic situation, and if he has to compromise with reality. he can do so gradually. But in the foreign policy field, his first steps will certainly influence. and may determine, subsequent

chains of events.
The first and question is, how will Reagan really handle the complex web of U.S.-Soviet relations. Since he has stormed his way to the White House primarily on the basis of a promise to make America a stronger force in the international economy, world, it goes without saying that he will press ahead with his plans for increased defence spending. It is also a foregone policy.

Strategic Limitation Arms Treaty will be left in the limbo between signature and ratifica-

But that is not the end of the story. Reagan says he intends to move straight into a new SALT III negotiation. Yet there is no evidence that the Russians would go along with that, nor, if they did, that they would in the meantime tacitly respect the restraints written into SALT II. On the contrary, the most likely consequence of an American attempt to secure military superiority would be an acceleration of an arms race by both sides, which neither could expect to win.

Moreover, Mr. Reagan's inordinate stress on defence spending and anti-Communism risks provoking serious tensions within the Atlantic Alliance. With the possible exception of Thatcher's Government, Mrs. most European countries take a rather different view of the right way to balance security with a realistic measure of detente, and a very different view of the best ways of handling instability or subversion in

the Third World. This is not to say that Mr. Reagan is anxious to resort to military force. But the contrast between his defence spending plans and the increasing inability of European members of NATO to fulfil existing pledges on defence spending contains the seeds for serious trans-Atlantic quarrelling. The irritation of the American right wing with what it sees as Europe's failure to pull its weight in the Alliance can only be exacerbated by the resurgence of a neutralist trend in the British Labour Party.

#### Now that the campaign is out

of the way, Mr. Reagan's top priority must be to study the real world more closely. It is one thing to seduce the American people with simple promises to take the country back to a golden age of greatness; it is quite another to imagine that there are simple solutions to Above all complex problems. Mr. Reagan should urgently juntas) will not be pressed to acqueint himself with the views make internal change so long as and predicaments of the Euro- they stand foursquare against \_not because Eurol is right and America wrong, but because in the difficult years ahead, whether in East-West relations, in the Third World, or in the management of the operation between Europe and America will be essential to the success of any American foreign

# Mr. Healey must fight

MR. DENIS HEALEY went into Party along the lines of the the first round of the election West German Social Democrats. the first round of the election for the Labour Party leadership in the belief that he would do preserve party unity, almost for best by keeping quiet. Events have proved him wrong. He

should now change his tactics.

Mr. Healey won only 112 votes
on the first ballot—23 short of the figure required for victory and short by a handful of even the lowest estimates given by his closest supporters. (just) possible that he can win on the second round even by doing nothing. But it is the nature of such a victory that ought to be examined. On present form, the party is scarcely worth inheriting.

#### In common

If Mr. Healey does come out on top in what has become a straight fight with Mr. Michael Foot next week, he will do so by a whisker. Mr. Foot would two of them have something common: for example, experience in Mr. Callaghan's administration, both at its best and at its worst. They fought (ultimately) to control inflation and Mr. Foot was invaluable in securing at least the tacit support of the Labour Left. Neither of them did anything about reforming the Labour Party as a whole. Both of them relied on the old habit of seeking to make a deal with the trades unions and hoping for the best.

Yet there are also, or so the occasional Healey utierances have led us to believe, certain fundamental differences. Mr. Healey is in favour of NATO. Mr. Foot believes in unilateral nuclear disarmament. Healey supports continued British membership of the Euro-

pean Community. Mr. Foot has opposed it from the start. Mr. Healey believes in a mixed economy. The views of Mr. Foot on the management of the economy have never been known to anyone, perhaps including himself. Mr. Healey has talked of reforming the Labour putting up a fight.

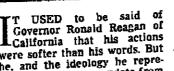
Mr. Foot stresses the need to safe-keeping in a museum.

A Labour Party led by Mr. Healey with Mr. Foot as his deputy could promise at best a short-term conservation order. It might do a deal with the trades unions over the proposed electoral college that would keep the Healey-Foot team in office. It might come to terms with the Left, at a price. But its only conceivable chance of ever forming a government, even if the Right were dissuaded from defecting, would be for the Tories to do so badly that the country had nowhere else to turn. That is not a very probable development.

Mr. Healey knows all that quite as well as any political The question is observer. The question is whether he is prepared to act If he does nothing, or in the almost certainly become the more usual Healey way almost deputy leader. It is true that the nothing, either he will win next week by a very small majority or the succession will pass to Mr. Foot. If he wins under such circumstances, the victory will be worthless. If he loses, he will be politically finished.

The decision lies with Mr. Healey. His supporters are said to have been running an effective underground campaign in the Parliamentary Party, though the result of this week's ballot casts doubt on that. His main case is his "electability" in the country. Mr. Healey should now go public and seek to convince the party that unless it makes hard choices about its future-both in terms of organisation and policies—a split is very near and the chances of ever again winning a general election remote.

As we observed on Monday. we should like Mr. Healey to succeed, but it would not be a tragedy if the party were to break up. After the result of the first ballot, Mr. Healey no longer has anything to lose by



were softer than his words. But he, and the ideology he represents, have won a mandate from the American people that comes close to allowing him to be as hard as he likes. For the election of 1980 was

much more than a personal triumph for Mr. Reagan and a rejection, even a humiliation, of Jimmy Carter. It saw a conservative tide sweep the country with a force that exceeded all expectations and recent precedent. It produced the near wholesale eviction from the Senate of those who have led the fight for liberal and progressive causes for the last generation.

For the first time since 1932, the country, moved, politically and socially, in miles, not in inches, Mr. Reagan did not need to capture the centre ground because it walked, of its own volition, into his arms. This has potentially profound

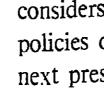
implications for American policy both at home and overseas. The only circumscribing factors are the extent to which Mr. Reagan wants to employ the activist policies that he has advocated on the campaign trail and the degree of freedom that international and domestic considerations allow him. Mr. Carter was right when he

said that this election offered the country a stark philo-sophical choice, but wrong when he tried to delineate it in traditional political terms, because Mr. Reagan made non-sense of party, and social, affiliations, and social affiliations, and so ations. What the country chose was simplicity over complexity. less government not more, national pride over selfeffacement, old values not new realities. Weary of controversies, scandals and iconoclasm. it voted with its heart rather more than its mind.

Translating this into foreign policy terms is not necessarily that easy. Mr. Reagan's positions seem clear enough. He sees the world in broad brush images: the Soviet Union is "the enemy," and its hostile presence is global: the Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty In its present form is unacceptable; the superpower military balance needs restoring, perhaps to the point of U.S. superiority; peace must come through strength and that means a mightier defence establishment unless Moscow realises the seriousness of the U.S. intent and engages in meaning-ful arms reduction negotiations.

Elsewhere in the world, foreign countries will have to stand up and be counted as friends or foes of the U.S. Israel is the staunchest ally, to be supported at whatever cost, including the shifting of its capital to Jerusalem. Regimes whose human rights policies leave something to be desired (South Africa, South Korea, some Latin American military communism and with

It is certainly true that a president does have the power to push foreign policy in a given direction, particularly when he has a Congress disinclined to oppose him philosophically which is Mr. Reagan's fortune. But he also inherits from his predecessors agreements and traditions of policy. In the closing weeks of the campaign Reagan showed some sensibility to this. Much as he may dislike them, nobody seriously expects him to abrogate the Panama Canal treaties. or tear up Camp David, or restore full relations with



#### Jurek Martin, U.S. Editor, considers the policies of the next president

THE REAGAN LANDSLIDE

# Where Reagan wants to take America

6 Balancing the budget and curbing inflation is just like protecting your virtue: you just have to learn to say no.9

6 There is more oil now in the wells that have been drilled in the U.S. than has been taken out in the last 120 years.9

6 Both the Soviet Union and China are Communists and both want to take over the world.? government can end it.?

Taiwan. In fact his major prob-lem may be in dissuading his more enthusiastic supporters in of former Nixon and Ford

Congress from proceeding down At least that is the assumption. It is based on some tempering of his dogmatism in the campaign and his reliance. in the last few months more on traditional Republican foreign policy expertise than on the hardliners who were his original source of inspiration and

Mr. Reagan's experience in foreign policy, indeed his exposure to foreign countries, is probably less even than Mr. Carter's when he came to power. His taste for the intricacies is completely unproven, though foreign affairs has an attracts all allure which presidents. He may feel constrained by deference to his own right wing from offering Dr. Henry Kissinger a full time job straight away, though the former Secretary of State is on hand to guide him through the

foreign policy servants.

An early test of style and substance could come even before Mr. Reagan assumes the presidency next January. Whatever negotiations now ensue between the U.S. and Iran over the hostages will have a Reagan input; Mr. Carter has promised as much. Mr. Begin, the Israeli Prime Minister, will be in Washas will Herr Helmut Schmidt, the West German Chancellor. They will doubtless want to ascertain if Mт. Reagan's word is as good as his campaign rhetoric or if he is susceptible to that element of the Republican Party which takes, for Israel, a disturbingly pro-Arab stance on the whole Middle East question.

Yet for all the obvious uncertainties about foreign policy, it is at home that a Reagan presidency may have—is expected to have—its greatest impact. This was an election unaccus omed essentially decided on domestic

issues. The plight of the hostages, Mr. Carter's ultimate nemesis, and concern about American standing in the world were merely reflections and

going into negotiations.9

Mr. Reagan has been given an opportunity afforded few presidents to shape policy for years ahead. Mr. Carter never had a chance to appoint a single Supreme Court justice, but the court's battered liberal wing is in his term, could well find himjudiciary in everyday life. It is quite possible that,

within four years, all the court's justices will be Nixon and Reagan appointees. And that, even more than Tuesday's electoral debacle, would be a knife in America's liberal heart. The more immediate prob-

lem, of course, is economic policy. Again, his remedie; are the soul of simplicity: cut taxes by 10 per cent a year for three years, thereby raising productivity, lower inflation, cut fedsymbols of the unhappiness eral spending and make a bal-anced budget achievable by the about the way things were drift-

6 I believe with all my heart that the first

force is always, and only, a last resort.9

priority must be world peace and that use of

6 I am not talking of scrapping the Salt treaty.

I am talking of taking the treaty back and

6 Only government causes inflation, so only

ing inside the country. 1983 fiscal year, even with big In one absolutely central area increases in defence spending. The trouble is that this is not a little reminiscent of Mr. Carter's grand scheme when he assumed office four years ago. Mr. Reagan would go further. Since he believes that governageing and ailing. Mr. Reagan, ment, not OPEC, is the root cause of inflation and energy self free to replace them with conservatives to his liking, whose philosophy will almost certainly be more narrowly to interpret the Constitution and to reduce the role of the

shortages, he would take a hatchet to the federal bureaucracy. He has said he would abolish both the Departments of Energy and Education, Carter creations. He will probably roll back at least part of Mr. Carter's Windfall Profits Tax on the oil industry, perhaps keeping a residue of the levy earmarked for social purposes. Again his chances of accomplishing these are immeasurably enhanced because of the altered politics

of the Congress.

But there is a fair suspicion that what Mr. Reagan says and does are sometimes poles apart. He was once firmly opposed to Federal aid for New York City and the rescue of sick corporaand the rescue of successing tions, but in the campaign, recognising political necessity, he endorsed help for "sinful" New York and for Chrysler. The erstwhile arch free trader told audiences in Detroit that perhaps the domestic car industry needed a little protection from foreign competition to tide it over transient difficulties.

Moreover, though Mr. Reagan is long on straightforward prescription, he is short on the complexities of execution. When, for example, he talks of return-ing tax revenues to their sources, state and local governments, he seems to assume that local authorities possess an expertise in directing social programmes that in reality they

The one segment of the population that shunned him on Tuesday was America's underclass, whose lifeline in many cases remains the Federal Government. It is an open question whether Mr. Reagan will want to cut this cord and thereby run the risk of exacer-hating racial tensions. bating racial tensions.

It may be unfair to expect instant omniscience from the incoming president. His style is, in any case, going to be radically different from that of Mr. Carter. whose finger, it seemed, was in every pie. This was an approach that brought Mr. Carter some that prought Mr. Carter some substantial policy results but tended to identify him with failure as much, if not more,

The Reagan style is delegation. He has a pool of experienced Republican talent experienced Republican Carent to draw on, but so did Mr. Carter four years ago with the Democrats. Yet his administration partly foundered because the property of the partly foundered because the property of the property o Brzezinski versus Vance and Eisenstat versus Blumenthal,

for example. There are bound to be similar differences in the new Republican administration Republican
because the ideological spread
between the traditional
moderates and the right wing
is wide. Mr. Reagan has given
to how he will no clue as to how he will reconcile such conflicts beyond saying that he sees himself as the Chairman of the Board and fancies a nine-to-five working

This would seem to suggest that Mr. Reagan would like to recreate the Eisenhower years when, popular recollection has it, an amiable President more or less let the country run itself. That is certainly a legitimate moral for him to draw from Tuesday's vote. But Ike's problems were far less intractable. They did not include double-digit inflation. a declining industrial base, a private sector short on capital and initiative, and uncertain supplies of energy, not to mention a dollar overhaug and Third World indebtedness. These are problems which cannot be wished away.

But Mr. Reagan certainly has a mandate. opposition is in tatters, and the pendulum of power swung sharply back to presidency. He may owe a few debts to some of the right wing pressure groups which helped him on his way by their concerted efforts against the liberal hierarchy of Congress. but he is much more in credit from those who rode on his coat-tails into office. He said on victory night that he was "humbled"—and well he might

# \*\*\* President Reagan's MEN AND MATTERS

#### A firm hand on the reins

"I'd like to keep on making horse operas... I'm a ham. always was and always will be. So did Ronald Reagan lightly dismiss the question o fhis political ambitions back in 1953.

But once he had won the West, Reagan used his eight years as Governor of California for a patient rehearsal of the guide-lines for the ultimate star role at the White House. His Sacramento style

government transformed fading panache of his B-moyie image into a much more busi-ness-like figure. And that is how he intends to play the presidential part - as chairman of USA Inc. with a firm hand on the policy reins but delegating wide executive powers among his supporting cast. The only hard clues to the

character of his Cabinet come so far from Ed Meese, the San Diego lawyer and long-time sidekick who ran the Reagan campaign and now seems certain to become his chief-of-staff in Washington.

No California cabal is going to replace the Carter Georgians, says Meese. Reagan has close cronies among South California's businessmen but, part from his personal awyer William French Smith who could become Attonney General, they are considered too old and too rich to want to leave the Sunshine State for anything more than the odd dinner at the White House.

The administration will thus be broadly based geographically, but certainly not ideologically. says Meese. Jobs will be given only to those "in basic philosophic alignment" with Reagan. But as Meese insists that the ideological rule will be extended down to the lower ranks of government, the inhabitants of



Right-wing think-tanks across the country-like the Heritage American Foundation. Enterprise Institute, the Georgetown Centre for Strategic Studies and the Hoover Institution-wait with fingers crossed for the summons.

#### Pipes up?

Betting on the top level foreign and defence posts has been thrown into confusion by the resignation from the Reagan campaign last week of foreign policy adviser Richard Allen. He had been a hot favourite for National Security Adviser. But the allegations about his relations with Japanese business interests during and since his days in the Nixon team seem to

have cooled his chances. Reagan gave Allen a "full confidence" blessing on his departure but is thought unlikely to recall him now and risk blemishing the new face of

scars that Bert Lance left on

Allen's exile might open the door for the Polish-born Kremlin-watcher, Richard Pipes. A Harvard professor, he is the author of a clutch of catechisms on the Russian revolution and former director of the Russian Research Center.

Whether Pipes makes it to the top or not, he could be joined at the National Security Council by fellow Soviet-expert, Richard Staar, extracted from Hoover think-tank.

#### Kiss-off

Lurking obtrusively in the jobseeking wings is the familiar figure of Henry Kissinger, the source, according to some of Allen's friends, of the stories that put paid to his aspirations. Much as the Ford wing of the Republicans would like to see him back in office. Kissinger's charisma is probably too overwhelming for Reagan consider him for more than an

Popular George Schulz, head of the Reagan economic task force, is most widely canvassed as Secretary of State. Treasury Secretary in the last two Nixon years and since then with Bechtel, the West Coast construction group that does a lot of business in the Middle East, Schulz is one of the relatively few close Reaganites with inter-

occasional advisory role.

But Schulz is said to have reservations about Reagan's pro-Israeli stance on the Middle East and might prefer to put his eminent qualifications to use in the economic fieild.

national experience and con-

much-decorated former NATO commander, Alexander Haig, who was White House chief-of-staff and held the administration together when government with the sort of Nixon resigned after Watergate,

is another contender for the State Department or the post of Defence Secretary.

#### Greenery

If Reagan can remember his name. Alan Greenspan, who was Gerald Ford's chief economic adviser could again be called to the first ranks at the Treasury, Economic Council or the Budget He would no doubt feel

happier about his chances if the new boss did not keep referring to him as Greasepan, Greedson Greenspan heads a queue of

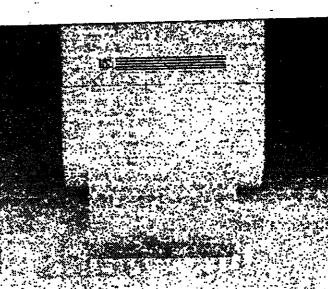
candidates from the Nixon-Ford era, including William Simon and Ed Yeo, both at the Treasury under Ford, Walter Wriston, head of Citibank, who has been playing a quiet advisory role in the campaign. and Caspar Weinberger, another Bechtel man who heads the Reagan task force on spending control.

Known as "Cap the Knife" from his days at the Nixon Budget Office. Weinberger still has a relish to act as Reagan's financial hachet-man.

Martin Anderson, a severe academic critic of welfare programmes, will probably be the new White House adviser on domestic policy. Though anyone who gets the education or energy portfolios could have a short stay in Washington -Reagan is pledged to scrap both

Tom Sowell, a young economist with hard-line monetarist views, is the only black with prospects of office; and though Reagan has promised to fill the first Supreme Court vacancy with a woman, only former Ambassador to London, Anne Armstrong, has real claims on another post for the gentle

Observer)



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#### THE REAGAN LANDSLIDE





JOHN BRADEMAS





Democrat

242

Democrat

276

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Republican

Republican



(Frejected)



FRANK CHURCH

SENATE

1 independent

Democrat

Democrat

# Tide of change in Congress

CONGRESS was always likely to get some new faces this year. What no one had foreseen was that it would acquire a new

mind.
The Republican Party gained control of the Senate for the first time in 25 years. Consigned to oblivion were virtually all the incumbent liberal Democrats who have dominated the legislature and left their imprint on the country in the last 20 years

tives, the Republicans picked up at least 25 seats. Though power still resides with the Democrats, its leadership was thinned through defeat. Moreover, most experts now think it has an ideological conservative majority of (right) discusses why

Democrats in the Senate was frankly brutal. Gone are Senator election. George McGovern of South Dakota, the 1972 Presidential candidate, Mr. Frank Church of

were swept aside. In their stead are unfamiliar gressman Steve Symms in Idaho. Quayle in Indiana, State Attorney General Slade Gorton in Washington (who might be classified a moderate) and classified a moderate) and Where they might have lost, and Congressman Robert Kasten in gained in Florida, Alabama, Alaska and New Hammalian.

Javits, in a tragic end to a distinguished career, garnering a pitiful 11 per cent—this total cost Miss Holtzman the seat. The only survivors of the also happened in Georgia, where placent legislature. The liberal holocaust were Senator the venerable Senator Herman approaching "lame duck" ses-

In the House of Representa- JUREK MARTIN looks at the make-up of the new Congress and as many as 30.
The casualty roll of liberal Mr. Carter lost the

Idaho, chairman of the Foreign Alan Cranston, the majority Relations Committee, Mr. John whip, who had no trouble in Culver of Iowa, Mr. Birch Bayh California with Mr. Paul Gann, Ouiver of Iowa, Mr. Birch Bayn of Indiana: even two institutions; Senator Warren Magnusson of Washington and Senator party's future hopes, who carded Nelson of Wisconsin, Senator Warren Magnus Hart from Colorado, one of the party Senator Wisconsin, Senator Warren Magnus Hart from Colorado, one of the party Senator Wisconsin, Senator Warren Magnus Hart from Colorado, one of the party Senator Wisconsin, Senator Warren Magnus Hart from Colorado, Senator Party Senato

Some establishment moderate names, each one a strong con-servative: Congressman Jim Kentucky (Mr. Wendell Ford), Abdnor in South Dakota, Con-Arkansas (Mr. Dale Bumpers), South Carolina (Mr. Ernest Congressman Charles Grassley Hollings). Vermont (Mr. in Iowa, Congressman Dan Patrick Leahy) and Missouri (Mr. Thomas Eagleton). But the Republicans held on in Pennsylvania and Oklahoma,

> Arizona of none other than Nixon landslide of 1972.
> Senator Barry Goldwater, the What the election means, of Senator Barry Goldwater, the 1964 Presidential candidate.

> The previously unthinkable mught to have a relatively com-

Talmadge, chairman of the Agriculture Committee, went down. Mr. Talmadge had been censured by his peers concerning the misuse of campaign funds and subsequently confessed to alcoholism.

It might be noted that most f the other Congressional bad boys" implicated in the Abscam scandals were also thrown out, including Mr. Frank Thompson from New Jersey, Mr. John Murphy from New York, Mr. John Jenrette from South Carolina and Mr. Ozzie Myers from Pennsylvania, who had already been expelled from the House. On the Republican side, the prominent conservative Mr. Robert Bauman from Maryland, who admitted recently to homosexual ten-

dencies, also lost.
In the House, Mr. Jim Wright,
the majority leader, Mr. Tom
Foley and Mr. Morris Udall
came through in Texas,
Washington and Arizona. But Mr. John Brademas, the majority whip, fell in Indiana, as did Mr. Al Ullman, chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, in Oregon. Several other notables were unceremoniously

That the liberal fraternity was so decimated owes not a little to the effective deployment of money and cannaion literature he the "New Right," narticularly on such issues as abortion. The virulence of their onslaught was, berhaps, the most uppleasant feature of the whole election but it proved that the Moral Majority, the Christian fundamentalist lobby, has real teeth.

More genuinely earned satis-

Misconsin.

Alaska and New Hampshire.

Althost as shocking was the fact that Senator Jacob Javits's defeat was that of Senator seat in New York, the great Jewish Republican liberal liberal liberal political unknown, Mr. Alfonse d'Amato, a Long Island civic official, Mr. d'Amato was edging out Miss Elizabeth Holtzman, the liberal Democrat, with Mr. Trend—the possible defeat in Nixon landslide of 1972.

Alaska and New Hampshire.

A particularly staggering faction can be claimed by Mr. Bill Brock, national chairman of the Republican Party. Through money organisation and skilful advertising aimed at the Democrats, he performed a political rescueditation equivalent to that of Mr. Robert valent to that of Mr. Robert liberal Democrat, with Mr. Trend—the possible defeat in Nixon landslide of 1972. course, is that President Reagan

legislature.

to convene specially this month to tie up some substantial loose ends—including passage of the 1981 Budget. Although some members might essay a last liberal stand, it is doubtful that they will too obviously flaunt the expressed wishes of the elec-

A new hierarchy will emerge in the Senate. It is the majority party which places most members on committees and commands chairmanships and the dimensition of staff; the character of some of the Senate's most famous conupittees could be substantially changed. It can be assumed that Senator Howard Baker will

torate.

retain for the moment the in the Senate. This was always hardly his ideological cousin. his goal: it is a position whose nuthority generally exceeds that of the alternative once touted for Mr. Baker — the Vice-But if the conservative Texas-which should guarantee majority party.

sion of the old Congress is due Republicans, who have no love a favourable hearing for any for the moderate Senator from Tennessee, decide to exercise muscle he may not be secure. Throughout the committees,

conservative voices will be heard. Senator Jesse Helms but he will annex some sub-committees and be an even greater influence. Senator Robert Dole from could inherit the

Judiciary Committee's approach Senator Strom Thurmond from for the party's nomination four south Carolina than it has been years from now. position of Republicar leader under Senator Edward Kennedy.

that Mr. Reagan proposes. Among the Democrats, this is clearly a time for painful re-examination and regrouping. So

Republican

Republican

devastating has been the liberal get the Foreign Relations the arch-liberal, may reer out on Committee chair (Senator Percy a limb. Perhaps the mantle of party leadership in the Senate will practically pass to Senators like Mr. Bill Bradley of New Jersey, Mr. Joseph Biden of Delaware and Senator Hart, all of whom have sought to re-Finance Committee from the define classical liberalism to suit wily Senator Russell Long. The a more austere mood, What define classical liberalism to suit happens in the Senate could well will be radically different under he a precursor of any contest

At the moment that is a prize which does not seem worth if he insists, while Armed a Reagan first term is such a gregarious Services will undoubtedly be political disaster that the nation sionals like run by Senator John Tower from looks longingly again to its old

# A beleaguered man who never found his touch

IT WOULD he conveniently eye had been, Mr. Carter became catching, but misguided, to say indelibly associated with what that Jimmy Carter is going back In reality, his heart would have 10 be large enough to accommodate a small book on the plethora of circumstances

And this at a tin more than in 1976 was becoming the in American life.

When the evolution of the control of the cont that brought about his downfall.

The magnitude of his loss, even more than defeat itself, was a body-blow to Mr. Carter. a proud man. It showed on Tuesday night when he smiled and said: "I can't stand here and say it doesn't hurt," before going on to give a concession speech marked with that singu-lar grace that he has showed so

Mr. Carter really believes and history may well judge that he was not a bad President in trying times: that he did not duck tough issues and achieved a fair rate of success for what

#### Nobody owed Carter favours, because he gave so few

he advanced; that he preserved the peace; that he understood global complexities; that he was humane, socially responsible and a reasonable manager of the nation's affairs.

With hindsight, it might be said that nothing that he could have done would have stopped the conservative juggernaut. But the surge to Mr. Reagan in the final days of the campaign after their televised debate may he rooted in Mr. Carter's failure to destroy the credibility of his He conveyed what opponent's candidacy.

Somewhere along the line from 1976. Mr. Carter lost the faculty of communication. The dreams and visions he so easily conveyed four years ago got lost in a mess of technicalities. In the crunch Mr. Reagan's genial generalities had the ring of certainty that Mr. Carter lacked.

once there he forgot to lead it. to shape it in his image. Few he gave so few.

sufficiently communicative. Able if the country were saying that though many of the Georgian Senator Helms could have much-unless, of course, as Mafia are, they were protective fanatic could hold the U.S. to the Agriculture Committee, too. Democrats must privately hope. of the President. So, even, were ransom, then maybe a blunt gregarious political profes septuagenarian would sionals like Mr. Robert Strauss, some answers. The Cart

indelibly associated with what he won the White House by to Georgia with the word running against: government. Iran " engraved on his heart. And this at a time when, even in reality, his heart would more than in 1976, bureaucracy was becoming the popular bane

When the economy finally turned seriously sour this year. after three years of unprecedented job creation, the public blamed him Hoist on the petard of his own "misery index" (the sum of inflation and unemployments he took refuge in blaming OPEC-and thus conveyed a sense of something that the country did not want to hear—that it no longer had full control over its own destiny.

The seeds of this doubt had been sown a year earlier when Mr. Carter came down from Camp David to pronounce that he country was afflicted with a malaise, not exactly the message the nation is accustomed to receive from its presidents. In many ways, the analysis was was adrift, but it sufficed simply

to confuse the confused.

When the real rayages of inflation were felt — this was probably the first national election in which inflation counted more than unemployment-Mr. Carter responded with yet another series of programmes. Again, too many, and seen as

too late. Yet he may have made the right and logical decision in framing his campaign strategy against Mr. Reagan. Against

#### the country did not want to hear

Senator Kennedy it had worked to make the Senator, not the President's record, the issue. It nearly worked, until the debate. Even there, Mr. Carter Mr. Carter failed to common nicate with the Democratic himself. But his audience, including until it was too late. It Democratic Party, was not listening and Mr. Reagan listening and the charge. amiably withstood the charge. In the end, the plight of the

hostages in Iran and the cruel Presidents have been so lonely coincidence that the anniverin Washington, a Democratic sary of their capitally should town after all. Nobody used fall on Election Day crystallised Jimmy Carter favours, because and symbolised the disparate strands of discontent with Nor were those around him Jimmy Carter. It was almost as if an octobeodrian religious Thus secluded, though not ever thoughtful, ever trying, bunkered as President Nixon had somehow run dry.

#### A strong pound

From Mr. J. Cripps Sir.—The combination high interest rates and an uncompetitive" exchange rate are said by many of your correspondents to require an early out in minimum lending rate.

It is presumed that a high and rising exchange rate places a burden on exporters. There is however much evidence in the market place abroad that such a presumption ignores certain reactions of customers outside the United Kingdom.

Many potential customers delay their orders when the exchange rate is thought either low or falling, anticipating a price bonus. A high, and especially a rising, exchange rate tends to expedite decision-

-When the exchange rate is firm a certain quality is added to exports received from Britain is the strength of the currency adds prestige to the product. This phenomenon is not unknown to marketing men when initially pricing their

The high and rising or firm exchange rate usually is asso-ciated with the perception that the manufacturing nation is likely to continue to be a force in the foreign market so that a customer more readily believes that the product will be mainained and continue to be

Providing quality and delivery ire as strong as the currency, the effect of the exchange rate tion of Europe, nor the inflation viil often be seen as a positive मार्च not a negative aspect by

traders have invested surplus tries. funds in sterling (because of

products from the sterling area. For these reasons I believe it is much too early to be demanding a cut in MLR. If the premust be given a fighting chance and that means time. If exporters adjust to the firm and rising currency rate and con-centrate on quality, delivery and market support there is good reason to suppose that sterling will continue to rise with consequent benefit to the British Jeremy G. A. Cripps.

Doha, State of Qutar.

#### Would Keynes be a Keynesian?

Sir,—The reading of Anatole Kaletsky's article (November 1) stimulates one to 25k "Would Keynes be a Keynesian

realistic level in 1925, the collapse of the General Strike in 1926 and the world slump of the early 1930s. He never saw rather than to the reconstrucof the 1970s, attributed by many to the abuse of his policies

# From Mr. N. Brown

was published in 1936 and that succeeding years were clouded by ill health and the approach of the war in which he was to make such an immense contribution. He died in 1946. The economic climate of his General Theory was that of the return to the Gold Standard at an unthe boom of 1950-1972, attributed by many to his policies rather than to the Organisation in addition where foreign of Petroleum Exporting Coun-

Had he lived on into his 90s,

# Farm tenancy legislation

From Mr. J. Warhurst Sir,-When history is written P believe landowners will look ack fondly at the Socialistinspired farm tenancy succesnon legislation because it forced them to become involved is farming increasing areas of their own estates, a form of integration which is profitable. leasurable and perhaps in the engiterm interests of land

c. 125

slewardship. On the other hand, tenant farmers will look back with ablect regrets on the 1976 Act the final demise of the Jeffrey Warhurst, indicad/tenant system which Green Farm. Sutton under Brailes, farm tenancies and Banbury, Oxfordshire.

destroyed the rungs of progression of the farming ladder. dispute) not only lacks the vision to understand the long-term implications but has the temerity to be unrepresentative of the membership's view.

At present 36 per cent of agricultural land is let, a figure which is bound to decrease under existing legislation and it is not the landowner who will be the long-term loser.

the high interest rates) there as has his brother Geoffrey, who will be a tendency to favour knows what his views would have been? He might well have thought there was something to be said for much of Freidman. One must remember his remark sent policies are to succeed they to Clive Bell about the Government: "You must not count on my opposition as a settled policy; in a few months' time, on some other issue. I may be equally zealous in their defence." Neville Brown. Watermill House,

Kettleburgh,

#### Classical economics

From Mr. R. Smith Sir.—I read with interest Mr. Kaletsky's article "The alternative to monetarism" in the issue of November 1. He comments: "Keynesians . . . believe that, at root, inflation is a political, not an economic problem."
In these words, he hints at the vital missing link in his presen-It is not always remembered that his "General Theory ... My question is: What grounds are there for any other than the state of the sta politicians, trade unionists and industrialists can co-operate effectively and permanetly on wages and demand manage-ment? Allowance must be made for the fluidity of their social and economic attitudes, as their respective fortunes change. The Keynesian era surcly came to an end because many trade unionists, and perhaps others. felt that it no longer paid them to accept the limitations on wages implicit in any Government incomes policy.

Is it not the traditional approach of classical economics. rather than economic radicalism that the British electorate decided to test in bringing to power the present Government? The main economic policies of the Government are of a very basic kind: to preserve the value of money, which is the com-modity in which all businesses deal and upon which they and all private citizens depend for the maintenance of their econo- From the Editor, Assessment. How extraordinary that the Mic independence, this policy National Farmers' Union (representing the tenants' side in the ing the entrepreneur in every mic independence, this policy ing the entrepreneur in every way possible.

Although it is disappointing that past government economic for the abolition of rates he planning and intervention have I still find it unconvincint! not been more lastingly successful, the present return to classical economics does help to bring to trade unionists and industrialists the consequences of their actions, and the need would add 4 per cent to the (October 22) takes the debate for them to co-operate in order current VAT rate of 15 per cent no further. The essential point to handle the more competi-tive and exposed circumstances we and exposed circumstances There are also good with regular revaluation on a which they find themselves. theoretical reasons why capital value basis, the rating Given co-operation on wages, domestic rates should not be system would be a fair and in which they find themselves.

# Letters to the Editor

readily persuaded to stimulate demand, perhaps through some reduction in interest rites. Richard M. Smith. 18, Burlington Road, Dore, Sheffield.

No true full employment

From Mr. L. Kemp,
Sir,—Mr. Kaletsky's comparison of free marke; and
Keynesian economics (November 1) can be juxtaposed quite briefly. It is a case of underfull employment against full under-employment. True full employment is beyond the scope of economics; it requires genetic engineering.

18 Aucood Avenue. Richmond, Surrey.

#### Switch-on date

From the Public Reations The Electricity Manager, Council.

Sir.—The research by Mr. J. E. Harris (October 30) into the origins of the first public electricity supply in this country illustrates the elusiveness of a precise date. quite usual in matters of first occasions, that satisfies everyone. The electricity supply indus-

try, however, has decided to recognise 1981 as the centenary of the first public supply of electricity, at Godalming. Surrey. Various celebrations are being planned, in conjunction with the residents of Godaming. culminating on September 26the date recognised as the actual "switch on " 100 years ago. Stanley Oxley. 30 Millbank, SW1.

#### Easy to opt out of rates

Sir,-Congratulations to the chairman of the Cheshire Association of Raterayers' Action Groups (October 3) for at last putting up a decert case for the abolition of rates hough

As Mr. Heseltine pointed out at the Tory Party conference, this letter on the rating system -hardly an attractive prospect, of argument is whether, even

abolished: to get rid of them would leave the consumption of housing untaxed, further distorting the already well-distorted investment market. The need for a comprehensive tax on the consumption of housing, if necessary founded on the domestic rating system. was well argued for by the Meade Committee on fiscal

reform—and it is a case which critics will have to answer. My only disappointment with Mr. Jubb's letter is that he repeats the criticism of rates to your correspondence column which I had originally put pen to paper to refute-i.e. that a widow pays exactly the same amount of rates as a householder with several wage/salary earners. This is true of all consumption taxes. It is as true of vehicle excise duty. VAT on essential household goods, and

It is just as easy to opt out of rates as it is to opt out of these other consumption taxes: simply by not consuming the taxable commodity. The widow who is paying the same rates as the householder with several wage and salary earners has the choice of either moving in with her family, or buying a smaller home-it is her choice that she does not do either of these things, just as it is her choice as to whether she owns a car, buys a carpet or washing machine or whatever

Indeed, most of your critics of rates seem to enjoy holding two contradictory positions. First they complain that many people in employment do not pay rates, so spreading the burden unfairly-yet presum ably these people in employment do not pay rates precisely because they choose not to be householders. Then the critics say that rates are unfair. because they are difficult to opt out of. You can't have it both ways! John Willman, "Assessment,"

Inland Revenue Staff Federation, 7, St. George's Square, SW1.

#### Paying for the Town Hall His solution, and that of Mr. From the Chairman London

Shearlock, is to shif the Region Association of domestic rates burden to VAT. Independent Businesses.

effective tax, given that it is the source of revenue for local authority expenditure. From an economic and political perspective, many people in-cluding small businessmen, believe that it cannot. Mr. Willman from the technical perspective of tax assessment, and collection, believes that a revamp of the present system

will solve current inequities. The tax system of this country requires far more radical of an itemised bill? Surely this restructuring than the type of marks rates as different. Mr. incremental favoured by civil servants in sales tax is unacceptable 108 Weston Street, SE1.

cracy, employment and the location of social facilities.

Two detailed comments might stimulate further debate, however. What tax other than rates is demanded in the form adjustments Willman asserts that a local

most policy fields. It is essen-tial that any policy debate is authority boundaries to shop not confined to such limited and a payroll tax unacceptable bounds and this is particularly because of the disastrous effect true in the field of local governon employment distribution. finance because of its But rates have had severe diswide ramifications for demo- tributional effects on residence believe that better alternatives have been proposed yet Mr. Willman implies that none is available.

E. N. Naptin, Chairman, Association of Independent Businesses.

# What will Reagan mean to the **U.S. markets?**

Bache present a brief study describing the effect of Tuesday's election on the U.S. stock, commodity and bond markets. This study incorporates investment ideas and Strategies for the North American market -the largest market in the world.

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To: William L. Custard, Manager, Bache Halsey Stuart Shields Inc., 3-5 Burlington Gardens, London W1X 1LE. Tel: 01-439 4191. Telex: 263779.

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Address		
		<del></del>
Talankana Na		

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# Hoover suffers £1.71m loss in third quarter

some costs. Hoover, domestic appliance manufacturer, suffered a third quarter imports, loss of £1.71m, against a sterling. £598,000 profit, and left the group with a pre-tax deficit of £156,000, compared with £383,000 for the nine months ended September 30, 1980.

Group turnover for the three months increased by 12 per cent to £51.4m (£45.73m) pushing the total so far just ahead from £149.3m to £151.7m.

The directors state that strong UK sales in September were an indication that de-stocking by group dealers had ceased cosniderably. And because the new range of automatic washing

Continuing improvement is also expected in a number of arillated companies.

There saw a trading profit for the nine months, just behind at £862,000 (£910,000)—Hoover-(Holland) BV and its subsidiaries incurred a loss of £283,000 (£377,000 profit)—but exchange losses of £1.02m against £1.29m left the deficit at the pre-tax level. Exchange losses were split as to: subsidiaries £227,000 (£899,000) and Hoover (Holland

BV £791,000 (£394,000). Tax charged for the nine months to f1.48m (f1.31m) leaving the loss at f1.64m

The interim dividend, already paid, at 4p (5.61p) absorbed £794.000 (£1.11m), and loss per 25p share is given as Sp (same)
—last year's total dividend was

tribution from its subsidiary

Walker Sons and Co., sold in

May. Anglo-Indonesian Corpora-

tion reports profit sharply down

ordinary gain arising from the

sale pushed attributable earnings

sharply up from £329,000 to £907,000.

estates and engineering concern

mainly because of the sale of the

Turnover

Taxation

Group trading profit

redundancy costs Group profit before taxation

Group profit after taxation

Amount absorbed by dividends

equivalent to 3.0p including related tax credit.

less: interest payable

Dividends per share

Sales of this tea and rubber

WITHOUT THE benefit of a con- not been consolidated.

at the pre-tax level for the first before-tax figure at £277,000, half of 1980. However an extra- against £664.000.

In the UK during the third quarter, competition from quarter. assisted by strong intensified, recession deepened. and consumer demand remained flat,

the directors state. Good sales gains were made over last year, however, but high costs profitability.

Because group inventories were at higher than desirable levels, the group announced a number of redundancies last August, and introduced short-time working at all three UK

Some European showed improved earnings new range of automatic washing during the three months, machings continues to gain although many of their markets favour with dealers and were sluggish, and there were customers, the directors are substantial gains in both sales more optimistic about sales in the final quarter.

And South African subsidiaries. Lex Back Page

#### Mid-term advance for Hammerson

PRETAX profits for Hammerson Property and Investment Trust for the six months ended June 30, 1980, were £4.83m against £3.69m in 1979.

The company, which holds equivalent property in the UK and overseas, received showed a rental income of £15.45m (£13.63m). This compared with a rental income of

Anglo-Indonesian pessimistic

Trading profit and

income down from £506,000 to £118,000 and a share of associates

hardly changed at £159,000, against £158,000. Jeft Anglo's

Mr. Michael Nightingale, the

chairman, points out that the

income arising from the £1,25m

released by the sale of the Sri Lanka offshoot will not show

Capper Neill

Interim Statement

The Directors of Capper Neill Limited announce that the unaudited results

for the first half of the current year to 31st March 1981 are as follows:

The Directors have declared an interim dividend of 2.1p per share,

The Group has experienced exceptionally difficult trading conditions during the period but its spread of interests and its strength in site construction engineering both in the UK and overseas have provided a

Overall, he does not see at

present any prospect for material £194,000 (£431.000) after tax of improvement in the second six £83,000 (£233.000). Minorities

Half year to Half year to

£000

53,920

3,041

917

352

1,772

1,056\*

716

605

2.1p

30th Sept. 30th Sept. 31st March 1980 1979 1980

£000

46,802

2,496

2,055

1,148\*

907

605

2.1p

441

until the second half.

7.63m. Tax charges for the half-year amounted to £1.76m (£1.52m), leaving earnings per share of 5.44p (3.01p). Interest paid was £8.6m (£8.22m).

The directors have decided to pay an interim net dividend of 2.5p. Last year a single dividend of 6p was paid, after adjusting for the one-for-one scrip issue After minorities of £579,131 (£789,409) attributable net profits were £2.5m (£1.38m). The surplus on the sale of properties

#### was £1.64m (£2.37m). Philip Hill earnings advance

With gross revenue higher at £5.59m, compared with £5.12m, net earnings of Philip Hill Investment Trust emerged up from £2.54m to £3.23m for the half-year to September 30, 1980.
Earnings were struck after lower interest of £459,000 (£726,000), increased corporation tax of £290,000 (£104.000) and tax imputed to franked income of

Earnings per 25p share rose by 0.4p to 3.34p, while the interim dividend partly to reduce dis-parity, is being stepped up from 1.6p to 1.8p net. Payments last time totalled 5.88p, which included a special 0.38p being equivalent to exceptional income from Unilever.

Half-year comparatives exclude this exceptional income. £27.29m for the whole of 1979. Net asset value per sber when profits before tax were advanced from 130.7p to 150.7p. Net asset value per share

tion is strong and he expects it will be possible to maintain the

dividend. Last time 3.3275p was

paid from pre-tax profits of

The downturn in the trading result, caused chiefly by tea

prices remaining low throughout

the year while costs continue to

for good prices from the two rubber estates, Mr. Nightingale

Net profit for the half-year was

£000

97,234

6,272

1,159

5,081

4,190

1,211

4.2p

891

32

#### HIGHLIGHTS

The U.S. Presidential election dominates with Wall Street adding 27 points and turnover set to reach record levels. Lex also takes a look at J. Sainsbury's 58 per cent profit advance and analyses its widening market share and new store opening programme. Hoover has lost money in the third quarter and is pinning prices back in an effort to win back the share of the market it lost earlier in the year. Airfix has published its long awaited results and they show a heavy loss, further disposals and the cancellation of loan stock. Elsewhere, Newman Industries looks as sickly as the Cycle and Carriage proposals indicated, the accounts from Dalgety have been qualified, profits from Capper Neill and Bellway are both down while NCC has released the terms of its offers for Bernard Wardle and Energy

# Airfix plastic sale to cut borrowings

Arrax industries, the troubled to group, is selking its profitable plastics division in a hid to cut back escalating borrowings. At the same time the group announces that it has reached agreement with its bankers on a revised level of secured borrowing facilities.

7½ per cent |loan stock have agreed to the sale of the subsidiaries provided a proposal is and eancellation at a price of announces that it has reached agreed no nominal of the stock.

The group pre-tax deficit complication are applicable and agreed to the sale of the subsidiaries provided a proposal is subsidiaries. Airfix Industries, the troubled 71 per cent loan stock have ing facilities.

The company-which earlier this year closed its loss-making Liverpool, Meccano factory—is selling Airix Plastics and Declon Foam Plastics to McKechnie Brothers for £4.9m.

In addition McKechnie bas taken over responsibility for the borrewings of the two companies. In total the sale has reduced current Airfix borrowings to £18.3m, compared with £23m at March 31, 1980 and £12m a year

The group also reveals its long overdue results for the year ended March 31, 1980, showing a turnround from a profit of £1.52m to a pre-tax loss of £2.16m on sales of £42m (£43.2m). In addition trading losses' of Meccano and Airfix Footwear and exceptional costs relating to their closure and disposal amounted to £.Sm., of which £5.5m was in respect of

This resulted in shareholders' funds being cut from £17.5m to £7.8m at March 31. There is no dividend for the year, compared with 3.663p.

Following the agreement with its bankers for the revised borrowing facilities, which are secured by fixed and floating charges, Airfix proposes to increase its borrowing powers 2.5 to four times capital

John Hadland

joins unlisted

Secs. Market

John Hadland Holdings, a manufacturer of electron optical equipment, joins the list of com-panies entering the new Unlisted Securities Market next week when Sheerwood Corporate

when Sheerwood Corporate Services places 800,000 ordinary

25p shares—a quarter of the equity—at 120p per share.

mentation manufactures Imacon and other high speed cameras.

Photonics markets the Imacon, a further subsidiary distributes

graphic arts equipment and the Australian business sells a range of photo-instrumentation products in the Pacific basin.

Profits have grown from £62,000 pre-tax to £423,000 in

reached £510,000 in the last full financial period.

the issue of 5.32m McKechnie shares which Baring Brothers has arranged to place.

Lex Back Page The trustees of the Airfix

# Ex gratia payment from

prised a loss on continuing operations of £857,000. £2.19m by

Airfix Footwear and Meccano, and profits of Airfix Plasties and

Declan of £887,000. The directors

point out that the group, exclud-

made a small profit of £30,000 before tax and extraordinary

for the current year the directors forecast that the results are likely to show a significant loss. They kay the priority has

been to reduce the finance requirement but this has meant

holding production and inven-tories at uneconomic levels, at a

cost of £1.8n.

During the second half of the year the benefits of actions taken to reduce porrowings and over-

heads will become apparent. In

addition improvements in the group's product ranges and the

resumed availability of Meccano and Dinky products should begin

to restore the group's strength in the tor market, the directors

Mr. David Sinigalia said yester-

day that the group's continuing operations are viable. The sale

of the plastics division has enabled porrowings to be re-structured which will enable the

company to operate effectively.

shares in American Oil Field Systems, the exploration company flotted last week under £13.1m, of which £4m relates to Rule 163 (3) will receive an ex the funding of ex-gratia pensions gratia pyment in lieu of the interest they would have re-

The group comprises four sub-application period. sidiaries. Photographic Instru-The company, which was sponsored by Laing and Cruickshank, stockbroters, met its bankers, Coutts and Company, yesterday and agreed to make the payment. No date for it has yet been settled and the formula has

arties involved have the three years to £423,000 in bowed to criticism that the three years to October 31. allocation of stock took an un-1979, and are estimated to have usually long time during which reached £510,000 in the last feet.

#### American Oil Unsuccessful applicants for

not been revealed.

#### DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

l .		Date	Corre	TOTAL	TOTAL
į.	Current	σf	ponding	for	last
1	pavment	payment	j div. `	year	year
Airfix	Níl	· -	2.29	Nii	3.66
Beliway	હ્યુ		4	7	7
Capper-Neillint.		Jan. 7	2.1	_	4.2
City of Aberdeen Land	8.5	Dec. 5	5.75	12	8.25
Contal, & Indus, Tst, int.		Feb. 3	3	_	10.5§
Hammerson Propty, int.	2.5	Nov. 28	! <del>-</del>	_	6*
Philip Hill Invint.	1.8	Dec. 19	1.6	_	5.88¶
London Trustint.		Dec. 10	1.3		3*
Mountviewint.		Mar. 23	0.7	_	2.4
Newman Indsint.	Nil	- 1	1.5	_	1,5
Oceana Con.	Ī	Dec. 23	1	1	1
Warner Holidaysint.	0.5	Feb. 9	0.5		2.25
J. Sainsburyint.		Jan. 23	3	_	10.25
Usher-Walkerint.		Dec. 12	1.28	_	4.07
		· - J			

Dividends shown pence per share net except where otherwise stated. \* Equivalent after allowing for sorip issue. † On capital increased by rights and/or acquisition issues. ‡ To reduce disparity. § Plus 2.8p special dividend. ¶ Partly to reduce disparity. ∥ Included non-recurring 0.38p.

#### LONDON TRADED OPTIONS Yo. Vol. 164p 1 - 9 - 1 -662°p 65°p 567n 115 385p 1120

477p

116p

121p

340p

475p

# 300 350 360 323 390 420 80 109 110 420 460 800 56 32 14 76 24 36 26 17 10 80 50 50 80 90 104 110 114 120 130 140 250 350 454 484 24 21 100 10 4 83 13 3 26

# Sainsbury's has resources for a new food price war

The Asda superstores chain

Sainsbury's improved interim

The directors say this increase

BY DAVID CHURCHILL, CONSUMER AFFAIRS CORRESPONDENT

THE KEY question being asked sparkling interim financial re- cost adjustments. Earnings per sults from J. Sainsbury was share are shown as 25.77p proved first-half performance and whether the group would try to (16.47p) on a historic basis, and the fact that trade at present spark off a new high street food 21.01p (12.47p) on a CCA basis.

Although competition among come on top of a 41 per cent the major grocery multiples is jump to £46m pre-tax in the last still extremely fierce, the level full year. It is being sharply con-of hostilities has quietened trasted with Tesco, which is finddown from the intense priceing that the slump in consumer
cutting in the two years following Tesco's "Operation Checkout" in June 1977.

tasted with Tesco, which is all
ing that the slump in consumer
spending on non-foods and the
high cost of financing its new
stores programme is likely to stores programme is likely to lead to a profits fall when its

Since then the pressure on

results are announced later this profit margins as a result of rising costs and the onset of the month. economic recession has made a new outbreak of such fierce competition seem unlikely. But, has also warned that its interim results early next year "will fall short of those for the corresponding period in 1979." as Sainsbury's showed yesterday, it now has considerable financial profits were due largely to a rise in its retail profit margin—from 3.17 per cent in the first half last year to 3.83 per cent this decide to launch a new offensive. Sainsbury's pre-tax profit for the 28 weeks to September 13 were up by 58 per cent from f19.52m to £30.85m. Sales, including VAT, were up by 31 per cent from £608.02m to £796.74m.

The directors are planning a preference spring issue and long in net margins was made possible by a record growth in sales com-

one-for-one scrip issue, and have declared a net interim dividend of 4.5p, compared with 3p last time, seeking to reduce disparity. A final of 7.25p was paid last

bined with an increase in productivity. The sales volume per employee increased by 4.3

per cent.

The after-tax profit this time cent was due to five new stores in the City and grocery trade of £21.59m (£13.67m) is reduced coming on stream in the first alike in the wake of yesterday's to £17.3m (£10.15m) after current half of the year. In spite of Sainsbury's in-proved first-half performance and

expect sales to increase as fast in the second half of the year. The improved profitability has This suggests a certain reticence about the prospects for

launching a new price war after Christmas. (There is no point launching before then since pre-Christmas food sales are normally very buoyant).
Sainsbury's almost certainly will re-launch its highly-success.

Discount campaign-which has helped it secure 2 50 per cent increase in market share in the past few years-and can be expected to maintain heavy pro-motional advertising, especially for its own-label products where profit margins are higher. Tesco is likely to respond with

some aggressive promotions and to some price-cutting against specific Sainsbury and Asda

But with the recession likely to put an even greater squeeze on consumer spending after Christmas, even Sainsbury's may feel that the benefits of a new price war may not be worth the Sales volume increased by 16 risk to its hard-won financial per cent, of which some 4 per strength.

# Dalgety accounts qualified

THE 1979-80 accounts of Dalgety, at Spillers. the international merchant group, have been qualified by the auditors regarding future costs of the rationalisation of Spillers following its acquisition by the group.

A provision of £13.9m has been made for redundancies and other closure and reorganisation costs in respect of Spillers, which are expected to arise after June, 1980. Also, a provision of £2.3m has been made for costs in-curred in 1979-80. The directors says these represent a best estimate of the eventual charge. and are of necessity subject to adjustment.

However, the auditors, Spicer and Pegler, say that although the amounts involved have been arrived at on a reasoned basis, the exercise extends over a coneventual cost is subject to in-

evitable uncertainty. They have therefore been unable to form an opinion as to whether the proportion of the charge relating to future costs will prove adequate or excessive.

The provisions are included in an extraordinary charge of

SPAIN ·		
	Price	
November 5	%	+ ar-
Banco Bilbao	252	1 01-
Banco Central		
	279	
Banco Exterior	221	
Banco Hispano	241	
Banco Ind. Car	125	
Banco Madrid	141	
Banco Santander	282	
Banco Urquijo	148	+4
Banco Vizcaya	261	
Banco Zaragoza	220	
Dragados	106	+1
Espanola Zinc	_ 58	-2
Fecse	63.2	
Gal. Preciados	29,5	-0.5
Hidrola	68.2	+0.5
lberduero	65.2	+0.2
Petroleos	112.5	+1.0
Petroliber	85	
	102	
Telefonica	<b>50.7</b>	+0.7

In his statement, Mr. D. L. a result of the Spillers Donne, the chairman, says the acquisition, the group has a wider some £20m gross, was anticipated in the price offered for Spillers. The reogranisation will enable the group to benefit from economies both in operating costs and overheads at the operating level and in central

plains, Members are told that prior to the integration of Spillers with Dalgety in the UK, all the Spillers businesses were carefully investigated and the results conto the announcement of last

administrative expenses, he ex-

year's bid. Mr. Donne adds that the commercial logic of the merger is proven to the Board's satisfac-tion and early results for the period following reorganisation of the businesses are encourag-

Dalgety's strength agriculture and food, both of

cash expenditure, amounting to spread of investments if Chese sectors and the improved balance of business will enable it to perform creditably. Changes already made will improve the trading of Dalger Foods in the U.S. and the completion of the major, steps

necessary for the integration of Spillers will increase the contribution to profits from these activities, the chairman says.

"We face tomorrow's challenge with confidence," he adds. As reported September' 18, including a 37 weeks contribution of £6.8m from Spillers; "group pre-tax profits increased from £31.5m to £33.4m for the year ended June 30, 1980. Thrhover rose from £0.95m to £1.88bn, with Spillers contributing £533m.

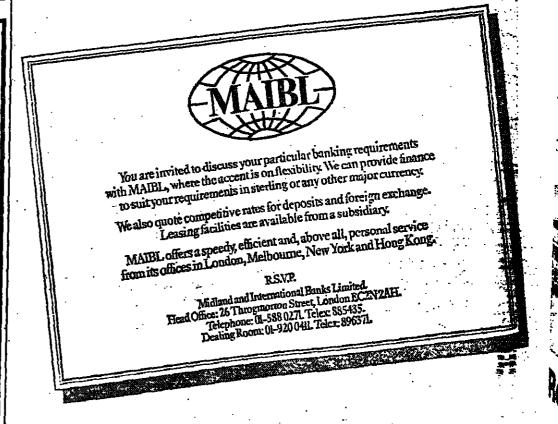
Ordinary shareholders funds acreased from £169.2m to Meeting, Institute of Directors,

which are essential whatever the SW, November 28, 11.30 am.

## M. J. H. Nightingale & Co. Limited

	9-80	•			Gross	Yield	
High	Low	Company	Price	Change	Div (p)	76	P.1
99	39	Airsprung	42	+1~	6.7	16.0	3.8
50	21	Armitage and Rhodes	24	_	14	5.9	وو
177	925	Bardon Hill	175	_	97	5.5	6.6
100	68	County Cars 10.7% Pl.	68	-1	15.3	22.5	-1
101	63	Deborah Ord.	95	_	5.5	5.8	4.7
126	88	Frank Horsell	116	<b>– 1</b>	7.9	6.8	3.6
129	64	Frederick Parker	64	-1	11.0	17.2	2.9
156	78	George Blair	78	- 7	3.1	4.0	_
91	45	Jackson Group	91	+1	60	6.5	3.5
53	103.		113	-1	7.9	6.6	9.81
310	242	Robert Jenkips	305	_	31.3	10.3	
232	175	Torday	219	<del>-</del> 1	15.1	6.9	3.7
34	10	Twinlock Ord	112	-32		<del>-</del>	_
90	70	Twinlock 15% ULS	82		15.0	18.3	<b>-</b> -†
56		Unilock Holdings	38	_	3.0	7.9	5.8
101		Walter Alexander	99	+1	5.7	5.3	5.5
245	136	W. S. Yoates	242		12.1	5.0	3.9

# An invitation from MAIRI.



Midland and International Banks Limited

Representative Offices in Melbourne and New York ing Limited London and MAIBL Bermuda (Far East) Limited, Hong Kong.

An important £7.5 million contract has been received for the construction of liquefied gas storage tanks to a new technically advanced design for Shell Expro at Mossmorran in Scotland. A joint venture has been formed for the design and construction of technically advanced liquefied gas storage systems. All possible action continues to be taken to increase profitability and to combat the effects of the market recession and the Directors consider that the benefits of this action will be reflected in the results for the second half

Warrants for the dividend will be posted on 6th January, 1981 to shareholders on the Register at close of business on 28th November, 1980. Design, manufacture and erection of process plant

for world industry.

and the contract of the experiences.



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# Capper-Neill slips but interim is maintained

TAXABLE PROFITS of Capperand erector of pipework, also helped to provide a degree of • comment storage and process work for industry, slipped in the six months to September 30, 1980, in the UK and overseas that confrom £2.06m to £1.8m, despite tinue to provide the present turnover rising by over £7m to strength of the group.

Indeed up by about a into since the spring, as it has become clear that the group is managing to find new orders to replace turnover rising by over f7m to

However, management throughout the group are continuing to possible action necessary to increase profitability and to combat the effects of the market recession, and the directors consider that the benefits of this action will be reflected in the results for the second half of the year.

- They are maintaining the interim dividend at 2.1p net-last year a total of 4.2p was paid from pre-tax profits of £5.08m (£5.54m).

Commenting on the half year figures the directors say the group experienced particularly difficult trading conditions during the period and to counteract this, exceptional costs were incurred in some of the factory-based companies which included payments

he says he is more confident.

than ever before, in its future.

£163.2m to £220.4m—as reported

ing remains the group's major activity, its policy announced

last year, of increased diversi-fication through the building and

property industry continues to

the group is on target to achieve

gain momentum.

Although private house build-

The directors add that while benefit of employees. Neill, designer, manufacturer the spread of interests has protection, it is the site construc- Capper-Neill's share price has tion engineering activities both

> The surplus for the six months the gap left by the completion was struck after much higher of the kenana sugar project in interest of £917,000 (£441,000) Sudan. So the order book is and redunancy costs.

Tax for the period was lower at £1.06m (£1.15m) and attribut of smaller projects at narrower able profit showed a drop from £907,000 to £716,000.

A contract worth £7.5m has been awarded to Capper-Neill International by Shell Expre at Mossmorrae, Fife, Scotland, for the detailed design, supply and construction of liquefied gas storage tanks which will be the first to be built in the UK to a new technically-advanced design. over of redundancy costs—on the Also, a joint venture has been manufacturing side—into the Also, a joint venture has been formed with Pittsburgh-des current half, pre-tax profits for Moines of the U.S. for the design the full year may be about a technical advanced liquefied gas time. The share price rose 2p producing a producing a state of the control of the control of the current half, pre-tax profits for the full year may be about a technical advanced liquefied gas time. The share price rose 2p producing a producing a state of the current half, pre-tax profits for the full year may be about a state of the current half, pre-tax profits for the full year may be about a state of the current half, pre-tax profits for the design the full year may be about a state of the current half, pre-tax profits for the design the full year may be about a state of the current half, pre-tax profits for the design the full year may be about a state of the design the full year may be about a state of the design the full year may be about a state of the design the full year may be about a state of the design the full year may be about a state of the design the full year may be about a state of the design the full year may be about a state of the full year may be

were technical advanced liquefied gas time. The share price rose 2p yesterday to 63p, producing a pled. The company intends to create of at an early date share option schemes which would be for the 10 per cent.

The following companies have notified dates of Board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings are usually held for the purpose of considering dividends. Official indications are not available as to whether dividends are interims or finals and the sub-divisions about the form are haven mainly on last shown below era \_\_\_\_ year's timetable TODAY shown below are based mainly on last

Interima—Airliow Streamlines, Bank of Ireland, Henry Boot, British-Borneo Petroleum Syndicata, British Investment Trust, A. Goldberg, Grampian Holdings, Guardian Investment Trust, Hambres Investment Trust, Hambres Investment Trust, Hambres Investment Trust, Haedlam Sims and Cognis, Milletty stigure, Oaley Printing, Save and Prosper Linked Investment Trust, Whittington Engineering, Finals—Jessups, Moos Engineering, Ramer Texteles, Samuel Properties, Trucoulle, Wellco, Wemyss Investment

**BOARD MEETINGS** 

	MAN DINIE OF 1622 File Series \$176	Kamor Iditios, Sanuel Croparties, II
r	as a year ago, although made up	coville, Wallco, Wemyss Investment
•	of smaller projects at narrower	FUTURE DATES
ì	margins. There has been a small	Advance Services Nov. 1
	advance in profits at the trading	Arbuthnot Latham Nov. 1
i	level—even allowing for the	Chubb Nov. 1
ľ	£300,000 lost through the	Fortnum and Mason Nov.
Ĺ	engineering dispute in the same	Kwik-Fit (Tyres and Exhausts) Nov. 1 L.K. Industrial Investments Nov. 1
•	period last year. But higher	May and Hassell Dec.
L	financing charges in contracting	Ocean Wilsons Nov. 2
5	have raised the level of debt,	Seccombe Marshall & Campion Nov. 1
:	along with interest charges. So,	Finals—  Beazer (C. H.) Nov. 1
	while there should be no carry-	R C F Nov.

#### Warner **Holidays** into loss

HIGHER THAN expected costs and the adverse effects of the general economic situation have left Warner Holidays with a pretax loss of £104,000 for the first half of July 31, 1980, compared with a profit iast time of £356,000.

Profits for the full year must be expected to fall compared with last year's record £1.13m surplus. the directors. However, tate bookings improved towards the end of the summer, producing a volume of business only marginally below that of last year, and this leads them to believe that the reduction in profit will not be unduly severe.

Costs in the first six months, particularly those relating (0 public sector services, escalated at rates above those estimated in the group's tariff structure, say

Gross revenue rose to £5.9m (£5.05m) and the deficit was struck after charge; including interest of £226,000 (£129,000). A tax credit this time of £54,000 (£185,000 charge) leaves a net loss of £50,000 (£171.000 profit).

The interim dividend is maintained at 0.5p net—last year's final was 1.75p.

F,300 5 12 F,320 100 5 F,17,50 — — F,20 20 0,90 F,20 1 1 1,60

TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS

**EUROPEAN OPTIONS EXCHANGE** 

12 2 15 5 13 9 — 10 2,20 .0,90 104 1,30

15

51

1,80 B

#### Lawtex trims production THE REDUCTION in demand 18 months has led to the market-

£1m downturn

ON TURNOVER down from profits were £3.68m (£2.78m).
£27.01m to £25.86m, pre-4ax profits for housebuilder Bellway from sales of land and building

The group had substantial really pulls down the pre-lax claims to stock appreciation earnings—down more than 25

relief which enabled it to re-per cent—is a threefold increase cover corporation tax charged in interest charges. Borrowings

making a net surplus of £3.45m land purchases and work in

fully taxed earnings per share completed its disposals of land

The directors state the mar-ginal downturn in activities was a result of the economic climate.

UK it has continued the process of spreading its activities outside the depression ravaged North

Interest charges increased to East, which now provides only 1932,000 (£325,000), due partly 30 per cent of turnover. There

to work in progress and the acquisition of more land.

The total dividend of 7p net is maintained with a final of the fully taxed p/e is 6.7, and

After minorities of £8,000 the yield 15.6 per cent—a rating (nil) and the addition of which probably reflects the £243,000 for extraordinary items uncertainties in the house (£99,000 debit), attributable building sector.

sidiary. While

The extraordinary items arose

from sales of land and building's

Bellway's turnover is only

slightly lower, with trading

margins squeezed a bit. What

are now £7.9m against £2.7m last year end, most of the

change being accounted for by

progress (now standing at £3m).

in France and Australia. In the

comment

for Bellway

dropped from £3.72m to £2.74m

for the year ended July 31,

corresponding period of 1979.

for the previous year. This results in a tax credit of £713,000 (charge £837,000).

(£2.9m) and earnings per share of 26.6p (22.2p), with notional

the interim stage, profits had been slightly ahead at £1.84m against £1.74m in the

produced by the continued ing of the systems through a downward trend in the economy has led Lawtex to introduce Similarly, engineering proshort-time working in some of its factories. Mr. G. Schaefer, chairman, tells shareholders in his annual statement. In addisome restructuring has been necessary and this has led to a small number of redundancies in the current

As reported on October 9. this manufacturer of clothing, umbrellas and allied products lifted its pre-tax profits by 15.4 per cent to £476,399 in the year to June 28, despite a reduction of £51,000 in second-half profits. Although the

economic outlook gives little cause for optimism, says the management endeavouring to ensure that when the upturn comes the group is fully prepared to move

forward again. Wide interest from other

F.19.50

F.62.40 \$7018 \$90 H F.52.30

1.10 F.13.60

\_ F.64" 4.20 "

14.80 F.119.40 6.40

527<u>".</u>

F,217,80

1,20

18

15

BOC - Linde Refrigeration Limited, Victoria Road, Ruislip, Middlesex HA4 ONT, Telephone 01-8415281/0, Telex 23705

# Shareholders' funds at the year end stood at £3.91m (£3.55m). Bank and cash balances were up at £15,496 (£8,710) and advances amounted to £1.25m (£1.12m). **MOUNTVIEW ESTS.**

Similarly, engineering pro-ducts developed for use within

the group are being marketed to the clothing industry through

the Safeguard (Engineers) sub-

business areas are very small

in relation to the group as a whole, the chairman is hopeful

they will grow and contribute to profits in future years.

Mountylew property dealing and investment company, thinks it unlikely that profits for the current year to March 31, 1981 will match the clothing manufacturers in microcomputer applications developed so, the Board believes that
by the group and introduced having regard to the difficulties
into its factories over the last arising from the present arising from the present economic climate, profits so far compare favourably with the

previous year. Meanwhile, the directors are declaring an interim dividend of .7 per 5p share, the same as before.

#### Mr. Paul Zetter reports 🐉 🗧 another record year.



Year ended 31.3.80

Group turnover (before payments to winners and betting duty) Profit before taxation

£33.52m up 10.8% £1,54m up 10.8% £659,000 up 10.4% 2.50p per share Legar Legar of Streets 21.5%

10.49p up 10.5%

Earnings per share

Profit after taxation

Dividend

#### Points from Chairman's Statement:

- The "record year" which was anticipated last year has been comfortably
- Both the Pools and Bingo divisions are trading well, and this together with our strong liquidity position give the Board reason for confidence.



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# **Medminster Limited**

# Furniture Hire, Shipping and Freight Agents

The following are extracts from the statement by the Chairman and Managing Director, Mr. John Delaney.

There has been greatly increased activity and prosperity in the Group during the year with two new divisions becoming fully operational, Camden Furniture Hire (C.F.H.) and Freight Agencies Macpack (FA.M.).

#### **FURNITURE HIRE** C.F.H. is an old established company

within the Group which has been revamped and re-located on Western Avenue during the year. I am sure it is now recognised as one of the best modern furniture warehouses in the country, hiring to caterers, commercial films, advertising agencies, industrial and commercial conferences and television. I was confident the company would be successful but was agreeably surprised at the very short time it took to become profit earning, no doubt due to the large stock of the latest and most up-to-date furniture and furnishings the company has available.

Old Times Furnishing has maintained its unique position in the industry and continues to act as the major workshop for restoration of all types of furniture and furnishings owned by the Group.

1975 1980 £327,036 \$256,795 Profit before taxation 225pDividends per share (net) 2.70p 8.47p Earnings per share 10.39p 39.00p Net Assets per share 47.00p

#### SHIPPING AND FREIGHT

Our shipping, freight forwarding and warehousing services have had a very active year and our new venture (EAM.) which became operational under our management on the lst September 1979, has fitted into and complemented our other subsidiary. Cube Shipping, Whilst these two companies are located very close to each companies are located very close to each other in the Liverpool commercial area. leel it is advisable, at this stage, for them to operate separately so that we are ready to take advantage of all possibilities for expansion.

#### OUTLOOK

All divisions of our business are trading in advance of the corresponding period last. year and subject to no unforeseen circumstances. I am looking forward to another successful year.

#### warehouse and plant room temperature is achieved using Waste heat from a refrigerator plant at the South Suburban Refrigerator warms warehouse Co-operative Society's Ewell Store is providing free heating for the store's adjacent warehouse. Normally this heat is thrown away to the atmosphere. Potential savings with this system in the actuators and sensors. Linde solved this problem. Expertise in our fields will also solve your problems, however large or small. Linde Group leads the way in applied technology. many thousands of supermarkets throughout the UK are clearly World wide sales of DM 2,600 million are backed by a workforce huge. Hot air from the refrigerator condensers is transferred to the Gases warehouse via centrifugal fans and a short ducting system. Motorised dampers control the flow to the warehouse, the intake Linde AG, Wiesbaden (Germany), represented by:

HAVING EMBARKED on its this. He believes this invest-planned expansion overseas, ment will continue to produce Barratt Developments has become a much more broadly based group, Mr. Laurie Barratt, the portfolio at £34m, more than group, Mr. Laurie Barratt, the chairman, tells members in his £10m above its book value. annual statement and, as a result,

Barratt chief very confident

The chairman says & move into

The group recently made its first venture into the leisure property industry through a

tained its presence in the general contracting sector in spite of a very difficult market

On March 31, the group made its first investment in the U.S. with the acquisition of American National Housing Corporation for 55m cash, phased over several years. Mr. Barratt expects this company to increase its market property portfolio continues to make excellent progress, Mr. Barratt states. Over 1m sq ft of completed property, both commercial and industrial, is currently owned, with a further lm sq ft in course of developcompany to increase its market share of the Carifornian housing market and to add to the group's Barratt's immediate objective property investment portfolio. is to attain an annual rental income of £3m by June, 1981, and the chairman reports that

developing pre-funded and sold developments in conjunction with Record pre-tax profits of major 224.76m (restated f18.2m) were a use schieved for the year ended June profit.

30, 1980, on turnover up from The major institutions, will provide a useful additional source of

> development at Aviemore, in the Scottish Highlands. A steady expansion of property conversion activities is antici-pated while Barratt has main-

Although this was a small initial investment, he says that the group will be seeking further

Total borrowings at the year end, were up from a restated £33.5m to £53m, while share-holders' funds totalted £86.2m

moved up by about a fifth since

to find new orders to replace

now more or less the same size

The chairman adds that the group holds over three years supply of high quality developable land all located within areas of proven demand with a market value substantially in excess of its book value.

The dividend total for 1979-80 is being raised 20 per cent to £12.35p net. A one-for-four scrip issue is proposed

YEARLINGS Yearling bonds totalling £6.3m

at 15 per cent redeemable on November 11, 1981, have been issued this week by the following local authorities:

North East Derbyshire DC (£0.5m); Salford (City of) (£0.5m); Suffolk Coastal DC (£0.5m); Bolsover DC (£0.3m); Schuthorne (Borough of)

Scunthorpe (Borough of) (£0.5m); South Buckinghamshire (EX Beaconsfield) DC (£0.25m); Walsall Metropolitan DC (£1m); Kirkcaldy DC (£1.5m); South Bedfordshire DC (£0.25m); South Derbyshire DC (£0.25m); Tamburth DC (£0.25m); worth DC (£0.5m).

of fresh air, and, as necessary between seasons and in summer.

the passing of hot air directly to the environment. Control of the

Martin J. Haims

as

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Newman

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

MORE third-quarter results come the fall, already reported, in out 2441 tonnes over the past from the North American profits of the 37 per cent-owned 10 months against 168 tonnes.

natural resource companies and Falconbridge Nickel.

Outputs are compared in the the resultant nine months' totals compare well with those of a year ago. But, apart from the gold producers, earnings generally are declining and the outlook is none too promising for the current quarter.

The Anglo American Corpora-tion group's Hudson Bay Mining and Smelting, for instance, and Smelting, for instance, amount to C\$31,000, amounts that earnings for the first nine months of this year amount to C\$57.6m (£20m), or C\$5.70 per share, compared with only C\$20m in the same period of last year. The improvement reflects the results of Brinco Oil and Gas and a substantial increase in investment income. GOPENG TIN

to Amax. Hudbay's third quarter earnings amount only to CS5.4m compared with CS10.6m in the previous three months and C\$41.6m in the first quarter of

the year. Furthermore, the company's latest quarter earnings were buoyed up by the C\$6.7m share of the after-tax profit on the sale of properties by an affiliate plus improved petroleum results and results and results and results.

and record earnings by the Terra Chemicals subsidiary. On the other side of the coin, there was a CSSm loss from the strike at the 50 per centrowned Inspiration Copper: the strike was settled in late-September and the workers returned on

Nine-month net profits of McIntyre Mines are modestly higher at C\$24.4m compared with

The Rlo Tinto-Zinc group's following table. Brinco - the bolding company's interest will fall to 24 per cent from 52 per cent on completion with the deal with Olympia and York Developments - is one of the few that has enjoyed a good third quarter.

period amount to C\$931,000,

#### OUTPUT

Output of tin concentrates at Malaysia's Gopeng Consolidated fell to 133½ tonnes in October owing to heavy rains which hindered dry running operations

tonnes for the six months to the end of October compares favourably with the 517 tonnes last year.

last year.

Production at Idris fell sharply following flooding of the main lease and a change of scheme at the River Lease due to the non-renewal of leases. Idris's 1511 tonnes' output for the 10-month period is running well below the 224 tonnes produced in the same period of 1979.

Tanjong managed to increase roduction during October

# Zetters plan for hotels

of profits and return on capital potential but it is not expected achieved by Zetters other to contribute to the present investments, he said: "We have funds at our disposal for invest.

On prospects overall Mr. achieved by Zetters other investments, he said: "We have funds at our disposal for investment and think perhaps the hotel industry is right for us, because we know something about the way things were going and we know something about leisure and have a certain amount of experience."

SAINSBURY'S QUALITY

+KEENER

**PRICES** 

Brinco's earnings for the

However, production of 534 output for the same period of

C\$23.1m in the same period of production during October last year. Earnings for the third quarter of this year, before extraordinary items, have dropped to C\$3.3m mainly because of pairs. The dredge has turned

LONG-TERM Zetters Group, the pools and bingo company, aimed to build up a small chain of first hotel. The Bishop's Table good class town centre hotels, Hotel at Farnham, Surrey, for Mr. Paul Zetters, the chairman £205,000 cash. told the annual meeting. The company is currently

While acknowledging that this considering a number of plans move would not make the level to increase the hotel's earnings

the way things were going and remained confident.

HIGHER

VOLUME

Outputs are compared in the

tonnes tonnes tonnes 133½ 151¼ 163½ 27 24 32½ 1½ 12½ 15¼ 7½ 6 5½

#### Ni-Cal plans \$250m plant in California

of handling 5,000 tons of ore per day at its Gasquet Mountain faterite mickel-chromium-cobalt deposit in north-western Cali-

It is hoped that full production at the open-pit venture will be attained in 1984. Estimated probable ore reserves at Gasquet have been put at 22.3m tons of net processable laterite plus inferred additional reserves of

14.5m; tons. Taking a cut-off grade of 0.8 per cent nickel equivalent, the grade is put ta 0.865 per cent nickel, 0.094 per cent cobalt and 2 per cent chromium. The group is now preparing new ore reserve estimates based on this year's field work.

Ni-Cal and its operating sub-sidiary, California Nickel Corporation, have spent some \$2m in the past year on preparatory work at the deposit which is near Crescent City. All the California claims, in Del Norte County, are held by California

#### GFSA INTERIM

An interim of 55 cents (30p) is being declared by Gold Fields of South Africa for the year to next June. Earlier this year GFSA announced that in order to avoid payment of South Africa's undistributed profits tax it would be necessary to pay part of the amount that which would be available for the current year's interim before the end of 1980.

Accordingly, GFSA then fore-cast that it would declare a first interim for 1980-81 of 55 cents in November and the balance as a second interim in February, 1981. For the year to last June GFSA declared an interim of 130 cents followed by a final of 270 cents.

UP 58-0%

# Wardle offer adequate: NCC restructuring

believes the cash offer for the wardle lost £2.5m pre-tax in ordinary shares to be "fair and nine months to August 31. reasonable." By contrast offer As a result of the com for the preference shares which are to be swopped for ordinary shares in NCC, is described as

'adequate in the circumstances." In the offer documents prefer ence holders are reminded that they will be exchanging a fixed income security with prior rights to dividend for ordinary shares. The first dividend accepting Wardle shareholders can expect

group is planning a \$250m (£102m) treatment plant capable of handling 5.000 tone of to obtain is the final from NCC yet been taken about the interim dividend which might be paid to existing NCC share-holders in the meantime, but NCC has promised that the interim would not be "abnormally high" compared with the final.

So far as the offer for the ordinary shares is concerned, the bank points out that the cash offer is worth 33p a share compared with only 24.57p for

the share alternative.

The general business climate for Wardle, shareholders are told, is such that only a merger with a company with NCC's financial resources could allow recovery programme to nue. This will include continue. realisation of assets but "no redundancies will arise as a result of the offers."

Henry Ansbacher, the bank shareholders, the acquisition of advising the independent share- Wardle is said to "strengthen holders of Bernard Wardle, the the group's UK industrial base motor textiles company which is and income earning potential" to be absorbed by NCC Energy, though it is pointed out that helieves the cash offer for the Wardle lost £2.5m pre-tax in the

As a result of the complex transactions involving Energy Capital (formerly Hamilborne) in which Mr. Grabam Ferguson Lacey is to sell his stake to NCC, and the purchase of oil interests in the U.S., NCC's balance sheet will change

substantially.

A pro forma balance sheet for March 31 shows net curtent liabilities rising from £1.2m to £4.8m and loans from £229,000 to £7.1m. Total funds increase from £15m to £28.6m.

The deals consolidate Mr. Ferguson Lacey's interests in NCC which will rise from 26.9 per cent to 42.78 per cent if shareholders approve them at the special meeting on November 21.

Bank Brussels Lambert, which is advising NCC, says that "taking into account the increase

in the holdings of Mr Ferguson Lacey" the terms are in the best interests of NCC.

Mr. Ferguson Lacey has promised to spend 50 per cent of his time on NCC's affairs and for that NCC is paying Ferguson Management Services one of his Management Services, one of his private companies, £25,000 plus

a car and expenses, including secretarial expenses. MANCHESTER HOTEL FOR OUEENS MOAT THE Queens Moat Houses has bought the 40-bedroom Pownall

The hotel, built in 1972, is the company's first acquisition in the

#### Co-op Bank acquiring rest of F.C. Finance

CO-OPERATIVE BANK is to acquire the oustanding minority interest in the ordinary capital of F.C. Finance, the motor hire purchase company with interests in leasing, industrial banking, building finance and property development. The deal is worth

£1<u>.4</u>m. The Co-operative Bank aiready owns 81.4 per cent of F.C. Finance. Yesterday, the two Boards said that they believed that the move is in the interests of both the Co-operative Bank and F.C. Finance as it will facilitate further financing and development "in a way and to a degree which would not be feasible if F.C. Finance were to continue to have a minority of ordinary shares held by the

The proposals will place a value of 110p in cash on each ordinary share of F.C. Finance at present outstanding. This compares with a middle market price on November 4 of 70p. Directors of F.C. Finance have recommended the deal, other than Mr. P. J. Paxton, Mr. L. Lee and Mr. W. Q. Russell who are

also directors of the Co-operative Bank and have not participated In a separate letter to NCC Arms Hotel at Bramhall, near in the negotiations,

# Blue Circle SA merger talks

Blue Circle, the 55 per centwhile HLH's first-balf pre-tax owned South African cement and earnings were 63 per cent higher engineering subsidiary of Blueat R5.9m in the half year to Circle Industries, is discussing a August 31.

possible merger with timber and According to the companies building products group Hunt the controlling shareholders do Louchards and Hepburn (HLH) not plan to sell any of their The talks are at a preliminary holdings. HLH directors and stage, but if successful would their families control 70 per cent result in a group with a com-of that company's shares. bined turnover of more than However, there could be a R500m and annual pre-tax earn significant advantage in a ings in excess of R40m. Discus-merger for Blue Circle. Being sions are expected to take some 55 per cent held by the UK weeks to complete. sions are expected to take some so per cent held by the UK weeks to complete.

Both companies have benefited the amount of local borrowings strongly from South Africa's it can raise. With a lower pereconomic and construction centage stake held by UK spending booms. In the six interests in the merged group, months to the end of May, Bluehigher borrowings will be poscircle almost doubled pre-tax sible from South African banks.

Barnings from R4m to R7.8m

MARLEY BUYS 80%

MARLEY BUYS 80% OF CAR TRIM MAKER Mariey\_has acquired 80 per cent of British Moulded Fibre, the automotive component manu-facturers based near Bristol

British Moulded Fibre was previously jointly owned by the Burrows family (80 per cent) and Dawney Day (20 per cent). Following the Marley purchase. the Burrows family retains a 20 per cent shareholding.

No consideration has disclosed for the deal, British Moulded Fibre, founded in 1955 by Miles Burrows and his brother David, manufactures a wide range of vehicle interior trim panels based upon a patented process for the moulding of wood fibre. In 1979

sales were £2.9m. Marley's existing automotive component manufacturer, Marley Foam, has annual sales to the European automotive industry approaching £20m.

#### PAWSON SALES The directors of clothing manufacturer and retailer W. L.

Pawso have said they have no plans to sell more of their shares in the company. On Friday they announced the disposal of 220,000 shares, or 1.83 per cent of the equity, for what they described as personal financial reasons

Between them, the five directors now have 15.07 per cent of the company, of which 11.52 per cent belongs to chairman and managing director Mr. S. J. Woodliff. Merchant bank Keyser Ulimann has a 6.7 per cent stake. Following difficult trading conditions during the first half of the year the board decided not to pay an interim dividend.

COWTE/EWER

At a High Court bearing on November 3 an application by former directors of George Ewer for summary judgement in their action against T. Cowie over the consideration for their shares dismissed with costs.

Cowie has itself instituted proceedings against the former

proceedings against the former directors in connection with Ewer's acquisition of Eastern Tractors during the course of Cowie's bid for Ewer. Cowie maintains that it sustained a very substantial loss through this acquisition on the terms

Pending the outcome of the action against the Ewer directors Cowic has withheld the con-sideration for the Ewer shares assented to the Cowie offer.

DUTCH OFFSHOOT Brushes International bas formed a Dutch subsidiary, TEBA BV, following acquisition of the assets and business of

the former company of that Brushes is a subsidiary of United Transport Company,

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#### **BOOKS FOR** CHILDREN

The book publishing sub-sidiary of Independent Tele-vision Publications, Independent Television Books, has acquired the children's book club, Books for Children which is traded under the name of Fernstyle until it was placed in the bands until it was placed in the bands of the receiver on October 3.

Mr. Bob Phillis, chairman of JTV Books and managing director of ITP, said: "We fully intend to ailow the clube to develop the basic editorial and marketing concepts an which marketing concepts on which existing membership has been

He will become chairman of the company, which was pur-chased under the trading name of Pitchgrange.

#### MIDLAND CARPET

# **BAKERS STORES**

for £170,000. The first-floor offices are let to the Department of the Environment.

Hydraulics Cattermole

#### itself a member of the BET

BUYS P. G. POWER The floorcovering subsidiary of Ferrier Pollock, the Irish company to which receivers were appointed last month, is being sold to Midland Carpet

Distributors.
The Kidderminster has agreed purchase terms with the receiver for P.G. Power and Company (NI), whose assets it took over on Monday. Power will in future trade under the name of M.C.D. (Northern Ireland).

#### Bakers Household Stores (Leeds) has bought the freehold of its Selby, Yorkshire, store from Swan Yard Developments

KAYE SELLS
The Kaye Organisation has disposed of its interest in

Cattermole was a subsidiary of Henley Fork Lift Group and was acquired with Kaye's purchase of Henley in 1976.

## Industries Limited Interim Statement

•			
	Six m	onths ended Oth June	Year ended
	1980	1979	1979
Turnover	40,397	34,815	70,231
	<u></u>		
Group Trading Profit before Interest and			
interest and Taxation	2,892	3,664	3,968
Interest	2,599	1,362	3,590
Group Trading Profit before Taxation	293	2,302	378
Taxation			•
UK Overseas ACT	488 85	244 548	(362) 953 1113
Group Trading	533	790	1,704
Profit (Loss) after Taxation	(240)	1,512	(1,326)

(1) Group Trading Profit is struck before extraordinary items and exchange differences.
(2) The dividend on the Preference Shares for the half-year amounts to £199,000.
(3) Interim results are unaudited.

#### Interim Report

Group sales for the six months ended 30th June 1980 totalled over £40M which, in money terms, is a 16% increase on the corresponding period in 1979. During the half-year trading margins continued to be under severe pressure, particularly in the Ceramics and Electric Motors Divisions. These two, together with certain companies in the Engineering Products Division, suffered from falling demand at home, and problems in export markets because of the strength of sterling. The Avdel Division (industrial fasteners) was profitable and achieved notable penetration in some market segments whilst the specialist foundry companies were successful in difficult trading circumstances.

The high interest rates which prevailed in this period badly affected the Group. Borrowings - mainly accumulated as a result of past acquisitions and continuing poor profits and cash flow - continued at a high level and the interest charge (£2.6M) shows a 91% increase over 1979.

Taxation on overseas profits is unrelieved and the overall tax charge for the half-year (£533,000) is therefore nearly double the small pre-tax profit.

Management accounts indicate that trading conditions deteriorated in the third quarter and losses in that quarter have exceeded the six months pre-tax profit. The overall position both with regard to profits and cash flow remains difficult. Additionally, the immediate prospects for United Kingdom exports, on which the Group has depended heavily in the past, are poor.

Under the circumstances, no interim dividend will be paid on the Ordinary Shares but the Board will keep this question under constant review.

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34 ALSO OUTSTANDING DEBENTURES OF \$1,000 EACH OF PREFIX "M"
BEARING THE FOLLOWING NUMBERS:

147 1147 2247 3147 3547 5047 5947 7347 8047 8847 9847 10347 11647 12347 22947 13747 14547 647 1347 1347 1347 3247 4147 5147 6247 7447 8147 9147 9947 10447 11747 12447 13047 13847 14647 747 1547 2547 3547 4247 5547 6447 7547 8247 9247 10047 11047 11847 12547 13147 14047 14847 947 1947 2647 3647 6447 6647 6747 7747 8347 9447 10147 11047 11847 12747 13347 14147 14947 10147 1147 12147 12147 3247 14347 10147 1147 12147 3247 1447 14947 10147 1147 12147 3247 14347 14347

On December 15, 1980, the Debentures designated above will become due and payable in such coin or currency of the United States of America as at the time of payment shall be legal tender for the payment of public and private debts. Said Debentures will be paid, upon presentation and surrender thereof with all coupons appertaining thereto maturing after the redemption date, at the option of the holder either (a) at the corporate trust office of Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 13th Floor, 30 West Broadway, New York, N.Y. 10015, or (b) at the main offices of any of the following: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York in Brussels, Frankfurt am Main, London, Paris and Zurich; Bauk Mees & Hope NV in Amsterdam: Credito Romagnolo S.p.A. in Miles and Rome and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro, S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro, S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro, S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro, S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro, S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro and Credit Industrial d'Alexan et de Jameiro S. I. in Jameiro S. I. Milan and Rome and Credit Industriel d'Alsace et de Lorraine, S.A. in Luxembourg, Payments at the offices referred to in (b) above will be made by check drawn on a dollar account, or by transfer to a

dollar account maintained by the payee with a bank in New York City.

Coupons due December 15, 1980 should be detached and collected in the usual manner.

On and after December 15, 1980 interest shall cease to accrue on the Debentures herein designated

Compañía Anónima Nacional Teléfonos de Venezuela

Dated: November 6, 1980

NOTICE

The following Debentures previously called for redemption have not as yet been presented for DEBENTURES OF \$1,000 EACH

										Aviant						
M 51	7 1	459	3482	4182	4735	6082	7832	8186	9317	10017	10910	11974	12434	13017	13417	14024
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58	2 1	564	3617	4364	4764	6135	7983	8207	94.17	10124	11282	11983	12462	13082	13482	14432
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Ge	4 2	817	3835	4464	5182	6417	8007	8219	9517	10.386	11374	12064	12517	13132	13835	14807
81	7 3	289	3907		5217	G664	8009	8220	9582	10307	11459	12117	12582	13164	13843	14R17
102	4 2	935	2932	4517	5264	7064	8010	8764	9942	10311	11464	12164	-12717	13192	13910	14859
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	•														M - V - J	
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# Sainsbury's record first half

**GREATER** 

PRODUCTIVITY

•			
28 weeks to 13th September 1980	1980 2000	1979 £000	Change
SALES (inc VAT)	796,735	608,019	+31.0%
RETAIL PROFIT	30,533	19,246	<b>+58.6%</b>
RETAIL MARGIN	3.83%	3.17%	
ASSOCIATE COMPANIES	314	277	+13.4%
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	30,847	19,523	+58.0%
PROFITAFTER ESTIMATED TAX	21,593	13,666	+58.0%
DIVIDEND PER SHARE	4.50p	3.00p	+50.0%
EARNINGS PER SHARE	25.77p	16.47p	+56.5%

Trading Performance 1 The increase in net margin has been made possible by a record growth in sales combined with an increase in

productivity-sales volume per employee increased 4.3%. 2 We believe that at no time have our prices been more competitive and that this was a major reason for the volume increase of 16%. Existing supermarkets achieved a 12% volume increase, gains being spread throughout our trading area.

3 Trade remains good, but due to the particularly buoyant sales in the second half of last year, we do not expect that the percentage increase in sales will be as high in the second half this year as it has been in the first.

4 There were five new openings during the first half. It is planned to open eleven stores in the second half to give sixteen for the year, showing a significant increase in the rate of openings compared with last year.

**Employee Share Ownership** 1 The first distributions under the Profit Sharing Scheme were well received with more than five thousand employees choosing to take their distribution in the form of Shares. No provision for profit sharing has been made in the half year accounts as the level of the profit share is dependent upon the full year's results. However, if the Scheme's formula were to be applied to the half year's results alone it would produce a sum of about £1.6m.

2 Following the change in the tax treatment of Savings-Related Share Option Schemes, a new Savings-Related Scheme to replace the Company's existing Scheme will be proposed at an Extraordinary General Meeting on 1st December 1980. A new Executive Share Option Scheme will also be proposed at the same time to replace the Company's existing Scheme.

HIGHER

INVESTMENT

Dividend and Capitalisation Issue 1 The Directors have declared an interim dividend of 4.50p per Share (1979 3.00p) which, together with its associated tax credit, is equivalent to a gross dividend of 6.43p per Share. This dividend will be paid on 23rd January 1981 to Shareholders on the Register of Members at the close of business on 24th December 1980.

2 In declaring the interim dividend, the Directors have sought to restore the traditional balance by improving the

interim dividend as a proportion of the total dividend. 3 The Directors are recommending a capitalisation issue on the basis of one new Share for every existing Share held. The new Shares will not rank for the interim dividend declared today but will rank for any dividend declared subsequently. The capitalisation issue will not affect the total amount of dividends payable by the

Company in the future.

هكذامن المثمل

# Receiver called to Wharf Mill

HEAVY trading losses have pushed Wharf Mill Furnishers into receivership and ended the plan of Mr. Stephen Boler, the chief shareholder, to make a full bid for the Lancashire-based

Wharf Mill's shares were suspended at the end of August at 33p when it was stated that Mr. Boler intended to make an offer for the 43 per cent of the shares which he did not control.

Yesterday, however, the comyesterday, however, the company said the receivers had been called in, with Mr. Boler dropping his proposed bid. Mr. Boler, the chairman, bought the retailing interests of the troubled Kitchen Queen group earlier this year, but these are not held through Wharf Mill. His business interests outside Wharf Mill will not be affected by its troubles. He first became involved with Wharf Mill when he bought a

bank Arbuthnot Latham in September of last year. The shares then moved to a high of

59p.
His subsequent full offer, required under the Takeover Code, was made at 27p, the price he paid himself, but gained no acceptances.

A review of Wharf Mill's

A review of Wharf Mill's activities, made after his purchase, showed the financial position to be far worse than expected. The company said yesterday that efforts to improve the trading position proved un-successful, hence the decision to call in the receiver.

Mr. Boler said in August be

was making his second attempt to obtain the rest of the shares "with a view to protecting the long-term position" of the company; which made a £162,390 pre-tax loss in the financial year to March 31, 1979. The 1979-80 accounts are still awaited.

**Aberdeen Land exceeds** £1m year end

reported a taxable surplus of £756,000 (£145,398), which included a £353,000 profit from the sale of an office development.

20.5p.

The Board states that forward sales for the current year are very satisfactory and well over half of the company's target

Taxable profits of the City of Aberdeen Land Association advanced sharply in the year to end-June, 1980, from £396,000 to £1.05m on turnover £1.82m higher at £4.63m.

At mid-year the company reported a taxable surplus of £756,000 (£145.398). which

The total dividend is being raised from 8.25p to 12p net, with a final of 8.5p, and a one-for-10 scrip issue is proposed.

The total dividend is being programme is already sold.

City of Aberdeen Land Association is a close company and a subsidiary of Scottish Western Trust Company.

#### **Ayer Hitam Tin Dredging** Malaysia Berhad

Extracts from the Statement by the Chairman,

Y.A.M. Tengku Tan Sri Indra Petra, For the year ended 30th June, 1980

Performance during the year
The production of 31,155 piculs was about 18% below the The production of 31,155 piculs was about 18% below the previous year's level. It was expected that production for the year would be affected by the lower grade of reserves, however, dredging operations were further affected by the presence of stiff clay in the ground worked. The deckine in production was therefore greater than anticipated and this, together with an increase in operating and overhead expenses (details of which are given in the accounts accompanying this statement) resulted in the fall in profit before taxation to \$18,869,000 compared with \$22,028,000 achieved in 1979. After deducting \$11,313,000 for taxation (1979: \$11,329,000), the net profit was \$7,556,000 (1979: \$10,699,000).

The tim metal price continued to be favourable during the year under review. The average net price received per picul of tin concentrate was \$1,137 compared with \$993 for 1979.

of tin concentrate was \$1,137 compared with \$993 for 1979.

Dividends was pedd on 15th April 1980. Your board has recommended for your approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting the payment of a final dividend of 115 sen per share, less tax

at 40%, to be paid on 1st December 1980.

The total dividend for the year would therefore be 305 sen per share, less tax at 40%, compared with 290 sen per share

Projections for the current year

The company's dredges will continue to work in lower grade ground during the current year. Production is expected to be marginally lower than that for 1980.

In November 1980, No. 3 dredge will be moved via a

pre-cut channel to a new area in the north-eastern corner of the property where it will work partly in tailings and partly in virgin ground.

Developments during the year

I regret to report that despite strenuous efforts by your board, your company has been unsuccessful in securing a sub-lease over that portion of the area which your company had selected for deep opencast mining.

During the year, an agreement was concluded for the sale

of the company's tin concentrate and associated minerals to Malaysia Mining Corporation Berhad (MMC). The new marketing arrangement has now entered its second year and your directors are of the view that the company has obtained higher prices for its tin concentrate than it would have achieved had it not been for MMC's direct involvement in the international fin trade.

The Market is the concentrate of the content in the international fin trade.

International fin trade.

The 1980 National Budget introduced, with effect from 18th October 1979, a "cost-plus" basis for calculating the tin export duty but at the same time the budget increased the upper rate of tin profits tax from 12½% to 15% effective from year of assessment 1980. Overall, the new budget has reduced the company's after tax profit for the year under review. Operating costs, particularly the cost of power and other oil-related items, are rising and it is hoped that the Government will take positive steps to review the rate of export duty in the light of the continuing increase in the cost of production.

Copies of the Report and Accounts and Chairman's statement can be obtained from the United Kingdom Registrars' Office at Charter House, Park Street, Ashford, Kent TN24 8EQ. Office at Charter House, Park Street, Ashford, Kent TN24 8EQ.

#### HOPKINSONS HOLDINGS LIMITED

Interim Report

are:—	1980 £000 18,964	1979 £'000 21,158	1 Feb. 1980 £'000 42,419
Group trading profit Interest paid Investment and other income	21 (266) 151	1,002 (236) 23	2,146 (602) 29
Group loss before taxation (1979 profit) Taxation	(94)	789 412	1,573 601
Group loss after taxation (1979 profit) attributable to holding company	(94)	377	972

During the period under review the industrial dispute at Hopkinsons Limited resulted in that company working for approximately one-third of the production time otherwise avail-able and consequently a loss slightly in excess of £1 million was incurred. Other major operating units performed creditably in the current economic conditions.

Order books of major subsidiaries remain generally satisfactory; as may be expected, orders for short-term delivery

Interim Ordinary Dividend
The Board has decided to pay an interim dividend on the ordinary shares of 1.5p per share (last year 1.5p per share) for the year to 30 January 1981 on 12 December 1980 to shareholders whose names appear on the register at 21 November

Birkby Grange, Huddersfield.

# Trading still difficult for Newman Industries

the second half of last year, Newman Industries has returned to profit in the first half of 1980, albeit much lower at £293,000 against a previous £2.3m.

Total profit for the whole of

Management accounts indicate, however, that trading conditions deteriorated in the third quarter

first-balf surplus. The directors say the overall position with regard to both profits and cash flow remains difficult, and the immediate prospects for UK exports, which the group has depended heavily on in the past, are poor.

Under the circumstances, no interim dividend will be paid but directors will keep this matter under constant review—

last year's interim of 1.5p was the only payment.

Sales in the first half expanded by 16 per cent to £40.4m (£34.8m) but trading margins continued to be under severe pressure, par-ticularly in the ceramics and

electric motors divisions.

These two, together with certain companies in the engineering products sector, suffered from falling demand at home, and problems in export markets herause of the strong pound. because of the strong pound.
The Avdel division—industrial fasteners—as profitable, the directors state.

comment

1979 slumped from a record the last lingering doubts, should the last lingering doubts, should any uncertainty remain, that an injection of fresh capital is absolutely vital. Income gearing has soared from 37 per cent to for the period have exceeded the 90 per cent over the past 12 months while net worth now stands at £14.26m against total borrowings of £26.7m. But, while Newman was just in profit before high overseas tax in the first half, conditions have since turned materially worse. The proposed £8.1m package put forward by Cycle and Carriage buys Newman a certain amount of time in which to attempt the sett flowing.

The directors state that the which to staunch the cash flowing out of its heavy loss-making divisions, ceramics and electric motors. But the injection still leaves a heavy debt burden and the accounts for the full year will presumably show substantial capital costs as the group undertakes the rationalisation it plainly regards as top priority. The shares, down 1p at 32p yesterday, will continue to bump along near the three-year low of 30p until new management has

SELECTION

£790,000 leaving a loss of Duratube and Wire, has or ever £240,000 (£1.51m profit)—the had any connection with charge on overseas profits was unrelieved.

Duratube and Wire, has or ever had any connection with Duratube Limited against which a compulsory winding-up order has been made.

#### **Progress** for Usher Walker

ON TURNOYER increased from £2.95m to £3.79m, taxable profits of Usher-Walker, manufacturer of printing inks and rollers,

The directors state that the

able costs continue to rise. the same level of profitability will not be maintained in the second half, the directors currently anticipate they will be able to recommend an unchanged dividend for the full year.

dividend for the full year,

generally depressed trading con-ditions in the UK, however, are now affecting the company's industry, and the rate of increase in turnover has slowed during the third quarter while unavoid Economies are being effected wherever possible and aithough

The interim payment is 1.29p (1.2827p) net per 10p share—last year's total was 4.0664p paid from pre-tax profits of £294,559. Trading profits were £2.89m (£3.66m) but interest charges up by 91 per cent to £2.6m (£1.36m) cut back profits at the pre-tax was £533,000 against Selection SELECTION

SELECTION

The Board of Western Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office from pre-tax months was subject to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office ceived in respect to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office ceived in respect to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office ceived in respect to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office ceived in respect to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office ceived in respect to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office ceived in respect to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office ceived in respect to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office ceived in respect to tax of £15,000 (nil), after which earnings are shown level. Tax was £533,000 against Selection of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office of any controlling shareholder months to set up a new office of any controlling shareholder months to set u

**NEWS ANALYSIS—MONEY BROKING** 

# Rationalisation in sight

anticipated rationalisation in the broking money community.

Bierbaum, a highly respected specialist in the dollar-Deutsche Mark market, revealed on Tuesday that it had acquired a 29.9 per cent interest in Martin at 100.5 p a share and would initiate discussions with the Martin Board that might lead to a full takeover bid.

Many London brokers have been predicting that only the very large or very specialised groups would survive in the wake of a major relaxation of dealing rules agreed with the Bank of England, last December. And Martin, a middle-sized broker with wide, general coverage and an indifferent profit record in recent years, seemed to be among

the vulnerable ones. However, the squeeze on weaker brokers has been postponed because foreign exchange markets have been unusually active this year. Many brokers, including Martin, have enjoyed substantial profit increases. In the year ended on June 30, Martin achieved a pre-tax profit of 5077 505 26 per pent higher

revealed in August, the com-pany's improving prospects, depressed share price and lack of any controlling shareholder had attracted the interest of

The mooted takeover bid by had acquired a 10 per cent hold-being able to get telephone lines leading German foreign exchange ing. In August, Tandour sold its in the City. broker, Bierhaum and Co. OHG, stake and a few days later, another Panama company. Tan-it sounds ridicatous, but another Panama company, Tanlooks like the first sign of the gora, reported holding 16 per cent, which it subsequently built

up to 20 per cent in September. Martin's efforts to uncover the idewity of the owners of Tandour and Tangora were in vain.

Mr. Wolfgang Strück, one of the five partners in Bierbaum. said yesterday that he was first approached in July by an inter-mediary who said he could provide a 29.9 per cent block of Martin shares.

This offer was renewed after Martin's results were published and again last weekend, when Bierbaum finally agreed to buy

Mr. Strück said he knew the people behind Tangora, described them as speculators, but refused to identify them except to say that they were neither British nor German.

'I will say that if they had known Bierbaum was coming in, I do not think they would have He also declined to identify the intermediary.

Mr. Struck said the main attraction of Martin to Bier-baum was that it was available. martin achieved a pre-tax prome of £277,505, 36 per cent higher than last year.

Even before these figures were revealed in August, the company's improving prospects, denvesced chara price and lack tried twice in the part few. tried twice in the past few months to set up a new office in London but concluded it was

Mr. Struck said. He confirmed that Bierbaum

had established that it would be acceptable to the Bank of England, which regulates foreign exchange brokers in London. Already, two of the 15 approved brokers in London are

foreign controlled. Mr. Struck was uncertain of Bierbaum's next moves.

"Of course we want control but we hear the price has already gone up. (The shares rose ip yesterday to 100p.) At the moment, our plans are open but I am afraid we will have

to move quickly."
Martin was taken completely
by surprise by the Bierbaum
announcement but its chairman, Mr. M. H. Phelan was at least relieved that the suitor was as

attractive as Bierbaum.
"We are very happy that
Bierbaum is involved in
R. P. Martin," he said yesterday. He added that the two groups have aiready begun to work together in the Dollar-Deutschemark market but no discussions have yet been held or scheduled on a possible full bid by Bierbaum.

#### BRIXTON ESTATES

Acceptances have been received in respect of 96.3 per cent of the 13.5m new shares

The year we arrived in Britain Kodak's Brownie box camera was the rage, Harrods'caviare was 12/6d a jar and

Logie Baird had agood idea.

In 1922 when Bankers Trust opened in London, television was still a twinkle in Logie Baird's eye and only the shrewd could have guessed that Kodak's popular little box heralded the vast range of sophisticated pocket cameras we have today. Or seen that Harrods would extend its already enviable reputation in Britain worldwide.

We have been associated with these companies and many other successes. We count 87 of the top 100 UK industrial companies as our customers, as well as numerous corporations, institutions and Government bodies in the UK and worldwide.

Rapid response: local and global. We are an American bank, totally

committed to the needs of the UK, fully conversant with what goes on here.

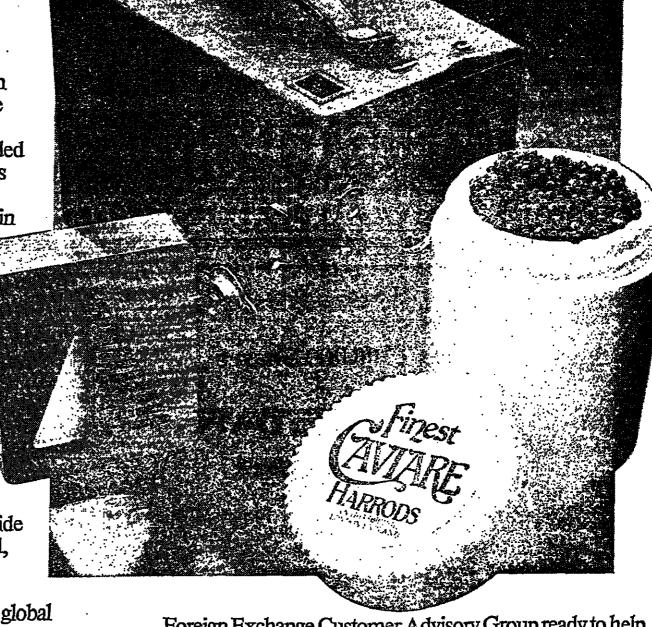
In Britain, we are large enough to provide the range of services major organisations need, small enough to give individual commitment which works to our customers' advantage.

This commitment carries through to a global banking network covering more than 30 countries. Bankers Trust appoints relationship and account officers to individual customers around the world, to give them a fully co-ordinated, truly international service.

#### We have the facilities to raise, lend or manage money worldwide.

A number of ideas which we developed are now standard banking practice.

We have one of the most active and professional foreign exchange operations anywhere, including a



Foreign Exchange Customer Advisory Group ready to help with your decisions at all times.

We are actively involved in short and medium term finance, ECGD backed and other export finance, loan syndication, project finance, also back to back financing, commercial paper, and currency management. We have experts in commodities, energy, international insurance, shipping, corporate trust and pension fund management.

Whenever Bankers Trust is asked for advice, for action, for a decision, you may rest assured it will be forthcoming.Fast.

# Bankers Trust Company

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39-40 Temple Street, Birmingham B2 5DP. Tel: 021-643 4935. 77-79 Fountain Street, Manchester M2 2EE. Tel: 061-236 1510. Bankers Trust International Limited, 56-60 New Broad Street, London EC2 MIJU. Tel: 01-638 5533.

nches in London and Birmingham and a Representative Office in Manchester. Other Branches: Bahrain, Maniko, Milan, Nassau, Panama City, Paris, Scoul, Singapore and Tokyo. ations: Amsterdam, Athens, Brussels, Copenhagen, Madrid, Rome. Banque du Benelux: Antwerp, Brussels, Ghent, Liége, Bankers Trust GmbH: Franktiert, Dusseldon, Hamburg, Munich. Bankers Trust AC: Zariel

David Lascelles in New York analyses the growing stature of Bank of America under Mr. Tom Clausen, president-designate of the World Bank

# An international success story

report as president of Bank of in the U.S. and abroad. And annual report we close the emergence onto the world books on one of the most banking scene. sucessful decades in our 75-year

Modesty probably prevented geographic lines, creating in him from adding that the the process, the world banking decade exactly coincided with division which gave shape to his tenure of the top job at the the bank's growing inter-largest bank in the U.S. But as national involvement and serves he leaves to become president corporate clients. Governments of the World Bank, Mr. Clausen and finance institutions worldcan rest secure in the knowledge that few would dispute his

aggressiveness and conserva-tism, Mr. Clausen has transformed the Bank of America profits of any bank in the U.S. -\$600m last year, an all-lime

The bank he took over at the end of the Sixties was already large and profitable. But it owed its success to its comfortable and overriding dominance of the Californian retail banknevertheless somewhat restricted hunting ground. As Mr. Clausen's predecessors had

Coca-Cola

NET EARNINGS of Coca-Cola

in the third quarter fell from

\$122.17m last year to \$102.64m on sales up from \$1.33bn to \$1.58bn.

But the group expects full

year profits to be "virtually unchanged" and is confident of

a strong profit increase in 1981.

\$326.3m, against \$330.9m in 1979, on revenue of \$4.4bn, compared with \$3.71bn.

Earth Resources

MAPCO, the U.S.'s largest pro-

pane distributor, will offer 1.25

of its shares for every share in Earth Resources, a Dallas oil refining and marketing com-

pany. At current market prices.

the deal would be worth almost

\$400m bid for

Nine-month earnings were

IN WHAT has now turned out foretold, BoA's future would to be his penultimate annual have to lie in growth elsewhere America. Mr. Tom Clausen, the real story of BoA since the wrote of 1979: "With this end of the Sixties has been its

> Mr. Clausen oversaw the the bank's growing interand finance institutions worldwide. Asia, Europe the Middle East and Africa (EMEA), Latin America, California and North

Applying a mixture of America.

ggressiveness and conserva. Much of BoA's thrust has been in Europe, symbolised by the large regional headquarters from something of a dinosaur— which it opened up next to St. immense but rather provincial— Paul's Cathedral in London in into a bank of world standing, the 1970s. Through its merchant By stressing organisation, he banking group, it expanded has also turned it into a highly operations in the Euromarket efficient moneymaking machine and became a leading manager which produces the biggest of syndicated loans. It was particularly active in lending to Eastern Europe and managed the last giant Euro loan to

Poland this summer. market, a far flung countries, probably the largest foreign representation of any U.S. bank.

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

HOOVER, THE domestic appli-

ance manufacturer, has reported

a sharp fall in net earnings for

the third quarter but the fall

from tax changes in the UK,

credit of \$12.2m or 96 cents a

was largely accounted for by a to \$211.7m. substantial tax credit in 1979 At the

\$1.58 a share, which included a \$621.5m.

Downturn at Hoover dips in third quarter

the home of Hoover's largest \$2.08m compares with \$29.5m foreign operation.

\$6.6m or 54 cents a share com- Sales for the nine months pares with last year's \$19.8m or show an 11 per cent gain to

The net earnings total of \$12.2m UK tax credit.

ing overseas, Mr. Clausen learned that international banking is not all fur, and profit.
Activists attacked and bombed Bank of America offices in California over some of its foreign activities, and racial groups have persistently interrupted annual meetings with catis that it end lending to South Africa.

By the mid-1970s more than half of BoA's earnings came from international business of one kind or another, though declining spreads on the Euromarkets along with other pressures on the world banking scene, held back growth and restructuring of the bank along reduced its proportion to 38 geographic lines, creating, in per cent last year, well below its New York rivals.

At home, Mr. Clausen oversaw BoA's domestic expansion away from its California base into a number of fields, notably into so-called Edge Act banking which permits U.S. banks to get round the ban on inter-state banking where business is connected with international trade. BoA recently consolidated its Edge Act operations into the largest in the U.S. The bank also has loan production offices dotted around the country.

from corporate customers.
On the consumer side, BoA built up its California base but also expanded out of state, pioneering its own credit card, BankAmericard which was eventually to become Visa. BoA is also expanding retail banking abroad and is in the process of opening up branches in the UK. Mr. Clausen describes his

strategy as one of "managed growth." "In banking, billions of dollars can be added to the oreign representation of any balance sheet with a few telephone calls." he told the bank shareholders earlier this year.

share from the forgiveness of in record sales and profits

deferred tax liability on invendespite the slowdown in U.S. tories in the UK. Sales for the consumer spending during that

\$11,2m.



Mr. Clausen (left) with Abdul Aziz AlQuaraishi. governor of the Saudi Arabian Monetary Agency

But while egos may be rewarded by size, shareholders are rewarded by earnings and dividends, which are a good deal harder to come by."

Mr. Clausen is particularly proud of the fact that BoA's profits are the largest in the U.S. banking industry, and the whole bank is structured on the basis of so-called building blocks which apportion earnings and costs to a host of separate profit centres.

His caution may have kept booms-like the ill-starred real estate investment trusts of the early 1970s—but he would argue that the bank has also had to write off fewer loans

However, critics of Clausen's record point out that for all his professed caution he seems to enjoy the neck-andneck race to keep ahead of Citibank in size: both are now touching \$110bn in assets with BoA slightly ahead. Also it would be surprising if BoA did not generate more profits

period. In the second quarter.

earnings more than doubled to

commented when the second quarter figures were published

that sales and profits had

moved ahead in both North and

South America, as well as in

Australia, Italy, Portugal and

Mr. Merle Rawson, chairman,

than anybody else, given the huge volume of cheap deposit funds it obtains through its retail network in the largest and wealthiest state in the union. Unlike Citibank, BuA is a net seller of funds into the bank ing system. Even so, it has failed to come out on top in return of assets and equity, the most telling measures of bank performance.

Mr. Clausen's succession plans were disrupted in 1978 then his number two, Mr. Al Rice, who was also head of the world banking division, was forced to quit amid suggestions -never fully proven-that he had misappropriated funds. Mr. Lefand Prussia (51), now thought to be the leading can-didate for Mr. Clausen's job. Another possible contender is Mr. Sam Armacost (41), who is head of the cashiers' department. Mr. Armacost was previously in charge of the London office, where he became well known in international circles However, his comparative youth may put him at a disadvantage against Mr. Prussia

#### Reliance shows mixed performance

By Our Financial Staff

RELIANCE GROUP, insurance holding company. suffered a minor fall in revenues during the third quarter, although carnings edged ahead. But at the nine-month stage. Reliance, which carns the bulk of its profits from property and casualty insurance, showed a decline in earnings from \$73m to \$72.5m or \$9.66 a share. Revenues, however, were 5 per cent ahead at \$792.4m.

In the third quarter, carnlngs rose by 6.7 per cent to \$23.6m or \$3.33 a share, but sales dipped from \$280.3m

ment, the New York Times disclosed Сотрапу Reliance has bought a 5.2 per cent stake in the news-paper company's "A" shares, voting rights. Control of the company is vested in the "B" stock, which elects 70 per cent of the board and has unlimited voting rights. The newspaper company

said that the Ochs Trust, which was created under the will of Adolph S. Ochs, the late New York Times publisher, holds 28.2 per cent of the Class "A" stock and 72.8 per cent of the Class stock. The New York Times Company said it has met representatives of the board of Reliance and is studying the matter.

Reliance, which spun off its Leasco computer leasing subsidiary in May 1979, when it also discontinued its CTI International cargo container leasing activities, had nearly \$3.61hn insurance in force in

the midle of this year.

About 25 per cent of the stock is held by interests of Mr. S. P. Steinberg, chair-man and president and a further 28 per cent is held by investment institutions.

#### Newsprint loss hits Times Mirror profits

A TURNROUND from profit to loss at its newsprint and forest products division has hit third quarter returns of the Times Mirror Company, publisher of the Los Angeles Times, the Dallas Times Herald, the Hartford Herald, the Har Courant, and Newsday. Net earnings of the group

amounted to \$36.71m, equal to \$1.08 a share, a fall of 13.7 per cent on last year's corresponding \$42.54m or \$1.25 a share. The 1980 figures included a 5 cents a share gain from capitalised interest of major capital projects. Revenues increased by 10.3 per cent, from \$410.8m (0 \$452.9m.

Earnings for the first nine months of 1980 totalled \$96.85m or \$2.84 a share, a decline of 11.4 per cent on 1979's comparative \$109.36m or \$3,22 a share, on revenues up 14.2 per cent from \$1.2hp to \$1.37bn.

The group reports that the newsprint division incurred a third quarter operating loss of 5947,000, compared with a \$12.3m profit in the same period last year. The loss was attributed primarily to weak demand for wood products.

# Straight dollar bond upsurge short-lived

election saw an initial upsurge in prices of straight dollar Eurobonds yesterday, but the cuphoria was short-lived and prices fell back during the afternoon to finish around opening levels.

Price movements mirrored

U.S. market and the inter-

national bond sector runs a

U.S. interest rates are headed

During the three months till

monetary policy, dealers said, and where bond prices are con-

cerned this offsets much of the

longer term confidence that he

Trading in eurobonds was

again rather thin yesterday

though floating rate notes con-

tinue to attract attention as in-

DM foreign bonds shared in

inspires as President.

terest rates rise.

higher.

around 13 per cent this year to DM 4.85bn (\$2.53bn). those on U.S. government securities in New York, which also rapidly pared strong opening Sales of pharmaceuticals, already the most important of gains. Hoecher's activities, are fore-cast to jump to around DM 6.9bn by 1983. The situation in that market is clouded by heavy government financing operations this week, but through both the domestic

Hoechst's share of the Western world's drug market, which is currently around 3.5 per cent. was boosted in the mid-1970s when it acquired a majority stake in Roussel-Uclaf, the French drugs group. Roussel is expected to contribute some 28 per cent to the Hoechst's group's drugs turnover this year and its sales are forecast to grow slightly more quickly than the parent company's over the next three years.

Hoechst

sees 13%

drug sales

By Kevin Done in Frankfurt

HOECHST of West Germany.

the world's largest pharma-

ceuticals company, expects to

increase its turnover in the

drugs sector worldwide by

rise in

Excluding Roussel, Hoechst's drugs sales are expected to grow by some 14 per cent this year to DM 3.5bn, Herr Dieter Laengenfelder, deputy direc-tor of Hoechst's pharma-ceuticals division, said yester-

By 1989 Hoechst's drugs sales are expected to double to around DM 7.2bn. The West German market, which this year will account for some 34 per cent of sales, will become less important as turnover expands, contributing perhaps some 30 per cent to worldwide sales in 1983, said Herr Laengenfelder.

The share of group drug sales achieved in U.S. is expected to increase from 17 per cent to 19 per cent over the same period. Outside West Germany Hoechst's most important drugs market is Japan. with sales of around DM 320m. followed by the U.S. with \$130m, Italy and France.

Average price changes

DFITSCHE MARK
STRAIGHTS

ISSUED
Asian Dev Br. 8½ 90... 100
Australia 8½ 90... 250
Austria Rep. of 8¼ 92 150
BFCC 8¼ 95... 100
CECA 7½ 32... 150
CECH-Honeywell 8½ 90... 125
Denmark 7½ 85... 100
Denmark 8½ 92... 100
BFC 7½ 94... 225
EIB 8½ 90... 100
BFC 7½ 94... 225
EIB 8½ 90... 100
Japan Air Unea 8½ 87... 100
Japan 100
CEC 7½ 94... 150
Norway 7½ 85... 250
Norlehras 9½ 88... 150
OSIO. City of 8 90... 20
OSIO. City of 8 90... 20
World Bank 8 90... 20
World Bank 7½ 97... 250
World Bank 7½ 97... 250
World Bank 10 95... 200
Average price changes... 01

Change on ed Bid Offer day week Yield 1991, 991, 00 5.47 5.25 101 1011, -01, -07, 5.84 1105 1051, -01, -01, -07, 5.84 951, 971, -01, -01, -07, 6.34 951, 971, -01, +01, 6.06 841, 851, +01, +01, 5.48 11071, 1021, 103 -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.63 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 100 1001, -01, -01, -01, 5.56 100 1001, -01, -01, -01, 5.56 100 1001, -01, -01, -01, 5.56 100 1001, -01, -01, -01, 5.56 100 1001, -01, -01, -01, 5.56 100 1001, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.65 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.85 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.85 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.85 931, -01, -01, -01, 5.85 931, -

MR RONALD REAGAN'S vic- also fell back ngain later to give tory in the U.S. Presidential a net drop of ; points on the

Dealers said that there scene little chance of foreigners teas the dollar remains strong

but the Bundesbank still appears reluctant to raise in terest rates to defend the currency so that the outlook for bond yields is fairly steady at high levels.

Prices also closed i points down on the Swiss market, where a new feature was a fireyear SwFr 50m placement for the European Investment Bank with a coupon strong feeling that short-term of 61 per cent - 1 per cent more than it is paying on its public issue launched last week.

The higher coupon does not reflect a change in market con-ditions so much as the fact that Mr. Reagan actually assumes office the Federal Reserve will private placements have less have a much freer hand with liquidity than bonds and are sold to more sophisticated investors. The choice of investments available to such buyers means that private placements have become harder to sett in today's market conditions.

The City of Gothenberg has launched a SwFr 75m ten-year public issue carrying a coupun of 6 per cent and priced at 99 to yield 6.14 per cent through some of the initial euphoria to yield 6.14 per cent through over the Reagan victory, but Swiss Bank Corporation.

#### Konishiroku plans European issue BY JOHN MAKINSON

KONISHIROKU Photo Industry, Japan's second largest manuof photosensitive facturer

materials, is issuing 17m new shares in Europe through European Depositary Receipts. The issue represents about 10 per cent of the company's existing issued capital and the price will be set November 12. The EDR price will be calculated in dollars and will be at a discount to the Tokyo market price. Konishiroku shares closed at Y535 (\$2.54) in Tokyo yester-

day.

The EDRs will be sold in

denominations of 10,000 in the UK, France, West Germany and the Netherlands. They will be convertible almost immediately into ordinary shares for those wishing to have their holdings in yen.

Konishiroku made a similar European issue three years ago, selling 12m shares.

The issue is being arranged and underwritten by Nikko Securities (Europe), Nomura Europe, Banque de l'Indochise et de Suez. Robert Fleming, Pierson, Heldring and Pierson, and Westdeutsche Landesbank.

#### FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

The list shows the 200 latest international bond issues for which an adequate secondary market exists. For further details of these or other bonds see the complete list of Eurobond prices published on the second Monday of each month.

Closing prices on November 5

	on the second Monday of each month.	Closing prices on Auveniber
	U.S. DOLLAR Change on	Tordom Con. 1312 85 C\$ 30 198 9814 0 -014 131
		M. Bk. Dnmk, 9 91 EUA 25 94's 95's +0's +0's 9.1
	CECA 11 88 100 91 917 +07 -11 13.29	
	CFE 13 87 75 192 924 +74 0 14.82	U. 8k. N/WY 91, 90 EUA 18 981, 991, 0 +01, 9.5
	Citicorp O/S Fin. 10 86 300 85% 86% +0% -0% 13.64	Algemene Bk 104 87 Fl 400 99 100 0 +04 10
	Citicarp O/S Fin. 12 87 200 924 924 +04 -04 13.73	Bk. Mees & H. 10 85 Ft 75 100's 100's +0's +0's 9.8
	Con. Illinois C/S 94 86 150 84's 85's +0'4 0 13.73	F. G. Hypo 3¾ 87 Fi 80 35¾ 96¾ 0 −0¾ 10.4
	Denmark 113 90 100 891, 90 -014 -114 13.70	Heineken NV 10 87 Fl 75 974 974 +04 +04 10.3
	Dome Petroleum 131, 92 50 961, 961, +01 0 14.12	Nat. Inv. Bi 10 87 Fl 75 98 981, +01 0 10 3
		Nat. Neder. 91, 87 Ft 60 961, 97 +01, +01, 10.1
	EEC 11 95 (August) 70 85, 85, +0, -0, 13.29	
	EIB 134 90 100 994 1004 +04 +04 13.71	Aero Paris 131, 87 FFr 150 964, 97% 0 0 13.8
	Eksportlinans 91, 87 . 75 841, 841, +01, -01, 13.05	CECA 141, 86 FFr 150 1021, 1031, +01, +01, 13.4
	Elec. de France 10 88 125 85 85 +01 - 1 13.05	Finland 11 84 FFr 80 91: 921 + 01 - 01 13.8
	Export Dv. Cpn. 124 87 100 97% 98% +0% +0% 13.15	Finland 11 <sup>1</sup> 2 89 FFr . 70 86 87 0 -01 14.2
	Export Dv. Con. 91, 86 150 847, 851, +01, -11, 13.66	Gaz de France 11 84 FFr 150 92's 93's 0 -0', 13-3
	Federal Dev. Bk. 124 85 75 987 974 +01, +01, 13.07	IBM France 117, 84 FFr 120 931; 94101, -01, 13.8
		Renault 94 85 FFr 100 84's 85's 0 -0's 14.2
	Finland Rep. of 9', 86 100 84', 85', +0', +0', 13.54	
	Ford O/S Fin. 125, 85 250 94%, 951, +03, -0%, 14.17	Utd. Mx Sts. 14 85 FFr 150 981, 991, 0 -01, 14.2
	CM/C 0/8 Fin. 131, 85 100 591, 1004 +01 0 13.35	Beneficial Fin. 141, 90 £ 20 98's 99's +01, -0's 14.4
	GMAC 0/8 Fin. 12 87 100 921 924 +01 -04 13.73	BNP 131, 91 E 15 97 971, +01, -01, 14.0
	Gen. Mtrs. O/S 11% 87 100 92% 92% +01; -01, 13.50	CECA 131, 88 E 20 96', 97', +0', -1 14.0
	Goodvear O/S 124, 87 75 93 931, -01, -21, 14.09	Citicorp 0/\$ 13', 90 [ 50 97', 98 -0', -0', 13.5
	Hudson's Bay 111, 90 75 89% 89% +0% -0% 13.45	Fin. for Ind. 141, 86 £ 20 100% 1013, +0% +0% 143
	18M Canada 101, 85 50 927, 931, +01, 0 12,49	Fin. for Ind. 131, 87 ( 20 98', 99', +0', -0', 14')
	Int. Harvester 121 85 115 964 9712 +01 0 13.64	Gen. Elec. Co. 121, 89 £ 50 941, 95 -01, -11-13.60
	J. C. Penney Int 123 86 100 9514 953 +012 +114 13.54	Peugeot SA 14 90 E 23 981, 99 +01, -07, 14.2
	McGraw 131, 85 75 977, 981, +01, +01, 14.02	Rothschild 141, 90 E 12 99 991 +01 -05 14.3
	NorWest Ind. 13's 87 50 87 87'2 0 -0'4 14,25	Swed. Ex. Cr. 151, 85 E 20 1021, 1031, -01, -11, 14.25
	OKB 10 85 50 88% 89% +0% -1 13.30	CCCE 81, 91 KD 10 1861, 871, +01, 10.22
	Pernex 11' 88 100 87' 88' +0' -0' 14.13	Sonatrach 81, 90 KD 12 191', 91', 0 0 9.85
	Ouebec Hydro 1112 92 100 874 884 +04 -04 13.60	Akzo 914 87 LuxFr 500 917 927 -014 -014 10786
	Repareel 0/S 1112 88 100 831, 84 -0% -0% 15.19	Euretom 91, 85 LuxFr 500 961, 971, 0 -01, 16.43
	Roviesse 114 85 50 93 931 +01 -01 13.25	Eurolima 101, 87 Luxfr 500 97% 98% -0% 0 10.89
	SNCF 12% 85 50 97% 98 +0% -0% 13.01	EIB 94 88 LuxFr 600 974 981 +04 +04 10.19
	Sweden 12% 85 150 96% 97% +0% +0% 13.26	Valvo 91, 87 LuxFr . 500 837, 947, -01, -01, 10.53
	Swed, Ex. Cred. 124, 85 40 971, 98 0 +07, 13.14	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	Swed, Ex Cred. 12 83 50 961, 961, +01, -01, 13.55	FLOATING RATE
	Transamarica 123, 87 50 95, 963, +01, +01, 13,88	NOTES Spread Bid Offer C.dte C.cpn C.yld
ı	UER Overseas 131, 88 50 1931, 94 +1 +07, 14,88	Allied Irish Bk. 54 87 Q4 *974 974 2/1 10.44 10.71
ı	Unilever NV 9% 90 100 81% 82% +0% -0% 13.14	Bank of Tolyo 54 89. : 101, 971, 981, 25/4 13.94 14.24
		Burclays O/S Inv. 5 90 01, 1971, 98 13/12 91, .9.85
J		Bergen Bi A/S 6 89 101, 198 981, 29/11 121, 12.47
j	Average price changes On day +0% on week -0%	Bilbao Int. N. V 53, 90 . 01 973 983 29/11 10.06 10.27
J		BNP 51, 88 Q1, 951, 987, 29/1 51, 5.58
		CNT 51 9C EN 901 OFF 1014 101 1247

\*No information available—previous day's price.
† Only one market maker supplied 3 price.
† Only one market maker supplied 3 price.
Straight Bonds: The yield is the yield to redemption of the mid-price; the emount issued is in millions of currently units except for Yen bonds where it is in billions.
Change on week = Change over price a week earlier?
Floating Rate Notes: Denominated in dollars unless etherwise indicated. Coupon shown is minimum. C.dite = Date next coupon becomes effective. Spread = Margin above six-month offered rate († three-month; § above main rate) for U.S. dollars. C.con=The current coupon C.yid = The current yield.

Convertible Bonds: Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated. Chg. day = Change on day. Cov. grice = Nominal amount of bond per there expressed in Currency of shere at conversion rate fixed of issue. Prem = Percentage premium of the current effective price of the shares.

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# Belzbergs to boost Bache stake

In the first half Hoover turned South Africa.

quarter were up 8.6 per cent

Hoover's total net of \$25.1m or

At the nine-month stage,

said they plan to continue buying shares in Bache Group until they hold "at least 15 per cent" of the brokerage firm's stock.

The Belzbergs' objectives were disclosed in a statement filed with the Securities and other purchases on the market, Exchange Commission by First City Financial, a financial ser- Bache shares from the Hunts AP-DJ

NEW YORK — The Belzberg vices concern controlled by the came as a surprise to Bathe closed that First City Financial held 13.96 per cent of the Bache shares outstanding, following the purchase of a 317,130-share block of stock from the Hunt Brothers last month, along with

the stock with the Texas billionaires late last year as protection against a takenver by the Canadian group. The sale to the Belzbergs was organised by Mr. Andrew Racz, head of Racz International, a division of The Belzbergs' purchase of Philips, Appel and Walden.

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

2,000,000 Shares



GENSTAR LIMITED

Common Stock

Of the 2,000,000 Common Shares, 1,000,000 shares were offered initially in the United States and outside Canada by United States underwriters including the undersigned.

Lehman Brothers Kuhn Loeb

Merrill Lynch White Weld Capital Markets Group

Bache Halsey Stuart Shields Blyth Eastman Paine Webber

Donaldson, Lufkin & Jenrette

The First Boston Corporation Dillon, Read & Co. Inc.

Bear, Stearns & Co.

Drexel Burnham Lambert

Dominion Securities Inc. Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Greenshields & Co Inc Lazard Frères & Co.

E.F. Hutton & Company Inc.

Kidder, Peabody & Co. L. F. Rothschild, Unterberg, Towbin

Salomon Brothers

Pitfield Mackay Ross

Pitfield, Mackay & Co., Inc.

Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co.

Warburg Paribas Becker

Shearson Loeb Rhoades Inc.

Wertheim & Co., Inc. Dean Witter Reynolds Inc. Wood Gundy

Of the 2,000,000 Common Shares, 1,000,000 shares were offered initially in Canada and

outside the United States by a group managed by the undersigned. Wood Gundy Limited

Dominion Securities

Greenshields

October, 1980

OTHER STRAIGHTS IS 8cli Canada 1014 85 CS CIBC 1312 85 CS ....... CIPC 1113 85 CS ...... Federal Dav. 1113 90 CS Fst. Can Inv. 10 84 CS R. 84, Canada 10 85 CS Charge on Charge of Issued Bid Offer day week Yield 5 60 521, 531, 6 ~ 61, 12.51 50 1974, 581, 0 ~ 61, 12.51 50 1974, 581, 0 ~ 61, 13.97 5 60 1985, 871, 0 ~ 61, 13.97 5 50 189 894, +04, ~04, 13.95 5 40 921, 53 +01, +01, 11.86

Ten Straights Issued Bid Offer day week Yield Australia 56 83 ...... 30 90°, 92°, 0 0 9.00 Australia 6°, 88 ..... 20 87°, 88°, +0°, +0°, 8.75 EIB 7°, 89 ..... 12 94°, 96°, -0°, -0°, 3.49 Finland 56 83 ..... 10 80°, 91°, 0 0 9.26 Finland 6 8 88 ..... 10 86°, 88 +0°, +0°, 9.22 Finland 78 Finland 78

By Our Tokyo Staff

# Monsanto Spanish offshoot | Earnings up | Kawasaki Heavy in applies for receivership

SPAIN'S leading plastics pro- holders, which include Banco material ducer, Aiscondel, in which the Espanol de Credito and Banco domestic Monsanto chemicals group of the U.S. has a 67 per cent stake, has applied to a Barcelona court for temporary receivership because of cash flow problems. The move follows abortive attempts by Monsanto to pull

Aiscondel said that the company at present had assets of Pta 22.6bn (\$300m) and outstanding debts of Pta 12.6bn. More than 50 per cent of the debts are guaranteed by Mon-santo and the other share-

Industrial de Cataluna, each with a 15 per cent holding.

Temporary receivership is a peculiarly Spanish device whereby a court grants a debt moratorium on the basis of debts having reached a certain proportion of assets. Aiscondel insisted that, with a total pro-duction of 320,000 tons of According to Catalan businessplastics a year, the company was

a viable proposition.

The present problems have been brought about by a com- at Vila-seco near Tarragona, has bination of insufficient investment in new plant, higher raw have been forthcoming

domestic demand and heavy

In 1979 the company reported a Pta 1.6bn (\$21m) loss on sales of Pta 12.6bn. The bulk of the loss was attributable to financial

Monsanto bought its initial

net profits were up by 50.7 per cent to Y2.54bn, on interim sales of Y77.34bn, up 63.2 per men, Monsanto has been seekcent. Per share profits moved up ing to offload its stake, but only to Y28.56, from Y24.41. one of Aiscondel's three plants, With its strategy of boosting production to lower unit costs modern facilities, and no buyers and to capture markets by offering low priced products, the company increased sales of desk-

#### sharply black at net level at Casio

BY YOKO SHIBATA IN TOKYO

tries (KHI), an integrated KHI's exports total gained by CASIO COMPUTER, Japan's heavy machinery maker and 51.5 per cent to account for leading electronic calculator Japan's fifth ranked shipbuilder, 49.7 per cent of the total sales leading electronic calculator Japan's fifth ranked shipbuilder, 49.7 per cent of the total sales maker, continued to report has reported a 75.2 per cent as a result of favourable plant sharply higher earnings in the half year to September as a result of brisk exports of calculators. Casio's interim operating profits surged by 60.3 per cent to 75.25 per cent and motorcycle exports and motorcycle exports. However, the yen's appreciations. Casio's interim operating level, however, there was a reported a 75.2 per cent of the total sales has reported a 75.2 per cent of the total sales has reported a 75.2 per cent as a result of favourable plant and motorcycle exports. However, the yen's appreciation generated exchange losses level, however, there was a result of favourable plant and motorcycle exports. However, the yen's appreciation generated exchange losses of Y1.55 no. The deficits came from shipbuilding where a large volume of work on loss-making the plant and motorcycle exports. However, the yen's appreciation generated exchange losses of Y1.55 no. The deficits came from shipbuilding where a large volume of work on loss-making the plant and motorcycle exports. with a deficit of Y1.98bn.

Sales were up 37.4 per cent

During the half year under review plant engineering sales increased by 120.2 per cent to company increased sales of desktop calculators by 42.1 per cent to
(accounting for 58 per cent to
the total), of digital watches by

46.7 per cent of the current fiscal year
total sales. The company's ending March 1981, KHI expects
its operating profits to be Y1bn,
the total), of digital watches by
46.7 per cent to account for up 21 per cent, and net profits
126.8 per cent (accounting for 22.8 per cent of the total. Sales
to total Y3bn, up by 7.6 per 34 per cent) and system com-setbacks were experienced in cent. Sales are expected to puters rose by 45.9 per cent shipbuilding and the aircraft advance by 12.9 per cent to (accounting for 8 per cent). division, down by 13.7 per cent Y65bn.

KAWASAKI HEAVY Indus- and 15.5 per cent respectively.

ship orders from squeezed earnings, A higher into Y286.89bn (\$1.4bn) and per terest burden on large capital share profits moved up to Y1.28, investments in aircraft defrom the previous year's deficit velopment eroded earnings as

U.S. \$20,000,000

Den norske Creditbank

# OnC

Floating Rate Subordinated Capital Notes Due 1990

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the three month Interest Period from 5th November, 1980 to 5th February, 1981 the Notes will carry an Interest Rate of 15\frac{3}{2}\tilde{0}\tilde{

> Credit Suisse First Boston Limited Agent Bank

YONTOBEL EUROBOND INDICES 14.5.76=100%

# Paribas plans higher dividend

BY DAVID WHITE IN PARIS

COMPAGNIE FINANCIERE de Paris et des Pays-Bas, holding FFr company of the Parihas banking and industrial group, has indicated that it expects a further improvement in earnings this year despite a setback in its French banking activity.

In a letter to shareholders, the holding company promised an increase in the FFr 13.30 net dividend paid for last year.

Group net profits in the first and the company blamed the half year were FFr 598m high interest rates prevailing on (\$136m) compared with FFr the money market and the FFr 7.5bn at the end of the 1.15bn for the whole of 1979. tightening of Government curbs half-year from FFr 6.1bn, the First-half earnings per share on on credit growth. Compagnie company said. (\$136m) compared with FFr

consolidated basis 20,23 compared with FFr 19.57—the level calculated from half the total 1979 result. The number of shares increased by 12 per cent in the past year. Banking contributed some 63 per cent of earnings—the same proportion as last year—but only because of a two-thirds

increase in profits from Paribas' overseas network. Banking results in France were down on last year's levels

were Bancaire, the specialised consumer credit body, was particu-larly hit by the lending restriconly FFr 119m against FFr 317m for the whole of last year.

This performance was, how-ever, offset by the group's ex-pansion overseas, particularly

The growth in earnings from portfolio holdings, which made up the remaining 37 per cent of profits, was evenly split between France and abroad. The total value of the portfolio cose to

# Kredietbank shows further growth

BY GILES MERRITT IN BRUSSELS

fast-growing third-ranking bank, has announced that in spite of

cial flag carries of the comparatively buoyant Flemish business on customers' deposits. Includous community in Belgium, revealed that during the six have now increased over the months up to September 30 its balance sheet total rose to BFrs 464.1bm (\$15bn). This represented a BFrs 34.2bn, or S per cent rise, over the position at the end of the 1979/80 financial year last March, and

Belgium's a BFrs 55.8bn, or 13.7 per cent, increase over the same period last year.

has announced that in spite of the increasing slowdown in the Belgian economy it has recorded further growth during the first naif of its financial year ending March 31, 1981.

The bank, which is the financial flag carries of the comparational flag carries of the comparation of

greater number of bankruptcies, but these negative factors were offset by profits from interfiscal 1980 net profits totalled

Although Belgium is widely regarded in the international banking community as "over-banked," Kredietbank has observed of its comparatively satisfactory half-year: "Growth was still located to a large

# Elektrokoppar

By Westerly Christner in Stockholm

BOLIDEN, the Swedish metals and chemicals group, has acquired Elektrokoppar, a manufacturer of copper and aluminium wire and a metal trader, from ASEA and L. M. Ericsson. ASEA held 75 percent of the shares in Elektroaltiminium wire and a metal itader, from ASEA and L. M. Ericsson. ASEA held 75 per beent of the shares in Elektrokoppar and Ericsson the rest. Although the purchase sum was not disclosed, it is underighed to be in the range of EKr 75-100m (\$18-23.6m). which gives it the right to market its goods under the prestigious Kelvinator name throughout Europe. It has also taken over Relvinator's UK factory for "a modest outlay." Candy, which is based in Monza in northern Italy, has taken over the UK operation of

#### Boliden buys | Candy acquires Kelvinator sales rights and UK plant

BY JAMES BUXTON IN ROME

trical products-white goodshas concluded an agreement which gives it the right to

CANDY, one of Italy's leading Kelvinator from the U.S. parent manufacturers of domestic electronamy, White Consolidated Industries, which is based in Cleveland, Ohio.

Candy has owned the Italian operation of Kelvinator for 10 years, and has been able to market goods under the Kelvinator label in France and certain other countries.

nically had a licensee in each country, supplying them from its UK factory or from those of Candy. Mr. Peppino Fumagalli, Candy's managing director said: "This operating strategy has certainly not given big results." The new arrangement gives Candy the chance to expand.

In the UK, Candy will integrate the Kelvinator plant, which employs about 400 and has a turnover of about film a year, with its own plant of similar size. Candy's turnover in the year to June was L200bn (\$222m) and a "fair" profit was

# Banco Industrial de Venezuela, C.A.

U.S. \$250,000,000 Euro-dollar Loan

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#### Weekly net asset value



#### Tokyo Pacific Holdings (Seaboard) N.V.

on January 1, 1980: US\$48.39

on November 4th 1980, US \$65.89

Information: Piereon, Heidring & Pierson N.V., Hereogracht 214, Amsterdam.

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October 1980

SOUTH AFRICAN BREWERIES

# Higher interim profit and dividend

the country's beer monopolist, for the year as a whole. which has diversified into hotels, furniture and retailing, butable earnings rose by 72.4 fit by 89.7 per cent to R79.9m (\$106,68m) in the six months ended September. ended September.

The 1979 interim figure was group's diversified interests rose tion high. R42.2m against R137.7m for the by 150 per cent. year to March 31, 1980. First-

African Breweries' 69 per cent-

BY OUR JOHANNESBURG CORRESPONDENT

September 30. Pre-tax profit for contribution from the Sun City

In reporting that taxed attriagement says that the net con- about R4m. This is offset by imby 15 per cent while that of the and production capacity utilisa-

half turnover, was 40.9 per cent any particular slowdown in crease beer production capacity industry rationalisation the beer ahead at RI.04bn (\$1.4bn), com-earnings from beer, soft drinks by almost 50 per cent. The price freeze will continue into pared with R737.0m in the first- and spirits. As part of the R240m estimated cost of this 1981.

SOUTHERN SUN Hotels, South for the year to March 1980. was 90 per cent higher at African Breweries' 69 per cent. The improved results are R61.6m and was helped by an

owned hotel arm, has reported attributed to improved occu- average occupancy rate of 74

better than expected interim pancy rates, effective cost con-per cent compared with 70 per profits for the six months to trol and a substantial profit cent in 1979. The 1979 first-half

the period was 193 per cent casino and hotel complex in 1979-80 total was R87.5m. ahead at R13.36m against Bophuthatswana which opened The interim dividend in

Southern Sun Hotels beats forecast

S. AFRICAN BREWERIES, half of last year and RL76bn rationalisation of South Africa's development, says the company liquor industry in October, 1979, can be funded from retained SA Breweries reduced its investment in wine and spirit sector with a consequential target increased pre-tax operating pro- per cent to R37.1m, the man- drop in attributable earnings of 60/40. provements in beer profits, as with the beer division's per-

> Over the next two to three In terms of an undertaking at However, this does not imply years the group plans to in- the time of the 1979 liquor

> > cent in 1979. The 1979 first-half

turnover was R32.3m and the

profits and increased borrowing without exceeding the group's debt/equity ratio of

The management is happy beer sales growth was strong formance particularly as there has been no beer price increase by brewers since February 1979. price freeze will continue into

> The board forecasts satisfactory growth in the current financial half year, but at a lower rate of improvement than recorded in the first half. An interim dividend of 6.5 cents is to be paid from first-half earnings of 16.7 cents a share. Last year first-half earnings per share were 9.7 cents and the interim dividend 4 cents. For the year to end March 1980 the group earned 33.6 cents a share and paid a total dividend of 16.5

# **Jardine** explains **HK Land**

By Philip Bowring in Hong Kong

Jardine shareholdings in Hong Kong Land, which had led to the committee's demand on Monday that Jardine should stop buying Land shares were those provided by Jardine Fleming, Jardine's merchant bank.

Jardine had claimed on Tuesday that the figures produced by the committee were "inaccurate." It said yesterday that at the meeting with the committee the misunderstanding over the figures had been cleared up. as Mai Hon Investments. Earn-

The committee had said on i to be made to remaining Land shareholders. Jardine stopped buying but noted that it held

# Ampol shareholders rush to accept Pioneer offer

BY JAMES FORTH IN SYDNEY

ing of the on-market offer by A\$2 a share.

HK\$441m (U.S.\$88m), more

than 100 times the HK\$3.8m

recorded for the same period of

1979, when Carrian was known

Most of the profit came from

purchase and sale of the office

Carrian group acquired the

building at the beginning of the

year and sold it recently for a profit of more than HK\$600m,

most of which was attributable

The company will pay an in-

share and a special dividend of

block, Gammon House,

WITH ONLY two days remain- Minnett, at the offer price of might block an on-market order

The A\$52m (US\$63.03m) out- mining group. Pioneer Concrete Services for lay on Ampol was the largest DARDINE MATHESON said Ampol Petroleum, shareholders one day's trading in a single yesterday that at a meeting of the petroleum group yester- stock on Australian sharewith Hong Kong's Committee day scrambled to sell their markets. It topped the A\$38m on Takeovers, it had been shares. Almost 26m Ampol of Thiess stock unloaded one established that figures on shares and convertible notes, or day in October last year after 13 per cent of the capital, was Mr. Bjelke-Petersen, the Queens-sold to Pioneer's broker, Ord land Premier, suggested that he

The Pioneer offer is due to close today when sharemarket trading finishes, and further heavy trading is expected. Pioneer held almost 32 per cent of Ampol's capital when It launched an on-market bid last month of AS1,70 a share. The Ampol board advised shareholders not to sell because the offer price was too low.

Pioneer last week raised in price to AS2 a share, and the Ampol board on Tuesday recommended that shareholders gave serious consideration to self-

Pioneer now holds close to 50 per cent of Ampol's capital and is certain today to end up with the petroleum group as a partly-owned subsidiary.

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By: Citibank, N.A., London, Agent Bank November 6, 1980

**CITIBAN(** 

last December. Group turnover from 4 cents to 10 cents a share.

This advertisement complics with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange U.S. \$100.000.000

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Limited Crédit Commercial de France Chase Manhattan Limited Crédit Lyonnais

Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft TCR International Goldman Sachs International Corp. Morgan Guaranty Ltd

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Interest is payable semi-annually in arrears in May and November, the first payment being made in May 1981.

Full particulars of B.B.L. International N.V., Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A./Bank Brussel Lambert N.V. and the Notes are available in the Extel Statistical Service and may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 20th November, 1980 from the brokers to the issue:

> de Zoete & Bevan, 25 Finsbury Circus, London EC2M 7EE

6th November, 1980

# mix-up

CARRIAN INVESTMENTS, the crease, on an adjusted basis, fastest of Hong Kong's fast mov- since the beginning of the year.

Monday that further pur- ings a share were HK\$1.80. chases of Land shares by Jardine would lead to control being acquired by Jardine and require a general offer only 38 per cent of Land to Carrian Investments. shares, or 42 per cent if its warrant holdings were con- terim dividend of 12 cents a

This contretemps pointed up the inadequacy of Hong Kong's takeover code. There than 21 cents a share is foreis not even approximate cast on capital to be increased consensus on what, if any, by a two-for-five scrip issue level of shareholdings or This follows a three-for-five situation constitutes a change of control or requires a shares are at present trading general offer.

struction constitutes a change scrip issue in August. Carrian shares are at present trading at around HK\$17, a tenfold in

This advertisement complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchang

Carrian up hundredfold

ing property stocks, has reported net profit for the six
months ended September of
months ended September of
months ended September of
HK441m (115 ecc.)

BY OUR HONG KONG CORRESPONDENT

£10,000,000

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Particulars of Orient Leasing Co., Ltd. and of the Bonds are available in the statistical services of Extel Statistical Services Limited and may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 25th November, 1980 from the brokers to the issue:--

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managing director of Westland

Cyrif J. Ainscough. Mr. Town-send continues as managing

Mr. J. A. Montgomery has been appointed finance director

of WEIR PUMPS, a subsidiary of the Weir Group. Mr. Mont-

gomery, who joined the company in 1970, has held a number of

m 1970, has held a number of senior appointments at the Glasgow and Alioa plants of Weir Pumps. Since 1978 he has been company treasurer.

Mr. J. Moore, commercial director. Ruston Diesels (a management company of GEC

Diesels) has been elected chairman of the RAILWAYS IN-DUSTRY ASSOCIATION in succession to Mr. C. G. Moss, director, Balfour Beatty.

Mr. Graham Tayler has been

appointed group marketing director of COMFORT HOTELS

INTERNATIONAL in place of Mr. Roger Cowan who becomes

a consultant to the group.

Engineers.

#### **APPOINTMENTS**

Financial Times Thursday November 6 1980

# R and D chief at **Imperial Tobacco**

Mr. W. C. (Bill) Owen has Co., has taken over as chairman joined the Board of IMPERIAL of the Somerset County Group TOBACCO as research and of the CONFEDERATION OF development director. He takes BRITISH INDUSTRY. In that over from Dr. Herbert Bentley, post he succeeds Dr. John Ault, who will devote his full time as assistant managing director. Mr. of W. D. and H. O. Wills since
1977. He started his career in
the research department of the research department of Tobacco in 1955.

Mr. Alan R. Devereux has been appointed Scottish adviser to M. J. H. NIGHTINGALE AND CO. which offers banking serindustrial companies.

Mr. W. L. Stubbs is to retire as Mr. Devereux is a director of a chief general manager and as a number of concerns and chair-director of FRIENDS' PROVI- man of the Scottish Tourist DENT LIFE OFFICE at the next Board. annual meeting in May, 1981, to
return to Canada, where he
joined Pacific Coast Fire Insurance Company a former subsignary, in 1964. Subsequently he
became seneral manager for Cyrif J. Ainscough. Mr. Townbecame general manager for Australia of Friends' Provident and Century before coming to London 10 years ago. He has held his present position since May, 1973. Mr. Stubbs' successor is to be Mr. F. G. Cotton, deputy chief general manager. Mr. Cotton qualified as an actuary with the Prudential in 1958 and joined Friends' Provident in

Mr. David M. Garner has been elected chairman of the DIAMOND STYLUS COMPANY. Mr. Geoffrey Kendail-Jackson has resigned as chairman because of other business commitments, but remains a non-executive director.

Mr. John R. Padget is to join the main Board of KWIK-FIT (TYRES AND EXHAUSTS) HOLDINGS as a non-executive director. He is chairman of Harvard Alimni in the Nether-

Mr. Douglas F. MacCallan, who mr. Douglas F. MacCallan, who retired as managing director of BP Coal last September, has joined the Board of DEREK CROUCH. Mr. Charles Sanders, a director of Derek Crouch since Mr. David R. Campbell and Mr. John R. Crawford have become full-time executive directors of SCOTTISH AND UNIVERSAL INVESTMENTS. Appointments to subsidiaries are Mr. J. A. B. Clark as managing director of George Courage and Co. 2nd Mr. J. G.

Sir Robert Lawrence, chairman of the National Freight Company, is to become chairman of the CENTRE FOR PHYSICAL MANAGEMENT OF THE PHYSICAL TOWNS OF THE PHYSICAL TOWNS OF THE PHYSICAL THE PHYSICAL TOWNS OF THE PHYSICAL TOWNS OF THE PHYSICAL Outram and Co. and Mr. J. G. Wemyss, managing director of Scottish and Universal News-DISTRIBUTION MANAGE-MENT He will succeed Mr. Leonard Regan on November 5. papers. The Department of the Environment has appointed Dr. John H. Ritchle as director of development and Mr. Alexander

Brigadier D. C. Thorne is to be Vice Quarter Master General at the MINISTRY OF DEFENCE in January 1981, in the rank of major general. He will take up the appointment in succession to Major General P. A. Travers.

Major General P. A. Travers.

\*\*

Mr. I. J. S. Henderson has joined the Board of WELFARE INSURANCE COMPANY. a subsidiary of London and Manchester Assurance.

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\*\*

Mr. Pat Darley, managing director of James Pearsall and set up formally early in the New Year. All posts are being filled on a "shadow" basis pending the formal establishment of the Corporation. Mr. Basil Bean is the chief executive: Mr. Lestie Young, chairman; and Sir Kenneth Thompson, deputy chairman.

UK: Cabinet resumes discus-

sions on a new round of public

expenditure cuts.

Mme. Simone Veil, President of

leaders resume talks with Home

Office officials on meal break pay

common response to Newspaper Publishers Association 5 per cent pay offer. Dr. Robert Runcie, Arch-

bishop of Canterbury, addresses Media Society on good news and the media London.

Mr. Len Murray, TUC general secretary, delivers Ernest Bevin memorial lecture, London. Commission for Racial Equality

statement on investigation into

lishes annual report.

London Chamber of Com-

merce lunch for London and

Sir Peter Gadsden, Lord Mayor of London, attends Cor-

poration luncheon for Dr. Siaka Stevens, President of Sierra

Leone, Mansion House Caravan, Camping Holiday

Show opens, Earls Court (to Nov-ember 16).

begin voting on amendments, Luxembourg (to November 7).

PARLIAMENTARY BUSINESS

South East MPs.

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Print unions meet to decide

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Home Affairs, Race Relations and Engineering Employers' Federa-tion: Motor Agents Association. (Room 15, 430 pm). OFFICIAL STATISTICS

Department of the Environ-ment releases figures for house renovations (third quarter) and housing starts and completions for September. Department of Industry issues provisional figures of vehicle production in October

COMPANY MEETINGS Celtic Haven, The Offshore Centre, Pier Road, Pembroke Dock, Dyfed, West Wales, 12. Sizewell European Investments. 20 Birchin Lane, EC, 12:30. Tor Investment Trust, 6 Caer Street, Swansea, 10:15. Westminster and

COMPANY RESULTS dividends: Final PARLIAMENTARY BUSINESS

Bank of Ireland. Henry Boot and
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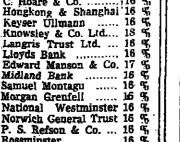
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#### JOBS COLUMN

# We pays our money; we've lost our choice

BY MICHAEL DIXON

AT 1.30 am I awoke realising I had committed a cardinal sin. On my first night as a news- the service higher education sup- the value of graduates as a paper sub-editor I had mis-spelt plies perately I telephoned my 'morning-watch' colleague to liable means of making the too late. "What should I do then?" I begged. "Worry." he

But now, 16 years later, I am sad carry into effect, to announce that a mesesage to nearly the same effect delivered to all of us British taxpayers just yesterday. It came from the Department of Employment's Unit for Manpower Studies in response to the Government's request for advice on what might be done to make our £2bn-a-year higher education system provide a more effective—some might say "less ineffective"—service to the

economy. Since it was only in February that the unit was asked to produce its report, it has completed its labour remarkably quickly. This is especially so considering that it has supplied umpteen pages of graphs and sophisti-cated equations, to back up the findings it expresses in words. Lest these should be criticised

as overly positive, however, the agency for studying the nation's needs of working workers has sprinkled its with many provisos.

there would seeem to be no rewere, there would be no reliable way of determining how best to improve the service. And even if That still counts as the there was, the improvements bleakest advice I have received. would probably be impossible to

#### Firmest

Having thus safeguarded itself against any charge of overconfidence, the unit goes on to offer some tentative conclusions. The firmest of these seems to be that demand by employers for engineering graduates is-presumably not unlike demand for graduates in other subjects responsive to the overall level of economic activity."

We are also told, albeit less confidently, that graduates in engineering seem to be the least unemployable variety, with those in sciences and in social and busines studies rather more so, and arts graduates the most unemployable of these four

broad subject groups. extent to which people's value to the economy is reflected by their earnings patterns, the Taken together, they might group appear to have increased engineering and technology. fairly be summarised as follows: their value, while that of scien-

Nowhere does there exist the tists and engineers has if any- firmly concludes: because the engineer employers complain not that Topsy had a recognisto wealth-generating whole has evidently not been someone's name in print. Des- activity. Even if it did exist, increasing as fast as the value of non-graduates.

To the unrefined mind, this correct the error. He said it was measurement. Even if there might suggest a certain course of action. It is for employers to recommence recruiting the more economically valued nongraduates for the jobs which they used to do before they were progressively replaced by degree-holders, as a result of the quadrupling of this good engineers to work in country's output of the less production, distribution and economically valued graduates so on." since 1962.

Unfortunately, the Government's Unit for Manpower Studies thinks it would be difficult for employers to take such "In most cases the jobs themselves have changed and in some—law, for example -there has been a complete change to all-graduate recruit- Finniston Committee (which ment.

Ah well. I suppose we should have known. After all, we have the devil's word for it in Goethe's Faust: "The first move, we are free to choose. The second makes us slaves." unemployable of these four The unit is similarly cheer-proad subject groups. less when reflecting on the continuous continuous that the popular argument that the

economy might be better served if higher education were reshaped so that a greater share social and business studies of its students took courses in Not necessarily, the report

by their earnings has apparently fallen in real terms, them. even for the best paid of the breed, since the early 1970s. Moreover. "engineers themselves have complained that the supply of certain types of their technical skills were not being used," and employers the whole meet with much have complained that while success; few potential graduates research and development appear to have been influenced engineers as largely produced by general statements about the by higher education were not

hard to find, they were short of

"good engineers to work in

New body

Of course, the Government has decided "to set up a new

body which working with exist-

studied the engineering pro-

"It is likely, however, that

any change in the number of

engineers emerging from the higher education system in the

next few years will be the

result of factors other than the

proposed changes in the struc-

ture of engineering education

Besides, even if the "new

and training."

ing bodies, will seek to remedy deficiencies identified by the

information needed to measure thing declined. And in any case, value of engineers as indicated that they need, we probably able shape. Goodness how sad, wouldn't he able to produce

"Attempts were made," in the early part of the past two Education and Science to see decades at least, "to increase how it felt about the findings. graduates, but these did not on the country's needs, or by the provision of additional places in certain subjects" such as

engineering. To make things worse, engineering courses which attract relatively few students are half as expensive again as the arts and business and social studies courses which attract far more.
And there is a high wastage rate among engineering students. Between 20 per cent and 30 per cent of them fail to complete their degree, compared with a drop-out rate of only 12 per cent for university courses in

total. Indeed, the report informs us, there has been no machinery which could have ensured that any particular are area of study was expanded or contracted over the country as a whole. "A similar problem could arise over the next few years."

body working with existing with bodies" were able to agree on which a £2bn-a-year complex which has run out of control. whether and if so how to pro-One might say that it had " just duce more of the kinds of growed like Topsy, if it were

Hoping to gain comfort from others' greater discomfort, I telephoned the Department of

how it felt about the findings. It said they had come as a bit of a blow, especially since Education Ministers had been hoping to be able to do something economically useful with higher education.

"I have the germ of an idea," replied. "Perhaps the facts that engineering and technology aren't popular with teen-agers, and have an unusually high drop-out rate, have something to do with their being harder than courses in arts social studies and so on. Well, you can't attract more students to the hard-option courses by making available more places on them, you might tackle the problem the other way round — by cutting back hard on the number of places in easy options."

'Hm," the Department of Education and Science replied. I don't know that our economist would approve of that Why don't you come along and ask him? Then you could write him up in the Jobs Colimn. There's an idea for you. I'll bet you don't even know what So there we are, then. Stuck the Department of Education's economist does for his living, anyway.

felt that I did know.

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Please write with full personal and career details, quoting ref. 5005/FT, to:-

#### **Philip Smith**

Manpower Consultants 85-87 Jermyn Street, London SW1Y 6JD

# Accountants Thailand

The Shell Company of Thailand is looking for qualified Accountants of Thai nationality. The Company is the major oil and chemicals marketing organisation in Thailand and is directly involved in other related projects in the country.

Successful applicants should ideally be in their mid-twenties or early thirties and could, dependent upon performance, look forward to broadlybased and developing careers in the Company's finance organisation in

Please write giving details of background and experience to:

Mrs P. W. Frise, Recruitment Division, (FT), PNEL/41, Shell International Petroleum Company Limited, Shell Centre, London SEI 7NA.

# Senior Banking **Appointments**

Substantial Remuneration

A Middle-Eastern bank, shortly to open branches in London, requires the nucleus of its management team.

#### General Manager

This position will head the UK operation, reporting to directors overseas. Business development will be a major responsibility

#### Chief Exchange Dealer

Reporting to the General Manager, the challenge is to establish the bank significantly in the London currency markets.

Candidates will have demonstrated considerable achievement in banking management or

foreign exchange. Personal qualities must include skills in client liaison. Salary will not be a limiting factor for either position.

Applications, which will be treated in strict confidence, should contain relevant details of career and salary progression, age, education and qualifications.

Please write to A. C. Crompton quoting reference 941/FT on both envelope and letter.

# Management Consultants

128 Queen Victoria Street, London EC4P 4JX

# Export Credits Management

One of the best known and most successful British banks is expanding its export finance management team to cope with the increased volume of business being undertaken and to meet planned growth particularly in project buyer credits.

- THE PRIME TASK will be to generate and exploit world wide export finance opportunities with existing and potential clients. Considerable overseas travel will be involved.
- VALID EXPERIENCE in export credit negotiations and familiarity with ECGD practices are essential.
- SALARY NEGOTIABLE up to £17,000 with usual banking sector fringe benefits.

Write in complete confidence to R.T. Addis as adviser to the bank.

#### TYZACK & PARTNERS LTD

10 HALLAM STREET and LONDON WIN 6DJ 21 AINSLIE PLACE and EDINBURGH EH3 6AJ 10 HALLAM STREET

#### Financial Director (Designate)

circa £20,000

Leicester

The Frederick Parker Group Lamited wish to recruit a Financial Director (Designate). The Group operates internationally and is primarily engaged in the manufacturing, selling, hiring and servicing of equipment for the construction industry. Annual sales are in excess of £30m, of which in excess of 60%, are exports. The Group achieved significant growth in the 1970s and plans for this to continue through the 80s. The appointment of a Financial Director at Group level is being made to provide additional financial expertise to assist the Group Board in planning for the Group's further development. The appointment will be located in Leicester.

The Financial Director (Designate) will report to the Chairman and be responsible for all financial and accounting matters, with special emphasis on the co-ordination and development of budgeting procedures and the preparation of periodic accounts. In addition he will be expected to participate fully in the development of computerised

The successful candidate will be a qualified accountant who can justify appointment to the Board within a period of 12 months. Age is not a critical factor although it is envisaged that the appointee will offer senior accounting experience including implementation and development of systems.

The commencing salary will be negotiated at around £20,000 p.s. and a company car will be provided. The company would contribute to the cost of removal expenses if the successful candidate had to move home to take up the appointment.

Candidates, male or female, can make application by quoting reference MCS/2101 and requesting a personal history form from Ashley S. Phoenix. Executive Selection Division. Southwark Towers, 32 London Bridge Street, London SE19SY.

rice /aterhouse Associates

# **Specialized**

US bank is seeking a candidate to provide specialized financial services to corporations and

Applicants should have an advanced business degree with a bias towards quantitive analysis/ computer programming, and two to three years of business experience. Specialized knowledge of corporate markets in the USA and of commodity and/or financial futures markets would be distinct

A negotiable salary will be supported by the fringe benefits normally associated with a major international banking organization.

Replies in the first instance together with a detailed curriculum vitae should be forwarded to: N.S. Holker, at the address below. Please quote ref. SF/445/FT and list on a separate sheet companies to which your application should not be forwarded.



CONFIDENTIAL REPLY SERVICE Benton & Bowles Recruitment Limited, 197 Knightsbridge, London SW7.

# INDUSTRIAL **DEVELOPMENT OFFICER**

£8337-£9099

placing according to qualifications and experience
The District Council invite applications for this extremely important position within the Physical Planning Division of their Department of Technical Services. This is a principal officer's post which will require flair-

imagination, and the ability to work in a climate of industrial renewal within the District of Clydebank. Scotland's Enterprise Zone area. Applicants will be expected to work without detailed supervision and be capable of co-operating as part of a team within the structure of the Department and to liaise with the S.D.A. Task Force who have responsibilities within the Enterprise Zone Area, The person appointed will be experienced to initiate contracts and lines of enquiry and have a flair for public relations. The interprisewing canel will be a flair for public relations. The interviewing panel will be seeking evidence of sound knowledge of public and private finance together with the understanding of industry and industrial needs especially those of new and small firms. It is also essential to have a knowledge of the practical con-struction of industrial and commercial property and of property law. Applicants should preferably have a professional qualification and it would be an advantage if that qualification

related to valuation surveying.
Closing date for applications 20 November 1980. Application Forms can be obtained from: Manpower Services Department, District Council Offices, Rosebery Place, CLYDEBANK GBI 1TG.



# Director Fund Management

An investment management company based in Scotland having an excellent reputation in its field requiries a widely experienced and successful fund manager probably aged between 40 and 50, to

complement its existing team.

Responsible primarily for developing its portfolio of unquoted investments, the successful candidate will also have the opportunity to play a senior management role in the overall organisation of the company and to assist in attracting new sources of funds for management. A good knowledge of the UK stock market is essential whilst experience of overseas markets would be highly desirable.

Our client wishes to attract a candidate of the highest calibre and experience and is accordingly offering a generous compensation and fringe benefits package. In addition, there will be an opportunity to take an equity stake in the company.

Please write with full career details in confidence to Box FI/649 St. James's Advertising & Publishing Co. Ltd., Hanway House, Clark's Place, London EC2N 4BJ.



Salary Negotiable Plus Benefits **GENEVA** 

This new appointment will be based at the European headquarters of an American multinational corporation which operates in an expanding sector of the economy and has an outstanding and continuing growth record.

The successful applicant, who will report to the European Tax Manager, will be responsible for a wide range of international tax planning and compliance issues, and will be dealing with the fiscal laws of 14 European countries. Responsibilities include providing income tax, VAT and Customs advice to management and the company's European affiliates.

Candidates must possess a major accountancy or legal qualification, supported by 2-5 years international corporate tax experience, either with a multinational company, law or accounting firm. An understanding of U.S. tax principles and fluency in a language other than English would be a definite asset.

The ability to communicate effectively with non-financial managers and to relate to business operations in practical terms are particularly important since the successful candidate will be operating with minimum supervision.

Please send a comprehensive career résumé, including salary history, quoting ref. 1074/FT, to G.J. Perkins.

Touche Ross & Co., Management Consultants Hill House, 1 Little New Street, London EC4A 3TR Tel: 01-353 8011



# Office Manager

to £15,000 + profit share + partnership prospects

An established city firm of stockbrokers is now looking to appoint an Office Manager to control its administration and financial systems.

The Office Manager, male or female, will organise highly efficient support to the whole firm by streamlining systems and reporting procedures. There is a competent supporting staff of about 25.

This position, which offers the prospect of partnership to the right person, will appeal to an Office Manager or Assistant Manager aged between 30 – 40 who has gained staff management experience and an excellent grasp of systems in a stockbroking firm. Personal qualities will also be important.

Please reply in confidence, quoting Ref. U891, giving concise personal and career details, to D. E. Shellard—Executive Selection

Rolls House, 7 Rolls Bulldin

#### **Senior Executives Retail Business Development**

Are you seeking the challenge and opportunity of business development projects in retailing? If you have the right experience and capabilities, you could develop a worthwhile future with Management Horizons

Management Horizons is an international company of specialists in profitable operating techniques in retailing and consumer distribution. The techniques range over retail corporate planning. investment analysis, market positioning, assortment plans and merchandising, store size and layout planning, merchandise presentation, merchandise management control and management

We are looking for key executives able to initiate and execute projects with client companies. Increased responsibility for project direction will depend on performance results.



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Please write with curriculum vitae to: ERS Whitefield The Managing Director
Management Horizons UK Limited Red Lion Street. Richmond Surrey TW9 1RB

Your experience should include: # good degree or professional

qualification \*numeracy, marketing and

finance

\*:practical experience in retailing or distribution

# initiative, ambition and enthusiasm for retailing

\* age - 28 - 38 years



#### Excellent Career Entrée Into Major Group At Corporate H.Q. Level

#### FINANCIAL PLANNING ANALYST

Central London

To £15,000 p.a.+Benefits

Our client is a profitable British-owned international group of companies engaged in R &  $\overline{D}$ , manufacture and marketing of an extensive range of pharmaceutical and related products throughout the world. Group turnover exceeds £400m. The successful applicant will join a small head office team engaged in the formulation and analysis of planning information pertaining to all group operations, for use at both corporate and operating unit levels. The group uses a sophisticated computer-besed information and data-processing network, and there is close contact between the planning tunction and line management.

Candidates must be graduate qualified accommants, aged in their late twenties to early thirties, with either broader than usual experience within a large public practice, or significant exposure at corporate level in the commercial/industrial sector. Promotion of the present incumbent into a line role is indicative of the career prospects which exist.

For further information, write enclosing a C.V. or telephone for an application form, directing your enquiry, in niidence, to Anthony J. Forsyth, B.Sc., at 410 Strand. London WC2R ONS, Tel: 01-836 9501, quoting ref. 3038/F.

#### **DOUGLAS LLAMBIAS** Douglas Liambias Associates Ltd. Accountancy and Management Recruitment Consultants

and at 26 West Nile Street, Glasgow G1 2PF (041-226 3101) 3 Coates Place, Edinburgh EH3 7AA (031-225 7744)

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Opportunities for personal development in both professional and career terms are excellent and the exceptional remuneration package will reflect the ability and experience of the successful applicants.



Telephone or write in the strictest confidence to: Angela Howorth or Christopher Blows FULTON PACKSHAW LTD. 30/40 Ludgate Hill, London E.C.4 Tel: 01-248 3342



# յլիներին անարդարան արևարան արևարան անարդան արևարան արևարան արևարան արևարան արևարան արևարան արևարան արևարան արև Financial Controller

Manchester

Our client, a subsidiary of a diverse public company, can fairly claim to be one of the best known names in the home improvement industry. Turnover this year will be close to £30m, from ten very profitable UK

Due to recent group promotions, the company needs to recruit a new Financial Controller, who will work closely with the marketing/sales orientated Board. Controlling a small department, responsibilities will cover the timely preparation of period management accounts including budgets, forecasts and cash plans for one's own Board and group purposes. You will also work closely with the Systems Manager on the introduction of computers.

Candidates should be qualified accountants in their mid 30's with a sufficiently extrovert personality to communicate effectively with a tough sales team. Previous systems experience would be advantageous. The benefits are as expected of a major group and the career opportunities are excellent. Please telephone James N. Denholm FCA on 01-734 2603

## Financial Appointments Limited

quoting reference 134 or send detailed career resumé to:-

**Recruitment Consultants** 

#### FINANCE DIRECTOR

& Company Secretary

Circa £11.000 + car North West

We are a profitable manufacturing company and a member of a successful quoted British group. We employ over 200 people and have a turnover

approaching £4m p.a. We are looking for a qualified accountant, (A.C.A., A.C.A. or A.C.M.A.) to take responsibility for all financial matters in our company. The person appointed will have had previous experience in a production environment and may well also have had experience of small computer systems. They will be joining a small, friendly, go-ahead management team who will expect them to take a lively interest in all aspects of the company's operations. They may be in their early thirties but older candidates will also

be considered. In addition to the salary a company car will be provided and there are the usual big company fringe

Please reply to Box A.7344. Financial Times. 10 Cannon Street. EC4P 4BY, enclosing a curriculum vitae.

#### HENRY COOKE, LUMSDEN & CO.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT

Henry Cooke, Lumsden & Co. wish to appoint an Investment Manager for their Foreign Department, located at the Head Office in Manchester.

This is a senior position in an expanding department that formulaces investment policy and negotiates business in overseas

markets for the firm's clients. The job would appeal to someone with experience in overseas markers who is looking for a new challenge, calling for responsibility and initiative, in a growth area of the firm's

Please apply in writing to:

D. A. Pitt. 654. HENRY COOKE LUMSDEN & CO. P.O. Box 369, Arkwright House, Parsonage Gardens, Manchester, M60 3AH.

# Heads of Finance

LONDON c.£30,000

The Post Office is now operating through two divisions, one covering Posts and Girobank and the other covering

Telecommunications. These divisions will become independent Corporations as soon as legislation, which the Government proposes shortly to bring before Parliament, has been passed. Each division has its own Board, which will remain subordinate to the present statutory Post Office Board until the separation has been legally effected.

It is intended to appoint Heads of Finance to both Divisional Boards.

Applicants should have wide financial experience and have held a senior position in industry or commerce in a large organisation. They should have a proven record in financial management, which

should include both the management of a large accounting function and expertise in financial planning and control.

The posts, which are open to men and women, and which will be in London, will carry salaries to be negotiated of around £30,000 per annum. The posts will be pensionable.

Applications, by letter in the first instance, enclosing curriculum vitae, should be sent to Malcolm Argent (from whom further information can also be obtained) to arrive not later than 1st December, 1980.

Malcolm Argent Secretary of The Post Office Room 807, 2-12 Gresham Street LONDON EC2V 7AG

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in the serious business of marketing yourself MINSTER EXECUTIVE provides the professional, adividual and comprehensive career comselling service that has achieved outstanding results. After evaluating your full potential we direct you through every stage of the 5ob search, furnishing yes with material individually tailored to your specific needs, and counsel in the art of being interviewed. As professionals we have an acknowledged standing in the employment market. We invite you to a minary discussion to discover why our clients have been so successful.

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with previous stockbroking experi-ence. Excellent salary, LVs, bonus scheme, season cicket facrity, BUPA and 4 weeks' holiday. Write stating age, experience, salary required, etc., to: Bos A7342, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 48Y All enquiries will be treated in the strictest confidence

#### **STOCK EXCHANGE CLERKS**

We have vacancies available for Stock Exchange clerks with good experience in the general office including calisman transfers, dividends, contracts ledgers and foreign settlements. Salaries ranging to £7,000 plus fringe benefits.

> All enquiries will be treated in the strictest confidence. 5, Broad Street Place, E.C.2. 628 0926 MRS. HICKS MRS. HOWELL

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The following are among our more urgent current assignments:-For well-known City-based inter-

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LENDING OFFICER

¢. £15,000

OVERSEAS BANKER

**DOCUMENTARY CREDITS** 

C. £11,000

Tax-free salary + bonus

CREDIT/LOANS

c. £8,000

£10-13,000

develop Middle/Far Eastern trade finance business. French-speaking banker, late 20s, experienced in credit analysis and Eurocurrency loan administration, for varied rôle in Credit Department of leading

national bank. Age 28-40, with upwards

of 4 years' experience of negotiating/

structuring big-ticket lease agreements.

Age up to 30; U.S. bank background essential, including formal credit train-

ing and U.K. business development

experience. Promotion route to A.V.P.

For the Middle East (U.A.E.). Aged

mid-late 20s, with previous overseas

For an expanding merchant bank, Marketing officer, aged 30-40, with

extensive doc. credits experience, to

banking experience (ideally 3 or 4 tours).

European bank.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS A.C.A., late 20s, single, for new Channel Island-based merchant bank-ing joint venture (tax-related work, considerable travel). Also audit appointment with London bank for A.C.A.,

over 2-year period.

recently qualified or up to 2 years' p.q.e. For futher details of these and other opportunities, please telephone Pamela Hyland or Paul Trumble.

First floor-entrance New Street 170 Bishopsgate London EC2M 4LX 01-623 1266

# **Assistant** Manager (Banking Operations)

City

c£10.000

Our client, a well established, expanding City Bank is seeking an Assistant Manager in the Banking Operations area.

The successful candidate will be aged 28-35 with at least 5 years' experience in Forex/Sterling back-up operations in a City Banking environment Particular knowledge of loan administration procedures and Bank of England returns would be an advantage.

He/She must be able to demonstrate good experience in managing and training people, and possess a sound general banking knowledge.

In addition to an attractive salary, other benefits include mortgage subsidy scheme, BUPA, Pension and Life Assurance.

Please send details of your career to date, indicating any companies in which you would not be interested, to

J.D. Vine. Account Director (Ref. CRS/180), Lockyer, Bradshaw & Wilson Limited,
North West House, 119/127 Marylebone Road, London, NW1 5PU.

LOCKYER, BRADSHAW & WILSON LIMITED

# **Financial Director and Company Secretary**

Fast-moving consumer goods c.£20,000 + car

Part of an American multinational group, our dient is a rapidly growing and very successful private company. Based in the East Midlands, the company has a turnover of around £50m and employs 1,400 people manufacturing and marketing a popular brand of snack foods. Due to promotion, an experienced senior financial executive is now required to fill a key position on the Board. Reporting to the MD, the person appointed will be responsible for all aspects of accounting and financial management including control of computing services. Aged 35 to 45, candidates must be qualified Chartered Accountants with at least six years' experience in financial management at top level, preferably within a force of the control of within a fmog environment or a process industry. They must be thoroughly versed in the preparation and interpretation of financial and management accounts with specific experience in the areas of budgetary control, computer applications,

taxation, investment and company secretarial matters. Knowledge of American control systems matters. Knowledge of American control systems and dealing with corporate organisations would be an distinct advantage. The ideal candidate will be an enthusiastic self-starter with a proven track record in financial control coupled with good all round business acumen. The salary includes a profit share element, an executive car is provided and generous tringe benefits reflect the importance of this appointment.

Ref: AA55/7490/FT,

Initial interviews are conducted by PA Consultants. No details are divulged to clients without prior permission. Please send brief career details or write for an application form, quoting the reference number on both your letter and envelope, and advise us if you have recently made any other applications to PA Personnel

#### **PA Personnel Services**

Hyde Park House, 60a Knightsbridge, London SW1X 7LE. Tel; 01-235 6060 Telex; 27874





## **International Banking Business Development-Sweden**

We are the leading Scandinavian international bank owned by major banks in the Nordic countries providing a full range of wholesale commercial and merchant banking services worldwide.

We are seeking an assistant for our Regional Marketing Manager— Sweden, to help to develop new business and maintain existing relationships with Swedish corporate clients and their international

Candidates should have an economics background and preferably some banking experience with special emphasis on Sweden. Bilingual Swedish/English is a requirement as is a knowledge of Swedish industry and business conditions.

A competitive remuneration package is available including payment of relocation expenses if necessary.

Interviews will be held in London and Sweden but, in the first instance, please apply with a comprehensive C.V. to:

David Woodward. Head of Personnel. Scandinavian Bank Limited. 36 Leadenhall Street, London EC3A 1BH.

Scandinavian Bank Limited

# Cash Manager

Brown & Root (UK) Limited are part of one of the world's largest and most successful engineering and construction companies. Our Treasury Department, located at Wimbledon, is responsible for our operations in Europe and Africa and it is here that we wish to appoint a Cash

Manager. The successful applicant, male or female, will report to the Company Treasurer, and will have direct responsibility for the management of the Company's cash position including investments, borrowings, foreign exchange transactions, credit control, financial appraisals and cash flow forecasting. In addition you will become involved, as required, in contractual matters with clients such as contract reviews, issue of bid and performance

bonds and project finance. Applicants should come from either an accounting or banking discipline. However, some knowledge of routine investments and foreign exchange transactions will be essential. An accounting qualification is beneficial and the salary would be attractive to a qualified applicant.

Besides a competitive salary, we offer attractive benefits which include noncontributory pension scheme, free lite assurance, four weeks holiday and an active sports and social club. To apply please write to Marian Watts, Assistant Personnel Officer, Brown & Root (UK) Limited, 125 High Street, Colliers Wood, London 5W19,

telephone 01-540 8300 ext. 247.



Brown で Root (UK) Limited

# **Promoting Finance** for Innovation

Manager: North West of England

c. £12,000 + car

The National Research Development Corporation (NRDC) is seeking to recruit a Manager to be responsible for representing the Corporation in the North West of England and for making the Corporation's services known throughout this region.

The Manager's primary objective will be to increase NRDC's rate of investment in new technology projects with companies based in the North West. The Manager's office will be located in Manchester and he/she will be accountable to the Corporation's Marketing Director in London.

Candidates aged 30-40 must be graduates, with a knowledge of finance and with some experience of promoting industrial innovation. Substantial knowledge of industry in the North West area is assential. He/she must also possess the necessary personal qualities to ensure acceptability at all levels in the business world. Starting salary will be dependent on qualifications and experience. Car provided and attractive pension scheme. The person appointed to this post must already be living within commuting distance of Manchester.

Please send curriculum vitae to:

The Personnel Manager,
NATIONAL RESEARCH DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION, Kingsgate House,

66-74 Victoria Street. London SW1E 6SL

MRDC

#### INVESTMENT **SERVICES**

City

to £15,000

The London merchant banking arm of a major Continental bank, long established in the City, intends to recruit an additional executive to strengthen and expand its investment services activities.

The person appointed will initially be involved in the development and marketing of new investment products, as well as in the existing activities, centred on securities investment services for major international investors.

An entrepreneurial outlook, marketing flair and a good ability to communicate effectively at all levels are requirements for success. Fluency in a major European language would be a distinct advantage.

The successful applicant is likely to be aged between 26 and 36, with an academic background and/or a pro-fessional qualification. He or she will have enjoyed sound experience in the fields of banking or finance in general, possibly gained with a merchant bank or a major

A competitive remuneration is offered, together with an extractive range of benefits, including concessionary mortgage facilities.

Real promotion and career prospects are provided in this fast-growing unit in the U.K. as well as in the group as a whole if desired.

Please send full details in confidence to

10 Connon Street, EC4P 4BY.

#### Computer Audit

Starting salary likely to be between £11,000 &£12,000

Our Client is a major industrial organisation seeking to fill a management post heading up its Computer Audit Group.

The principal purpose of this job is to review, independently, the controls over both the data processing systems and the operational and systems development procedures employed at the organisation's computer installations. Where appropriate, recommendations for improvements will be made: the requirements of the external auditors must also be satisfied.

The successful applicant will be likely to hold a professional accounting qualification (or appropriate University degree) and to have had data processing experience. He/she should also have wide experience in financial and management auditing.

The appointment, which will be located in South Yorkshire or the Midlands, carries attractive conditions of employment and the use of a company car.

Please reply, giving brief career particulars (and quoting reference 918), to the address below. Enclose separately a note of any companies to which your application should not be sent.

> Ronald Fairbairn, Everett's Recruitment, 10 Greycoat Place, London SW1P 1SE

> > **EVERETT'S** recruitment

Finance & Administration Manager (Oilfield Services) c£14,000 tax free + car + benefits - Libya

N L BAROID is an acknowledged leader and one of the longest established companies in the oilfield services industry. It is part of the Petroleum Services Group of N L Industries of New York which last year enjoyed a turnover in excess of \$2 billion. The company has had an active commercial presence in Libya for about 10 years and their operations are proving so successful, with a turn-over this year of over \$20 million, that they now wish to appoint a Finance and Administration Manager. The essence of the job is to establish good accounting and reporting disciplines with the assistance of a Chief Accountant and support team and to provide an administration service for Field Personnei.

The ideal candidate will possess a recognised accountancy qualification, will have had experience in an international operation and fluency in both written and spoken Arabic is highly desirable. Rewards, benefits and leave allowances are very generous and should facilitate the accumulation of substantial capital savings, In addition future career prospects are excellent.

Please telephone Ronald Bridges on 01-235 7030. 4-5 Grosvenor Place London SW1X 76B.

# Group Financial Controller

North London Around \$20,000 + Car

This is a new appointment within a major British public company. It has some £250m capital employed, through many international subsidiaries, in a diverse range of manufacturing and business activities.

The position will report to the Financial Director and take responsibility for directing and co-ordinating the groups accounting and related activities. Supported by a capable, professional team the Group Financial Controller will play a significant role in the development of techniques, controls and procedures in line with growth and expansion.

The person appointed will be about 40 with a sound knowledge of industrial accounting backed by a thorough professional training.

The remuneration package includes the usual benefits provided at this level.

Please reply in confidence quoting Ref. U892 giving concise personal, career and salary details to R. G. Billen - Executive Selection.

# Financial Director (Designate)

A potential main board appointment in a highly successful British company with an impressive record of profitable diversification at home and abroad. Primary activities are the provision of services to the food industry, processing and building. Current turnover is in excess of £140 million and further development in the E.E.C. is planned.

Responsibilities will include overall financial control and treasury functions, involving U.K. and overseas operations, with a central role in corporate decision making and the monitoring of divisional performance.

A successful record at financial director or controller level in an industrial or service company, with several profit responsible units, ideally with some overseas involvement, would be the most appropriate background.

Preference is for a chartered accountant, an economist or a qualified businessman with a strong financial background, in the age range 45 to

Location Edinburgh. Salary for negotiation around £25,000 with appropriate fringe benefits, including car and removal expenses. Please communicate with Michael Springman, MSL Executive Search

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International Management Consultants 17 Stratton Street London W1X 6DB Tel: 01-493 3551

## Assistant Group Secretary c.£14.000 + Car

City

for a major British public company with substantial overseas interests.

The successful candidate will join a small head office team and will report to the Group Secretary. Responsibilities will include legal and secretarial work at Group and subsidiary level, pensions, public relations and office management.

Candidates, probably 30 to 35, should be lawyers or chartered secretaries with broad commercial experience and the potential for significant career development within the Group.

Benefits include car and free medical insurance.

Please write to Peter Lewis, ref. B.19143, MSL Chartered Secretary, Management Selection Limited, 17 Stratton Street, London W1X 6DB.

This appointment is open to men and women.



COARTERED SECRETARY\_

# Senior financial PR post

Streets Financial Limited, one of the leading financial public relations consultancies, wish to add to their team at top level.

The successful candidate will already have had extensive involvement in financial PR problems at a senior level, or be a senior financial journalist. At Streets, the executive will work immediately at director level on several major accounts and be actively involved in new business.

The salary will be negotiable. Streets have a profit-sharing scheme as well as competitive benefit and pension arrangements.

Will candidates please write to J.E. Miller, Streets Financial Limited, 18 Red Lion Court, Fleet Street, ancial 18 Red Lion Court, F. London EC4A 3HT.

#### VIVIAN GRAY & CO.

Members of the Stock Exchange, London

11

Vivian Gray and Co. have a vacancy in their Private Client Department for an experienced Stockbroker with proven ability. The preferred age for applicants would be between 25 and 35.

This appointment is of major importance to the Firm and offers an outstanding opportunity to the right person.

Please write or Telephone in confidence

J. A. D. Skailes, Vivian Gray & Co., Ling House, 10/13 Dominion Street, London EC2M 2UX. Tel: 01-628 9311.

#### **CORPORATE FINANCE** MERCHANT BANKING

£11,000-£17,000 plus benefits

Corporate Finance activity has continued to grow during the 1970s, and will develop in the 1980 We have been asked to recruit for a number of leadwe have been asked to recruit for a number of lead-ing merchant banks who wish to expand and strengthen their Corporate Finance teams. Their entrepreneurial and aggressive attitude towards their business, together with their excellence in perform-ance, has placed them among the most successful merchant banks in the world.

We are currently recruiting at varying levels of seniority, to take account of both current expansion and future business development.

Salaries will be negotiable, depending on individual experience and ability, and will include good banking fringe benefits. If you can make a positive contribution in this most

exciting environment, please write in strictest confi-DAVID CLARK, FCA Consultant

David Clark Associates 4 New Bridge Street, London E.C.4

Quoting Ref: 3030

Telephone: 01 353 1867 A Badenoch & Clark Group Company

#### T. & B.—THOMAS & BETTS AUDITOR-**EUROPEAN OPERATIONS**

West of London

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to £13,000 + car

Due to an expansion of its Corporate Auditing Department an Auditor is required for this multi-million-dollar international Manufacturing and Marketing Corporation, which has secure product and market leadership in the electrical/electronic field. Based near Heathrow and reporting to U.S. headquarters, the person appointed will be responsible primarily for the internal audit of the UK and Continental locations, but will also assist with financial accounting work. It is anticipated that time away from base will approach 40 per cent.

Suitable candidates, male or female, will be Chartered Accountants, experienced in up-to-date auditing techniques. Fluency in French, German or Italian would be an advantage. Reply in confidence to:

M. J. H. Coney, PEAT, MARWICK, MITCHELL & CO., 165 Queen Victoria Street, Blackfriars, London EC4Y 3PD.

#### LEOPOLD JOSEPH & SONS LIMITED MERCHANT BANKERS

are looking for a dealer with two to three years' experience in foreign exchange and currency deposits to supplement the staff in their dealing

Salary for the above position will depend on qualifications and experience.

Applications in strictest confidence should be in own handwriting and be sent with c.v. to:

Mr. J. F. Morgan LEOPOLD JOSEPH & SONS LIMITED 31-45 Gresham Street London EC2V 7EA

#### CHARTERED ACCOUNTANT FOR

CORPORATE FINANCE

Phillips & Drew with to appoint a Chartered Accountant to their corporate finance department. This is an opportunity to obtain a senior position in a rapidly expanding department of

The successful applicant will probably be a graduate accountant, aged 25-35, with previous experience in corporate finance. A five figure income is envisaged, with participation in a profitsharing scheme and potential for rapid advancement.

Please write to or telephone: Martin Gibbs, MA, FCA. Head of Corporate Finance PHILLIPS & DREW, STOCKBROKERS Lee House, London Wall, London EC2Y 5AP . Tolephone: 01-628 4444

# **Corporate Banking**

**Account Manager-Oil Unit** c. £12,000

Our client, a British International Bank, requires an Account Manager to market its services to companies in the oil industry.

Applicants, probably 25-35; should preferably be graduates with several years' marketing experience in either a similar position in the financial sector or the user industry. Applicants should be selfmotivated and have the presence and skills to negotiate with senior management.

A good salary and benefit package, including mortgage assistance, is offered. There are excellent career opportunities for the right candidate.

Candidates, male or female, should reply as soon as possible, indicating any companies in which you would not be interested, to:

J.D. Vine, Account Director (Ref. Z.003). Lockyer, Bradshaw & Wilson Limited. North West House, 119/127 Marylebone Road, London NW1 5PU.

#### **Investment Analyst** for a marketing role. London c. £7,000

One of the functions of our Investment Division is to market our investment expertise and capability to other organisations who wish to profit from the depth of the experience we have gained from managing our own investment successfully for over 100 years, and which has helped us become highly influential in the investment markets.

We now require an Investment Analyst to work in the marketing area of these managed funds. Initially, your work will mainly be assisting the editor in the preparation of investment

communications with clients and to help with the marketing of our investment services. At a later stage you may become one of a client liaison team — a fast developing area of the Prudential's activities - where you will find the kind of experience that must prove extremely valuable in terms of career progression and

Applicants must have a degree in economics and ideally 1-2 years' investment experience. They must have an interest in financial affairs generally, and the ability to explain current economic events to a wide audience in a clear and easily comprehensible way.

Initial remuneration will be c.£7,000. Benefits include a productivity payment, low cost mortgage, and non-contributory pension scheme.

Please write with full C.V. in strict confidence, to Stephen le Cras, Personnel Department, Prudential Assurance Company Limited, 142 Holborn Bars, London EC1N 2NH. Telephone: 01-405 9222, extension 2568.

**Prudential** 

# Newly Qualified **Accountants**

for the challenging and innovative retailing world

Retailing today is a sophisticated and fast moving industry and in this highly competitive environment British Home Stores lead the way.

We have recently moved our centralised accounting function to Luton and it is here that we wish to strengthen our team by appointing a number of recently qualified accountants.

We are looking for ambitious men and women able to make an important contribution in this exciting fast-moving consumer orientated environment which demands major development of our management information and accounting systems.

We offer salaries in the region of £9,000 together with wide ranging benefits which include free meals, staff discounts, share participation scheme after qualifying period and free life assurance.

To find our more about the challenge of retail today write to or telephone Personnel Manager, British Home Stores Limited, Arndale House, BHS Arndale Centre, Luton. Tel; (0582) 424242.

#### Top calibre accountant for international group

Mid twenties

West End, £11,000+car



A major international group, one of 'the Times' top 100 companies and a market leader in its field, is seeking a really able qualified accountant to join its small world headquarters finance team.

The prime role, in a challenging and technically demanding environment, will be to assist in the formulation of group accounting policy and in planning, co-ordinating and consolidating the group's financial accounts. In addition you will be involved in a variety of 'ad hoc' projects at head office. You will work closely with senior management in the group's subsidiaries in Europe and North America and some travel will

If you have a first class track record in one of the leading international accounting firms, this opening could provide an excellent opportunity to progress into senior linancial

Resumes including a daytime telephone number to JG Cameron, Executive Selection Division, Ref.CF281.

Coopers &Lybrand associates Coopers & Lybrand Associates Ltd. management consultants

Shelley House in oble Street London EC2V 7DO

# Executive Recruitment Consultant

£18,000 + car London

Arthur Young Management Services is one of the leading consultancies in the UK, and is a member of Arthur Young International which has over 270 offices in 70 countries:

Executive Recruitment is an important element of the total service which we offer and we are seeking a Consultant who will assume an important role in managing its further development. As well as advising on all aspects of recruitment and undertaking advertising and selection assignments, the Consultant will be expected to lead a small team, and to identify and exploit particular requirements in a competitive market. The role is a challenging one which demands high levels of commitment and a professional approach.

Candidates, educated to degree level or equivalent and aged under 40, must possess the personal qualities required to thrive within a professional environment. Previous senior level recruitment experience is essential.

Please reply in confidence, quoting Ref. U893, giving concise personal and career details to D. E. Shellard – Executive Selection

Fetter Lane, London EC4A 1NL.

# **BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT**

AGE: 25-35

If your business development experience embraces at least four years 'sharp-end' marketing activity on behalf of a leading international bank, our client requires just such a person to lend weight and authority to its expanding activities in the UK. The Bank enjoys an extremely good name in the City, and the particular advantage to anyone joining them at this time, rests in the fact that they are expanding their marketing activities substantially over the next two years. The benefits package offers all the usual advantageous personal loan facilities including mortgage assistance, and the career prospects are, as already intimated, extremely

For further particulars of this and the many other senior positions for which we are currently retained, please contact MARK STEVENS—GENERAL MANAGER. Our reputation is your guarantee of confidentiality.

© BANKING PERSONNEL 41/42 London Wall London EC2 Telephone: 01-588 0781 (RECRUITMENT CONSULTANTS)



#### **APPOINTMENTS** WANTED

H. N.D. in MECHANICAL ENGINEERING or Electrical Engineering recuired for Overseas Appointment in the Middle East. Experience preferable but not essential programmer and pr

accountant/administrator

for independent music publisher in London. Internal financial reports. Supervision accounting and financial functions; and office administration. Music industry experience desirable but not essential. Submit resume, stating pass experience, age, marital status, education and salary requirements.

Write Box A7338, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY

# Confidential Reply Service

# Foreign Exchange **West Germany**

Charles Barker

A rapidly growing International Bank is offering an opportunity for a young and ambitious Foreign Exchange Dealer to join a small team based in West Germany.

The successful candidate is likely to be in his midtwenties with at least two years' experience of dealing on his own responsibility in a major financial centre.

Some knowledge of German, though not essential, would be an advantage.

A competitive salary and excellent benefits are available for the right applicant. Reference 1678

# Banking in Europe

#### **Paris**

**EUROBOND TRADER** FF.150,000 negotiable Aged 25-35, with good education and at least two years' trading experience, mainly \$ straights.

F.X. DEALER FF.150,000 negotiable Preferably aged 27-35, with at least two years' experience of exchanges including Middle Eastern currencies.

# Brussels

TRAINEE MANAGER

Salary negotiable Young banker, fluent in Flemish and with some bank experience gained (preferably) in the U.K. Must be fully mobile as overseas postings will form

> F.X. DEALER To BF 1.3m.

Preferably aged 27-35, with professional qualification and at least three years' experience. Fluent Flamish

#### Luxembourg

SENIOR INVESTMENT ADVISER Flux 1m. negotiable Banking background; aged 25-35, with minimum five years' relevant investment experience. Mixture institutional and private clients.

> F.X. DEALER To Flux 1m.

Preferably aged 24-30, with minimum three years' experience of exchanges gained in London. Fluency in German

Jonathan Wren

For further details of these and other opportunities please telephone, or send a detailed Curriculum Vitae in confidence, to:-

Banking Appointments Roy Webb, Jonathan Wren & Co. Ltd., International Division, 170 Bishopsgate, London EC2M 4LX. Tel: 01-623 1266.

# STAFF VACANCIES IN THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF NIGERIA

Applications are URGENTLY invited from qualified candidates to fill the following posts in Nigeria:-

**ENGINEERS:** 

(Civil, Electrical, Hydraulic, Hydrological, Irrigation, Marine, Mechanical, Telecommuni-

ARCHITECTS: SURVEYORS: QUALIFICATIONS:

Applicants should be holders of Bachelors' degrees or equivalents and post-graduates in their various fields plus minimum postgraduate cognate experience of three to five years. In addition, candidates must hold valid tions registerable in Nigeria or the United Nigeria or the United Kingdom.

TEACHERS: **EDUCATION OFFICERS: OUALIFICATIONS:** 

A Bachelor's degree or equivalent from a recognised University in English, French, Physical Education. Music. Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Wood and Metal Work. Possession of post-graduate teaching qualifications/experience will be an advan-

**MEDICAL OFFICERS:** 

In Specialist Hospitals, Health Centres, etc., in both urban and rural areas.

QUALIFICATIONS:

Candidates should be Doctors with qualificaprofessional qualifications registerable in Kingdom. They should have a minimum of three years' post-graduate experience for General Practitioners and five years for Specialists.

FISHERIES OFFICERS: QUALIFICATIONS:

Bachelor's degree or equivalent from a recognised University plus relevant professional working experience.

All appointments will be to the Civil Services in Nigeria and salaries payable will depend on qualifications and experience. There are promotion prospects for those who are enterprising and industrious. Successful non-Nigerian candidates will be appointed on contract for a number of years in the first instance, renewable thereafter by mutual consent. Contract addition and terminal gratuity are also payable and there are other generous fringe benefits attached to the appointments.

Interested candidates should collect, write or telephone for application forms from:

THE NIGERIAN HIGH COMMISSION RECRUITMENT SECTION 9, NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE LONDON WC2N 5BX Tel: 01-839 1244 Exts. 106, 107, 216, 316, 317 and 308

Those with applications already lodged with the above address need only write, inviting attention to such applications and quoting the reference number of relevant communication from the High Commission.

#### **MINISTRY OF DEFENCE** Sultanate of Oman Accountant salary circa £9,800

The Sultanate of Oman, Ministry of Defence are seeking a suitably qualified person to become a member of a Study Team concerned with the analysis of work output deriving from employment of direct labour for civil and electrical maintenance as opposed to contracting. Wide practical experience in the costing and financial reporting involved in commercial construction companies with a thorough knowledge of their procedures is essential. Applicants should preferably be professionally qualified but equivalent training and experience will be considered. Previous experience in the Middle East and of maintenance contracts would be an advantage.

The appointment is an initial one year contract and attracts a starting salary of circa £9.800 tax free paid in Omani Rials plus 20% terminal gratuity. Three periods of 20 days home leave with return economy class air fares. Air conditioned bachelor accommodation and officers mess facilities provided. Interviews in London

Interested candidates please write in confidence giving full details of experience, quoting reference No. 7262/9, to Brian Goring, Astral Recruitment Associates, 17/19 Maddox Street, London WIR OEY. Telephone 01-408 1010.

#### Astral Recruitment Associates Search, Selection. Recruitment Advertising

# Financial Controller £13-15,000 p.a., tax free First class international hotel

This luminously appointed hotel overlooking the Gulf is close to an international airport and provides catering and amenities to the highest

As Financial Controller, you will be responsible 'to the General Manager and Board of Directors · for all financial control aspects for a public company share capital in excess of US\$13 million, and a total annual turnover also in excess of US\$13 million. You will additionally hold responsibility over a qualified Chief Accountant and staff of 20 covering the coursel and reporting functions of this 370-room hotel and its liquor sales outlet, the Gulf Cellar.

We seek a qualified Accountant aged between 28 and 38, who has at least 2 years' hotel experience. A knowledge of small computer systems is essential as we operate a Wang 2200 MVP computer. In addition to the attractive tax free salary, we offer generous overseas benefits such as free single or martied 'accompanied accommodation, free medical insurance; 6 weeks' passage-paid UK leave p.a., and children's education allowance. Please write initially giving full career and personal details (quoting Ref. FCGH) to:-Personnel Controller UK and Europe, Gulf Air,

Room 252. Excelsion Hotel, Bath Road, West

GULF



# Finance Director

c.£20,000 p.a. + CAR + BENEFITSOur client is a diverse, well established and publicly quoted Group with an annual turnover of more than £20m.

They are embarking on a major restructuring plan and require a Finance Director who will be a key member of the Group Board and make a major contribution during this important stage of the Group's development.

Based in Yorkshire, this senior appointment will demand several years' experience of all aspects of financial management work in an industrial environment and the ability and energy to take immediate responsibility for the Group's financial effectiveness. Evidence of success in profit and cash generation improvement would be particularly valuable.

Substantial benefits will include those normally expected for a main board appointment and qualified accountants, ideally aged 35-50, should apply in confidence quoting Ref. 115/G to: Mr. J. D. Gilbertson.

Bamford Business Services Limited, Executive Selection Division, Barmord Hall, Barmord, Shelfield S30 2AU.

#### FINANCIAL CONTROLLER

HERTFORDSHIRE

£17,500 (Inc. Bonus) + Car & Benefits.

This is an outstanding opportunity to join the electronic equipment industry with the UK marketing subsidiary of a multinational Swiss group. The company anticipates a turnover of £5 million in 1981 and has plans for rapid growth in the eighties.

As Financial Controller, reporting directly to the Managing Director, you will assume full responsibility for the company's finance, accounting, data processing and administrative functions. Assisted by a staff of 20, the key responsibilities of the position include the presentation of monthly accounting reports, the further development of computer-based management information systems, preparation of budgets, plans and forecasts and the negotiation and management of financing facilities.

The successful candidate will be a qualified Accountant, probably aged 28-35. who can ideally demonstrate progressive career development not only as an Accountant but also as a decisive business manager. Confidence, flexibility and a strong personality are essential qualities for the candidate who will be expected to contribute to profitable commercial development as a key member of the management team and to represent the company at all

A first-class remuneration package is offered including car, contributory pension, life cover, BUPA and assistance with relocation expenses where

Please write, in complete confidence, submitting a curriculum vitae to Box A.7339, Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY.

# **Financial** Controller

c. £15,000

A rapidly growing organisation, part of a successful and well-known international group, has become the leader in its field of high technology. Further planned expansion has ited the position of Financial Controller who will be responsible to the General Manager for all aspects of financial and management accounting and data processing. This is an opportunity for an ACA or ACMA of about 30 years of age to develop his or her department, and to be part of a young and enthusiastic management team. lly, candidates should have experience in a technically based industry and be familiar with

project costing and DP. Salary will be negotiable around £15,000, there is provision for car and help will be given with relocation. Location: South Cambridgeshire.

Initial interviews are conducted by PA Consultants, No details are divulged to clients without prior permission, Please send brief career details or write for an application form. quoting the reference number on both your letter and envelope, and advise us if you have recently made any other applications to PA Personnel

#### **PA Personnel Services**

Hyde Park House, 60a Knightsbridge, London SW1X 7LE, Tel: 01-235 6060 Telex: 27874



# Accountant Lloyd's Syndicate

As a leading Lloyd's Underwriting Agency based in the City, we offer a challenging, but rewarding position, for an experienced and capable accountant to be responsible for the accounts of a maior Lloyd's Syndicate. Candidates should be ideally professionally qualified and/or possess experience of Lloyd's book-keeping systems.

In return we offer a competitive salary in the region of £11,000 pa, together with the kind of benefits you'd expect from a leading and highly-respected

For further information please telephone the Personnel Department on 01-481 3413.

#### NAIROBI

#### PARTNERSHIP **ADMINISTRATOR**

£12,000 + Car + Accommodation

Our audit office in Konya has Our audit office in Konya has a vacancy for a qualified accountant, essentially ACA, CA, ACGA, ACMA or CIPFA. The post and responsibilities should appeal to someone in their 50s without dependent children. As such the salary and terms should allow for accountant to have a compactivities. sajary and terms should allow for a couple to have a comfortable standard of Irving and possibly some sevings from a renewable two-year contract. There are many attractive elements to the remuneration including an annual gratuity of £1,200.

Responsibilities in this saven

Responsibilities in this seven partner practice include accounting (NCR 399), personnel and full administrative and secretarial

duties.
Please write with personal and career details to A. C. Crompton, Deloitte Haskins & Sells, Management Consultants, 128 Queen Victoria Street, London ECAP 4JX quetting releience 942/FT on both sevelage and letter. envelops and letter.

#### SIMON AND COATES (Members of The Stock Exchange)

#### ARBITRAGE SETTLEMENTS CLERK

Due to expansion we have a vacancy for an experienced Arbitrage Settlements Clerk.

Excellent Prospects. Salary by negotiation. Aplly in writing to:-

1 London Wall Buildings, EC2M 5PT. or telephone (01) 588 3644

# Member NYSE Firm

has several open positions: 1) Trader in U.S. equities and options able to organise and

run an order-taking desk.
2) An arbitrageur in stocks traded in Europe, South Africa. as well as the U.S., with a knowledge of U.K. and

European clients. 3) Registered representatives for U.S. equity sales. Compensation package highly competitive and commensurate with experience.

Please reply to Box A.7347, Financial Times 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 4BY or telephone 01-236 7631

#### Merchant Navy Pensions Administration

has an opportunity for an

# INVESTMENT ANALYST

As part of a small investment team the successful applicable will research a wide range of investment opportunities and will work closely with those responsible for the day-to-day management of the portfolios. It is anticipated that the right: management of the portfolios. It is anticipated that the right; person will seek advancement to their own area of fund. management in due course.

Merchant Navy Pensions Administration is responsible for the investments of the Merchant Navy Officers Pension Fund and the Merchant Navy Ratings Pension Fund. Together, these amount to over 1425 million and new money available for investment is in excess of £60 million per annum.

Ideally, candidates should be in their early twenties and possess a degree in economics or mathematics and/or a suitable pro-, fessional qualification. Relevant experience in the investment. field would be a distinct advantage.

Replies should be sent to Mr. J. M. Bird enclosing a curriculum: vitze and quoting current salary level.

Merchant Navy Pensions Administration

Ebbisham House

30 Church Street

Epsom ' Surrey KT17 4QF

#### DEPUTY CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

from £12.500 The Gerling organisation, operating in the insurance and reinsurance markets in London,

seeks a qualified person to act as the accountant

for a new operation about to be launched, and

to deputise for the chief accountant. Candidates, preferably aged at least 30, and ideally with knowledge of German, must have a thorough understanding of all aspects of insurance accounting and the experience to implement procedures from scratch. The salary is negotiable from £12,500 p.a. plos contributory pension scheme. Prospects for company growth and personal promotion are good.

Applicants, male or female, should write in complete confidence with details of previous experience and current salary, quoting reference DF 1696 to J. W. Hills, at:-

> Dearden Farrow A.I.M. 40/43 Chancery Lane, London WC2A1JJ.

# **Analyst** Overseas Portfolio)

PROVIDENT MUTUAL is an established life and pensions office with an active and fast growing investment portfolio particularly on the overseas equity section. Total Funds. under management exceed £500m and new money for investment will be over £80m this year.

Ideally candidates (aged 24-30) should have a high degree of analytical skill plus relevant experience preferably wifira similar institution. Also beneficial would be an economics, accountancy or actuarial qualification. They must also be able to make the occasional trip overseas. There is a considerable level of involvement and autonomy

in this appointment and a positive contribution will be expected at an early stage. Substantial salary commensurate with qualification and

experience plus usual benefits inc. low cost staff house purchase mortgage scheme, non-contributory pension Please write giving age and details of education,

qualifications and experience to: C. Young, Personnel Manager, Provident Mutual Life Assurance Association. 25-31 Moorgate, London EC2R 6BA.

PROVIDENT MUTUAL (2)

CHEMICAL ANALYST A thoroughly experienced invest-ment analyst with excellent know-ledge of the chemical industry to take over responsibility for the melarity of company coverage as part of highly reputable team in well known firm of Stockbrokers.

FINANCIAL ANALYSTS C8.000 to £10,000

CORPORATE FINANCE INSTITUTIONAL SALES To £15.000 Ambitious Individual, 26-32, with at least 3 vrs. Investment research, und management or sous error to sola active institutional equity designative international entity festive the following the promote the work of highly reparted analysis. Pattnership propriet.

A qualified Accountant, 27-33, with at least 3 vrs. corporate finance con cronably gathed in a Metchant Bank, and knowledge of acquisitions, mergers etc. to loin established corporate banks, and control of the corporate stables of reputable firm of Stockbrokers. For further information about these or many other positions stockbrokers and institutions bleast contact F. J. Stephens or Awho will treat all enquiries in the structest conductors.

12.

Stephens Associates

International Recruitment Consultants

35 Dover Street, London W1X 1R 4.01-493 0617

#### EXECUTIVE FOR PROJECT DEVELOPMENT

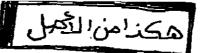
A company developing projects in the commercial and leisure fields seeks a management executive (male or famile), aged between 25 and 5, to be responsible to the board for practical and financial planning of projects up to full prospectus status, and in certain cases to tell a leading part in angoing management of completed projects.

The most important qualification is good administrative ability, coupled with the capacity to negotiate the necessary planning and other consents, aptitude for the leisure field, enthusiasm and the ability to up the respect and engage the enthusiasm of a talented and technically qualified team.

Initial salary about £14,000; other conditions by agreement addition an opportunity to participate in profits.

A Qualification in business administration would be an asset but a important is possession of the right qualities.

Write Box A7343, Financial Times. 10 Cannon Street, EC4P 487.



# and Markets CURRENCIES, MONEY and GOLD

# £ and \$ strong

Sterling and the U.S. dollar were both firm in currency markets yesterday, with within the European Monetary markets yesterday, with sterling underpinned by high interest rates and the dollar reacting to initial suphoriz over Mr. Renald Reagan's victory in the U.S. Presidential election. The market saw his firm approach on inflation as a signal for higher interest rates, and the dollar rose accordingly. Against the D-mark it finished at DM 1.9430 compared with DM 1.9430 on Tuesday, and SwFr 1.7420 in terms of the Swfrt franc against SwFr 1.7420. Swiss franc against SwFr 1.7190 previously. The Japanese yen was also weaker, although the latest cut in the Japanese dis-count rate to 74 per cent was not generally cited as a weakening factor. The dollar rose to Y211.20 from Y209.75. On Bank of England figures, the dollar's trade weighted index rose from 85.5 to 88.2.

St. to St. 2.

Sterling continued to improve in nervous trading, with currency trends clouded by the U.S. election. Sterling moved within, quite a large range against most currencies, but finished on a trade weighted basis close to a geven-year high basis close to a seven-year high. Its index closed at 80.2 compared with 79.9 on Tuesday. At noon it stood at 80.2 after 80.1 in the morping. Against the dollar it opened at \$2.4480 and rose to a best level of \$2.4540 before coming back to \$2.4425 at noon. During the afternoon it fluctuated between \$2.4525 and \$2.4450 before closing at \$2.4465. 2.4475, a fall of 70 points.
The pound was sharply firmer against European currencies, fising to DM 4.78 against the

FFr 10.9450 in terms of the French franc after FFr 10.81.

D-MARK — Stightly

System and now stronger than the Belgian franc and Italian lira, reflecting Bundesbank inter-vention in the foreign exchange market. The Mark continues to ease against the U.S. dollar on interest rate differentials, and stands at a six-month low against the U.S. unit and a four-anda-half year low in terms of sterling—Attention was centred on the sharp rise of the dollar in Frankfurt yesterday, following the U.S. Presidential election. The dollar was fixed higher a DM 1.9442 compared with DM 1.9197 on Tuesday. Elsewhere the Deutsche Mark was mostly weaker, although it rose in term of the Belgian franc and French franc as a result of central bank intervention. Sterling was fixed at DM 4.7500 against DM 4.6980 on Tuesday, its best level since April. 1976. On the other hand, the French frace fell from its ceiling of DM 4.3415 per FFr 100, seen at Tuesday's fixing, to DM 4.3410 per FFr 100.

ITALIAN LIRA — Weakest member of the EMS, reflecting high inflation and balance of pay-ments problems—The Hra contimed to weaken in Milan yester-day, with the U.S. dollar rising sharply to L915.20 at the fixing compared with L904.70 on Tuesday, and an all-time high of L916, which was set in May, 1976. The Bank of Italy was active at the fixing, selling \$15m out of the \$18.9m traded officially. The lira was also undermined by signs of an increase in Italy's trade deficit. Elsewhere, sterling was fixed at an all-time high of L2,234.1, compared with L2,217.40 irk compared with L2,234.1, compared with L2,217.40
4.7025 on Tuesday, and on Tuesday, showing a rise over of the the last month of nearly 9 per 10.81. cent, and 24 per cent since the firmer beginning of 1980.

E٨	1S	E	JR	OPE/	٩Ņ	CUR	RENCY	Y UNIT	RATES
			:	ECU central rates	aga aga	inency nounts jost ECU rember 5	% change from cantral rate	% change adjusted for divergence	Divergence limit %

र्ख जे इ.स.	central rates	against ECU November 5	central	adjusted for divergence	Divergence simit %
- Belgian Franc	39.7897	47.2419	+3.90	+1.05	±1.53
.~Denish Krone	7.72336	7.92508	+2.61	-0.24	±1.64
- Serman D-Mark	2.48208	2,57845	+3,88	+1.03	±1.125
Prench Franc Dutch Guilder Irjah Punt	5.84700	5.93982	+1,59	<b>-1.26</b>	±1,3657
Dutch Guilder	2.74362	2.78895	+1.65	1.20	±1.512
irjah Punt	0.668201	0.686102	+2,53	-0.32	±1.668
- Italian Lira	1157.79	1214.84	+4.33	+2. <b>33</b>	<u>+</u> 4.0B
Changes				ange denotes d inancial Timas.	

#### THE POUND SPOT AND FORWARD

Nov. 5	Day's spread	Closo	One month	% p.a.	Three months	9; p.3.
U.S.	2.4410-2.4540	2,4465-2,4475	0.47-0.37c pm		0.86-0.56 pm	
Canade	2.8850-2.8970	2.8945-2.8955	1.18-1.08c pm		3.38-3.28 pm	
Nethind.	5.11-5.15	5.134-5.144	31 <sub>2</sub> -21 <sub>2</sub> c pm		93-84 pm	7.16
Belgrum	75.90-76.30	76.05-76.15	34-24c pm		90-80 pm	4.47
Denmark	14.55-14.62	14.57%-14.58%	52-4ore om		914-715 pm	2.31
ireland	1,2575-1,2680	1,2642-1,2652	0.48-0.38p pm		1.00-0.90 pm	3.00
W. Ger.	4.73-4.77	4.75%-4.76%	34-24 of om	7.88	91-81 pm	7.46
Роптиде1	126.80-127.80	127,10-127.30	12c pm 19 dis			-0.20
Spain	185.10-185.70	185.25-185.35	85-140c dis			-8.33
Italy	2227-2237	2235-2236	414-614 lire dis			-3.62
Norway	12.23-12.29	12.241-12.251-	47-37apre pm		14%-13 pm	4.47
France	10.90-10.96	10.84-10.95	54-44c pm		151 - 141 <sub>2</sub> pm	5.43
Sweden	10.49-10.54	10.511-10.5214	54-4ore pm		53-47 pm	2.00
Japan	515-520	5161-5171-2	3,25-2.70y pm	6.90	5.95-8.40 pm	6.71
Austria	33.50-33.70	33.62-33.67	15-13gro pm	4.99	44-39 pm	4,93
Switz.	4.24-4.28	4.28-4.27	47-37-c pm	12.31	12%-11% pm	11.37
Ве		or convertible	francs. Financia	franc	76 15-76.25.	

#### THE DOLLAR SPOT AND FORWARD

	Day's			%	Three	%
Nov. 5	spread	Ciosa	One month	p.a.	months	p.3
UKt	2,4410-2,4540	2,4465-2,4475	0.47-0.37e pm	2.05	0,66-0.56 pm	1.0
Irelandt	1,8330-1.9435	1,9330-1.9360	0.30-0.40e dis		0.95-1.05dls	-2.0
Canada	1.1813-1.1840	1.1835-1.1838	0.38-0.33c pm	3.60	1.20-1.15 pm	3.9
Nethind.	2.0958-2.1025	2.1000-2.1010	0.39-0.89c pm	5,37	3.30-3.20 pm	
Beigium	31.00-31.16	31.09-31.11	81,-7c nm	2.99	29-28 pm	3.5
Denmark	5,9427-5,9790	5,9450-5,9465	1.10-0.60ore pm	1.71	2.00-1 50 pm	1.1
W. Ger.	1,9320-1,9460	1.9425-1.9435	0.91-0.86pf pm		3.22-3 17 pm	6.5
Portugal	51.83-52.10	57.83-51.93	2-17c dis			-1.3
Spain	75,68-75.79	75.68-75.73	50-70c dis			-9.7
ltaly	910.75-914.55	911.75-912.75	3¼-4¼ lim dis			-4.8
Norway	5,0000-5.0112	5,0000-5.0010	1.40-0.90ore pm		4.20-3.70 pm	3.1
France	4.4525-4.4750	4.4700-4.4725	1.40-1,30c pm		5.10-4.98 pm	4.5
Sweden	4.2915-4.2985	4.2940-4.2950	0.20-0.35ore dis			- <u>0.1</u>
Japan	210.80-212.20	211.15-211.25	0.95-0.80y pm		3.10-2.95 pm	5.7
Austria	13.72-13.75	13,72-13.73	31 <sub>7</sub> -3gro pm		14-12 <sup>1</sup> ; pm	3.8
Switz.	1,7320-1,7500	1,7415-1,7425	1.50-1.45c pm		4.55-4.50 pm	
† UK	and Ireland a	re quoted in U	i.a. currency. Fo	rvvard	biewinwe auc	•
disco	runts apply to	the U.S. doils	r and not to the	inarvio	usi Eurrency.	•

<b>CURRENCY MOVEMENTS</b>	CURRENCY	RATES
	•••••••	

	nk_=	i .				
Nov. 5	Bank of England Index	Morgan Guaranty Changes%	Nov. 4	Bank rete		Europear Gurrence Unit
Sterling U.S. dollar. Canadlan dollar. Austrian schilling Beiglan franc Danish kroner Daulsche mark Guilder French franc Lira Yen Bessed on trade woig Washington agreeme (Bank of England Ind	nt Decen	+39.5 -78.7 -18.0 -7.6 -52.2 +35.0 nges from	Sterling	11 12.16 6 <sup>3</sup> 4 12 11 7 <sup>1</sup> 2 8 9 <sup>1</sup> 2 16.25 8 25 8	1.52280 17.5012 39.6099 7.61270 2.47150 2.67202 5.69132 1165.91	0.548201 1.34172 1.58592 18.2273 41.2714 7.92834 7.92834 5.93041 1213.25 282.097 5.68714 101.166 5.73653 2.31179

#### OTHER CURRENCIES

Nov. 5	E	5	,	£ Note Rates
Argentina Peso		1951 1958	Austria	33,45-33,75
Australia Dollar	2,0860-2,0900	0.8535-0.8540	Belgium	75.90 76.6D
Brazil Cruzelro	147,70-148,70	60,49-60.69	Denmark	14.55.14.67
Finiand Markka		8.7750 3 7770	Frалсе	10.89-10.99
Greek Drachma		44.10.44.30	Germany	
iong Kong Dollar			Italy	2220.2320
rah Rial			Japan	516-531
Kuwait DinanKD	0 658.0 654		Netherlands	5,11.5,15
uxembourg Fre.			Norway	12,22-12,32
Malaysia Doijar		2 1540 2 1560	Portugal	124-141
lew Zesland Dir.	0.5015.0 Engs	1 0035.1 0045	Spain	1793, 190
saudi Arab. Riyal.		2 7015 7 7070	Sparit	10.49-10.59
Sauci Arao. Kiyai.	0.10-0.10	3.3215-0.3230	Sweden	
lingaçore Dollar.	0,1220-0,1526	2,0900.8.0970	Switzerland	4,25-4,29
th. African Rend		0.7500-0.7505	United States	2,44-2,46
J,A.E. Dirham	9,00-9,06	3,6885-3,6900,	Yugoslavia	82- <del>84</del>
سدد دی والان شاه مست		~~~	<del></del>	

#### **EXCHANGE CROSS RATES**

- bld 15 15/15 | offer 15 15/16

Nov. 5	[PoundSterling]	U.S. Dollar	Deutschem'k	Japan'se Yen	FrenchFranc	Swiss Franc	Dutch Guild'	Italian Lira	Canada Dollar	Belgian Franc
Pound Sterling U.S. Dollar	0,409	2,447	4,758 1,944	517.0 211.3	10,95 4,473	4,265 1.745	5,143 2,102	2236, 913,6	2,895 1,183	76.10 31.19
Detitachemerk	0.210	0,514	1.	108,7	2/301	0,896	1.081	469,9	0,509	15.00
Japanese Yen 1,000	1.934	4,733	9.202	1000.	21,17	8,250	9.947	4324,	5,600	147,2
French Franc 10	0.914	2.236	4,347	472,4	10	3.897	4,698	2042.	2,545	69.53
Swiss Franc	0.234	0,574	1,115	121,2	2,566	1.	1,206	524.2	0,679	17.84
Dutch Guilder	6,194	0.476	0.925	100,5	9.128	0,829	2,500	434.7	0,563	14,80
Italian Lira: 1,000	6,447	1.095	2.128	231,3	4.896	1,908		1000.	1,295	34,04
Canadian Dollar	0,345	0.845	1.643	178,6	5,781	1,473	1,776	772,2	1.	26,29
Belgian Franc 100	1,314	3.215	6,252	679,4	14,38	5,604	6.75B	2938.	3,804	100,

FT LONDON INTERB	ANK FIXING (11.00 a.)	m. NOVEMBER 5
à months U.S. dollars	6 months U.S. dellars	The fixing rat

nd offered rates for \$10m quoted by the market to five reference banks at 11 am each working day. The banks ere National Westminster Bank, Bank of Tokyo, Deutsche Bank, Banque Nationala de Paris and Morean Guaranty Trust.

#### EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES (Market Closing Rates)

bid 15 8/4

- Nov. 5	Sterling	U.S. Dollar	Canadian Dollar	Dutch Guilder	Swiss Franc	West German Mark	French Franc	Italian Lira	Asian 5	Japanese Yen
†Short term:	15%-164 1658-1678 1658-1678 164-164	144-141 <sub>2</sub> 141 <sub>2</sub> -145 <sub>3</sub> 141 <sub>6</sub> -145 <sub>6</sub> 151 <sub>4</sub> -15 161 <sub>6</sub> -151 <sub>6</sub> 1412-1416	101g-111g 101g-1112 12-123g 123g-125g 123g-125g 127g-131g	9.6.9.4 9.6.14 9.6.14 9.8.3.4 9.8.18	419.434 314.312 41:46 51:51: 51:53:	834-878 812-915 9-918 9-15-915 9-918 8-918	106g-107g 105g-107g 107g-111g 117g-111g 18-1214 121g-1234	14-17 17-19 19-20 20-21 201 <sub>2</sub> -211 <sub>2</sub> 20-21	141g-145g 143g-141g 155g-1634 151g-15 <sub>1</sub> ; 141-141;	97g-101g 93g-10 97g-101e 97g-101e 91g-98g 87g-91g

Long-term Eurodollar two years 14-14% per cent; three years 13%-14 per cent; four years 13%-13% per cent; five years 13%-13% per cent nominel closing rates. Short-term rates are cell for steriling, U.S., dollars, Canadian dollars and Japanese yea; others two-days' notice. Asian rates are closing rates in Singapore.

The following nominal rates were quoted for London dollar certificates of deposit: one-month 15.10-15.20 per cent; three-months 15.60-15.70 per cent; swimonths 15.45-15.85 per cent; one year 14.40-14.60 per cent.

#### INTERNATIONAL MONEY MARKET

#### **Dutch rates mixed**

# Dutch short term interest rates week, through the intervention showed mixed changes yesterday, of the authorities.

with call money and one-month funds steady, reflecting the strength of the guilder against the Dunark in the foreign facing market, while longer facing the strength of the st term rates rose as a result of higher Eurodollar and sterling rates. Money has been in ample supply in the Amsterdam money market, and commercial banks have only used slightly over half of their borrowing quota with the authorities for the pariod anding November 19. With money flowing into London and New York three-month domestic guilder deposit rates rose to \$191 per cent from \$191 per cent and six-month to \$191 per cent from \$191 per cent. Twelve-month money was quoted \$191 per cent, compared with \$191 per

cent.
On the other hand call money asset base. and one-month funds were steady at 9 per cent and 91-91 per cent respectively, with market liqui-dity in Amsterdam helped by the intervention of the Durch central bank to support the D-mark. The

MONEY RATES

FRANCE

Discount Rate 9.5
Overnight Rate 10.75
One manth 11.0625
Three manths 11.3125

offer 15 7/8

# **UK MONEY MARKET**

**Further** surplus Bank of England Minimum Lending Rate 16 per cent (from July 3, 1980)

Conditions in the London money market yesterday were similar to the same time last week, with day-to-day money in surplus but discount houses reluctant to take funds because they are near the maximum level in terms of the size of their book when compared with net

A surplus of government disbursements over revenue payroughly balanced by the unwind-ing of a repurchase agreement on eligible bank bills. But the major near its floor against the guilder carried over by the banks. This forward by the banks. The second over by the banks. This forward by the banks. The second over by the banks. This forward by the banks. The second over by the banks are plus will probably be the carried over by the banks. This forward by the banks. This forward by the banks. Discount houses plus will probably be to F1. 500m of liquidity to the authorities sold a small some balances at 12 amount of Treasure bills.

#### GOLD

#### Firmer tendency

Gold rose \$2 an ounce in the London bullion market yester-day to close at \$647-650. The metal suffered from profit taking after trying to maintain earlier levels. It was fixed at \$655 in the morning and \$652 in the afternoon. The outcome of the U.S. Presidential election may have had a slightly bullish effect

in Europe, but there was little reaction when U.S. centres entered the market.
In Paris the 12½ kilo bar was fixed at FFr 94,500 per kilo (\$656:81 per ounce) in the afternoon, compared FFr 94,500 (\$658.65) in morning and FFr 93,230 (\$656.56) on Tuesday afternoon. In Frankfurt the 121-kilo bar was fixed at DM 40,970 per kilo (\$655.96 per ounce) against DM 40,035 (\$649.01) previously, and closed at \$647-650 compared with \$6454-6474 on Tuesday. In Zurich gold finished at 8651-654 against 8645-648 previously.

	!	Nov. 5		lov. 4
	Ğc	id Buillon (fine o	nuce)	
Close	<b>. 365</b> 5	(£264½-265½) (£266½-267½) (£267,292) (£266,416)	\$645-648 \$644-647 \$648 \$646	(£263-264) (£263-4 264) (£264-220) (£263-212)
;		Gold Colns		
1/2 Krugerrand 1/4 Krugerrand 1/10 Krugerrand. Mapleleef New Sovereigns. King Sovs. Victoria Sovs.	\$173-178 \$701 <sub>2</sub> -751 <sub>2</sub> \$5662-556 \$164-1 <sub>2</sub> -1651 <sub>2</sub> \$183-185 \$183-185 \$162-164 \$811-814 \$636-640	(£273-276) (£140-145) (£100 <sub>2</sub> -731 <sub>2</sub> ) (£281 <sub>2</sub> -301 <sub>2</sub> ) (£28701 <sub>2</sub> -2731 <sub>2</sub> ) (£67-88) (£741 <sub>2</sub> -76) (£741 <sub>2</sub> -76)	3663-667   \$342-347   \$173-178   \$70-73   \$660-865   \$164-185   \$1821 <sub>2</sub> -1841 <sub>2</sub>   \$163-1641 <sub>2</sub>   \$207-810   \$532-636   \$745-749	(£271.8721 <sub>2</sub> ) £139.142) £70.73) £28.30; £2681 <sub>2.2</sub> 2711 <sub>2</sub> ; £663 <sub>2.6</sub> 271 <sub>2</sub> ; £74.751 <sub>2</sub> )

factor was the surplus balances plus will probably be brought Discount bouses picked up some balances at 12 per cent.

In the interbank market over night loans opened at 161-163 per cent, and after ranging between 15 per cent and 15, per amount of Treasury hills to the but up to 15 per cent was paid cent in the morning, fell to 10-12 houses, and a further large surfor secured call money.

#### LONDON MONEY PATES

Nov. 5 1980	Sterling Certificate of deposit	Interbank	Local Authority daposits	Local Auth. nagotiable bonds	Finance House Deposits	Company Deposits	Discount Market deposits	Treasury	Eligible   Bank Bills 4	Fine Trade Blis ¢
Overnight	i i	10-1578	153 <sub>4</sub> -161 <sub>4</sub> 161 <sub>2</sub> -163 <sub>4</sub>	=	Ξ	1412-1634	12-15	<u> </u>		_
7 days or		157g-15fg	165g-165g		161 <sub>3</sub> 163,	16 ta - 16 7a 16 5c - 17 3c	1412-1434	_	i = i	
One months	164-164	1648-1646	1612-1634 1612-1634	1756-1716 1676-1714 1634-1716	167 <sub>8</sub>	1676-1714 1676-1714	1434	1411476 1413	16,%-26% 1614-16 <del>,x</del> 1573	17 163 <sub>4</sub> 161 <sub>1</sub>
Three months Six months Nine months	1578-1534	16 1-16 78   15 16 14   18 15 15 15	157g-16	1534-161g 1514-1558	161 <sub>4</sub> 161 <sub>4</sub>	163g-186g 157g-161g	=	_ :	147g	1512
One Year	1411.142 !	14 8.1518	143 <sub>4</sub> -15 14-143 <sub>4</sub>	1434-1518	151 <sub>2</sub>	1512-1534	Ξ :		:	_

Local authority and finance houses seven days' notice, others seven days fixed. Long-term focal authority mortgage rates nominally three years 13%-14 per cent; four years 13%-14 per cent; five years 13%-14 per cent. OBani bill rates in table are buying rates for prime paper. Buying rates for four-month bank, bills 16%-15% per cent; four-month trade bills 16 per cent. Approximate selling rate for one-month Treasury bills 14<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> par cent; two-months 14<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent; three-months 14<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent; two-months 16<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent; three-months 16<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent; two-months 16<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent; three-months 16<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent; three-months 16<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent; one-month trade bills 16<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent; two-months 16<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent and three-months 16<sup>11</sup><sub>32</sub> per cent.

Firmsco Houses Bens Rates (published by the Finance Houses Association) 16 per cent from November 1, 1980. Clearing Benk Deposit Rates for gums at seven days' notice 14 per cent. Clearing Benk Rates for lending 16 per cent. Treasury Bills: Average tender rates of discount 14,3641 per cent.

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#### COMPANY NOTICES

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#### AYER HITAM TIN DREDGING MALAYSIA BERHAD

NOTICE OF MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the fourth annual general meeting of emembers of Ayer Hitam Tin Dredsling Majavsia Berhad will be held at the gistered office of the company. Wisma Bunga Raya. 152. Jalan Ameang, Kualampur. Malaysas. on Friday. 28th November 1980 at 10.00 am for the libwing burposes. To consider and, if thought fit, pass the following as ordinary resolutions: "That the profit and loss account for the year ended 30th June 1980 and the balance sheet of the company at that date together with the statement of source and application of lunes and the annexed reports of the directors and auditors be and are hereby received, and adopted, and the heal dividend declared payable on 1st December 1980 to the members of the company registered at the close of business on 11th November 1980." "That Y, S. Dato' Azman Hashim, who retures by rotation, be and is hereby re-elected a director of the Company." "That Mr. A. J. W. Owston who relies by rotation, be and is hereby re-elected a director of the Company." "That Mr. S. J. Jackson, who was appointed since the last annual general meeting, be and is hereby re-elected a director of the company." "That Mr. F. K. J. Jackson, who was appointed since the last annual general meeting, be and is hereby re-elected a director of the company." "That Mr. S. J. Stotlars 157 the period until the conductor of the company." "Stotlars 157 the period until the conductor of the company."

"That Messrs, Peat, Marwick, Mitchell & Co., who are eligible and have given their consent for re-appointment, be and are needy re-appointed the company suddivised and that the remuneration to be paid to them be fixed by the board."

By way of special business to consider and, if thought fit pass the following resolution which will be proposed as an ordinary resolution: "That the directors' fees amounting to \$102,700 for the year ended 35th June 1980 be and are hereby approved."

is:

A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote in his stead. A proxy need not be a member of the company to the content of the content of the content of the content of the United Kingdom registrars ofter at Charter House, Park Street, Ashtlord, Kent TN24 BEQ. not less than 48 hours before the meeting meeting.

There are no directors' service contracts required by The Stock Exchange, London to be made available for inspection at the meeting. NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE OF EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an extraordinary general meeting of the members of Aver Hisam Tin Dredging Malaysia Berhao will be held at the registered office of the Company, Wisma Bunga Raya, 152, Jalan Ampang, Kuala Lumbur, Malaysia, on Friday, 26th November 1980, at 10,30 g.m. for soon thereafter as the annual general meeting of the members of the Company convered for the same glace and date shall no concluded or adjourned for the purpose of centidering and, if thought ht. passing the following resolution, which will be proposed as a Special resolution.

"THAT the regulations contained in the printed document submitted to this meeting and for the purpose of identification subscribed by the Chairman thereof be and the same are hereby approved and adopted as the Articles of Association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all oxisting Articles of Association thereof.

By Order of the Board CHAN MON KEONG Secretary

es:
A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and, on a poll, to vote instead of him, A proxy need not be a member of the Company.
The form of proxy accompanies this notice and to be valid must reach the Malaysian registrars' office at Wisma Bunga Raya, 152, Jalan Ampang, Kuala Lumpur 04-06, Malaysia, or the United Kingdom registrars' office at Charler House, Park Styler. Ashford, Kent TN24 BEQ, England not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

GOLD FIELDS GROUP

GOLD FIELDS OF SOUTH AFRICA LIMITED

Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa:

Dictaration of First Internity Dividend

Dividend No. 64 of 55 certs per share in respect of the year ending 50 June
1981 has been dictared in South African currency, payable to members
registered at the close of business on 21 November 1980.

Warrants will be posted on 22 November 1980.

Warrants will be posted on 21 November 1980.

Standard conditions relating to the about 29 December 1989,
at the share transfer relating to the condon Other of the Company
Requests for payment of the dividend in South African currency by
members on the United Kingdom register must be received by the company
on or before 21 November 1980 in accordance with the above mentioned
conditions.

The Register of Membors will be closed from 22 on 35 by

By order of the board C. E. WENNER London Secretary United Kingdom Registrary Close Registrary Limited, 803 High Road,

Column	The content	The content	ompanies and Markets						- T
Column	The content	The content of the	NEM AUBK	Stock 3 31	Stock 3 3	1 Stock 50	504 Schlit	z Brew J	Kari
Champ Sp Plus 316 914 Gen Motors. 2216 2256 Gen Portland. 2216 478 Gen Portland. 2216 478 Gen Portland. 2216 478 Gen Pub Utilities 478 478 Gen Pub Utilities 478 478 Gen Reinsco. 4618 Gen Signal 2714 2714 Gen Telep Elec. 2714 Chicago Pneum. 2018 Gen Signal 2714 Chicago Pneum. 2018 Gen Signal 2714 Chicago Pneum. 2018 Gen Telep Elec. 2714 Chicago Pneum. 2018 Gen Signal 2018 Gen Signal 2018 Gen Telep Elec. 2714 Gen Telep Elec. 2715 Gen Telep Elec. 2714 Gen Telep Elec. 2714 Gen Telep Elec. 2715 Gen Telep Elec. 2714 Gen Telep Elec. 2715 Gen Telep Elec. 27	Clevet Peaby 10 10 Global Marine 50% 49 Memorex 144g 154g Coca Cola 30% 50% 65% 65% Goodrich (BF) 231g 17 Memorex 3531g 3531g Sante Fe inds 871g 577g Sante Fe	Cleve Clevel 103g 104 Global Marine 503g 49 Global Marine 503g 49 Global Marine 503g 49 Global Marine 503g 571g Sante Fe Inds 573g Sante Fe Inds 57	Stock   Nov.   Oct.   3   31	Stock   3   31   31   32   32   33   33   33	Stock   3   3   3   3   3   3   5   5   5   5	Messe Petroleum   50	Solidar   Schill   Schill	### 28	STOCKS SURGED a broad front on yesterday morning heavy trading, as celebrated the land dential victory of Ronald Reagan.  Analysts and which had hoped win, was exhilarate of the victory becase improves Reagan's implementing his economic views.  Prices were slift that mid-session Down Jones Indust which had soared was still a net wood of the wist on the stronger at ST6.56.  ST6.50, while advanced was still a net stronger at ST6.56.  With the NYSE some three-quartet late, turnover was 63.33m shares at two-and-ahalf in the first lwo record 43.05m still pm figure of market was close for the U.S. electing the first lwo record 43.05m still pm figure of market was close for the U.S. electing the first lwo record 43.05m still pm figure of market shehavion zinde Hutton, said the market's behavion would be mounted the previous reconstant wood by the initial commarket's behavion would be mounted to S43, United to S571. Michon surge.  The Defence stock was delayed to S43, United to S41, Martin-Ma and Teleptine To S40, Martin-Ma and Teleptine To S41, United to S571. Michon surge.  Can Bell Ganada.  Bow Valley.  Brasana A.  Bon For Strain Con Fire Con F

				ln	die	ces	•			l						
NEW	YOR	:K		<b>DOV</b>	I JON	ı i	19	80	SinceC	mpil't'n		Nov. 5	Nov.	Nov.	Oct 31	
,	Nov.	Oct. 31	Oct. 50	Oct. 29	Oct. 28	Oct. 27	High	Low	High	LOW	AUSTRALIA Sydney All Ord. (1936/89)	1027.44	1023,47	1025,84	1025.78	1027 7025
.eindustr'is					932.58	951.74 68.21	974,57 122/91 76,61	759.13 (21/4) 63.87	1051.78 (11/73)	41,22 (2,7/32)	Sydney Ali Ord. (1956/89) Metal & Minris. (1936/89) AUSTRIA Credit Aktien (2/1/62)	85.83				69
H'me B'nds Transport.	367.98	361.51	65,95 760,87	365.74	563.94	  355.14	(28/6) 381,08 (22/10) 115,68	(28/5) 233.69 (27/3) 96.84	(22, 10/8) 168,82	19,52	BELGIUM Belgian SE (31/12/84)	90.94	90,26	99,16	89,51	105
Utilities	1	1		1	i	34,430	(8/7)	(27/8) —	— (20/4/63)	(28/4/42)	DENMARK Copenhagen SE (1/1/75)	97.85	38,85	97.97	57.27	98
•Day's hig	l.	ı		49	<u> </u>	· 	· · · ·	 :L 17	Year ago	(approx	FRANCE CAC General (29/12/81) Ind Tendanos (28/12/79)	120.3 121.5	179,3 120,5	118,9 110.6	118.2 119.4	19 19
Ind	, div. yi	ield %	<u> </u>	Oct. 5.8		Oct. 24 5,71	_	i.63	6.1		GERMANY FAZ-Aktien (31/12/58) Commerzbank(Dec. 185	225.47 5. 705,4	227.97 710,6	226.55 704.5	924.74 698,60	
STANDARD	Nov.	, oc	t. Oc	L Og	Ł i (	ot Ce	t His	1980 gh Lo		Cmpil't'n	HOLLAND ANP-CBS General (1970) ANP-CBS Indust (1970)	:	i	85.8 64.4	55.4 64.6	! 
;indust'is.	147.1	145	18 143	72 14	5,64 14		_'_'	( IU) (Z.)	99 133.7	90 (30/8/32 0 4.40	HONG KONG Hang Seng Bank (\$1/7/64	1587.05	1556.4	1557.4	1458, <del>86</del>	168
{Composit	129.C	127	i.	.29  12     Oct. 2		Oct 2		/18): (18. L 15	2) (15/10/ Year ago	80 (1/6/32 (approx)	ITALY Banca Comm. Ital (187)	187.40	; 6. 186.1: -	183.8	183,58	5 <sup> </sup> 18
md. div. y	ž biei		į.	4,55	¦ i	4.44	_;	,37		.42	JAPAN Dow Average (16/5/48) Tokyo New SE (4/1/58)	7 176.35 496.2	9 7149.6 6 496.0	7 (c) 3 (c)	7150.75 496.00	
Ind. P/E R				8.86	-	9,15	_	.41	10	.28	NORWAY	-	-		128.6	-i
Long Gov.				12,25					ises and . o Oct. 3	Falls 51 <sub> </sub> Oct. 30	Oslo SE (1/1/72)	124.8	124.8	6 120.0		1
N,Y,S.E.			1	1980	<u>.</u>	Issues	Tradeo	11,92 92	B 1,913	365	SINGAPORE Straits Times (1966)	695.3	5 691.6	9 895,1	681.3	8 6
-	r on		H	gh   L	ow 5,30	Falls.	anged	62	6 647 4 368	372	SOUTH AFRICA Gold (1958) Industrial (1958)	(u)	955.1 656.7		:	1
74,36 73.5	55 72,8	5 <i>7</i> 5.8	(15)	10)		New	Highs Lows	l ;	6   19 4   16 1980		CDAIN		2 108,5	(c)	109,11	1
MONTRE	<b>L</b>		No.	r. No			ct	High		Low	Madrid 8E (28/12/78).		<u>-¦</u> -	-;	- <del> </del>	-;
	Indust	rial	375. 357.		.97: 36 .85; 35	9,07) 86 0,18 34	5.84 42 7.21 57	3.80 (29) 8.96 (20)	101 296	,21 (27/6) ,99 (27/5)	Jacobson & P. (1/1/56)	<del> </del>	η	-i	387.0 - 387.0	-;
TORON	Comb		1	,				86,3 (20	)/10)   170	2,5 (27/S)	Swiss BankCpn.(81) 12(	81 210.4	i		i	
IONON	, , , , , ,										WORLD		158.3	i 158.	3 ; 157.1	1 1

	NEW YORK A	CTIVE STOCKS		С	hange
	Change		Stocks	Ctosing	ÓΠ
nday	Stocks Closing on traded price day	Boeing	tradéd	btice	41%
	630.200 35½ +3½ 572.700 74½ + ½	Gen. Tel. & El.	212,000	78%	+24
Reynolds	407,300 43 xd + 7	General Elec Texaco	302,900	54	+ 4
B. C. West	340.300 12xd - 3	1-1			

58.58 90.94 97.85 129.3 121.5	96,88 90,26 98,85	1025,84, 9939,37 68,41 99,16 97,97	89,5 t 57,27	1027.44 (5:11) 7025.52 (20:10) 59.40 (7:1) 105.75 (11/2) 98.55 (4/11)	760.00 (2/1) 4581.26 (28/3) 55.69 (19/8) 85.98 (21/10) 74.78 (5/8)
\$6.58 \$0.94 \$7.65 129.3 121.5	95,25 95,25	99.16 97.97	89,5 t 57,27	59,40 (7:1) 105,75 (11/2) 98,35 (4/1)	85.98 (21/10) 74.78 (5/8)
97.85 129.3 121.5	98.35 179.3	97.97	57.27 118.2	98.55 (4/11)	74,78 (5/8)
129.3 121.5	179.3	118,9	118.2		
121.5   	179.3 120.5			128.3 (5/11)	
225.47 705,4				121,6 (5/11)	97.1 (8.1) 95.6 (3/1)
	227.97 710,6	228.55 704.5	224.74 698.60	238,89 (25/2) 748,2 (25/2)	2)2,75 (28,6) 667,0 (27,8)
88.8	87,1	65.8 64.4			74,0 (27/3) 58.2 (28/3)
1587.09	1556.44	1557.48	1498,86	1687.09 (5/11)	788.9 (19/8)
-	:	:	1		83.11 (2/1)
7 176_39	7149.5	(c)	7150.75	7175,55 (20/10)	6475,93 (27/5) 449.01 (10/5)
124.88	124.8	125.8	128.6	144,70 (14/2)	710.12 (28/8)
695.34	691,6	9,389	1 681.3	695.61 (3/17)	429.75 (3/1)
(u)		1 ===:		1026.1 (22/9) 656.7 (4/11)	645,5 (2/7) 456,8 (2/1)
108,9	2 108.5	1 (c)	109,11	111,17 (16/5)	98.78 (13/5)
£81,9	5 685.5	8.885	7 387.0	587.0 (31/10)	354.72 (17/1)
ž 10.4	308.9	508.4	ē07.0	317,9 (11/2)	276,0 (28/8)
_	i		i	l	128.5 (27/5)
	88.3 65.0 1587.09 187.44 7 176.31 436.22 124.81 (u) 108.9	55.0 84.7 1597.09 1566.44 187.46 188.16 7176.39 7149.5 456.25 496.0 124.85 124.8 695.35 691.8 (u) 955.1 (u) 955.1 (u) 955.1 108.92 108.5	85.8 87.1 85.8 85.8 85.0 84.7 64.4 1597.09 1566.44 1557.41 187.46 188.18 183.61 176.39 7149.57 (c) 436.25 496.03 (c) 124.85 124.86 125.8 895.35 531.89 895.6 (u) 955.1 853.4 (u) 955.1 853.4 (u) 658.7 853.4 (u) 658.7 853.4 (u) 658.7 853.4 (d) 658.7 853.4 (d) 658.7 853.4 (d) 658.9 188.51 (d) 658.7 853.4 (d) 658.9 188.51 (d) 658.7 853.4 (d) 658.9 188.51 (d) 658.9 188.	88.3 87.1 85.8 86.4 84.8 155.0 64.4 64.8 1557.49 1458.86 187.48 188.18 183.88 183.53 187.48 184.85 185.55 495.05 (c) 7150.75 49	88.3   87.1   86.8   85.4   88.3   (5/11)   85.0   84.7   84.4   84.6   88.2   (11/1)   1587.09   1566.44   1557.49   1458.86   1687.09   (5/11)   187.46   188.18   183.68   183.53   188.18   (4/11)   1776.39   7149.57   (c)   7150.75   7175.55   (20/10)   495.25   496.03   (c)   495.06   7175.55   (20/10)   495.25   496.03   (c)   495.06   7175.55   (20/10)   124.88   124.86   125.80   125.6   144.79   (14/2)   124.85   124.86   125.80   125.6   144.79   (14/2)   124.85   125.80   125.6   144.79   (14/2)   125.85   1666.7   (4/11)   108.92   108.51   (G)   109.11   111.17   (16.5)   109.41

Base values of all Indices are 100 except NYSE All Common—50; St and Poors—10; and Toronto—1,000; the last named based on 1875. † Exc bonds. ‡ 400 industrials. § 400 industrials plus 40 Utilities. 40 Financia 20 Transports. c Closed. u Unavallable.

# Tarly Dow upsurge of 23.9 OCKS SURGED AHEAD over broad front on Wall Street terday morning in extremely trading, as the market by trading as the market broad the landelide orest. Computer and High Technology Rawasaki Heavy put on Y5 to cents to HK\$10.40, the B.7.21 cents to HK\$19.3 and substiffary Y13 and Fuji Heavy Y11 to Swire Properties HK\$1.30 to HK\$13.80. Some stocks were boosted by National Semiconductor 12 to National Semiconductor 12 to Some stocks were boosted by S403 and Digital Equipment 41 buving in application of a semi-

trading, as the market National strated the landslide presi-tial victory of Republican to \$92].

malysts said the market, ch had hoped for a Reagan was exhibarated by the size the victory because it greatly proves Reagan's chances of lementing his conservative nomic views.

Prices were slipping back a ile at mid-session, although the w Jones Industrial Average. ich had soared 27.31 by noon, still a not 23.89 up at .09 at 1 pm. The NYSE All mmon Index was \$2,20 pager at \$76.56, after touching So, while advances outpaced lines by a seven-to-one market.

orgin.
With the NYSE tape running ne three-quarters of an hour turnover was recorded as 1.33m shares at 1 pm, over to-and-a-half times Monday's pm figure of 24.45m. The arket was closed on Tuesday the U.S. elections. Turnover the first two hours was a cord 43.05m shares, topping e 37.53m traded in the first to hours of October 10, 1979,

we hours of October 10, 1979, ne previous record.

Newton Zinder, of E. F. futton, said the nation "expects eagen to do something about thation." and cautoned that the underly behaviour later in the narket's hehaviour later in the ay would be more telling than te initial emotional buying

The Defence group appeared be the major beneficiary of the eagan landslide, reflecting his Reagan landslide, reflecting his call for more defence spending. Volume leader Loral surged \$4 to \$431. United Technologies 51 to \$571. McDonnell Douglas 27 to \$40, Martin-Harietta 61 to \$661 and Teledyne 7; to \$1911.

The opening of many Defence issues was delayed by the heavy sues was delayed by the heavy

Closing prices for North America were not available for this edition.

were also strongly favoured, reflecting expectations that the climate for new domestic exploration will improve under a Reagan Administration. Exxon gained 33 to \$803 ex-dividend. Mobil 21 to \$761. Superior Oll 51 to \$196 ex-dividend and Standard

Oil (Ohio) 32 to \$734.
THE AMERICAN SE Market Value Index advanced 5.47 to 344.22 at 1 pm on near-record volume of 8.73m shares.

Taking its cue from the extremely buoyant New York market. Canadian stocks generally moved further ahead in very active early dealings. market. Canadian stocks generally moved further ahead in very active early dealings. The Toronto Composite Index rose 32.9 to 2,335.9 at noon, with all group sub-indices but Oils advancing.

Applying the Canadian stocks (Sony Steel Vision Composite Index rose 32.9 to 2,335.9 at noon, with all group sub-indices but Oils advancing.

advancing.

Analysts said the Oil and Gas sector, down 24.1 at 4,468.6 on index, cannot keep pace with the rest of the market rise as it is will weak from Federal Government energy plans.

Golds put on 158.3 to 5,718.0, Metals and Minerals 73.5 to 2,496.6 and Banks 10.86 to 402.14.

BELGIUM (continued)

HOLLAND

Salue Stocks were mousted by buying in anticipation of a cut in Official Discount Rate. A one-

that Reagan's protectionist policy may worsen the current

#### Hong Kong

The market was sharply higher with widespread gains in further extremely active trading, boosting the Hang Sengindex 30.65 to a new seven-year peak of 1,587.09. Turnover amounted to HKS884.76m on the four stock exchanges, compared

AUSTRALIA

uoday, was announced just after the market closed.

der a Ols, Cameras and some other rally, but there was good buying the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy. The frankfurt Exchange even extended trading. Which normally the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy. The frankfurt Exchange even extended trading. Which normally ends about 12.30 GMT. In the code of U.S. shares in response to the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy. The frankfurt Exchange even extended trading, which normally ends about 12.30 GMT. In the code of U.S. shares in response to the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy. The frankfurt Exchange even extended trading, which normally ends about 12.30 GMT. In the code of U.S. shares in response to the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy. The frankfurt Exchange even extended trading which normally ends about 12.30 GMT. In the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy to the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy. The ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy to the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy. The ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy to the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy. The policy has the ceded yesterday after the retrieval policy has the response to the policy has the policy ha demand. German shares, in con-trast, suffered from an acute lack of buyers as the dollar con-tinued to climb sharply on the Foreign Exchange market

#### Paris

French investors saluted U.S. presidential candidate Ronald Reagan's crushing victory in the polls by embarking on a being spree, which pushed Bourse prices mainly higher and left the Indicateur de Tendance index up 1.0 more at a high for the year of 1215.

Tokyo

Selective buying produced a number of strong gains vesteriating as easier tendency. The Nikkel-Dow Jones Average Tokyo Be 1986.25 but falls led rises on the 2980.

Defence-related issues and Non-ferrous Metals were prominently hisser on speculation that the large mand of the 1980. Defence and the 1980. Defence-related issues and Non-ferrous Metals were prominently hisser on speculation that tegam might ask Japan to vpand defence expenditure.

Tokyo

Selective buying produced a number of strong gains vester, bear of 1887.90. Turnover amounted to HKS884.76m on the same were inclined to immediate were inclined to immediate were contained to HKS884.76m on the same were inclined to immediate were inclined to immediate were contained to HKS884.76m on the same were inclined to immediate were on the subgrided of the S87.90. Turnover amounted to HKS884.76m on the same were inclined to immediate were disclosed to HKS884.76m on the same were inclined to immediate were inclined to immediate were disclosed to HKS884.76m on the same were inclined to HKS884.76m on the same were inclined to immediate were disclosed with Turnover as saw proved to HKS84.76m on the same were inclined to HKS884.76m on the same were inclined

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CANADA BEL	GIUM (continues)	Nov. 5	Price + or		lov. 5 Aust.	\$ <del>-</del>		ta	30 -1	_
Nov. Nov.	Nov. 5 Price + or	AGF Holding	· —— <del></del> : [		Aust 2.50		Kum	agai 3.5 o Ceramis 3.5	00 –2	Ġ.
ntibi 241a 2212 Pet	rofina	AKZO	. 19.30 -0.50	Ampo	ta Expl		Mead	ita	BD	·
Can rate 39 38 1500	3 050 -45	ABN	_ ¤ z 5U, ⊤0.30 i	Audin Aust	nco 2.10 Cons. Ind. 2.10		Mar	udai	03 —6 50 +1	
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K Nova Scotia. 53 31% UC	ion Miniare 758, -18 iille Mont 1,122 -8	Bos Kalis Buehrmann- Tel Caland Hidgs	29.20 + 0.70 178.50 + 7.50 143.50 + 2.0	Bank Blue	Paper	0,11 5 · +0.0 5 · +0.2	M'bi	shi sank	18  58 —    49 —	i
ell Canada 19 a   1858				1 BUI A	2.2	5 V.B	S M.P.	ishi Ri East	10 -4	
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Cherokee Res . 10% 10%	ovo Ind	Robeco Rodamco	16,80 +0.10 43.50 +0.69 206.30 +5.10 108.20 -0.10 205.70 +5.80	Crus Dun	lop	15	NYI	mpus 1,		40
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Dacin Davel	Nov. 5 Price + of	VNU	ZZ 1 1	اسالان	beriana 25c 1.	85 ! 82 :	Sh	iseido3	260 -	40
	Frs	West on Burn	217.50 +2.5	- KIR	Ora Gold L.	35 ÷0.	1 34	terio,	777 -	-18 -3 -
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Gulfstream Res: 834 914 Hawk Sid. Can 25 25 Hollinger Ags. A.: 57 57	BIC 515 -4 Bang' Rothschild 164.1 -0. Bouygues 793 +4	ANIC4 Assicur Gen Banca Com'le	99,450 —15 45,550 —2,45	DINIC	AP Bro Hill 4	.40	05 TO	kio Marine. kyo Elect.Pwr.	556 953	-1 -2
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Mountain State 14 14 Nat. Sea Prods A. 12 12 Noranda Mines 305e 295s	Michelin B 556 -1	11011	Price ! + 0 Kroner: -	or g	Nov. 5		10	BS Neave.	5.7 5.45	+0.65 +0.65 +0.63
Ntho Telscom  34   35	Moulinex	5	k 109.5 71 —2	_ _	i—	1.K. &: -	0.75	law Par nchcape Bhd falay Banking	3.34	-0.42 0.4
Oakwood Pet 24 2213	Pernod Ricard 331 -	Creditbank		1.6 C	osmo Prop	2.75! + 10.2 ! —	0.93	Kalay Brew	5,55 ; 11,8 ;	+0.65 -0.1 +0.02
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Reed Stenhs A 11 11		0.5 Nov. 5	Price +	ᅋᆙ	ardine Math	30.75 . 7.5 →	0.2	Nev. 5	Price Read	+01
Royal Bank 56 5512 Royal Trustco A 18 1614 Sceptre Res 1512 15	Telemech Elect 1,395 + Thomson Brandt 266,21 +	AGA	180 -2		seas Trust Bk. HK Props wire Pac A1		0.2 0.3 0.9	Abercom	3.73	0.29
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Tanada Dom Bk 333s 38	BASF 123.5 +	0.6 Esselte 0.5 Fagersta	69.5 +	0.5		Yen	-3	De Beers	41.75	
Transcan Pipe 25 4 25 6 Trans Mntn. Oil A' 13 8 15 Utd Sisco Mines. 23 4 24 Utd Sisco Mines. 23 4 24 Volley Mr. H. 35 5 3278	LORUSE.VETOIN	1.5 Graenges. Mo och Dor Saab-Scan	96.61	2	Minemoto Amada Asahi Glass	630 430	-55 -1	FS Geduid Gold Fields SA. Highveld Steel	111	
Walker Hrm C.H. 353, 3278 Warrior Res. 9.00 9.00 Westcoast Trans 1273 1278	155.5; +	0.5   Sandvik	180 .	. " [2	Bridgestone	829	1	Huletts	57.0	; -0.38
Weston (Geo 2614 , 2576	Commerzbank 155.5	0.9 Skan Enski		0.5	Citizen	707	-7	Nedbank	. 20.00	مقدرا
	Dalmier Benz 265 -		elsbn. 75	·.··· 1i	DKBO Dai Nippon Ptg' Daiwa House	564 . 350 :	_10 _8	Protez Hidgs Rembrant Rennies	7.80 3.90	-1-18
AUSTRIA	D'sche Babcock 198.5	-0.5 Uddeholm.		2.0	Daiwa Seiko	303	_5 _9	Rust Plat	2.80	
1	DU Schuft	-0.5 -3.5		— I	Ersai	1.020	-21	SA Brews Smith CG 8ugs	18.5	
Nov. 5 Price + or	Dyck Zement 138 203,5	SWITZER		ا ا	Fuji Sank Fuji Film Fujitsu Fanuc Green Cross	1,060 4,430	+20 +20 -100	Soroc Tiger Oats Unisec	19.5	
Creditanstalt., 336	Hapag Lloyd 69	0.2 Nov. 5			паввуата	. 227 1	+ 120 14	Eleonaid R	and US	se 961
Perimoosor	Hoesch 22.5	-0.5 -5 Alustisse	1,260	+ 15	Helwa Ri E3st Ultachi	346	-1 -1	(Discoun	t of 27	<b>%</b> ) .
Steyr Daimler 256 Veltscher Mag. 252 -1	Horten	-0.3 Ciba-Geigy	veri 1,615	+25 +30	Hitachi Koki Honda	536	-6 -6	BRAZIL	!	1.07
	Karstadt	_2,5 do (Part ( _4,5 Credit Sul:	Certs} 2,520	÷10	House Food Hoya	685	+5 +7	Nov. 4	Cruz	+0
BELGIUM/LUXEMBOURG	190.5	-0.5 Elektrowa	en)   815	+5 ]	Itch (C:	' -i- I	+8	Acesita	1.29	-0.0 0.0

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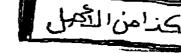
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Metallgessen.
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Thyssen...
Varta...
Veba ...
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Volkswagen ...



Companies and Markets

#### **COMMODITIES AND AGRICULTURE**

# Reagan victory prompts shortlived boost to metals

BY IOHN EDWARD, COMMODITIES EDITOR

REACTION to Ronald Reagan's some of its glitter. victory in the U.S. Presidential election was strangley muted on the metal and commodity markets yesterday. Copper, for example, which had been moving up in anticipation of a Reagan victory opened higher yesterday but then closed down on the day, on profit-taking especially from the U.S. Other metals followed a similar pattern: open-ing higher but falling to maintain momentum.

It is generaly considered that a Reagan Administration will be good for base metaals. It is felt that an improvement in U.S. busines confidence will stimulate investment, and demand for metals, in adition to the increased spending promised on armaments.

There are mixed views about the prospects for precious metals. A revival in the U.S. courage speculation in gold, whose main attraction has been as a hedge against the depre-

Grain and oilseed markets were mainly concerned by the possibility of Mr. Reagan lifting the U.S. embargo on grain sales to Russia, imposed last January. But again reaction was moderated by the fact that values have already risen strongly in Chicago in recent months and the embargo looks like collapsing in any event following the anger in Australia and Canada at the U.S.-China

wheat deal.

economy would help demand for most commodities, there was little direct reaction in the soft" (non-metal) markets. Supply-demand considerations were the main influence pushing world sugar prices up and depressing cocoa and coffee

The exception was rubber, where prices were marked up in early trading. It was argued that Reagan's promise of increased defence spending could boost demand for rubber and Although a revival in the U.S. encourage a build-up of the

#### Grain embargo hopes

EXPECTATIONS that Ronald inequitable and ineffective, it Reagan will honour his pre-election pledge to scrap the softened his pledge to scrap the

U.S. embargo on grain sales to han, particularly since news of the Soviet Union brought a the poor Soviet harvest this metals. A revival in the U.S. economy would stimulate demand for platinum and silver, but if the value of the dollar strengthens this could well discuss the sould well discuss the sou change his mind having won embargo. And next week at the election and because his the grain exporting countries victory had already been dis-meeting in Australia it should ciating dollar and inflation. If counted to some extent. become clear whether the U.S. these worries were lessened, it is felt gold could lose at least ally attacked the embargo as continue the embargo.

# Meat industry 'inhumanity'

BRITAIN'S MEAT industry is of those in charge of animals slaughter. This frequently severely criticised in a report know and care about the need published yesterday for the inoperates for the transport and slaughter of farm animals.

not to become immune to imperfections in the system," the

The report,\* published as a begins an important study of farm animal welfare, is based on the proceedings of a seminar involving meat industry leaders as well as animal behaviour and welfare experts held at Ammerdown, near Bath, earlier this year. Its findings have been endorsed by the animal welfare committee of the British Veterinary Association.

The "Ammerdown Report" contains horror stories such as chickens missing the automatic stunner and having their throats cut while still conscious. the cutter before being plunged into tanks of scalding water. But its authors do not suggest that there is any deliberate cruelty in the industry. "Although many inadequate staff training.

At the actual point of slaughterhouse workers and animal transport drivers. "The Transport and Slaughter tapinca products to the EEC to 5m tormes a year in 1981 and 1982 and to 4.5m in 1983 and 1984.

Reuter

umanity of the systems it any routine work it is difficult

report states.
The animals' sufferings often House of Commons committee begin on their home farms where sticks, electric goads and excessive noise used to belp loading can cause stress and physical damage.

in facilities to ease these prob- perfect ones. lems " need neither be elaborate

harassment and the situation

results in the animal having regained consciousness. Generally the report's authors prefer high voltage electrical stunning adding that the carbon dioxide method widely used on the Continent should be studied.

The shortcomings of the system, apart from causing unnecessary suffering to the animals, reduce farmers' and traders' profits because damaged The report says improvements carcases are worth less than

The Ammerdown Group's recommendations include the At livestock markets animals formation of joint working are moved around too much and groups including farmer and subjected to further unnecessary meat trade members to study design of animal transport does not improve when they reach the slaughterhouses. Here the report criticises preslaughter handling facilities and inadequate staff training.

#### **EEC** sales lift sugar prices

By Our Commodities Staff WORLD SUGAR values moved higher again yesterday encouraged by heavy exports at the EEC's weekly export tender and renewed concern over the effects of adverse weather on European and Soviet sugar beet,

An additional "bullish" influence was typhoon Bessy which is threatening the

Philippines sugar erop.
On the London futures market January sugar elimbed to £437.5 a tonne at one time before ending the day £5.45 up at £433.325 a tonne. The price has now risen by £30 a tonne in six

trading days.
In Brussels the EEC Commission issued export licences for 75.276 tonnes of white sugar compared with 57,000 tonnes last week. It set a minimum export levy of 23.441 European currency units, the highest ever. against 18.738 ECUs a week

ago.
The British Sugar Corporation is still seeking an EEC production quota of 1,326m tonnes, chief executive Mr. John Bechett said in Driffield, Yorkshire, yesterday. He said the BSC was assured of a 1.04m tonnes basic "A" quota but was dissatisfied with a proposed additional "B" quota of only 52,000

He estimated British beet sugar output this year could exceed Lim tonnes if it does not suffer serious frost damage. Last year produc-tion totalled 1.154m tonnes.

#### Thailand signs EEC tapioca

THAILAND and the EEC signed an agreement to limit the export of Thai tapioca products to the Community during the next

The agreement was signed be-tween Thai Commerce Minister Tamchai Kampato and the vice-chairman of the EEC's agricultural commission, Mr. Finn Gundelach, after two days of discussions

Mr. Tamchal said the agree-

Sales: 3,475 (1,722) lots of 10 tonnes.

Inspired by buying from one major trade house marginal gains were registered during a fairlys crive opening call However, prices eased slightly during the alternoon session Trading remained quiet until the close when profit-taking lifted the market back to nearly unchanged levels, reports Drexel, Burnham, Lambert.

COFFEE Vesterday's Close III or Busin

Sales: 2.521 (3,194) lots of 5 tonnes.

Close + or Business
E per tonne,

... 997-1000-7.5 1008-91 ... 1031-32-0.5 1038-22

1019-20'+1.5 .1023-06 1021-32'+0.5 .1023-10 1026-27-6.0 .1039-21 1032-36'-4.5 .1046-28 1025-50-11 .-

COFFEE

**GRAINS** 

levels, reports Gill and

COCOA MARKET

# Ghana problems pile up

BY A CORRESPONDENT IN GHANA

year even without replacing any of the 60 per cent of Ghanaian cocoa trees which are over 25 years old, according to Peter Grist, Cadbury and Fry manager here. Yet forecasts for the 1980-81 season place pro-duction at well under one third

Productivity is being held down by a complex of difficul-ties centred around the generally unhealthy state of the Ghanaian economy.

Primary among them is the fact that the price paid to producers — 4,000 cedis per tonne (£6661—is, in real terms, very low. In a country where empty supermarket shelves force more and more cedis onto the black market in search of fewer and fewer goods — where shampoo sells for 68 cedis (£11) per bottle—4.000 cedis quickly becomes a price disincentive to production

Yet even a rise in the producer price would do little to boost Ghana's exports of cocoa. No matter what the price is in cedis, the hard currency returns from smuggling are more attractive.

syphon off as much as 10, or

But perhaps the most serious threat to this year's crop is the Ghana's interests, eliminating nightmare of distribution. Much the wide fluctuations in export of last year's crop remains earnings which have aggravated locked up in villages upcountry.
Estimates run as high as 30,000 difficulties in recent years.
But it would also serve the

region alone. Farmers wait in interests of cocoa consumers, vain for articulated lorries-too argued Dr. Gyamfi, as once big for the villages, too heavy price discentives had forced

The Ghana Cocon Marketing Board said it bought 12,957 tonnes in the second week of the 1980-81 main crop season ended October 30, compared with 4,458 tonnes purchased in the second week of the 1979 season ended October 25, and brings comulative purchases for the season to 24,042 tonnes.

Meanwhile, they pile this Yet independent observers year's cocoa on top of that from suggest that there is a tendency last year and the year before, while cocoa moths and tropical heat and damp destroy the

suitable minimum producer price is agreed at the Interna-tional Cocoa agreement talks now being held in Geneva, any further drop in the world market types of farming are potential price would encourage farmers in Ghana, to abandon cultivation farming disincentives exist to broker put it, the Government of cocoa in favour of more Smuggling is estimated to lucrative food crops.

for roads and bridges—to reach far ers away from cultivation them along nearly impassable of coa, it would be very diffio lure them back again. Yet independent observers

to overestimate the benefits accrueing from a new agrec-ment. They are reluctant to believe that even the most It is claimed here that unless favourable new agreement could do much to alleviate the many and grave problems besetting

far more profitable than cocoa prevent the cocoa farmer from diversifying. Deplorable road of farmers from cocoa would syphon off as much as 10, or Dr. Kwame Gyamfi, member conditions, scarcity of transport commit economic and political even 20 per cent of each year's of the interim management comvehicles and spare parts to suicide.

GHANA could produce as much crop to neighbouring Ivory mittee of the Ghana Cocoa repair those aiready in opera-as 800.000 tonnes of cocoa per Coast and Togo. Marketing Board confirmed a tion, make crop evacuation from Marketing Board confirmed a tion, make crop evacuation from new Agreement would serve rural areas almost impossible.

> Whereas other farmers must take upon themselves the headache and expense of transport-ing perishable foodstuffs to an often distant market, cocoa farmers sell their crop at the local level directly to the Ghana cocoa marketing board. Though inevitable delays in evacuation and shipping may keep the cocoa farmer's crop locked up in Ghana for as long as two years, his income is secure and

Finally, as Dr. Gyamfi himself admitted, "Cocoa is power." Earnings from cocoa sales account for 70 per cent of Ghana's export earnings, and last year represented 10 per cent of GDP, and almost 50 per cent of government revenues.

starved for the foreign exchange which only cocoa can provide in sufficient quantities. Without it. the already sluggish economy would slow to a halt for lack of machinery, spare parts, and types of farming are potentially other essential production far more profitable than cocoa inputs. As one local cocoa

# Ivory Coast predicts cocoa talks failure

BY BRIJ KHINDARIA IN GENEVA

cocoa exporters, the Ivory Coast, in informal talks. The two-week said it expects failure at the conference is scheduled to end conference in Geneva to reach a new international cocoa agree-Agricultural Minister Denis

Bra Kanon warned that the Ivory Coast may build up its own independent cocoa stockpile. He was willing to take all necessary "administrative, technical and political measures" to obtain a "fair price" for his country's exports, he told re-

Mr. Bra Kanon left Geneva vesterday after expressing dis-appointment at what he described as the failure of cocoahuving countries to show the political readiness to reach a compromise at the conference on Friday, but Western cocoaimporting countries want to extend it for another week.

West African cocoa exporters say that prolonging the talks will not produce any results unless the consumers show readiness to reach a compromise on the floor price to be maintained by the planned accord.

third in a series begun in 1973. The producers allowed the second accord to expire last March 31, because they were not willing to accept the best offer on prices made by consumers. Basic positions have remained unchanged since then.

The consumer countries, led by the U.S., UK and West GerIvory Coast leading the hard-line West Africans, insist on a price no lower than 120 cents to discuss such a mechanism

reported to have offered to agreed floor. accept a floor price of 110 cents. The agreement would be the Africans. He was referring particularly to a so far united stand between the Ivory Coast

> Mr. Bra Kanon also accused the Common Market of trying to particularly criticised a sugges-

ONE OF the world's largest which they displayed last July many this week again offered a price range supported by the cocoa exporters, the Ivory Coast, in informal talks. The two-week price range of 100-110 cents per accord would be allowed to said it expects failure at the conference is scheduled to end lb. But the producers, with the move up or down reflecting

provided that the adjustments Latin American producers are do not take the price below an A big dispute centres on pro-

But Mr. Bra Kanon accused ducers insistence that they should be allowed to use expert between his country and other controls to prevent cocoa overproduction from depressing world prices. The U.S. firmly opposes this partly because it fears that acceptance would set a precedent for accords currently being negotiated separbreak up African solidarity. He ately for other commodities. In London cocoa futures fell

#### tion by consumers that the new to their lowest since April 1976, agreement should contain a with the March position £20 mechanism whereby the entire down at £931.5.

AMERICAN MARKETS NEW YORK, November 5.

PRECIOUS METALS turned sharp gains into sharp loases on rumours that the Federal Reserve discount rate would be increased by more than 1 per cent. Trade buying in copper again moved the market moderately higher. Sugar was very strong on reports of Irost demage to the European crop. Coccolost ground on small but persistant selling from origins. Coffee rellied on profit-taking and minor shortcovering. Grains and soyabbans rellied throughout the doy on heavy overseas and East European buying. Hogs were

and East European buying. Hogs were strong, while the rest of the Investock complex was either mixed or lower. Cotton was generally wesker, reported

Cotton was generally wesker, reported Henold.

Polistoes (round whites)—Nov. 89 5-8.6 (87.6). March 127.9-128.5 (124 4). April 153.2-153.5. Sales: 3,188. Copper—Nov. 94.10 (93 60). Dec 94.80-94.90 (94 50), Jan. 95 80. Merch 97.40-97.80. May 98 10-99 20. July 101.00. Sept. 102 45. Dec. 104.70, Jan. 105.45, March 107.05. May 106 65. July 110.25, Sept. 111 83. Sales 4,4900.

4,900. Sugar—No. 11: Jan 44.80 (43 95). March 45 60-45.70 (44.91), May 45.17. July 44.34, Sept. 41 22. Oct. 39 61, Jan 35.70-35.75, March 34.80-35 15. Tin-748.0-756.0 (742.0-752.0).

Lard—Chicago loosa 23.50. Live Cattle—Dec. 89.00-88.80 (69.771, Jan. 70.20-70.10 (71.22), Feb. 71.30-71.40, April 73.20-73.35, June 74.42-

July 537-509, Sett. 5-7,

All conts per pound ex-warehouse unless otherwise stated. \*\$ per troy opnes. † Cents per 159 opnes. † Cents per 56-16 bushel † Cents per 60-16 bushel † S per short ton 12 000 lbs1. § \$Can. per metric ton \$\frac{5}{2}\$ per 1,000 ag lest. † Cents per dozen. †† \$ per metric ton.

# **EUROPEAN MARKETS**

ROTTERDAM. November 5
Wheat—JJ S. Two Dark Herd Winter
13.5 per cent Nov. \$229. Dec. \$231,
Jan. \$234. Feb. \$242. March \$244. U.S.
No. Two Red Winter Nov. \$233. Dec.
\$234. U.S. No. Two Northern Spring
14 per cent Nov. \$225. Dec \$229,
Jan. \$236, Feb. \$253. March \$354.
April-May \$239
-Maize—All \$169. Nov. \$171. Dec.
\$174. Jan. March \$184. April-June
\$186.EO. July-Sept. \$183. Oct.-Dec.
\$182 sellers. Jan -March \$183.50.
Soyabeans—U.S. Two Yellow Guitports Nov. \$374.50. Dec. \$377. Jan.
\$385.00. Feb. \$393. March \$388.50.
April \$404. May \$405. June \$406.25,
July \$406. Oct. \$343. Nov. \$343. Dec.

\$250 sollers, Nov \$374 \$0, Dec. \$375-\$377, Jan \$385.50, Feb. \$383 paids, \$0yameal—44 per cent protein U.\$ oil 348, Nov. \$348, Dec. \$354, Jan \$258, Nov.-March \$250, Brazil Poliota oil \$260, Nov. \$360, Dec. \$365, Nov.-

Jan. 953-954 (944). March 981-985. May 1002-1003. July 1008-1009. Aug. 973-972. Sept. 891-892. Nov. 843-845 #Sovabean Meat—Dec. 268.0-288 5

PARIS. November 5
Cocoa (FFr per 100 kilos)—Dec
945.965, March 990.1110, May 10101025, July 1025, Sagt 1050-1050, Dec.
1065-1080 Soles at call 0
Sugar (FFr per 100 kilos)—Dec. 4369-4370, March 4535-4540, M 4570, July 4400-4480, Aug. 4445-4455, Oct. 4130-4180, Nov. unquoted, Dec. 3750-3860, Salos et call 1.

#### INDICES DOW JONES Nov. Oct. Month Yas FINANCIAL TIMES Nov. 4 | Nov.3 |Mnth ago Year ago Spot . 483.02 482,42466,25400,47 F'tur a 501,13 501,15490,00405 84 274,36 273,98 276,22 292.90 (Average 1924-26-26-100) REUTERS MOODY'S Nov. 5 Nov. 4 Minth ago Year ago

Nov. 3 Oct 31'M oth ago Year ag o 1310,9 1322,7 1314,2 1154.9 (December 31, 1931 - 100) 5.35, 42 5.25, 48 4.90, 60 4.60, 70 4.30; Dominican: 3.50-5.00. Satsumas—

1761.5 1756.2 1747.9 1685.1 (Basa, September 18, 1931 = 100)

Spania: 210/195/189 2:30-2:60, 168 2:50-2:70, 154 2:65-2:80, 144 3:00-3:10, 126 3:00-3:20, 105 3:30-3:50. Apples— French: Starkerimson large base 3:60-French: Starkerimson large bases 3.60-4.30. Golden Delicious approximately 20 lb. 72 1.80-2.30. 84 1.50-1.80: 40 lb 125/183 3.00-4.20. Granny Smith 20 lb 72 2.10. 84 1.50-1.60: Greek: Starking 150 4.50; Dutch: Cox's Grange Pippins per pound 0.09; Belgian: Golden Delicious 65/70 28 lb 1.80: Hungarian: Starking 44 lb 6.00. Peers—Italian: per pound Williams 0.14-0.17, Beurra Hardy 0.13, Passacrassans 0.13-0.14; Dutch: Conference 0.11-0.12; Belgian: 0.10-0.12; Pasches—South African: 24's 5.00. Grapes—Italian: Black Regina 2.50: Spdnish; Almeria 1.90-2.30, Black 2.40-2.50. Pomegranates—Spanish: 40/69 1.60-3.00. Melane—Spanish: 40/69 1.60-3.00. Melane—Spanish: Yellow 10 kg 3.00-3.50, Green 7:11's 2.40-2.70. 1.60-3.00. Melone—Spanish: Yellow
10 kg 3.00-3.50. Green 7,11's 2.40-2.70.
Tomatices—Jersey: 2.00-2.40: Spanish:
2.80-3.60: Dutch: 3.00: Conery: 2.800 3.40. Onions—Spanish. 3.80-4.00:
1. Dutch: Picklers 3.00, 10 kg 1.40
1. Dutch: Picklers 3.00, 10 kg 1.40
1. Cueumbers—Canary: 10/14 2.20-2.60: Mines 2.80-2.60: Cueumbers—Canary: 10/14 2.20-2.60: Maddeck (4.00-0.00) medium 13.20-2.50: Figs—Smyrns: Per 2. Ib pecket 0.45-0.53; Iraqui: Stab daise 3.10
1 48's 9.00.

Pearmon 0.05-0.08, Cox's Orange Pippins 0.12-0.20, Russells 0.10-0.12. Starking 0.10-0.12. Pants—Per Bound 0.014-0.012. Coming 0.14.0.15 Contarence 0.08-0.12, Comico 0.14-0.16. Cabbages—Per bag 1.30. White cabbages 2.40. Cauliflowers—Per 12. Lincoln 2.00-2.40, Kent 3.00-3.60. Beet-roots—Per bag 0.80-1.20. Caucumbers—Trys 10:20 1.60-2.60. Tomatoes—Per 12 ib 1.60-2.00. Lattuce—Per 12 round 1.40-1.50. Sprouts—Per pound 0.09-0.10. Corn Cobe—Each 0.06. Carrots— 0.10. Corn Lobe—120 to the Carrors— Per 28 in 1.00-1.20 Onlens—Per bag 2 50-2.90. Picklers 2.80-3 00. Celery— Per pack 20/30 3.50. naked 12/14 1.50-1.80. Capaisums—Per pound 0.30 Swedes—Per 28 ib Devon 0.80. @b

GRIMSBY FISH - Supply: poor, demand: good. Prices at ship's side (unprocessed) per stone: Shall cod £5.50-£6.40, codings £3.60-£4.40; large haddeck £4.00-£5.00, madium £3.20-£4.20, small £2.00-£3.20; madium places £5.80, beat small £4.00-£5.20; large skinned doglish £9.60-£10.50, madium

#### **BRITISH COMMODITY PRICES**

BASE METALS

on my London metal exchange. In a Reagan win in the U.S. election encouraged apeculative demand at the outset and forward metal moved up to CSSO in early trading. However, lack of follow-through and profit-taking

COPPER Official - Unofficial -2 2 2 2

•33.6.102 Amelgameted Metal Trading reported that in the morning cash wirebars traded at E848; three months £877, 78, 78, 57, 76, 5, 76, Cathodes, cash £824; three months £834. Kerb: Wirebars, three months £334. Kerb: Wirebars, three months £335. Carnobes. Cash (2027). Interements

EAD—Firmer on fresh buying. ForE276, 75.5. Afternoon; Wirebers, these
menths £872, 72.5, 73, 72.5, 71, 70.5, moved shead to touch £360 prior to

rig, initial merchant buying and bear covering litted three months from 15,650 to 15,710 but the market streeted hedge selling and profit-taking at this level and fell back a low of £6,670 before closing the afternoon kerb at £6,675. Turnover: 800 tonnes.

Tin Official — Unofficial High Grade £ 2 £ 620.40 + 11 5 months 6680.5 + 28 6676.80 + 28 Sattlem\*t 6680 + 40 Standard
Cash ..... 6630.40 +30 6620.40 +10
3 months 6680.5 +20 6676.80 +3
5 months 6640 +30 - .....
Straits.E. #3063 +1 - .....

Morning: Standard, three months £8,710, 6,700, 6,695, 90, 85, 80. Kerb: Standard, three months £6,690. Attarnoon: Standard, three months £6,685, 80, 70, 75, 70, 80. Kerb: Standard, three months £6,680, 75.

March Cocoa 927-936 Our clients speculate, free of tax, in very small to very large · amounts, on:

1. London Traded commodities, including GOLD.
2. The STERLING/DOLLAR exchange rate.
1.G. Index Limited, 73, The Chase, SW4 6NP. Tel.: 01-622 9192 CORAL INDEX: Close 487-492 (+7)

Oil Index Ltd. 30/31 Fleet Lanc, EC4

Crude Oil Futures Apr. '81 \$38.6 Bri. Apr. '83 \$39.6 Brl.



PUBLIC NOTICES

£1.8m 31-day Bills issued 5.11.50. £2.81 at 14.25;64 %. Total applicat £10.8m No other Bills outstanding.

EUROCHARTS

TOP OF THE CHARTS EVERY WEEK WITH METAL AND SOFT **COMMODITY REPORTS** Published Friday night to cover London, New York & Chicago closes, our reports include ...

Reset Wiff of the Sale For a free sample copy contact Elli Gifford at: Eurocharts Ltd., 11 Byward St., London EC3R 5ED. Tet 01-626 8765, Teles: 885034.

daily range charts, short & long term moving

averages & technical analysis of all markets.

71, 71.5, 71. Cathodes, cash 1822.
Kerb: Wirebars, three months 1872, 72.5, 72, 71, 70, 69.

TIN Marginally firmer in quiet trad
- Tin Marginally firmer in quiet tr

8 £ 2 £ 2 344.5 +6 344.5.5.5 +4.5 367.8 +5.25 358,75-9 +5.25 345 +6 ...... -42.45 Morning: Cash £345, 43.5, 44; three months £358, 57.5, 57, 57.5, 58. Kerb:

Three months (258, 58.5. Afternoon: Three months (259, 59.5, 60, 58.5, 59. 58.75, 59. Kerb: Three manths (258, S8.5, 58.

ZINC—Firmer in line with lead. Forward metal opened on a steady note around the £340 level and edged higher in reasonably quiet trading to close the late kerb at £342.5. Turnover: 8.450

Morning: Cash £330, 30.5: three months £341.5, 42. Karb: Three months £342.5. Alternaon: Three months £342.41.5, 42, 43. Karb: Three months £342, 42.5, 43.

ALUMINIUM—Lost ground in fairly scrive trading as fresh selling and general flquidation depressed three months from £668 to a close on the tate kerb of £659.5. Turnaver: 6,325 tonnes.

a.m. + or b.m. + or Official + or Unofficial - Unofficial - 0 635.5 - 7 666.5.7 + .5 669.5 - 6.25

Morning: Cash £642, 41: three months £658, 67.5, 67. 86.5. Kerb: Three months £667. Alternoon: Cash £634, 35, 35.5; three months £656, 65.5, 65, 84, 61, 60.5, 51, 50, 59, 59.5. Kerb: Three months £660, 80.5, 80.

NICKEL—Gained ground following rumours of a stocks decline this week and a shortage of nearby supplies. Forward metal opened at £2.720 and moved up to close the late kerb at £2.730. The atocks torecast and demand for cesh metal prompted a substantial narrowing in the contango which came in to around £5 at the close of the late kerb. Turnover: 72 tonnes.

a.m. +or p.m. + or Official — Unofficial —

2710-20 +22.5 2725-50 +57.6 inths| 2725-30 +1.5 2725-30 +13 Marning: Cesh £2,710, three months £2,725. Afternoon: Three months £2,725. Kerb; Three months £2,728, 30. \*Cents per pound, ‡ SM per picul. † On previous unofficial closs.

Silver was fixed 14,65p an pu Silver was fixed 14-bbp an bunce higher for spot delivery in the London bullion market yesterdey at 821.90p. U.S., equivalents of the fixing levels were: spot \$20.1, up 34.7c; three-month \$20.856, up 35.8c; aix-month \$21.588, up 37.8c; and 12-month \$23.04, up 38c. The metal opened at 812p-821p (\$19.90-20.10) and closed at 801p-810p (\$18.80-19.80)

SILVER Bullion + or L.M.E. Troy oz. price Unofficial 8pct....... 821.90p +14.8 805.0p +6 3 months 866.90p +14.3 859.0p +5.5 6 months 885.10p +16.8 12months 945.40p +16.7

LME—Turngver 146 (161) lots of 10,000 czs. Merning: Three months 853, 55, 55.2, 56.5, 56. 55.5. Kerb: three months 856.5, 57, 58, 59, 60 Afternoon: three months 847, 48, 45, 39. Kerb: three months 842, 41, 42, 40, 42, 41,

COCOA

LIVERPOOL—Spot and shipment seles amounted to 114 tonnes, bringing the total for the week so far to 222 tonnes. Scattered operations continued, without the off-table showing much expensions. sion. Dealings were confined to specialist growths in North American and African styles, with minor support in Middle Eastern qualities. Cocos futures continued the recent trend and set new life of contract lows

The London physical market opened steadier, short covering steaded prices during the day but the market sufficioned easier. Lewis and Peat reported a fob November price for No. 1 RS in Kuala Lumpur of 304.25 (301) cents

No. 1 R.S.S.	Cipse	Close	Doug
	<u> </u>		
Dec	63.10-64.08¦	82_18-62,20	
lan	64, 10-64,50	63, 18-65.40	_
lan-Mar	65,50,65,68	64.30 64.40	65.80-65.1
or Ine	69. IO-69,20	68,20-88,50	
lbs Camb	72.20-72.40	71.30-71.40	
ila aebr	75 16 75 00		
Set-nec	75.10-76.20	74,20-74.60	
lan-Mar	78,00-78,10	77,10-77.20	
Loi-Jne.¹	80,60-80,80'	79,80-79.50	. —
Jiy-Sept	88,50-88,70	82,70-B2,80	. –

The London market opened £2.50 higher on fresh buying on the result of the U.S. election, reports T. G. Roddick. Trade selling at these levels soon eased prices and the market closed around 50p higher on the day. 2

LONDON GRAIN FUTURES-Old crop Sales: 273 (312) Jotsol 100 tonnes. LONDON GRAIN FUTURES—Old crop values increased alter a slow start to trade 30p.35p up at lunch with good buying support from trade sources, the main volume being in wheat. Values remeined steady in the atternoon session to close 35p-85p higher on wheat and 35p-45p higher on bartey. New crops saw selling pressure on wheat with a tall of 15p with barley remaining about steady to 5p lower in quiet trading, reports Acil.

Nov... 98.75 | +0.55 | 92.40 | +0.55 | Jan... 103.00 | +0.45 | 95.70 | +0.55 | Mar... 111.10 | +0.55 | 100.75 | +0.55 | May... 111.10 | +0.55 | 104.60 | +0.45 | July... 115.25 | +0.55 | 5ept... 99.30 | -0.16 | 94.70 | -0.05 Business done—Wheat: Nov. 98.80-98.60; Jan 103 05-102 55. March 107 05-105 50. May 111.10-110.55, July 115.00-115.00, Sept 99 30-98.25. Sales 248 lots of 100 tonnes Barley Nov 92.55-91.90, Jan. 96.75-96.45, March

100.40-100.40, May 104.20-104.20, July no trede, Sept 94.60-94.60. Sales: 96 ts of 100 tonnes. LONDON GRAINS—Wheat, U.S. Dark LONDON GRAINS—Wheat. U.S. Dark Northern Spring No. 2 14 per cent Nov. 102, Dec. 105.75, transhipment East sellers; U.S. Hard Winter 132 per cent Dec. 102.50, transhipment East Coast seller. Malze: South African Yellow Nov.-Dec. 86.50 seller. Barley: English Feed tob Nov. 97.50, Dec. 99.75, Jan.-March 104.50, April-Mey 109.50 East Coast seller. Reat unquered.

HGCA-Locational ex-larm prices. Other milling wheat: Essern 100.00, E. Midlands 100.00, N. East 98.90. Feed beney: Eastern 92.00. E. Midlands 91.90, N. East 90.40, Scotc. Midlands 91.80, N. East 90.40, Scot-land 91.60. The UK Monetary Co-efficient for the week beginning Monday November 10 (based on HGCA calculations using day's exchange rates) is expected to change to 0.882.

Sales: 470 (202) at 15 tonnes, none at 5 tonnes, Physical closing prices (buyer) were: Spot 61.50p (60.50p); Dec. 62.75p (62.00p); Jan. 63.75p

SOYABEAN MEAL

Yest'rday + or Business Close — Done Pertonnal

December: 148,00-49,5 + 0.45 156,80-48,80
February: 164,10-54,3 + 0.25 157,30-54,10
June: 159,50-57,3 + 0.25 156,60-57,00
June: 159,50-57,0 + 0.55 159,50,159,00
August: 159,60-57,0 + 1.45
October: 153,90-56,5 + 0.25 137,50
December: 185,00-36,0 + 2.0 185,00

LONDON DAILY PRICE (raw sugar): £405-00 (same) a tones of for Nov.-Dec. shipmanis. White sugar daily price was £395.00 (same). Following a strong opening of the Paris market London prices were some C3-65 higher at the opening the day and quotations eased under profit taking, reports C. Czamikow.

No. 4 Yest rdays Previous Busines Con- Close Close; Done £ per tonne Sales 12,023 (7,310) loss of 50

granulated basis white sugar was £342.6 (same) a tonne for home trade and £506.00 (£506.00 for export. **WOOL FUTURES** 

SYDNEY GREASY WOOL.—Close (in order buyer, soller, business, seles). Australian cents per pound). Dec. 482.0, 482.5, 463.0-459.5, 170; March 485.0, 487.0, 486.0-480.5, 185; May 488.0, 499.0, 501.0-496.0, 168; July 513.0, 514.0, 514.0-511.5, 122; Oct. 514.0, 515.0, 514.0-514.0, 15. Dec. 518.0, 519.0, 519.0, 517.5, 45; March 522.0, 524.0, 524.0-521.0, 15; May 525.0, 528.0, 525.0-524.0, 5. Salas; 723. LONDON NEW ZEALAND CROSS-LONDON NEW ZEALAND CRÓSS-BREDS—Closa (in order buyer, seller. businese, selse). New Zealand cents per kilo. Dec. 352, 362, nil, nil; Jen 356, 365, 259-358, 3; March 367, 370, 368, 11; May 368, 374, 371, 10; August 380, 382, 380-379, 5; Oct. 382, 384, 382-381, 6; Doc. 381, 364, 383, 3; Jan 383, 285, 383, 1, March 385, 368, 385, 2; May 288, 383, 390, 1, Sales, 43.

POTATOES

LONDON POTATO FUTURES — The market was immediately steeder showing gains of some 1509, but profittaking and commission house selling

# PRICE CHANGES

+or Month \$1559/1585 -- 40 \$1600/30 Free Mkt Platin'mtr'y oz £202 £202 Free mkt ... £271.05 +1.55 £289.20 Quicksilvert ... £403:413 ...... \$415:429 Silver troy oz... 821.90p +14.6 865p ē mths. ... 854.90p +14.9 897p

Oile Coconut (Phil), \$632.5y \$560 Groundrut \$1 \$2.5y \$560 \$1 \$2.5y Grains
Barley Futures
Maize
French No3AM
### 2120.25 £120,25 

† Unquoted. y Dec.-Jan. x Dec. v Nov.-Dec. z Indicator. § Buyar. 7 Per 76 Ib flask. Nominal. LJan. pushed prices back up to close at or near the highs, reports Coley and Harper. Closing prices: Nov. 41.40 —80 (high 42.00, low 41.50); Fab. 59.40 +80

(high 60.00, low 58.50): April 71.00 +200 (high 71.00, low 69.20). Turnover: 168 (72) lots of 40 tonnes. HIDES--Leeds: Market mostly firmer. Second clear Ox. 31-35.5 Tiles 33.5p per kito (32.8p per kitot. 25-30.5 kitos 39.3p (37p); 22-25.5 kitos 46.5p (45.5p).

**MEAT/VEGETABLES** SMITHFIELD-pence per pound. Boof:

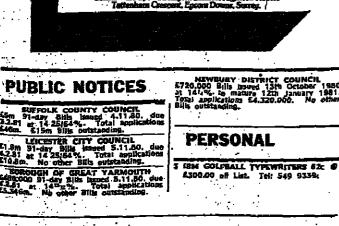
SMITHFIELD—pence per pound. Best: Scotch killed sides 59.2 to 64.2, Errs handquarters 87.0 to 69.0, idrequarters 44.0 to 46.0. Vest: Dutch hinds and ends 96.0 to 98.0. Lumb: English ameli 42.0 to 47.2, medium 41.5 to 45.2, heavy 36.0 to 40.0. Imported frozen—N.Z. pl 52.0 to 53.0, pm 46.0 to 48.0, Port. English, under 100 hs 44.0 to 50., 100-120 lbs 42.0 to 48.0, 120-180 lbs 42.0 to 48.0. Phosents: Bast (per brace) 450.0 to 550.0. medium (each) 200.0 to 250.0.

MEAT COMMISSION—Average list-stock phose at representative markets

per package except where otherwise steped imported Produce: Oranges-Spanie: Navelinas 48 56/60 5.20. 70/80 5.00-5.20. 90 5.00, 100/110 4 20, 120/150 5.00-5.20. 90 5.00. 100/110 4 20, 120/150 4.00; Outspan: Velencia Lates 48 5.40. 56 5.75, 72 5.85, 88 4.65, 112 4.70, 138 4 55 150 4 40; Brazilian; 72/13 83.50. 150 4 40; Brazilian; 72/13 83.50. Lemons—Spanis: Trays 25/45 2.40-2 80 Turkish: 10 kg 4.00-4.60; Cyprus: 10 4.50-5.00, 12 kg 5.00-6.00, Grapefruit—Cyprus: 35/42/48/54 3.80-4.50; Cuban: 3.50-3 60; Jeta: 15 kg 36

sinck phees at representative markets on November 5. GB cettle 72.95p per rg iw (+3.48). UK sheep 94.95p per rg att dew (-0.08). GB pige 70.22p per rg iw (+1.28)

COVENT GARDEN-Prices in starting



FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

# Investment confidence revives after U.S. election result Equity index up 7.0 at day's best and Gilts also rally

Dealings tions Dealings Day
Oct. 27 Nov. 6 Nov. 7 Nov. 17
Nov. 10 Nov. 20 Nov. 21 Dec. 1
Nov. 24 Dec. 4 Dec. 5 Dec. 15
Nov. 24 Dec. 4 Dec. 5 Dec. 15

\*\*These sizes " dealings may take and of the market before being may take and of the market before being "'New time" dealings may take place from 9 am two business days

confidence in Investment London stock markets improved yesterday after the recent spell of inertia. The result of the U.S. Presidential election and expectations that American markets. would respond favourably was a major in suence on sentiment, which also benefited from Press lending. Speculative Interest was aroused by the hint that a cut in offer worth 110p per share. Other Minimum Lending Rate before issues continued to drift lower the year's end could not be

from the start on the assumption that Mr. Reagan's victory would that Mr. Reagan's victory would a fise of the spur Wall Street when is responsed for trading. This was confirmed by an early upsurge in the Dow Jones index and, consequently, leading shares in London closed at the best with and closing improvements ranged to the spurp of the better. Recal, a poor market recently on the Decca losses, raliled 6 to 341p, while spurp of the spurp of the best with and closing improvements ranged to the spurp of the spurp of the best with the spurp of the spurp of the best with the spurp of the spurp of the spurp of the best with the spurp of the spurp of the best with the spurp of the spurp of the spurp of the best with the spurp of the spurp o the FT Industrial Ordinary share index recording a gain of 7.0 at 487.0. Domestic institutional operators began to take more interest in equities, although impleted business was generally regarded as small, extremely good interim results from J. Sainsbury contributed to a much improved performance by

previous evening in order to ment. Bellway closed unchanged raise funds for re-investment in at 68p. after 70p. following the particularly noticeable in the America caused quotations to be preliminary results.

Business in ICI was subdued, finished 6 to the good at 216p bear-covering touched off some but the price hardened a couple and GKN 5 higher at 173p, while genuine investment support. Most of pence to 340p. Fisons also John Brown hardened 21 to 721p.

domestic sources and was evenly Eirst Declara- Last Account spread amog all maturities. The ends of the market before being

pared to about 1 at the close.

Demand for Traded options susided, only 846 contracts being completed compared with 1,301 on Tuesday and 1,590 on Monday. Interest was shown in Oil issues with Shell and BP attracting 209 and 174 trades respectively.

F. C. Finance jump which also benefited from Press In a notherwise friendless Hire comment on October's rise in Purchase sector, F.C. Finance UK money growth and tentative stood out with a rise of 35 to moderation in bank 105p in response to the Co-peculative Interest was operative Bank's minority cash on fading hopes of an early the year's end could not be on fading hopes with at they have no present intended out.

Leading equities went higher that they have no present intended from the start on the assumption at Mr. Reagan's victory would a rise of 6 to 158p, while shareholdings in the company.

Standard Chartered gained 15 to Electrical leaders took a turn of the for the better. Recal a proof

> and closing improvements ranged EMI, up 6 at 358p, were to 8. Hambro Life, 309p, and unaffected by news that the Pearl, 462p, both appreciated Office of Fair Trading may inthat much, while Britannic added vestigate the proposed Trust-6 to 272p. Against the trend, house Forte acquisition of Christopher Moran softened a certain Thorn EMI leisure penny to 21p.

Leading building issues made modest progress in places reflecting the general market trend. 57p, while Highland also Outside the leaders, Countryside encountered renewed buying and leading issues.

In contrast, Gilt-edged securities trended easier at the opening.

U.S. selling late the following favourable Press comLeading Engineers made head-

from added 2, to 215p, while Brent The majority of movements in news of the sale of a subsidiary evenly Chemical picked up 4 to 150p and secondary issues were restricted to McKechnie Bros. for £4.8m.

5. The Catalin firmed 2 for a two-day to a few pence either way. Far-eastern influence helped pound gain of 6 to 52p, the last-named Better-than-expected half-yearly Swire Pacific rise 10 to 88p.

in a thin market. Dixons firm

Leading stores were slightly firmer for choice, although the level of trade again left much to be desired. GUS A down 5 on Tuesday, rallied to close 10 better at 480p, while Mothercare added a couple of pence to 240p. House of Fraser, on the other hand, shed 3 to 138p after comment on the property sale and leaseback deal. Renewed speculative attention was noted for Polly Peck, 177p, and for Cornell Dresses, 98p. up 9 and 6 respectively, while Dixons Photographic were wanted at 137p. up 9. W. L. Pawson, at 23p. recovered 3 of the previous day's

interests. Among secondary issues, Cray Electronic met further demand and put on 4 to results prompted a gain of 3 to

the preliminary figures with a further rise of 2 to 216p. Still reflecting the sharp fall in interim profits and passing of the half-yearly dividend. Eva

Industries fell 2 more to 44p.
The Food sector featured J.
Sainsbury which jumped 60 to interim profist far in excess of analysts' estimates and the proposed 100 per cent scrip issue. Other Retailers made headway in sympathy, albeit on a modest scale. Recently duli Associated Dairies hardened 2 to 224p and Nurdin and Peacock added 5 to a high for the year

Ladbroke attracted fresh support and put on 7 to 232p, but Grand Metropolitan closed a penny cheaper on balance at 154p, after 157p. Elsewhere, Warner Holi-days A shed 41 to 461p, after 45p, on he half-yearly loss.

Misc. leaders better

Anticipating a sharp rise on Street following Mr. Ronald Reagan's resounding victory in the U.S. Presidential election, miscellaneous industrial leaders responded to renewed buying. some of whiceh was institutional. and closed with gains ranging to S. Metal Box, interim results due on November 24, closed that much better at 248n, while Turner and Newall picted up 3 to 92p. Unilever, on the other nd, softened a couple of pence to 441p on nervousness ahead of day. Elsewhere, a renewed surge in the bullion price sparked off a flurry of buying in gold refiner Johnson Matthey which closed 15 up at 252p. Ninemonths figures from Hoover proved to be better than most expectations and the shares rose 4to 134p, while Sketchley rallied 6 to 236p after comment on the irterim figures. Fugher consingration of the good half-year results helped **Ropner** Ordinary put on 9 more to 159p and the "A" 10 to 158p. Airfix Industries closed a fraction dearer at 81p, after 94p, following publication

of the long-awaited results which

revealed a less bad-than-expected

Stock

Amer. Oil Fields

Barclays Bank ...

Johnson Matthey £1

KCA Intl

LASMO

Piessey Premier Cons.

Racal Electronics 25p

Systems ...... 50p(p.p.) 9

Securities 50p

No. Denomina- of

The threatened stoppage at BL 64p in Capper-Neill, while failed to unsettle sentiment in Martonair responded afresh to Motor Communication which said with modest gains. Lucas added 3 at 170p, while useful support was again evident for Dunlop, 2 better at 78p. Dowty rose 7 to 251p, but Associated Engineering provided a dull feature by

> Usher-Walker rose 4 to 40p following the higher interim profits.

Interest in Properties failed to

expand, but prices took a dis-tinctly firmer line with Land Securities adding 5 to 385p and Great Portland Estates 8 to 238p. Stock Conversion also Among Hotels and Caterers, firmed 8, to 315p, and Hammerson A 10 to 585p, the latter following the half-yearly results. Selective buying was evident in secondary issues with Allied London Properties adding 6 for two-day gain of 18 to 138p, after 140p, on the increased preliminary profits and proposed

of 12.8 to 519.4. 100 per cent scrip issue. Revived speculative interest lifted Rush and Tompkins 8 to 232p, but the chairman's cautious statement cliped 7 from Mountview Estates 1580. City of Aberdeen Land firmed 5 to 312p on the annual results and proposed one-for-ten scrip issue.

Expectations of a strong show ing on Wall Street following the U.S. election result prompted ticular interest was shown in BP which advanced to close around the day's best with a rise of 18 at 488p. Shell improved 10 to 478p, while Ultramar came in for a fair measure of support and put on 21 to 493p. Among the speculative exploration issues. Berkeley closed 12 up at ain, but Double Eagle reacted

Trusts made headway with the hetter trend in equities. British Assets gained 6 to 100p and New Throgmorton Capital 4 to 190p. while Philip Hill closed 3 higher at 120p following increased interim earnings. Among Finan-cials, R. P. Martin advanced afresh to 103p before closing 6 higher at 101p on the possible £2.2m deficit and accompanying bid from Bierbaum and Co.

27 more to 555p.

ACTIVE STOCKS

tion marks price (p) on day

+15

14 11

the preliminary figures.

Barlow Rand continued to respond to the better-thanexpected preliminary results and closed 14 up for a two-day gain of 30 at 517p. Elsewhere in South African industrials, South African Breweries added 7.more at 190p. after 192p.

Plantations rarely from the overnight position with the notable exception of Angloeasing 2 to 43 p. Indonesian, 6 cheaper at 101p Printing ink manufacturers followin give interim profits set-Indonesian, 6 cheaper at 101p

A rise of \$2 in the bullion

Golds below best

price to \$648.50 an ounce and sharp gains in South African Golds greeted Mr. Reagan's U.S. presidential election victory. Share prices bounded ahead from the outset in the wake of persistent London and overseas support but the market began to come under light selling pressure towards the close of official treding and eased further in the after-hours' business as U.S. profit-taking was noted. The Gold Mines index showed a rise

Financials African South moved similarly to Golds. Auglo American Corporation touched 835p but closed unaltered at 820p while Middle Wits rose 60 to a 1980 high of 770p following sizeable Johannesburg support De Beers put on 4 to 520p, after

Good gains in overnight Sydney and Melbourne markets following the U.S. election following the U.S. prompted renewed buying of Australian stocks in London. Pancontinental advanced 50 to

1980 high of 475p reflecting the recent strong performance by its 52 per cent owned oil and gas arm Pancontinental Petro Bond Corporation jumped 12 to a 1980 high of 182p following further gains in the Cooper Basin oil and gas producers and

rumours that Mr. Bond plans to acquire gold leases at the Rabbit Warren area man. Western Australia. Warren area near Leonora in which recently discovered a major new tantalite deposit in Western Australia, soared 200p to 900p and Vultan Minerals, which has a reported near-40 per cent stake

Greenbushes, put on 25 to

Nov. 70.68 70.39 70.45 70.94 71.30 71.49 66.60 71.85 71.94 71.97 72.14 72.29 72.30 67.46 Fixed Interest.... 487.0 480.0 482.1 486.5 492.8 493.0 418.1 Industrial Ord,..... 319,5 506.6 501.8 504.9 516.8 505.5 210.3 Gold Mines..... 7.47 7.58 7.54 7.47 7.38 7.38 2.96 Ord. Div. Yleld .... Earnings, Yid. 2 (fum) 16.86: 17.11; 17.02 15.87; 18.89; 16.58; 19.18 7.23 7.15 7.17 7.85 7.51 7.31 \_ 116.22 114.11 134.73 160,00 140.59 112.15 Equity turnover £m., Equity bargains total \_\_\_\_\_ 16,044 16,604 16,872: 18,675; 18,204-13,966 10 am 483.4. 11 cm 484.4. Noon 685.4. 1 pm 485.3. 2 pm 485.6. 3 pm 485.7. Latest Index 01-246 8025. Basis 100 Govt. Secs. 15/10/26. Filed Int. 1928. 1/7/25. Gold Mines 12/9/55. SE Activity July-Dec. 1942. HIGHS AND LOWS S.E. ACTIVITY

Since Compilat'o Low High ! Low High 64.70 150.4 50.53 (18)8) (28/11/47) (8/1/75) 406.9 558.6 (8/1) (4.6/79) ( 49.4 (26/6/40) 558.9 43.5 (22/9/80) (29/19/71)

#### **NEW HIGHS AND** LOWS FOR 1980

NEW HIGHS (51)

USMC 9pc 1982 Without Warrants Hongkong Shunebel F.C. Fin Goode Durrant Military BUILDINGS (1) STORES (4)

Low (Wm.) Saintuer,
Nurrin & Peacock
(NOUSTRIALS (7)
Hay (Norman) Kleen-E-Ze
Hurchison Whampon Securitor A FOODS (3) Sainsbury (J.) Green (R.) Swire Proof
SOUTH AFRICANS (5)
Barlow Rand S.A. Brews.
Greatermans A Tiger Oats
OK Bazzars

TRUSTS (10)
F.U.G.I.T.
nore London & Gar Sení. West Coast & L. Tst. Yeoman

RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

TEXTILES (1)

OIL & GAS (1)

STORES (2) STORES (2) or Selboo

INDUSTRIALS (11)

British Funds Corpns., Dom. and	Up 88	Down	92m 7
Foreign Bonds Industrials Financial and Prop. Oils Plantations	265 227 37	200 39 9 2	43 927 228 15
Others	76 35	76 7	66 137
Totals	742	296	1.411

# LEADERS AND LAGGARDS

Percentage changes since December 31, 19 on Tuesday, November 4, 1980.	79 based	500 Share Index	+26.65 +25.32
Gold Mines F.T.	+88.61	Insurance Brokers	+ 24.48
		Engineering Contractors	+22.83
Merchant Banks		Industrial Group	+22.20
Electricals	+69.33	Building Materials	+21.71
Mining Finance	+ 63.88	Mechanical Engineering	+17.82
Insurance (Life)	+64.77	Other Groups	+17.47
Electronics, Radio and TV	+48.25	Cons. Goods (Non-durable) Group	+ 17.01
Investment Trusts	+48.23	Banks	+16.72
Property	+41.64	Pharmaceutical Products	+15.95
Oils	+42.14	Newspapers and Publishing	+14.41
Insurance (Composite)	+40.27	Food Manufacturing	+10.36
Financial Group	+37.48	Chemicals	+ 9.21
Hire Purchase	+36.90	Breweries	÷ 7.88
Food Retailing	+36.69	Tobaccos	+ 7.00
Discount Houses	+34.80	Packaging and Paper	+ 4.91
Capital Goods Group	+ 34.28	Metal and Metal Forming	+ 3.54
Overseas Traders	+33.73	Textiles	+ 2.55
Shipping	+32.64	Office Equipment ,	÷ 0.89
All-Share Index	+30.97	Wines and Spirits	- 1.62
Stores	+28.85	Motors and Distributors	-10.78
Contracting and Construction	+28.39	Household Goods	-26.71
Consumer Goods (Durable) Group	+ 26.85	Toys and Games	-47.59
. ,	-		

#### FT-ACTUARIES SHARE INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times, the Institute of Actuaries and the Faculty of Actuaries

Worl Nov 5 1000

	EQUITY	GRO	UP\$	-	W	/ed.,	Nov.	5, 199	30	Nov.	Nov.	0a.	0ct.	ago (approx.)	Premier Cons 5p 5 116 + 44 116 36 Sainsbury (J.) 25p 5 640 +60 640 280
	& SUB-	SECT	ONS	  -			Τ-	Т-	1 -	├	┼──	+-	+	+	OPTIONS
	Figures in parenth		w numb	er of	index No.	Day's Change %		Gross Div. Yield % (ACT at 30%)	[ (Net)	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	Index No.	fintlex No.	First Last Last For Exploration, Aran Energy, Rota- Deal- Deal- Declara- Settle- lngs ings tion ment Nev. 3 Nov. 14 Feb. 5 Feb. 16  Petroleum, Charterhouse Petroleum, Dunle Montague I.
	1 CAPITAL GOO			2	88.44	+0.7	15.30	5.75	7.94	286.57	288.89	292.67			Nov. 17 Nov. 28 Feb. 26 Mar. 9 Dec. 1 Dec. 12 Mar. 12 Mar. 23 Meyer, FNFC, Lourho, North
	2   Building Mater 3   Contracting, Co				42.56 16.38	+0.6 0.1	19.61 21.85	7.07 6.01	6.06 5.40	241.22 416.91	244.23 438.47	248.12 423.74			WCC Condom
	4 Electricals (17	`) <u></u>		9	34.88	+0.4	10,47	2.59	11,74	930.73	933.51	952.84	952.8	523.09	Share Information Service Bearcat and Akroyd and
	5 Engineering Co 6 Mechanical En				53.76 78.94	+0.1 +0.9	17.50 16.26	7.31 7.50	7.29 7.50	353.35 176.47	356.17 177.31	362 54 179.36			A useful business was trans. Smithers. Puts were done in acted in Options with calls Trafalgar House Dunlop, Trust-
	8 Metals and Me				53.19	+21	18.96	10.68	6.58	150.03	150.51	151.60			arranged in Charterhall, Ragian houses Forte, Glaxo and Marks
_	CONSUMER			1.								1	1:		Property, Premier Oil, Imperial and Spencer. Doubles to be
	1.1.   (DURABLE) (4 1.2.   L.L. Electronics,	16} Radio. 1	V(14)	3	44.19 84.52	+11 +13	13.11 9.89	5.13 3.59	9.13	241.51 379.72	245.07 387.43	248.83 392.48			Continental Gas, William Press, completed included Racal,
1	3 Household Goo	ጵ (13)			86.41	+1.3	26.18	10.92	4.83	85.31	85.78	87.57	88.89	129.62	Town and City Properties, Rwik- Trafalgar House and Inter- Fit, Double Eagle, Berkeley vision.
1	4 Motors and Dis		(21)		92.90	+0.5	23.25	10.07	4.96	92.45	91.98	92.58	93.12	98.23	
2	1 (NON DURAB		1)	2	40.54	+0.9	16.91	6.72	7,14	238.39	240.20	243.48	246.40	287.20	RECENT ISSUES
2	2   Breweries (14)			2	72.93	+6.1	16,60	6.75	7.03	272.71	275.16	277.31	280,99	252.14	
2 2	Wines and Spirit	its (5)	(17)	2	91.97 46.35	+0.9 +0.3	21.06 16,79	7.06 6.46	5.58 7.34	288.37 345.44	288.60 350.75	298.97 354.88			EQUITIES
2		uring (22	)	2	10.96	+0.5	18.80	7.23	6.28	299.89	211.03	213.87			
2	6   Food Retailing(	13)		J 45	17.58	+3.9	11.39	3.70	10.40	401.97	403.64	409.03		266.17	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
3		blishing) الا) محمده	(12) 51	4	39.74 22.76	+15	22.48 26.31	6.61 10.55	5.81 4.40	439.57 129.91	439.90 121.52	441.76 122.15		364.10 117.86	Issue bit of high low Stock   Stock
3		raper 11	//	2		莊山	12.16	5.06	10.73	246.33	248.22	252.94	256,78	201.91	p:   Es   High Low
3,	5   Textiles (21)			12	30.26	+12	23.54	11.77	5.20	128.77	129.59	130.56		134.63	
3( 3)				2	2221	-0.3 ( -0.1	27,04 9.03	10.97 11.61	4,21 25.61	232.90 24.94	215.38 24.65	219,04 25,48	271.51	298.49 53.13	80 F.P. — 80 70 fth sk th M reyc's 50p 72 — — — — — 515 F.P. — 32 26 ftintervision Pfd. 10p 28 — — — —
4	I CTHER GROUP	rs (98)	P H F II	22	:0.82	+0.4	15.83	7.09	7.54	219.88	221.02	222,11	223.76	181.52	67   F.P 145   92   HORE   150   +5   -   -   -
42	2   Chemicals (15).			30		+0.5	17.38	7.97	6.72	303.38	394.37	302.53	303.49	261.65	5180 F.P 200 180 tiTrust Securities 40p 186 +8 \$7.88 2.9 6.0 -
43 44	3 Pharmaceutical 4 Office Equipmen	Procuce nt (6)		10		+0.7	11.28 19.54	6.18 7.91	20.62 5.98	224.97 104.69	225.99 184.69	226:68 188.61	229.92 108.75	198.67 183.53	
45	5   Shipping (10)		~	54	2.22	-0.1	13.07	6.49	9.34	562.52	566.38	574.84	579.53	410,35	FIXED INTEREST STOCKS
44	5   Miscellaneous (1	50)		27		+0.3	16.59	6.68	7.36	278.12	280.24	282.83	285.37 260.87	206.84	· [ 문 ] [ ] [ ]
45 53		KUUP (	108)				15.95 23.56	6.42 5.15	7.56 4.73	253.81 989.85	255.57 988.27	251.70 997.65		707.95	
努		DEX					17.87	610	557	311.94	313.44	317.06	320.50	245.32	e e la
61	FINANCIAL GR	(L) GUO	8)	25		+0.7		5.21		250.71	251.83	256.31	259.10	157.63	`
62 63	Banks(6)	/30\				-0.6   -0.1	39.97	6.59 5.82	299	257,16 295.61	258.42 295.48	265,26 299,86	268.89 301.25	198.87 219.63	100p. F.P. — 118p 96p Hintervision 7 Cnv. Pref. 109p —7 105kg 105kg Lee Valley Water 9/2 Red. Pref. 1987. 106kg
64		5)		22			11.09	451	12.17	226.34	229.24	238,67	240.25	151.80	\$\frac{\(\xi\)}{2.10} \Big  \frac{106\(\xi\)}{2.106} \frac{106\(\xi\)}{2.000} Uec Valley Water 9\(\xi\) Red. Pref. 1987. 106\(\xi\) \(\xi\) Red. Pref. 1987. 106\(\xi\) \(\xi\) Red. Pref. 1987. 106\(\xi\) \(\xi\) Queens Moat 10\(\xi\) Cons Uns Ln '89-91. 112 \(\xi\) +2
65	i Insurance (Life)	(10)		26		+17 [	- 1	5.03	<u> </u>	257.57	258.41	264.89	268.19	135.61	F.P. 10/11 116   10312 R.T.Z. 912% Conv Uns. Ln. '95-2000 111     1   F.P   98   95   S. Rhodesia 6% '78-81 Asstd 98   +12
66 67		posite) (9 ~ (91	)	17		+1.2 +0.5	13,77	6.57 6.91	9.95	170.67 333.04	170.79 531.80	172,98 340.08	174.84 343.35	198,26 239,42	1 F.P 71 61 Do. 412% 77-8 Asstd
68	Merchant Banks	(13)		1 15		0.2	1	4.78	·- 1	159.59	168.21	162.57	163.47	88.61	# F.P. — 42 81 Do. 312 80-85 Asstd
69	Property (45)			46		+12	3.11	2.64	44.75	458.23	459.46	466.80	472.25	306.35	F.P 111 10512 TownCentreSecs. 92 Cnv. Uns. Ln. '96, 2900 109 - 112 1 F.P. 17/10 3715 3514 Western Deep 12% Uns. Deb. '86-95 3678
70 71		J.)	******	10		+14	15.73	5.84 5.88		162.69 285.32	162.99 289.19	165.38 293.36	167.38 287.09	11123	13 10 Do. Op ions 13 + 4s 1 F.P 312 275 Zimosbwe settlemen annuity Reg
81		3)		27		+0.1	12.98	4.79	9.18		272.96	271.89	277.15	133.94	T F.F SIE EIS ZIMBAUWE SELUCITOR MINULY ROS
91	Overseas Traders	; (20)	WW	44			22.24		10.84	444.50	448.37	453.20	455.93	312.13	WALLES II OFFERS
99	ALL-SHARE IN	DEX(750	ij	] 304	1.52	+1.2	= 1	5.85	i	390.96	302.52	306.26	309.68	224.40	"RIGHTS" OFFERS
_							$\neg \top$					- 1			ES: Latest ;
			_·				- 1	FIXI	ED INTE YIELDS			Ned.	Tues.	Year	price   52   Renunc.   1980   555   + of
	FIXED	INTERE	ST PRIC	CE IND	CES		1	British (		s Gross Red.	.   '	Nov.	Nov.	(Sabbuar)	p:   Est   Date   Stock   Oc.
														mappy (max.)	
		Wed	Day's	Tues.	20 2d	g. I zd a	ا [ ا	Low		years	,	1.70	11.77	11.96	300 FP 80/10 5/12 386 349 BTR 380 49
В	ritish Government	Nov.	change	Nov.	today	198	10 I SI	Coupons		years		1.65	11.70	12.19	115   F.P.   5/11 15/12  137   132   Brixton Estate 132
		5	/ % ·	4_	<b> </b>	to da	3			years		165	11.70	12.48	650   F.P. 20/10/10/11  600   745   Burnett & Hallamshire   755
7	Under 5 years	705.99	+8,32	106.06	0.4	1 9	19 5	Medium Coupons	_	years		3.32   3.26	13.44	14.08 13.83	A5350   N     -   -   160pm   130pm   CRA   145pm   145pm   157   F.P. 31/10/21/11   208   1744   Cape Industries   205   -1
				112.36	ſ	10.	121			years	.,	295	13.00	13.61	500 F.P. 31/10/26/11 850 775 Commercial Bk. of Nr. East 850
2	5-15 years	112.79	+0.38	j	] ]	,	171	High		years		3.43	23.53	14.49	AS Nil 5pm 6pmElderSmith GoldbroughM'rt 5pm
3.	Over 1.5 years	118.37	+0.38	118,19	0.Z		101	Coupons	15	years	1	3.47	1353	1425	200   NII   -   -   190pm   175pm   English Association
4	!rretigemables	130,67	+0.38	138.37	~	23.3				<b>1631</b> 3			23.29	13.92	80   F.P. 31/10/26/11   128   113   Huntleigh   117   +2   15   F.P.   -   38   27   Hintervision   38   38
5	All stocks	172.12	+0.36	111.95	0.23	3 10,0	10	Irredeens	Hes		I	110	31.14	12 18	15 F.P. — — 58 27 Hintorvision
							<del></del> -							·········	240   F.P. 6/10 14/11  365   315   M. L. Hkdgs
		_													280   F.P.   17/10 7/11 870   308   Mills & Allen   570
				w	ed No	ov. 5	Tues.	Mon.	Friday	Thurs.	Wed.	Tues.	Mon.	Year	SALOS Nil - 51pm 45pm North Kalgurii Mines 51pm +1
								1 14 .		Oct	Oct	Cot	Ont		250   F.P.   -   -   430   317   http://etroloum

15 20-yr. Red. Deb. & Loans (15) | 54.41 +15.65 | 54.44 | 54.45 | 54.49 | 54.59 | 54.80 | 54.57 | 64.55 | 54.69 Investment Trust Prefs. (15) | 52.38 | 12.90 | 80.67 | 50.67 | 50.67 | 50.86 | 50.85 | 50.85 | 50.85 | 46.41

570 78pm 51pm 585 52 505 Coml. and Indl. Prefs. (20) | 67.12 | 13.34 | 67.36 | 67.36 | 67.56 | 68.00 | 68.00 | 68.00 | 68.78

#### UNIT TRUST SERVICE

NEW LOWS (37)

OFFSHORE & OVERSEAS—contd.

2. St. Matry Are, London, EC3. 01-283 39531

Surfamer Futed Hismagers (C.1.) Ltd. (a)(h)

41. Broad St., St. Heller, Jersey. 0324-73741

Gill Find Lerrey). 193.0 9 (bid. ....) 126

Surfamer Fund Hismagers (For East) Ltd. (a)(h)

1503 Heactiston Hise. 10 Hismager His. H. Norg

Australian Tst. 1858/NF 21-577

1850 Fd. U. Tst. 1852-87 20-572 .... 260

1860 Fd. U. Tst. 1852-87 20-572 .... 260

1871 Australian Tst. 1852-87 20-572 .... 260

1872 M. Advertean Tst. 1852-87 20-573 1220 0.60

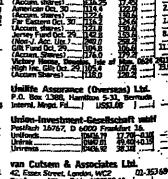
1873 His Grad Fund. 1852-87 12-624 .... 9.30

Surfamer Hall Modern 1824 .... 1953-97 12-624 .... 9.30

**FIXED INTEREST STOCKS** 

Keyser Ullmann Ltd.

M. & G. Group Three Quays, Towe Marray, Johnstone (law. Adviser) 163. Hope St., Glassow, CZ. 041-221 5521. 



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	Financial Times Thu	usday November 6 1980	41	
	AUTHORISED UNIT TRUSTS Abbey Unit Tst. Magrs. (a) (2) 72-90, Gatchause Rd. Ayleskuy 0296 5941	Craigmaunt Unit Tst. Mgrs. Ltd.  Bucklersbury, London EC4N 8BD. 01-249 4984 High income 55.7 39.0m 11.57 North American 55.5 60.0 +0.1 2.86 Cranadian Exempt 60.0 63.6m 3.70 Camadian Frast. 2.3 67.3 +1.3 2.66 Add Moust Noph Nr. 49.1 51.9 9.29 Recovery 55.4 60.6m -0.2 7.10 Git Trust 73.6 45.7m 12.66  - Weelly Gezling day Wednesday.  Crescent Unit Tst. Manars, Ltd. (2)(g)	FT UNIT TRUST INFORMATION SERVICE  Providence Capital Life Assc. Go. Ltd. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. Wolfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Period Fold Co. Ltd. St. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Period Fold Co. Ltd. St. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Period Fold Co. Ltd. St. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Period Fold Co. Ltd. St. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Period Fold Co. Ltd. St. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Period Fold Co. Ltd. St. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Period Fold Co. Ltd. St. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Period Fold Co. Ltd. St. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd. On 749 9111  Wolfare Insurance Co. Ltd. Welfare Insurance Co. Ltd	
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	#histy Amer. Cah. Ts	4 Mehville Cres, Edinburgh 3 031-225-0931 Cres. Amer. Fd	M & G Group (y)(c)(z)  Scottish Equitable Fnd. Mgrs. Ltd.V  Charterhouse Magna Gp.V  See also Stock Exchange Dealings.  Income Units. 1527 (62.74 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2	ļ.
	Alfied Hambo Ltd. (a) (g)  Hambro Mac. Hatten, Brentwood, Essex.  Ol-588 2651 or Brentwood (0277) 211459  Bibliograf Famils  Altied 19. 790 84 5 405 637  Growth & Income. 1912 537 40 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54	Disc. Inc. Oct. 24	Stewart Unit Tst, Managers Ltd.(a)   Stewart Unit Tst, Managers Ltd.(a)   Stewart Unit Tst, Managers Ltd.(a)   Stewart Unit Tst, Managers Ltd.(b)   Stewart Unit Tst, Managers Ltd.(c)   Stewart Unit Tst, Managers Ltd.(d)   Stewart U	
VITY VI	# Incases Founds   Fo	Eman Dudley Tst	Stand   Control   Contro	•
	Smiller Co.'s Fd. 54.5 58.3 -0.1 42.9 25.5 58.3 -0.1 42.9 25.1 25.2 10.5 25.4 25.4 25.4 25.4 25.4 25.4 25.4 25	James Finlay Unit Trust Mingt. Ltd. 10-14, West Mile Street, Glassow. 041-204 1321 1, Finlay Internat?	meritured Nov. 4	
	156 Fenchurch St., EC3M bAA. 623 9231 Anderson U.T	64, Lordon Wall, EC2M 5NQ, Amer. & Gen. Nov. 3, 165.6 71.2 01-628 5181 Am. Travouri Nov. 3, 164.4 65.6 207 Capitar St. 58.0 62.0 539 (Accum, Units) 64.4 64.4 -0.2 5.29 Extra Income Frist. 65.6 530 10.30	13. Gresham St., EC27 7AU. 01-606 8099   11-24	
	Capital	Do. Accum.	Iditand Bank Group   Barbkan Oct. 30.   1915   97.1   6.09   99.19 Fund   564.9   114.6   56.19   114.6   50	
45	High (monte   35.4   38.2   10.48	G.T. Cap. Income	Accum. 46.1 49.8 40.2 25 angular law 1.5 and 1	
D FAR PDAY	Barclays Unicom Ltd.V (a)(c)(g) Unicom No. 252, Rossicot Ri., E7. 01-534 5544 Unicom America 52.9 35.3 40.1 188 Unicom America 52.9 15.6 40.6 111 Unicom America 52.9 15.6 16.6 10.6 111 Unicom America 52.8 16.6 40.6 111 Unicom America 52.8 16.7 41.1 488 Unicom Total 132.1 131 668 40.7 644	Gartssere Fund Managers♥ (a)(g) 2 St. Mary Aug. EC3A 88P 01-623 6114 N Dealing only: 01-623 5756/5806 American Trust	Sizer Oct. 27 — 107 — 108	•
	Do. Grawth Acc. 55.9 117.7 +0.6 4.27   Do. Income Trest 1113-9 112-9 +0.7 6.49   Do. Income Trest 1113-9 112-9 +0.7 6.49   Do. Recisery 55.6 57.7s +0.1 5.60   Do. Trestee Fund 147.1 126.1 +0.5 3.68   Do. Widwish Tet. 56.9 61.1 +0.5 3.68   Do. Income 30.1 83.4s +0.6 5.48	les. Agencies F18 or 1973 - 0.18 4.56 07 1975	Secretary 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18, 18,	
on letter 2	Streeton Trust. 252.0 25.6 4-5.2 23.2 10.5.0 17.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.0 1	Small CO'S	International	
FREE COMMENTS OF THE COMMENTS	Bridge Found Managers (a)(c) Regis tre., King William St., ECA 01-623 4751Anner. Gen. 94.4 36.7 - 13.5	Arieveson Management Co. Ltd., 148 99 Grettam Street, EC2P 20S 01-606 4433 No. 148 Serringto Cot. 29 - 1312.8 313.6 -8.9 4.76 No. 148 Accam. Units 1 346.3 38.3 -10.5 4.76 No. 148 Accam. Units 1 27.4 184.5 1 10.34 No. 148 Accam. Units 2 29.0 24.3 10.34 No. 148 Accam. Units 3 29.0 25.5 11.7 4 Accam. Units 3 29.0 25.1 11.7 (A. 148 Accam. Units 3 29.0 25.1 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 1	In Court, Derking, Sarrey.  In	
The second secon	Lendon EC24 5QL 96.2 103.53 +0.9 4.68	Beardian Royal Ex. Unit Mgrs. Ltd.  Soyal Exchange, ECSP 30N 01-528 8011  Peage Standard Trs	of Treet Managers Ltd. (a)(g)(z) High Heliburi, WCIV 7ER. 01-405-8441 High Heliburi,	
	Gold & General 751 2 281.0 17.2 4.66 In Growth 17.5 133.4 4.7 3.57 Miles Inc. & Growth 17.5 133.4 4.7 3.57 Miles Inc. & Growth 17.5 133.5 17.5 18.5 Miles Inc. & Growth 17.5 Mil	pp. Growells Acc. 91.4 97.8 + 6.4 2.65 48. 2 6.5 48. 2 6	County   C	
	Schlesinger Trust Magrs. Ltd. (a)(c)(g) A. 149, South Street, Darking. 01-638 0478/0479 E. Am. Exempt	servational [51,6 54,3st +0.2 0.89] The ford Wide Oct. 31   158.2 168.3st +0.2 0.89] The reside French   158.2 168.3st +0.6   1.89 Propers   15.2   1.89 Propers   1.89 Pro	A. Portfello Mingrs, Ltd.   (a)(h)(c)   American Fd.   (a)(b)(c)   American Fd.   (a)(b)(c)(c)   American Fd.   (a)(b)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)(c)	
The State of	Inc. 10% World. 30.7 33.2 -0.1 - Jr. 10% World. 30.7 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10% 10%	III Sapsuel Unit Tst. Mgrs.† (a)  Beech St. EC2P 21 X  British Trust	tunity Fund. 17.7 8.1 6.27 9/161 Fait int Fd. 17.4 1125 Pers. Equity hard. 17.7 8.1 1 6.27 9/161 Fait int Fd. 17.4 1125 Pers. Equity hard. 17.7 8.1 1 6.27 9/161 Fait int Fd. 17.4 1125 Pers. Equity hard. 17.7 8.1 1 17.7 17 17.7 17 17 17	
	BL Stranger St. 32-44 5.00 (3) BL Olydeser St. 37-94 10.35 (3) BL Olydeser St. 37-94 10.35 (3) Brown Shipley & Cs. Ltd. V(a)(g) Harlands itse, Harwards if 126, Sc. 3444-58144 into St. 3444-344 into St. 3444-3444 into St. 3444-344 into S	Security Trust   \$22   \$4.9   \$4.6   \$4.5   \$1.5   \$2.5   \$2.6   \$4.7   \$4.7   \$4.7   \$4.7   \$4.7   \$4.8   \$1.5   \$1.5   \$2.6   \$4.7   \$4.8   \$1.5	roll, Fd. (Inc.)	
The said is a series of the se	1.1	Mile S., EC2V 8/E Energy In Pl. 2012 2173 +24 160 Capit Floury In Pl. 216.5 2015 +0.4 5.0 Capit Floury In Pl. 2015 13.85 Salt Co. 3 Fd. 2015 13.85 Salt Co.	Camon St., London ECAM 61.001-296-6044   Find	
and the second	100 ON Broad St., ELECT Fee 11-50 and 11-50 an	Fig. 151 Acr. 177 52 3.98 68-7 Smire 3-Feline 55.2 61.54 6.35 Detail Right Yil Fig. 151.5 66.5 9.39 Cann Bight Hall Trust Management Ltd. 9 Stock Exchange EC2N 1HP 01-588 2800 Fine Lot 4 Gen-Fd 127.3 133.4 6.31 Select Lot 4 Gen-Fd 127.3 133.4 6.31 Select	M24   46.8 +0.3   3.12   3.13   41.8   3.14   41.8   3.14   41.8   41.	
Services on	Chr. School Inc. Fd. 101.0 32.9 -0.11 9.23 Equition (Acc. 11.5) St. 11.50 (Acc. 11.50 Cd. 11.50	New York   19   New York   1	## Int. 16.1	
Signature of the state of the s	Chiurities Official Invest. Fund::  77 Loude Whit. ECN 108. 01-588 1815 Sept. Income Oct. 21 155.99	First Dept. Gorden-by-Sea, 01-623 1286 Fineshing, West Sersex. 01-62 121-121-121-121-121-121-121-121-121-12	nterest Fund (2)  of Fd	
	57, 63, Princes St., Manufacter. 061-256 5685 72-86 Gröwth 171, 184 +0.1 4.18 Equit	Accur ), Gatebouse Rd., Aylesbury. 0296 5941 (Accur ) Accur 1294 5 257 41 - 3.71 4.66 (Accur	15.4   16.0 ml - 28   11.6   27 mmg revision for Us.   15.4   16.0 ml - 28   11.6   27 mmg revision for Us.   15.5   15	
	Countederstion Fonds Mgt. Ltd. (a)  50:Chancer Lane, WC2A 1HE. 01.242 G362 Wide- Goodst Fam. 77.4 75.11 400 Nave- For Counted Ran see Chantarion Ford Managers.	Find Sept. 30. 277.75 2777 "Spec.nover Fit. Sept. 30. 77.75 12.77 "Spec. authorized. Amiliable only to Local Authorized.	1965   1967	

		2			641 <sub>2</sub> 54 291 <sub>4</sub>	1
BRITISH	FUND	S			1041 <u>.</u> 921 <u>.</u>	8
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# FINANCIAL TIMES

Thursday November 6 1980



# ICL to win Revenue contract

BY ELINOR GOODMAN, LOBBY CORRESPONDENT

Months of indecision about the contract—potentially the niggest Government order in Europe-ended yesterday when Ministers apparently agreed in principle to a scheme which In spite of the continued would mean awarding the first reservations of the Treasury stage of the contract to ICL.

The decision marks a victory for the "Buy British" lobby and will come as a major disappointment to the U.S. companies which will now be ex-cluded from the deal. They that mounted one of the most to sophisticated lobbics seen in

Changes in

picket code

THE GOVERNMENT has re-

sisted pressure to make substan-tial changes to its draft codes of

practice on picketing and the

published yesterday shows only

minor amendments, and was promptly and decisively re-jected by the TUC.

It is expected the codes will be the subject of a one-day debate in the House of Com-

mons, probably late next week.

sultative draft, published three

months ago, are largely de-signed to clarify passages con-sidered ambiguous, or to soften

guidance criticised as over-

been made in their fundamental

intention to regulate the two areas of industrial conflict by

areas of industrial conflict by providing non-statutory, hut Government-backed guidance which can be "taken into account" by the courts.

Mr. James Prior, the Employment Secretary, has conceded little to the hostility to the codes shows by the TIVE

The most substantial amend-

A series of changes clarifying

which sections of the codes deal

An underscoring of police

discretion to determine the

The section on the need to review closed shops has been

less insistent, while a further

section on the rights of a trade

union to discipline its members

for crossing official picket lines.

has been amended to show that

the code does not aim to pre-

Certain passages on the

number of pickets,

vent such action.

guidance about good

with existing law, and which Japan. The cut was the second

codes shown by the TUC.

ments to the codes are:-

The changes made to the con-

A second draft of the codes

resisted

By John Llayd

manufacturer, seems certain to has to gree final details of the to the criticism of incurring get the largest part of the con- contract. But last night the infor computerising the dications were that these details Inland Revenue's Pay As You were largely formalities, and that ICL would not have to compete with foreign companies for U.S. companies, particularly plan. International Business Machines Und The total contract for computerising the PAYE operation is worth about £150m.

> about ICL's shility to do the job best, Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, backed the Industry and Employment Ministers in arguing that it was essential that the Government was seen to be supporting British industry. As recently as last Revenue and the Department of month, Sir Geoffrey Howe, the Industry produced a scheme

BY TERRY DODSWORTH

for the current year after heavy

deficits in two of its main car-

The prediction confirms the

problems Peugeot faces in grappling with the slump which has hit much of the Western European vehicle industry this

year. Both the Citroen and Taibot divisions saw their sales fall in the first half, while Automobile Peugeot's 6.3 per

cent turnover increase was only

French inflation.

about half the current rate of

Only the Automobile Peugeot

division managed to emerge

from the first half with a net

profit, although this was drasti-

cally reduced from FFr 394m in

January-June last year to FFr 290m. The group's Citroen

in less than three months

The rate was cut by 0.75 per

cent in August, in the first of a

series of measures designed to

stimulate Japan's flagging

The move was widely expec-

ted by foreign exchange mar-

in Tokyo marginally down at

economic Ministers recently

adjustment in reserve require-.

Y212.9 to the dollar. Senior basis.

producing subsidiaries in the 1979, first six months of 1980.

ICL, Britain's biggest computer because the Inland Revenue still tract to ICL would open them

Throughout the discussions, the Treasury has argued that thousands of terminals in local hidding should be opened to (IBM), which they believed were better equipped to handle the job than ICL.

But in the summer, the "Buy British" lobby in the Cabinet persuaded Mrs. Thatcher Civil servants were told to come up The aim of the revision was to find some new design which would enable the oGvernment to justify buying British.

Earlier last month, the Inland Revenue and the Department of A formal announcement will Chancellor, was warning his which would enable the Gov-be delayed for several days colleagues that giving the con-

Peugeot fears £137m loss

year. The Talbot UK subsidiary

lost £19.6m against £17.4m in

Europe's largest motor company,

does not consolidate its profit and loss account for its six-

month reporting, its consoli-

dated sales figure showed that turnover as a whole fell margi-

nally compared with the same period of 1979—to FFr 38.85bn against FFr 39bn.

Within this total, Talbot suffered the worst decline, with its sales dropping by 10.3 per

Peuceot has already taken

action to try to stem the losses at Talbot—the former Chrysler

Europe-by merging most of its

activities with those of Auto-

mobile Peugeot. The aim is to

stabilise and increase the sale

Japan cuts discount rate to 7.25%

A cut of one percentage point Government's recognition that of August, when it stood at

in Japan's discount rate, bring-demand is still weak and that Y226.9 to the dollar. Behind

ing the rate down to 7.25 per inflationary pressures appear to the yea's strength has been an

cent, was announced yesterday be coming gradually under improvement in Japan's current-afternoon by the Bank of control.

cent (compared with one year

earlier), a substantially reduced

rate of increase compared with

the previous month's 8.7 per

cent rise. Wholesale prices still

show a year-to-year rise of

15.5 per cent, but wholesale

a decline on a month-to-month

Concern about the impact of

appears to have eased in recent

The yen has gained 15 points

The consumer price increase ment into surplus of \$950m in Tokyo in October was 6.8 per (£393m) in September and a

spending.

branch lost FFr 317m against a of Talbot cars by bringing

profit of FFr 169.5m last year, together the two distribution

kets and the yen closed the day prices in September registered

made a series of unusually ex- interest rate cuts on the value

plicit statements advocating a of the yen (which in turn can downward adjustment of inter-affect domestic inflation rates)

Yesterday's cut, which was weeks because of the yen's combined with a downward appreciation against the dollar.

ments, reflects the Japanese against the dollar since the start alone.

BY CHARLES SMITH, FAR EAST EDITOR IN TOKYO

While the Peugeot group, France's

construction of only one or two regional centres instead of the nationwide system of regional computers, linked to offices, envisaged in the original

Under the new scheme the system can be built up one stage at a time, to ensure that each stage incorporates the latest advances in technology.

The decision to will be welcomed by Tory MPs who have lobbied energetically against the Treasury's preference for opening up the tender to the

The Government had to make up its mind about the contract before the end of the year if it was to award all the major contracts to ICL on a single

The losses at Citroen also

soundest industrial

represents a setback for Peugeot traditionally one of

companies which has not been

in deficit since the Second

World War. After being taken

over in the mid-1970s, Citroen had been restored to financial

respectability, but the figures indicate a serious decline in margins, with profits falling

much more steeply than the 1.6

Peugeot said last night that

almost 56 per cent of the group's consolidated turnover

Parent company figures issued last night showed an

increase in net profits to FFr

307m against FFr 226m in the

Vauxhall shows first-half net loss of £7.6m, Page 10

substantial inflow of oil funds

The appreciation of the yen

Monetary policy currently

represents the main instrument

available to Japan for boosting

domestic economic activity

given that the huge size of the

central budget deficit virtually

rules out increases in public

Because of this, discount-rate

changes increasingly have be-

come a matter of overall Government policy rather than

an issue for the Bank of Japan

reducing the discount rate.

another obstacle to

per cent drop in turnover.

was achieved overseas.

first half of last year.

#### Tatung on verge of Decca By David Housego and Guy de Jonquieres

TATUNG, Taiwan's largest electronics manufacturer, is believed to be on the verge of signing a formal agreement to purchase from Racal the former Decca television manufacturing plant in Bridgnorth. Shropshire.

The agreement is expected to give Tatung a 90 per cent stake in a new joint venture that would be set up to take over the loss-making Decen television and radio manufacturing activi-ties. Racal will, it is understood, hold the rest of the

shares. Negotiations for the sale began more than a year ago but were held up by Racal's takeover of Decca earlier this year. They are also believed to have been complicated by uncertainties about who would take responsibility for sizeable unsold stocks of Decca tele-

A negotiating team from Tatung is at present in Britain, working out the final details of the agreement. The talks PEUGEOT, the French motor while Talbot France slumped networks and combining the group, is forecasting a consoli-into a deficit of FFr 418.7m efforts of the two sales organdated loss of FFr 1.5bn (£137m) compared with FFr 168.7m last isations. were said in Taiwan yesterday to be proceeding smoothly." 'very

Racal has been saying for several weeks that negotiations for the sale had reached "an advanced stage" but has declined to identify the prospective buyer.

If the deal goes through, Tatung is not expected to assume management control of the Dcca operations until next spring. Initially, at least, it plans to continue Decca's existing product lines, which include colour televisions and audio equioment.

Tatung's main reason wanting the plant is to establish a foothold inside the European market. At present, imports from outside Europe of colour televisions with screens of more than 19 ins are restricted by he PAL licensing system.

Decca's plant makes about 80.000 television sets a year and employs about 1,000 people. In the past five years it has been fitted out with modern production equipment.

While still owned by Decca, however, it was losing about

fim a year, and losses are believed to have grown since then Its problems stem mainly from a lack of suitable market outlets, particularly for reutal. Tatung, which has worldwide sales of \$700m makes a wide

inge of electrical a ectronic products, includ appliances. home power generation equipment and testing devices as well as television sets, picture tubes and hi-fi\_ As well as its production

range

facilities in Taiwan, it has three overseas manufacturing subsidiaries in the U.S., Hong Kong and Singapore.

It would be the first Taiwanese electronics company to acquire manufacturing facilities in Britain, where five Japanese companies are already involved in television production,

## Weather

UK TODAY COLD will persist in most parts with rain or sleet in south and

east England. London E and NE England. Channel Rain or sleet with snow on hills. Gales in exposed areas.

Max 5C (41F). Wales, W England, SW Scotland, N. Ireland, Borders, Central Scotland Cloudy, wintry showers. Max 6C (43F).

N and W Scotland Dry, sunny periods. Max 8C (46F).

Outlook: Longer outbreaks of rain or sleet in the south on Friday and Saturday with night frost in places.

WOD! NWINE

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THE LEX COLUMN

# Virtuous circle at Sainsbury

Rarely do volume gains and operational gearing come together to form a virtuous circle quite so spectacularly as they have at J. Sainsbury in the past two half-years. Pre-tax profits for the first six months have surged by no less than 58 per cent to £30.8m, following on the second half of last year when the group similarly out-stripped market expectations with a jump of over half. Encouraged by a rise of 50 per cent in the interim dividend and a one-for-one scrip issue the shar eprice jumped by a tenth, roughly the same margin by which the analysts have upgraded their full year forecasts as they settle on £60m or so pre-tax, against £43.8m for

The spectre at this feast is that of Tesco, apparently losing market share as Sainsbury gains it - Sainsbury claims to be increasingly competitive at an unchanged gross margin - and under heavy financial pressure. Sainsbury's cash flow, in contrast, has been strong enough for it to be building up net cash balances despite a heavy spending programme — it is coy on the subject, but it could have gained £2m or so in interest receipts compared with the first half last time. In the face of £90m of capital spending this year and £100m next( raising selling space by 10 per cent each year) Sainsbury could tern slightly towards its bankers in the months ahead but claims the impact of any interest outgoings will not be significant.

Certainly Sainsbury's staff are assured of their Christmas bonus this year while Tesco's is axed. But the growth rate at Sainsbury is bound to slow down sharply, reflecting slower food price inflation and the loss of the year-on-year benefit of Monday opening (worth perhaps 4 per cent to volume). Second half sales growth could be nearer 20 per cent than the 31 per cent of April-September, And while the group's pure grocery orientation is highly favourable at present, whereas rivals like Asda are facing problems on the nonfood side, the pendulum will swing when consumer spending revives. Those who have more than doubled their money in Sainsbury this year could now

Wall Street

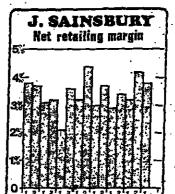
and

Yesterday's surge in Wall Street share prices took the broader based indices back up to around their mid-October

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Index rose 7.0 to 487.0



high points, and meant that the nervous declines of the past few weeks had been fully recovered in three day's trading. This is partly the expected reaction to a political swing to the right: big business feels happier under a Republican administration and shares in obvious sectors like defence were jerked higher. In addition, the buils are attaching a lot of weight to

certain parts of the Republicans admittedly imprecise strategy. Although the President elect has not promised such large direct tax cuts for business as were proposed by the Carter

administration, he is committed to reducing the cost to com-panies of federal regulation. Much the most important tax proposal, however, is in the personal sector — a significant reduction in the rate over a three-year period, followed by indexation. The line is that personal tax cuts will encourage people to work harder and That is not the only Repub-

lican idea that may ring a bell in the UK-there is even a plan for "urban enterprise zones"— and the U.S. could face the same gap between fiscal and monetary policy as that confronting the Thatcher government. Mr. Thatcher government. Mr. Reagan has talked vaguely about public spending cuts to balance the books, but these will be difficult to implement and it is possible that the Federal Reserve will have to play an even greater role in the fight against inflation. Meanwhile, prices increases seem to be accelerating and a sharp rise in the discount rate look inevit-

able in the near future. It was noticeable yesterday

back after an early rally. Share prices have risen sharply since the summer, despite a rise of roughly three points in the yield on long dated Government bonds. But if bond yields do not start to peak soon, equities could look exposed.

#### Hoover

The recession has forced Hoover UK to modify its strategy of moving up-market. Following the setbacks in the April-June quarter the company is fighting hard to win back market share - albeit at heavy cost to margins. The third quarter has produced a pre-tax loss of £1.7m — including about £1m in redundancy and allied costs —to transform a half-year profit of 1.6m into a small loss after nine months.
Whereas volume was about 20

per cent lower in the second quarter, there has been a gain of about a temb in July September compared with the same period last year. Market share in washing machines is purobably back at around 30 per cent, against 25 per cent earlier in the year. But the improve-ment has bene bought through holding effective prices to within a couple of per cent of the level a year ago, and by offering improved financial support to the trade.

With the pound continuing to strengthen, the full year is inlikely to produce an outure than Although a statement stressing the better sales trend in September helped push the share price up 4p yesterday to 134p. margins wil fremain under extreme pressure and as debi mounts the group may be forced to review once again its strategy on market share. Meanwhile. the level of the final dividend, if any, is an open question.

Severe losses at Airfix out not orth from £17.5m to £7.8m in the year to March, and at the same time borrowings rose £12m to £23m. Since then debt has been contained, but there will be a further significant loss in the current year, and it will not be enough for the directors simply to propose a rise in their doftowing powers from 2.5 to 4 times capital and reserves. Hence the sale of two sub sidiaries, Arrfix Plastics and Declon, to McKechnie Brother, which serves to trim debt back to £15m and allows the group to battle bravely on into 1981-82.

#### closed shop have been moderated to tone down the impres-sion of hostility to these arrangements. Details. Page 11

Continued from Page 1

# Reagan landslide captures Senate

week to confer with the Con-gressional leadership during the The Carter diagnosis was that gressional leadership during the special lame duck session of the outgoing Congress. He has also tentatively in-

vited a handful of Democrats to help advise him on the transition to power, including Senator Henry Jackson; Senator Ernest Hollings; and the prominent lawyer Mr. Edward Bennet Williams. In analysing the election

returns yesterday senior Reagan campaign officials pointed to last week's televised debate with Mr. Carter as the clincher.

It enhanced Mr. Reagan's A particularly bitter pill for credibility, they said, and what Mr. Carter, the first truly had been a six-point lead, Southern President in more though combined with some than 130 years, was that his erosion in Republican support native region turned against in the Middle West, nearly him. Only his home state of

it was the weekend uncertainty all the big industrial states, over the fate of the hostages where that laid the President low. recession Mr. Patrick Caddell, Mr. Carter's pollster, said it concentrated doubts about the President's management of affairs Reagan is expected to announce and produced a 10-point two-day

minorities went to the President in overwhelming numbers. He divided the female vote equally,

but in every other demographic and regional section ran poorly.

Georgia remained faithful, Even worse was that he lost the recent economic recession has hit hardest and

where his chances of re-election Within the next month Mr. members of his Government. At surge to Mr. Reagan. the senior level they will prob-As it was only the ethnic ably be drawn mainly from officials in the Nixon and Ford Administrations, together with a sprinkling of businessmen and

> It was not considered likely that Dr. Henry Kissinger, former Secretary of State, who has recently ingratiated himself with the President-elect, would immediately be appointed to a to want to stay in Washington Cabinet-level position, largely and teach.

because this would offend the Republican Right wing. But a more limited special assignment was not being ruled

out. There was no suggestion that Mr. Reagan was interested in exerting pressure on Mr. Paul Volcker to leave the Federal Reserve

Broadly speaking Mr. Reagan approves of strict monetary policies, and has rarely criticised Mr. Volcker's performance at the U.S. Central Bank.

Mr. Carter's Government will undoubtedly disperse to the four winds. One exception may be Mr. Jody Powell, the generally popular and certainly able Press Secretary, who is reported

# Heath attacks Thatcher's policies

BY RICHARD EVANS, LOBBY EDITOR

TENSION in the Conservative Party over the impact of the Government's economic policles increased sharply yesterday with a swingeing attack from Mr. Edward Heath, the former Tory Prime Minister.

In a BBC radio interview Mr. Heath talked of the cutastrophe that was overtaking the British economy and compared the present economic situation unfavourably with his period in office.

"We are realising in this country that, under my Government, when unemployment was under 600,000, it was better than today when it is over 2m and consistently

rising. People are realising the merits of the last Conservative Government compared with the catastrophic things they see happening to them today, " he said.

It was Mr. Heath's most outspoken criticism since the present Tory Government came to office, and it Illustrated the division between him and Mrs. Margaret Thatcher, Mr. Heath has given the impression of taking the lead in voicing party dissent to Mrs. Thatcher's hard-line economic policies.

The Prime Minister was said to be paying little atten-tion to Mr. Heath's criticism's. but the harshness of his condemnation cannot be wel-

comed by Ministers when the Cabinet is in conflict over deeper public spending cuts. There is already much un-

rest on the Tory benches over unemployment, high interest rates, the strong bound and the prospect of further savage spending cuts next year. But, apart from a few MPs, dissent has yet to sur-

Although Mr. Heath has no personal following significance among MPs, his intervention could hasten expressions of disagreement because of his standing in the Tory Party throughout the country.

His outburst came during a clash with Mr. Milton Fried-

man, the U.S. monetarist, Mr. Heath accused him of wishing to abolish America's industrial base in the same way that was happening in the UK.

Mr. Heath said: "Smaller firms are going bankrupt more rapidly than ever before and big firms cannot make profits because of the high exchange rate of the pound sterling."

"We are realising this in this country, and if you persuade Mr. Reagan to accept that then the future for the American people is really bad,"

In the Commons, more than 20 Labour MPs tabled a motion congratulating Mr.

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